MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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(EMERGENCY) FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

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NO. 1354

H.P. 1007 House of Representatives, April 27, 1987 Submitted by the Department of Conservation pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative DEXTER of Kingfield.
Cosponsored by Representatives RIDLEY of Shapleigh, MILLS of Bethel, and Senator LUDWIG of Aroostook.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Improve the Method of Calculating Excise Taxes in Fire Control.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, the present law regarding the Forestry Excise Tax requires certification to the State Tax Assessor by September 1, 1987, the cost of forest fire protection activities; and

Whereas, this statutory change proposes to change the method of calculating the cost of forest fire protection; and

Whereas, this change will need to take effect on September 1, 1987; and

Page 1-LR2182

- Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,
- 7 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as 8 follows:
- 9 Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §2723, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 10 514, §2, is repealed.
- Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §2723-A is enacted to read:

12 §2723-A. Computation of tax

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- 1. Calculation of fire control net costs. Annually by September 1 beginning in 1987, the Commissioner of Conservation shall certify to the State Tax Assessor the amount appropriated from the General Fund by the Legislature for the current fiscal year, including funds appropriated or allocated for capital improvements and repairs and the amounts proposed and budgeted to be spent in any federal and dedicated acfor forest fire protection activities in the counts same fiscal year. The commissioner shall certify the amounts of all projected revenues resulting from forest fire protection activities for the same year, including federal revenues and dedicated revenues from the sale of buildings, vehicles and other equipment; fees and other miscellaneous revenues; and revenues estimated to be received from municipalities and the unorganized territory pursuant to Title 12, sections 9204, 9205 and 9205-A.
- 2. Preceding fiscal year net costs. The commissioner shall certify to the State Tax Assessor actual expenditures and revenues for forest fire protection for the preceding fiscal year for the same categories of information required in subsection 1 and provide the net amount resulting from subtracting revenues from expenditures.
- 38 3. Roll forward amount from preceding fiscal year. The State Tax Assessor shall subtract the

- 4. Computing current year costs. The State Tax Assessor shall add all projected expenditures for the current fiscal year, including general, federal and dedicated funds. From this amount shall be subtracted all revenues projected to be received in the current fiscal year, as identified in accordance with subsection 1. From this amount shall be added or subtracted, as appropriate, the net roll forward amount from the prior fiscal year as determined in subsection 3.
 - 5. Computing the tax. This amount shall be divided by 2 and the quotient divided by the total number of adjusted acres of commercial forest land, rounded to the nearest 1/10 of a cent and multiplied by the number of adjusted acres of commercial forest land owned by each taxpayer to determine the amount of tax for which each owner of commercial forest land shall be liable.
- 26 6. Minimum tax. If the amount calculated under 27 this chapter is less than \$5, the amount assessed 28 shall be \$5.
- 29 Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited 30 in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when ap-31 proved.

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The enactment of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 2723-A, of the commercial Forestry Excise Tax assures more accurate calculation of the cost of forest fire control for puposes of establishing the tax.

It would do this by providing for a roll forward adjustment from the prior fiscal year. If the net cost of fire control is actually less than originally estimated for the prior fiscal year, the difference will be reflected as a resource for purposes of calculating the following year's tax. Conversely, if the actual net cost is higher than originally estimated in the prior fiscal year, the difference will be reflected as an additional expense for the following year.

This type of roll forward adjustment is used for other kinds of taxes, such as the Budworm Excise Tax and the Unorganized Territory Tax.

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