## Maine State Legislature

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## EIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document
NO. 462

H:P. 359
House of Representatives, February 20, 1987
Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Representative BAILEY of Farmington.
Cosponsored by Representative ARMSTRONG of Wilton.

STATE OF MATNE

IN THE YEAR OE OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

> AN ACT to Amend Provisions of the Maine Insurance Code Dealing with Capital and Surplus Requirements of Insurers.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §410, sub-§1, ๆC, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 709, §1, is amended to read:
C. Until January 1, 1989, a domestic mutual insurer formed prior to January 1,1968 , and while possessing surplus of not less. than $\$ 200,000$ may be authorized to transact, in addition to the types of insurance it was transacting prior to July 24, 1984, any other additional kinds of insurance authorized by its charter; subject to those minimum required basic surplus amounts ap-
plicable as to foreign mutual insurers as contained in the table in paragraph $B$, if the insurer is to transact life insurance together with any one or more of property, casualty, surety or marine and transportation insurances.

Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §410, sub-§1, $\mathbb{1}$, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 709, $\$ 1$, is amended to read:
D. Domestic mutual insurers holding a certificate of authority upon January 1, 1989, if otherwise qualified thetefer, and possessed of basic surplus in minimum required amounts as contained in the table in this paragraph may continue to be so authorized, provided those insurers continue to possess and maintain unimpaired basic surplus funds as determined hefein in this paragraph and applicable to those lines or kinds of insurance permitted by its certificate of authority immediately prior to January 1, 1989. Upon application by any such insurer and written approval by the superintendent, the insurer's certificate of authority may be extended to permit the writing of other kinds or lines of insurance if the insurer is qualified the¥e£өx and possessed of basic surplus funds in amounts contained in the table-in this paragraph. A domestic mutual insurer holding a certificate of authority prior to January 1 , 1989, but which does not possess and maintain basic surplus in the minimum required amounts contained in the table in this paragraph, may continue to be authorized to transact insurance in this State and to write other kinds or lines of insurance, subject to the approval of the superintendent, as long as it maintains $100 \%$ reinsurance and has no liabilities.

A health, life and health or multiple line (as described in section 710) insurer may qualify for a certificate of authority to transact a legal services insurance business, as described in chapter 38, if it is otherwise qualified therefor and possesses and thereafter maintains, in addition to the amounts described in the following table, an additional amount of unimpaired paid-in capital stock, if a stock insurer, or unimpaired basic surplus, if a foreign mutual or reciprocal insurer, of not less than $\$ 500,000$.

Kind or
Kinds of Insurance

Life
Health
Life and Healtly
Casualty
Marine and Transportation
Property
Surety
Title
Multiple Line (as defined in section 710)
Life, and any one or more of Property, Casualty,
Surety, Marine and Transportation

Domestic Mutua
Insurers
$\$ 1,000,000$
500,000
1,250,000
750,000
1,000,000
500,000
1,000,000
350,000
1,250,000
$2,500,000$

STATEMENT OF EACT

The purpose of this bill is twofold. Section 1 clears up an ambiguity in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24-A, section 410, subsection 1 , paragraph C, which raised the capital in surplus requirements for insurers in this State. It makes it clear that the exception in paragraph $C$ permits domestic mutual insurance companies which were formed prior to January 1, 1968, and possess a surplus of not less than $\$ 200,000$ to continue to transact all the types of insurance which they transacted prior to the amendment of this section in 1984 until January 1, 1989, with no change in their capital and surplus requirements.

Section 2 permits domestic mutual insurance companies which do not meet the minimum required amounts of basic surplus recently enacted by the Legislature to continue to transact business in this State after January 1, 1989, subject to the approval of tine superintendent of Insurance as long as they maintain $100 \%$ reinsurance and have no iiabilities. The requirement of reinsurance protects the policyholders of these companies as well as maintaining of the required surplus does. Passage of this bill will permit 2 old Maine insurance companies to continue to do business, subject to the superintendent's approval.

1 If it is not enacted, these companies would have to 2 . cease doing business.

