

## (EMERGENCY) FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

## Legislative Document

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NO. 208

H.P. 167 House of Representatives, February 3, 1987 Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk

Presented by Speaker MARTIN of Eagle Lake.

Cosponsored by Senator PERKINS of Hancock, Representative PARADIS of Old Town and President PRAY of Penobscot.

## STATE OF MAINE

## IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN

AN ACT to Amend the Maine Business Corporation Act and the Maine Nonprofit Corporation Act to Enable Maine Stock and Nonstock Corporations to Adopt Limits on Director Liability and to Modernize Indemnification Provisions.

9 Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legis-10 lature do not become effective until 90 days after 11 adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

12 Whereas, recent court decisions have resulted in 13 increased exposure to liabilities for directors of 14 both profit and nonprofit corporations; and

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1 Whereas, as a result of these developments both 2 profit and nonprofit corporations have found it in-3 creasingly difficult to attract and retain qualified 4 directors who are able to lend their experience and 5 expertise to guide these corporations; and

6 Whereas, the State corporate laws do not now af-7 ford a way for shareholders or members of corpora-8 tions to limit director liability in order to encour-9 age qualified persons to serve on their boards; and

10 Whereas, a number of other states have recently 11 adopted provisions which enable shareholders and mem-12 bers to elect to limit these liabilities; and

13 Whereas, there are certain ambiguities in the 14 state corporate laws relating to indemnification of 15 corporate officers and directors which contribute to 16 the problem of attracting and retaining qualified 17 persons to serve state corporations; and

18 Whereas, these circumstances have a material neg-19 ative effect on the economic climate in the State and 20 the ability of state businesses, especially fledging 21 companies which have the most difficulty attracting 22 and the greatest need for qualified directors, from 23 achieving their potential; and

24 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, 25 these facts create an emergency within the meaning of 26 the Constitution of Maine and require the following 27 legislation as immediately necessary for the preser-28 vation of the public peace, health and safety; now, 29 therefore,

30 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as 31 follows:

32 Sec. 1. 13-A MRSA §403, sub-§3-A is enacted to 33 read:

34	3-A. In addition to the provisions required un-
35	der this section, the articles of incorporation may
36	contain a provision eliminating or limiting the per-
37	sonal liability of a director to the corporation and
38	its shareholders for monetary damages for conduct as

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1 a director and the provision shall be effective in 2 accordance with its terms, except that the provision 3 shall not be effective to eliminate or limit the per-4 sonal liability of a director: 5 A. For acts or omissions which involve dishones-6 ty or intentional misconduct; 7 B. For acts or omissions which the director knows to be in violation of law; 8 9 For any transaction from which the director C. derives an improper personal benefit; 10 11 Arising under section 720; or D. 12 E. For acts or omissions occurring prior to the 13 date when the provision becomes effective. 13-A MRSA §719, as repealed and replaced 14 Sec. 2. 15 by PL 1975, c. 439, §7, is repealed and the following 16 enacted in its place: 17 Indemnification of officers, directors, em-§719. 18 ployees and agents; insurance 19 A corporation may indemnify or if so provided in the bylaws, shall indemnify in all cases any per-son who was or is a party or is threatened to be made 20 21 22 a party to any threatened, pending or completed ac-23 tion, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, 24 administrative or investigative, by reason of the 25 fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee 26 or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, offi-27 trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent 28 cer, 29 of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, pension or other employee benefit plan or oth-30 31 enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys er 32 fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement 33 actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection 34 with that action, suit or proceeding; provided that 35 indemnification may be provided for any person no with respect to any matter for which he has been fi-nally adjudicated in any action, suit or proceeding 36 37 38

if he is found:

