MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 597

H.P. 444 House of Representatives, March 3, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Representative ROLDE of York.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

1 2 3 4	AN ACT to Enable Parents to be Emancipated from Parental or Guardian Responsibility.
5 6	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
7,	19 MRSA §222 is enacted to read:
8	§222. Emancipation
9 .0 .1	1. Petition for emancipation. The parent or parents of a juvenile who is at least 16 years of age may petition the District Court in the division in
.2 .3	which the parent or parents reside for an order of emancipation.

- 2. Counsel for juvenile. The District Court may appoint counsel for the juvenile upon request of the juvenile or upon its own motion.
- 4 <u>3. Contents of petition. The petition shall</u> 5 state plainly:
- A. The facts which bring the parent or parents
 and juvenile within the court's jurisdiction and
 which form the basis for the petition;
- 9 B. The name, date of birth, sex and residence of the juvenile; and
- 11 <u>C. The name and residence of the parent or par-</u> 12 ents.

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- 4. Hearing. On the filing of a petition, the court shall schedule a hearing and shall notify the parent or parents and the juvenile of the date of the hearing, the legal consequences of an order of emancipation, the right to be represented by legal counsel and the right to present evidence at the hearing. Notice shall be given in the manner provided in the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4, for service of process.
- 22 <u>5. Order of emancipation. The court shall order</u> 23 emancipation of the juvenile if it determines that:
- A. The juvenile has made reasonable provision
 for his room, board, health care and education,
 vocational training or employment; and
- 27 B. The juvenile is sufficiently mature to assume responsibility for his own care and it is in the juvenile's best interest to do so.
- 30 6. Denial of petition. If the court determines
 31 that the criteria established in subsection 5 are not
 32 met, the court shall deny the petition and may recom33 mend that the Department of Human Services provide
 34 continuing services and counseling to the family.
 - 7. Effect of order. If an order of emancipation is issued under this section, the parent or parents may not be held liable for any act committed by the

1	juvenile on or after the date that order is issued.
2	STATEMENT OF FACT
3 4 5 6 7	This bill provides a mechanism for parents to petition the court for emancipation of a juvenile who is at least 16 years of age. Upon the effective date of such an order, the parents would no longer be held liable for any act of that child.