MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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(New Draft of H.F. 95, L.D. 104)

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Document

∷ NO. 1035

H.P. 772 House of Representatives, March 31, 1987 Reported by Representative VOSE from the Committee on Utilities and printed under Joint RDE

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Original bill sponsored by Representative INGRAHAM of Houlton. Cosponsored by Senator LUDWIG of Aroostook.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

1 2 3	AN ACT Relating to Rate-setting Procedures by Municipally-owned Utilities.
4 5	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
6	Sec. 1. 35 MRSA §71-A is enacted to read:
7 .	§71-A. Consumer-owned water utilities
8 9 10 11 12	For the purposes of this section and sections 72 to 73-A, "a consumer-owned water utility" means any water utility which is wholly owned by its consumers, including, but not limited to, any municipal or quasi-municipal water district or corporation, municipal water department or the water portion of any utility
14	wholly owned, by, a municipality or district.

Sec. 2. 35 MRSA §72, as amended by PL 1985, c. 629, §4, is further amended to read:

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§72. Municipal and quasi-municipal water companies

Notwithstanding section 69, municipal-and-quasi-municipal-corporation consumer-owned water utilities which are water companies within the definition of section 15, subsection 25, shall be subject to the suspension, investigation, hearing and rate substitution provisions of section 69 under the conditions specified in this section.

Municipal-and-quasi-municipal-water--corporations Consumer-owned water utilities which elect to set rates under this section shall not file with the commission or increase any rate, toll or charge without first holding a public hearing at which any person, firm or corporation which pays those rates, tolls to the municipal--or-quasi-municipal-water corporations consumer-owned water utilities may testify and may question the officials present regarding such proposed increase. The municipal-or-quasi-municipal -- water -- corporation consumer - owned water utility as described in this section shall, at least 14 days hearing, publish a notice of the proprior to the posed rate increase and the hearing including the place and purpose of the hearing in a time, newspaper of general circulation in the area passed by the municipal--or--quasi-municipal-water corporation consumer-owned water utility. each municipal---or--quasi-municipal--water corporation consumer-owned water utility shall give notice of the proposed rate increase and the date, time and place of the hearing to each ratepayers. The published and individual notices shall include a statement describing the amount increase and the percentage increase for each customer class and copies shall be sent to the least 14 days prior to the hearings. mission at the commencement of each hearing held pursuant section, the municipal-or-quasi-municipal-water corporation consumer-owned water utility shall inform those present that the rate increase may be investithe Public Utilities Commission in accordby ance with this section. The water utility shall file its changed rates with the commission within 30 days

of the public hearing, but not sooner than 10 days following the public hearing.

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pension.

Subject to the notice and waiver requirements of section 64, water utilities electing to set rates under this section may establish an effective date for any rate change of at least one month, but not more than 9 months, from the date the rates are filed with the commission.

If, within 30 days of the public hearing, 15% of the customers of the municipal-or-quasi-municipal-water-corporation consumer-owned water utility or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, file with the treasurer of the corporation utility and with the Public Utilities Commission petitions demanding a review of changes by the Public Utilities Commission, the rate change may be suspended, investigated, reviewed changed in accordance with section 69, except that no suspension order issued by the commission pursuant to section 69 may be effective for a period greater than 9 months from the date the rate changes If the number of signatures on the petiwere filed. is 1,000 or if the number of signatures on the petitions equals or exceeds 15% of the customers dicated on the water utility's most recent annual report on file with the Public Utilities Commission, the commission may suspend the rate change to section 69. The commission shall notify the water utility of any such suspension. The water utility shall have 10 days from receipt of notice to notify commission whether it intends to contest any aspect of the validity of the petitions, after which it shall lose that right. If the water utility notifies the commission in a timely fashion that it wishes contest the validity of the petitions, the commission shall set the matter down for hearing. It shall hold the hearing and issue its decision on the validity of petitions within 30 days of notification by the water utility that it intends to contest the validity of the petitions. If the commission finds the peti-

Nothing in this section may prohibit a municipal or--quasi-municipal--water-corporation consumer-owned water utility from petitioning the Public Utilities

to be invalid, it shall lift its order of sus-

- 1 Commission for review pursuant to section 69 in the 2 first instance.
- 3 Upon review of a rate filing made pursuant to 4 this section, the Public Utilities Commission may or5 der the municipal---or---quasi-municipal---water 6 corporation consumer-owned water utility to correct 7 any mathematical or clerical errors.
 - Sec. 3. 35 MRSA §72-A, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 716, is amended to read:

