MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

H.P. 1094 House of Representatives, May 8, 1987
Submitted by the Department of Defense and Veterans'
Services pursuant to Joint Rule 24.
Reference to the Committee on Aging, Retirement and
Veterans suggested and ordered printed.
EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Representative PARADIS of Old Town.
Cosponsored by Senators PERKINS of Hancock, ERWIN of

Oxford and Representative HICKEY of Augusta.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

1 2 3	AN ACT to Clarify Existing Law Regarding the Loss of Military Property.
4 5	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
6 7 8	Sec. 1. 37-B MRSA §266, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1983, c. 594, §12, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
9 10	 Destruction of equipment. The penalties for destruction of equipment are as follows.
11 12 13	A. Any person who knowingly or recklessly destroys, injures or defaces any article of military property belonging to the State or the United States, or uses it for an unauthorized
15	purpose, or has or retains the property in viola-

B. In case an officer or enlisted man of the state military forces through carelessness or inattention loses, destroys or causes the loss or destruction of government property which has been issued for his use, the Adjutant General shall retain, out of the pay, allowances or money due the officer or enlisted man for any military services an amount equal to the value of the property lost or destroyed. That portion of the money which is for state property shall be turned in to the Treasurer of State and credited to the Military Fund. That portion which is for United States property shall be turned into the United States Treasury and credited to the State on its property returns.

- Sec. 2. 37-B MRSA §266, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 460, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 2. Equipment not to be sold. Except as otherwise provided by law, the clothes, arms, military outfits and accoutrements furnished by or through the State to any member of the state military forces shall not be sold, bartered, exchanged, pledged, loaned or given away. Any unauthorized person who has possession of clothes, arms, military outfits accoutrements furnished as a result of unlawful disposition shall have no right, title or interest Those items may be seized as contraband by a civil officer of the State and shall be delivered a commanding officer or other officer authorized to receive them, who shall make an immediate report to the Adjutant General. The possession of the clothes, arms, military outfits or accoutrements by any person not a member of the military forces of the State or of the United States shall be prima facie evidence of unauthorized sale, barter, exchange, pledge, loan gift.
 - A. Any person who knowingly sells or offers for sale, barters, exchanges, pledges, loans or gives away, secretes or who retains, after demand made by any civil or military officer of the State, any clothes, arms, military outfits or accourte-

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	1 2	ments furnished by or through the State to a mem- ber of the state military forces is guilty of a
	3	Class E crime.
	4 5 6 7 8	B. Whoever knowingly receives by purchase, barter, exchange, pledge, loan or gift any such clothes, arms, military outfits or accourrements commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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	9	STATEMENT OF FACT
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	10 11	The bill makes the following changes in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 37-B, section 266.
	12	1. In subsection 1, the words "knowingly" or
	13 14	"recklessly" have been substituted for the words "willfully" or "maliciously" to make subsection 1
	15	consistent with the Maine Criminal Code. Subsection
	16 17	<pre>1 contains no other substantive changes, except that paragraphs A and B in subsection 1 are inserted to</pre>
	18	clearly distinguish between criminal responsibility
1	19 20	for willful and malicious destruction of property in paragraph A and civil responsibility for negligence
)	21	in paragraph B.
	22	2. In subsection 2, the word "knowingly" is in-
	23	serted to make the section more consistent with lan-
	24 25	guage in the Maine Criminal Code. Additionally, paragraphs A and B are created to distinguish between
	26	criminality of sale of military equipment and new
	27	civil penalties substituted for criminal penalties
	28	for knowingly possessing or receiving military items.