1	A. To have acted dishonestly or in a manner
2	knowingly opposed to the best interests of the
3	corporation or its shareholders or, in the case
4	of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee
5	benefit plan or trust, in a manner knowingly
6	opposedd to the best interests of that plan or
7	trust or its participants or beneficiaries; or
8	B. With respect to any criminal action or pro-
9	ceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe
10	that his conduct was unlawful.
11	The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by
12	judgment, order or conviction adverse to that person,
13	or by settlement or plea of nolo contendere or its
14	equivalent, shall not of itself create a presumption
15	that that person acted dishonestly or in a manner
16	knowingly opposed to the best interests of the corpo-
17	ration or its shareholders or, in the case of a per-
18	son serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit
19	plan or trust, in a manner knowingly opposed to the
20	best interests of that plan or trust or its partici-
21	pants or beneficiaries and, with respect to any crim-
22	inal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to
23	believe that his conduct was unlawful.
24	2. Any provision of subsection 1 or 3 to the
25	contrary notwithstanding, to the extent that a direc-
26	tor, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has
27	been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense
28	of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in sub-
29	section 1, or in defense of any claim, issue or mat-
30	ter therein, he shall be indemnified against ex-
31	penses, including attorneys fees, actually and rea-
32	sonably incurred by him in connection with any ac-
33	tion, suit or proceeding. The right to indemnifica-
34	tion granted by this subsection may be enforced by a
35	separate action against the corporation, if an order
36	for indemnification is not entered by a court in the
37	action, suit or proceeding wherein he was successful
38	on the merits or otherwise.
39	3. Any indemnification under subsection 1, un-
40	less ordered by a court or required by the bylaws,
41	shall be made by the corporation only as authorized
42	in the specific case upon a determination that indem-
43	nification of the director, officer, employee or

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agent is proper in the circumstances and in the best interests of the corporation. That determination shall be made by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to that action, suit or proceeding or, if such a quorum is not obtainable or even if obtainable, if a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or by the shareholders. Such a determination, once made, may not be revoked and, upon the making of that determination, the director, officer, employee or agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary may enforce the indemnification against the corporation by a separate action notwithstanding any attempted or actual subsequent action by the board of directors.

4. Expenses incurred in defending a civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding as authorized in the specific case upon a determination made in the manner specified in subsection 3, that the information then known to those making the determination, without undertaking further investigation, does not establish that indemnification would not be permissible under subsection 1 or, if so provided in the bylaws, shall be paid in all cases by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of that action, suit or proceeding upon receipt by the corporation of:

A. A written undertaking by or on behalf of the officer, director, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary to repay that amount if that person is finally adjudicated:

(1) To have acted dishonestly or in a manner knowingly opposed to the best interests of the corporation or its shareholders or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in a manner knowingly opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries; or

(2) With respect to any criminal action or proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful; and

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1	B. A written affirmation by the officer, direc-
2	tor, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduci-
3	ary that he has met the standard of conduct nec-
4	essary for indemnification by the corporation as
5	authorized in this section.
6	The undertaking required by paragraph A shall be an
7	unlimited general obligation of the person seeking
8	the advance, but need not be secured and may be ac-
9	cepted without reference to financial ability to make
10	the repayment.
11	5. The indemnification and entitlement to ad-
12	vances of expenses provided by this section shall
13	not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which
14	those indemnified may be entitled under any bylaw,
15	agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested di-
16	rectors or otherwise, both as to action in his offi-
17	cial capacity and as to action in another capacity
18	while holding that office, provided that no such in-
19	demnification may be provided for any person with re-
20	spect to any matter as to which he shall have been
21	finally adjudicated in any action, suit or proceed-
22	ing:
23	A. To have acted dishonestly or in a manner
24	knowingly opposed to the best interests of the
25	corporation or its shareholders or, in the case
26	of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee
27	benefit plan or trust, in a manner knowingly op-
28	posed to the best interests of that plan or trust
29	or its participants or beneficiaries; or
30	B. With respect to any criminal action or pro-
31	ceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe
32	that his conduct was unlawful.
33	The indemnification provided by this section shall
34	continue as to a person who has ceased to be a direc-
35	tor, officer, employee, agent, trustee, partner or
36	fiduciary and shall inure to the benefit of the
37	heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.
38	A right to indemnification required by the bylaws may
39	be enforced by a separate action against the corpora-
40	tion, if an order for indemnification has not been
41	entered by a court in any action, suit or proceeding
42	in respect to which indemnification is sought.

