MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

NO. 454

H.P. 351 House of Representatives, February 20, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative WILLEY of Hampden.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

2	Under the Workers' Compensation Act.
4 5	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
6 7	39 MRSA §66-A, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1983, c. 647, is further amended to read:
8 9 10 11 12 13	The exercise of this authority shall not conflict with any provisions of a collective bargaining agreement between the employer and a labor organization which is the collective bargaining representative of the unit of which the injured workman is a part, if this agreement grants the injured employee greater rights than are provided in this section.

In 1985, the Legislature enacted a comprehensive system for the rehabilitation of injured workers under the Workers' Compensation Act. The goal of that legislation was clear, to facilitate and to expedite the return of injured workers to suitable employment.

There is now a provision in the Act which thwarts
that objective in organized workplaces. It prohibits
an employer from rehiring an injured worker for antoother position if the placement of that employee is
inconsistent with union restrictions on placement,
such as seniority provisions. The result, in many
situations, is that the injured worker is unable to
secure suitable employment.

This bill addresses that problem. It permits the transfer of injured workers to suitable employment in cases when the transfer may otherwise conflict with a collective bargaining agreement. This is so only if the collective bargaining agreement offers the injured worker less protection than the law. If the agreement offers the employee greater protection or rights, then the collective bargaining agreement governs.

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