# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

### ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

# Legislative Document

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NO. 1081

H.P. 807 House of Representatives, April 2, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative SOUCY of Kittery.
Cosponsored by Senator TWITCHELL of Oxford and
Representative SEAVEY of Kennebunkport.

# STATE OF MAINE

# IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Permit a Local Option Sales Tax.

3 4	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
5	36 MRSA §1815 is enacted to read:
6	§1815. Local option sales and use tax
7 8 9 10	1. Municipalities authorized to adopt. The legislative body of any municipality may impose a local sales and use tax of not more than 1% on all transactions subject to the tax otherwise imposed under this Part.
L2 L3	2. Notify State Tax Assessor. A municipality which imposes a local sales and use tax under this
L <b>4</b>	section shall notify the State Tax Assessor at least

- 1 90 days before the local tax is effective to provide 2 the State with sufficient time to prepare for admin-3 istration of the local tax.
- 3. Administered by the State. Retailers in a municipality imposing a local sales and use tax under this section shall pay the tax at the time and in the manner provided, for the payment of state sales and use tax imposed under this Part and it shall be in addition to all other taxes.
- 4. Payment to municipalities. Each month 10 State Tax Assessor shall identify the amount of reve-11 nue attributable to each municipality under this sec-12 tion, subtract his costs of administering this sec-13 14 tion and certify the net amount due each municipality 15 to the Treasurer of State. The Treasurer of State 16 shall make monthly payments of the amounts certified 17 by the State Tax Assessor.
- 18 5. Use of local sales and use tax revenue. The revenue raised by the adoption of a local sales and use tax must be used by the municipality to reduce the property tax burden imposed in that municipality.

# STATEMENT OF FACT

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This bill allows municipalities to adopt a local sales and use tax. The tax cannot exceed 1%. The legislative body of the municipality is the entity which can choose whether or not to adopt such a tax.

Charles of Nation

The tax will apply to the sales of the same goods and services to which the state sales and use tax applies.

All the provisions regarding assessment, collection and enforcement of the state sales and use tax also apply to the local sales and use tax. The State shall assess and collect the local sales and use tax along with the state sales and use tax and return the revenue raised to the municipality. The municipality must notify the State Tax Assesor at least 90 days before the local tax goes into effect. This will give the State time to set up the procedures for administering the local tax.

The State Tax Assessor will determine how much
revenue is raised through each municipality's local
sales and use tax each month. He will then subtract
his administration costs due to the local sales and
use tax and certify how much should be returned to
each municipality. The Treasurer of State shall pay
that amount to the municipalities each month.

The municipality must use the additional revenue to reduce the property tax burden in that municipality.

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