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6. A corporation shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, pension or other employee benefit plan or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under this section.

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7. For purposes of this section, references to the "corporation" shall include, in addition to the surviving corporation or new corporation, any participating corporation in a consolidation or merger.

Sec. 3. 13-B MRSA §403, sub-§4 to is enacted read:

4. Personal liability of a director. In addition to the provisions required under this section, the articles of incorporation may contain a provision eliminating or limiting the personal liability of a director to the corporation and its members for monetary damages for conduct as a director and the provision shall be effective in accordance with its terms, except that the provision shall not be effective to eliminate or limit the personal liability of a director:

For acts or omissions which involve dishones-Α. ty or intentional misconduct;

32 B. For acts or omissions which the director 33 knows to be in violation of law;

34 C. For any transaction from which the director derives an improper personal benefit; or 35

D. For acts or omissions occurring prior to the date when the provision becomes effective. 37

Sec. 4. 13-B MRSA §714, as amended by PL 1981, 470, Pt. A, §31, is repealed and the following с. enacted in its place:

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### §714. Indemnification of officers, directors, employees and agents; insurance

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1. Power to indemnify. A corporation may indemnify or, if so provided in the bylaws, shall indemnify in all cases any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he is or was а director, officer, employee or agent of the corpora-tion, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, pension or other employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reason-ably incurred in connection with that action, suit or proceeding; provided that no indemnification may be provided for any person with respect to any matter as 20 to which he has been finally adjudicated in any action, suit or proceeding:

23 Α. To have acted dishonestly or in a manner 24 knowingly opposed to the best interests of the 25 corporation or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or 26 27 trust, in a manner knowingly opposed to the best 28 interests of that plan or trust or its partici-29 pants or beneficiaries; or

### 30 B. With respect to any criminal action or proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe 31 32 that his conduct was unlawful.

33 The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order or conviction adverse to that person, 34 35 or by settlement or plea of nolo contendere or its 36 equivalent, shall not of itself create a presumption that that person acted dishonestly or in a manner 37 38 knowingly opposed to the best interests of the corporation or, in the case of a person serving as a fidu-39 ciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in a man-40 ner knowingly opposed to the best interests of that 41 42 plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries in good faith in the reasonable best interests of the 43

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corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

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2. Indemnity against expenses. Any provision of subsection 1 or 3 to the contrary notwithstanding, to the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in subsection 1, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses, including attorneys fees, actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any claim. The right to indemnification granted by this subsection may be enforced by a separate action against the corporation, if an order for indemnification is not entered by a court in the action, suit or proceeding wherein he was successful on the merits or otherwise.

Indemnity made by corporation. Any indemnifi-3.\_\_\_ cation under subsection 1, unless ordered by a court or required by the bylaws, shall be made by the corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances and in the best interests of the corporation applicable standard of conduct set forth in subsection 1. The determination shall be made by the board of directors by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to that action, suit or proceeding or if a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion. Such a determination, once made, may not be revoked and, upon making the determination, the director, officer, employee or agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary may enforce the indemnification against the corporation by a separate action notwithstanding any attempted or actual subsequent action by the board of directors.

