# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

#### ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

No. 1305

S.P. 425

14

In Senate, April 21, 1987

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate Presented by Senator BRANNIGAN of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Representative PARADIS of Augusta, Representative THISTLE of Dover-Foxcroft, Representative HANDY of Lewiston.

### STATE OF MAINE

r	NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN
1 2 3 4 5	AN ACT to Modify the Statute of Limitations' Provision of the Maine Criminal Code and Maine Juvenile Code so they Clearly Cross-reference One Another.
6 7	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
8 9	<pre>Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §3105, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 664, §12, is repealed.</pre>
10	Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §3105-A is enacted to read:
11	§3105-A. Statute of limitations
12 13	1. Expiration of limitation; defense. It is a defense that prosecution was commenced after the ex-

piration of the applicable period of limitations pro-

1 2 3 4	vided in this section, provided that a prosecution for the juvenile crime of murder or criminal homicide in the first or 2nd degree may be commenced at any time.
5 6 7 8	2. Limitations. Prosecution for juvenile crimes other than murder or criminal homicide in the first or 2nd degree are subject to the following periods of limitations.
9 10 11 12	A. A prosecution for conduct which, if committed by an adult, is a Class A, Class B or Class C crime, shall be commenced within 6 years after it is committed.
13 14 15 16	B. A prosecution for conduct which, if committed by an adult, is a Class D or Class E crime shall be commenced within 3 years after it is committed.
17 18 19 20	C. A prosecution for conduct specified in section 3103, subsection 1, paragraph B, C, D or E, shall be commenced within one year after it is committed.
21 22	3. Limitations not to run. The periods of limitations shall not run:
23 24 25 26	A. During any time when the accused is absent from the State, but in no event shall this provision extend the period of limitation otherwise applicable by more than 5 years;
27 28 29 30	B. During any time when a prosecution against the accused for the same juvenile crime based on the same conduct is pending in the Juvenile Court of this State; or
31 32 33 34 35 36	C. During any time when, notwithstanding that the court lacks jurisdiction for a reason stated in Title 17-A, section 10-A, subsection 1, an adult prosecution against the accused for the adult offense based on the same conduct is pending in the District Court or the Superior Court.
3 <b>7</b> 3 <b>8</b>	4. Commencement after dismissal. If a timely juvenile petition is dismissed for any error, defect,

		and the control of th
	.1	insufficiency or irregularity, a new prosecution for
)	2	the same juvenile crime based on the same conduct may
	3	be commenced within 3 months after the dismissal,
	4	even though the period of limitation has expired at
_	. 5	the time of the dismissal or will expire within the
	6	period of time.
)	J	Delite of time.
	7	5. Elements; commencement of prosecution. For
	8	purposes of this section:
	U	purposes of this section:
	9	A. A juvenile crime is committed when every ele-
	10	ment of the crime has occurred, or if the juve-
	11	nile crime consists of a continuing course of
		conduct, at the time when the course of conduct
	12	conduct, at the time when the course of conduct
	13 14	or the defendant's complicity in the conduct is
	14	terminated; and
	15	D A programtion is commoned when a jumpile
	16	B. A prosecution is commenced when a juvenile
	10	petition is filed.
	17	6. Lesser included crime; effect. The defense
	18	6. Lesser included crime; effect. The defense established by this section does not bar a conviction
	19	of a juvenile crime included in the juvenile crime
	20	charged, notwithstanding that the period of limita-
	20 21	tion has expired for the included juvenile crime, if,
	22	as to the juvenile crime charged, the period of limi-
-	23	tation has not expired or there is no such period,
)	23 24	and there is evidence which sustains an adjudication
	25	for the juvenile crime charged.
·	.45	Tor the juvenille crime charged.
	26	Sec. 3. 17-A MRSA §8, sub-§3, as enacted by PL
	27	1975, c. 499, §1, is amended to read:
	41	1975, C. 459, SI, Is amended to lead.
-	28	3. The periods of limitations shall not run:
	20	s. The periods of limitations shall not run.
	29	A. During any time when the accused is absent
	30	from the State, but in no event shall this provi-
	31 .	sion extend the period of limitation otherwise
	32	applicable by more than 5 years; or
	J &	applicable by more chair 3 years, or
	33	B. During any time when a prosecution against
	34	the accused for the same crime based on the same
•	35	conduct is pending in this State:; or
		conduct is bending in this state. 1 or
	36	C. During any time when a prosecution against
	37	the accused for the corresponding juvenile crime
À	38	based on the same conduct is pending in the Juve-
j		Judge on the paint contact to ponetry the the oute

2. Title 15, section 3105-A, subsection 3, paragraph C, and Title 17-A, section 8, subsection 3, paragraph C, are drafted as a legislative response to State v. Gammon, No. 4319 (Me. Jan. 6, 1987).

3 tion in addition to a criminal complaint and indict 4 ment.		2	3. Title 17-A, section 8, subsection 6, paragraph B, is modified to expressly include an information in addition to a criminal complaint and indictment.
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