# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

#### ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

# Legislative Document

NO. 777

H.P. 580 House of Representatives, March 13, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative BAKER of Portland. Cosponsored by Representative HANDY of Lewiston.

## STATE OF MAINE

# IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

1 2 3 4	AN ACT to Require Employers to Give Employees 4 Hours Leave on Election Day for the Purpose of Voting.
5 6	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
7	26 MRSA c. 7, sub-c. X is enacted to read:
8	SUBCHAPTER X
9	LEAVE FOR VOTING PURPOSES
10	§876. Leave for voting purposes
11 12	Every employer must give 4 consecutive hours of leave for the purpose of voting to any employee who
13	is qualified to vote while the polls are open on the

1 2 3 4 5	day of any statewide election. If the hours of employment do not allow for 4 consecutive hours, the employer shall allow the employee such additional time for voting as may be necessary to provide 4 consecutive hours.
6	§877. No penalty for absence
7 8 9 10 11	No employer may make any deduction from the pay of an employee or impose upon or exact from an employee any penalty by reason of his absence from work during the consecutive hours that employer is required to allow the employee pursuant to section 876.
12	§878. Convenience of employer
13 14	The hours for voting referred to in section 876 shall be granted at the convenience of the employer.
15	§879. Violation
16 17 18 19 20 21	Any employer who, directly or indirectly, refuses or by intimidation, undue influence or in any other way interferes with the granting to any elector in his employ of the consecutive hours for voting, as provided in this subchapter, commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$100 may be adjudged.

The purpose of this bill is to require employers to give employees 4 consecutive hours of leave to vote during any statewide election. This bill is modeled on federal Canadian legislation. The right that employees have time off for voting was introduced in Canada at the federal level in 1915, when one hour was provided for this purpose; in 1920 it was expanded to 2 hours; in 1948 it was increased to 3 hours; and in 1969 and 1970 it was expanded to the present 4 hours.

Under this bill, the time is to be allowed at the convenience of the employer and the employee may not be penalized or lose pay as a result of his absence from work during any part or all of the 4 consecutive hours allowed to him. An employer who interferes with the granting of the hours to vote will be subject to a forfeiture not to exceed \$100.

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