MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

No. 288

S.P. 115

In Senate, February 9, 1987

Reference to the Committee on State and Local Government suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate Presented by Senator RANDALL of Washington. Cosponsored by Representative HUSSEY of Milo, Representative LOOK of Jonesboro.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

1 2 3	AN ACT to Require State Compliance with Municipal Ordinances.
4 5	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
6 7 8	5 MRSA §1742-B, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 625, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
9 10 11 12 13 14	State construction projects and public improvements to state-owned or leased buildings shall comply with municipal ordinances governing the construction and alteration of buildings. Prior to requesting bids, the Bureau of Public Improvements shall obtain, or it shall require the project designer to obtain, all necessary municipal building permits for the con-
16	struction and improvement of state-owned or leased

1	buildings and these projects shall be subject to mu-
2	nicipal inspections.
3	STATEMENT OF FACT

Public Law 1985, chapter 625, requires state building projects to comply with municipal ordinances governing the construction and alteration of buildings. Rather than requiring the Bureau of Public Improvements to obtain the necessary building permits, the law passed this responsibility on to the general

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This is an unusual arrangement since the general contractor is not the entity responsible for project design in such areas as local building code requirements. That is the responsibility of the project designer.

contractor or subcontractor.

Leaving local permit acquisition until long after the project is designed results in costly project delays if the permit is contingent upon design changes.

This bill places the responsibility of obtaining permits on the project designer, rather than the contractor.

The proper administration of this bill requires one additional person within the Bureau of Public Improvements at an annual cost of \$30,000.

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