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- §72-A. Apportionment of costs for water main extensions or service lines
- 1. Investment. The governing body of a munici-12 13 pal---water---department---or--quasi-municipal--water 1.4 district consumer-owned water utility may choose 15 make no investment in a water main extension or ser-16 vice line and may require persons requesting a water extension or service line to advance to the de-17 partment-or-district utility the full 18 of concost 19 struction, including associated appurtenances 20 quired solely as a result of the construction of water main extension or service line and used solely 21 22 for the operation of the main extension or service 23 Apportionment of the costs among customers shall be determined by the commission by rule. 24
 - 2. <u>Definitions</u>. For the purposes of this section, a water main extension is an extension of the pipeline, including associated appurtenances, from an existing water main to serve a previously unserved location or a location served by a seasonal main, and a service line is the pipeline including the meter and other appurtenances extending from a water main to the building or other premises served.
- 3. Assessments. The governing body of a munici-33 34 pal---water---department---or--quasi-municipal--water 35 district consumer-owned water utility may assess 36 full cost of water main extensions on all property 37 that abuts the water main in accordance with rules 38 promulgated by the governing body. The owner of any 39 property which is not hooked up to the water 40 may defer payment of the assessment until it is 41 The governing body by rule may exempt aphooked up.

1 2 3	propriate classes of property from the assessment and may provide for payment of an assessment over a period of time.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	4. Review by elected local officials. If the governing body of the municipal-water-department-or quasi-municipal-water-district consumer-owned water utility is not an elected body, any decision to make no investment under subsection 1 or to assess under subsection 3 must first be endorsed by the municipal officers of the municipality or municipalities involved, prior to filing with the commission.
12 13	Sec. 4. 35 MRSA §73, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 438, §5, are amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	l. Scope of section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any charter to the contrary and in addition to any charter or private and special laws creating or affecting any municipal—water—department——or——quasi-municipal—water—district consumer—owned water utility, the rate, toll or charge made, exacted, demanded or collected by any municipal—water—department—or—quasi-municipal—water district consumer—owned water utility, is governed by this section. 2. Definition. As used in this section, the term "governing body" means the governing body of a municipal—water—department—or—quasi-municipal—water district consumer—owned water utility.
28 29	Sec. 5. 35 MRSA §73-A, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 708, is amended to read:
30	§73-A. System development charge
31 32 33	1. System development charge authorized. In addition to section 73, the governing body of a municipalwater-departmentor-quasi-municipalwater

district consumer-owned water utility may establish and file, pursuant to section 69 or 72, a system de-

velopment charge which is just and reasonable to pro-

vide funds to finance capital outlays for water system expansion caused by an increase in demand for

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service.

2. Commission review. If a municipal—water—department—or—quasi-municipal—water—district consumer—owned water utility elects to institute a system development charge, it shall file the proposed charge and a description of the basis of the charge with the commission not less than 90 days before the effective date of the charge. The commission shall investigate the system development charge under section 296 to determine whether it is just and reason—

able.

- Use of funds. The funds generated by the system development charge shall be deposited into a special account of the municipal--water--department--or quasi-municipal--water--district consumer-owned water utility dedicated to finance capital outlays for system expansion caused by an increase in demand for service. The funds from the special account shall be used only for the purpose of financing the expansion of the system and shall not be used for the repair or replacement of existing facilities unless the replacement is required as a result of increased for service. The system development charge shall not be treated as income of the municipal-water department---or---quasi-municipal---water----district consumer-owned water utility nor shall it be considered part of the rates established and filed pursuant to section 73.
- 4. Assessment of charge. The system development charge may be assessed upon all customers of the municipal-water-department-or-quasi-municipal-water district consumer-owned water utility that requires new connections to the water system, excluding fire service, as of or after the effective date of that charge and upon all existing customers of the municipal-water-department--or--quasi-municipal--water district consumer-owned water utility who substantially expand their demand for water service as of or after the effective date of that charge.
- 5. Water conservation programs. Before a system development charge may be instituted, the municipal water-department-or-quasi-municipal-water-district consumer-owned water utility must report to the commission its efforts in implementing water conservation programs. The department-or-district utility

shall state what combination of system development				
charges and new conservation programs will allow the				
department-or-district utility to meet growing demand				
in the least costly manner.				
6. Review by elected local officials. If the				
governing body of the municipal-water-department-or				
quasi-municipal-water-district consumer-owned water				

quasi-municipal-water-district consumer-owned water utility is not an elected body, any system development charge proposed under this section must first be endorsed by the municipal officers of the municipality or municipalities involved, prior to filing with

13 STATEMENT OF FACT

the commission.

Present law allows municipal and quasi-municipal water utilities to set rates locally, with appeal to the Public Utilities Commission. Municipal and qua-si-municipal water utilities are also treated differ-ently from other water utilities in having special provisions on apportionment of costs for water main extensions and for expansion of the water supply sys-tem.

The new draft, which replaces the bill, comprehensively provides that municipal water companies like the Houlton Water Company, whose stock is wholly owned by a municipality or any other water utility which is wholly owned by its consumers, shall be treated for rate-making purposes in a manner identical to municipal and quasi-municipal water districts and departments.

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