MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document NO. 295 H.P. 227 House of Representatives, February 6, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed. EDWIN H. PERT. Clerk Presented by Representative MANNING of Portland. Cosponsored by Representative PARADIS of Augusta. STATE OF MAINE IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN AN ACT to Permit a Juvenile to Waive the Protection of the Maine Juvenile Code. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine follows: 15 MRSA §3101, sub-§5 is enacted to read: 5. Petition for waiver of protection Maine Juvenile Code. A petition to waive the protection of the Maine Juvenile Code may be made as follows. A. A juvenile who has attained his 16th birthday may petition the Juvenile Court for a waiver

the protection of the Maine Juvenile Code if:

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- 1 (1) The juvenile has been committed to the Maine Youth Center and the juvenile 2 3 resident status at that facility; or 4 (2) The juvenile is charged with an offense 5 would constitute a Class A, B or C 6 crime if the juvenile were an adult, other 7 than in cases under Title 5, section 200-A, and the juvenile admits the offense or of-8 9 fenses charged and consents to undergo a di-10 agnostic evaluation at the Maine Youth Cen-11 ter. 12 The court shall grant the petition if it 13 finds, by a preponderence of the evidence, that the juvenile understands the consequences of the 14 15 waiver, the juvenile has filed the petition voluntarily and that, after a consideration of the 16 17 seriousness of the crime, the characteristics of the juvenile and the dispositional 18 alternatives 19 available to the Juvenile Court, as specified in 20 subsection 4, paragraph D, it is appropriate 21 prosecute the juvenile as if he were an adult. 22 The juvenile has the right to be represented 23 by counsel at the hearing on the petition and to 24 have counsel appointed at the expense of the State if he is indigent. The 25 juvenile's parents 26 shall be notified of the hearing and shall have a 27 right to be heard. The Maine Youth Center shall report to the court, as applicable, the results of the evaluation and on the juvenile's adjust-28 29 30 ment and progress at that facility and on other 31 matters that may be pertinent to the likelihood
 - D. If the court denies the petition, the juvenile shall, as applicable, retain his resident status at the Maine Youth Center or become subject to a disposition available to the Juvenile Court. If the court grants the request for a waiver in the case of a juvenile who was in resident status at the Maine Youth Center, it shall transmute the juvenile disposition into a sentence to be served as an adult which may not exceed the lessor of the number of years until the

of harm to the juvenile if an adult disposition

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is imposed.

1	juvenile attains his 21st birthday or the maximum
2	sentence provided for the offense. The court
3	shall give equivalent credit for time served as a
4	juvenile. If the court grants such a waiver to a
5 .	juvenile who is not in resident status at the
6	Maine Youth Center, the court may impose any pen-
7	alty which is permitted for an adult who is con-
8	victed of the offense.
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E. A petition to waive the protection of the Maine Juvenile Code and to be treated as an adult applies only to the offense or offenses or status which is the subject of the petition. With respect to subsequent offenses, the State must meet its burden on a petition for bind over pursuant to subsection 4, before the juvenile becomes subject to adult proceedings. In determining whether or not a juvenile should be bound over and tried as an adult, the court may take into consideration the fact that the juvenile has been granted a waiver of the protection of the Maine Juvenile Code and has served an adult sentence.

STATEMENT OF FACT

An extremely small minority of juveniles who are committed to the Maine Youth Center commit additional crimes for the expressed purpose of obtaining an adult disposition via bind over and conviction as an adult.

The procedure suggested by the bill provides a vehicle for this minority to obtain a determinate disposition, as an adult, without escalating criminal behavior. It provides the same opportunity to elect a determinate sentence, in appropriate cases, to older youths who come before the courts for offenses committed in the community. It preserves the current bind-over procedure as it applies to the vast majori-

ty of juveniles.