MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

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NO. 1463

H.P. 1076 House of Representatives, May 8, 1987 Submitted by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on Human Resources suggested and ordered printed. $\label{eq:committee} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarray} % \begi$

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative PINES of Limestone.

Cosponsored by Representatives FOSS of Yarmouth, McGOWAN of Canaan, and Senator EMERSON of Penobscot.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Assure the Reporting of

2 Communicable Diseases by Hospitals to 3 Emergency Medical Services Personnel. 5 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 32 MRSA §93-A is enacted to read: 8 §93-A. Communicable disease notification 9 Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of 10 any public or private and special law, every hospital 11 licensed by the State, which accepts patients trans-12 ferred by ambulance, shall notify ambulance crews

when they have transported a patient with a communi-

cable disease which requires medical attention.

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1	In such cases, the hospital shall notify th
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3	severity of the disease. The hospital shall advis
4	the crews of the type of medical diagnostic an
5	treatment attention required, but is not obligate
б	under this section to provide that care. Failure of
7	a hospital to comply with this section shall subject
В	that hospital to a fine of not more than \$500.

No civil action may be brought in any court against any hospital for injuries alleged to have been caused by the hospital's compliance with this section, particularly as relates to the sharing of patient diagnostic information with ambulance personnel who have been in contact with the patient.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

Currently, there is no requirement that hospitals contact ambulance services when their staff discovers that a patient received by the hospital has an infectious disease to which the ambulance crew may have been exposed. The purpose of this bill is to require hospitals to make such contacts within a reasonable period of time so that ambulance crews can seek care if necessary.

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