4. Expenses incurred in defending action. Expenses incurred in defending a civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding, as authorized in the specific case upon a determination made in the manner specified in subsection 3 that the information then known to those mak-

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1 (444)	ing the determination, without undertaking further
2 (44)	investigation for purposes thereof, does not estab-
3	lish that indemnification would not be permissible
4	under subsection 1 or, if so provided in the bylaws,
5 (44)	shall be paid in all cases by the corporation in ad-
6 (44)	vance of the final disposition of that action, suit
7 (44)	or proceeding upon receipt by the corporation of:
8 9 10 11	A. A written undertaking by or on behalf of the officer, director, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary to repay the amount if that person is finally adjudicated:
12	(1) To have acted dishonestly or in a man-
13	ner knowingly opposed to the best interests
14	of the corporation or, in the case of a per-
15	son serving as a fiduciary of an employee
16	benefit plan or trust, in a manner knowingly
17	opposed to the best interests of that plan
18	or trust or its participants or beneficia-
19	ries; or
20 21 22	(2) With respect to any criminal action or proceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful; and
23	B. A written affirmation by the officer, direc-
24	tor, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduci-
25	ary that he has met the standard of conduct nec-
26	essary for indemnification by the corporation as
27	authorized in this section.
28	The undertaking required by paragraph A shall be an
29	unlimited general obligation of the person seeking
30	the advance, but need not be secured and may be ac-
31	cepted without reference to financial ability to make
32	the repayment.
33	5. Provisions of indemnification. The indemnifi-
34	cation and entitlement to advances of expenses pro-
35	vided by this section shall not be deemed exclusive
36	of any other rights to which those indemnified may be
37	entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of disin-
38	terested directors or otherwise, both as to action in
39	his official capacity and as to action in another ca-
40	pacity while holding that office, provided that no
41	such indemnification may be provided for any person

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with respect to any matter as to which he shall have been finally adjudicated in any action, suit or proceeding:

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A. To have acted dishonestly or in a manner knowingly opposed to the best interests of the corporation or, in the case of a person serving as a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan or trust, in a manner knowingly opposed to the best interests of that plan or trust or its participants or beneficiaries; or

B. With respect to any criminal action or preceeding, to have had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

The indemnification provided by this section shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee, agent, trustee, partner or fiduciary and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person. A right to indemnification required by the bylaws may be enforced by a separate action against the corporation, if an order for indemnification has not been entered by a court in any action, suit or proceeding in respect to which indemnification is sought.

6. Power to purchase and maintain insurance. A corporation shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, trustee, partner, fiduciary, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, pension or other employee benefit plan or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify him against that liability under this section.

38 <u>7. Corporation defined. For purposes of this</u> 39 <u>section, the "corporation" shall include, in addi-</u> 40 <u>tion to the surviving corporation or new corporation,</u> 41 <u>any merging or consolidating corporation in a consol-</u> 42 <u>idation or merger.</u>

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1	Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA §2303, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended
2	by PL 1985, c. 372, Pt. B, §3, is further amended to
3	read:
4	C. Due consideration shall be given:
5	(1) To past and prospective loss experience
6	within and outside this State;
7 8	(2) To the conflagration and catastrophe hazards;
9	(3) To a reasonable margin for underwriting
10	profit and contingencies;
11	(4) To dividends, savings or unabsorbed
12	premium deposits allowed or returned by in-
13	surers to their policyholders, members or
14	subscribers;
15	(5) To past and prospective expenses both
16	countrywide and those specially applicable
17	to this State;
18	<pre>(6) To all other relevant factors within</pre>
19	and outside this State;
20	(6-A) In the case of workers' compensation
21	rates, consideration shall be given to the
22	information required to be filed under Title
23	39, section 22-D, subsections 4 and 5; and
24	(7) In the case of fire insurance rates,
25	consideration shall be given to the experi-
26	ence of the fire insurance business during a
27	period of not less than the most recent
28	5-year period for which such experience is
29	available <del>; and</del>
30	(8) In the case of director liability in-
31	surance rates, consideration shall be given
32	to actions taken by a corporation pursuant
33	to Title 13-A, section 403, or Title 13-B,
34	section 403, to limit the personal liability
35	of its directors.

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Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when approved.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

Due to the circumstances described in the preamble, it is becoming increasingly difficult for both profit and nonprofit corporations to attract and retain qualified and experienced individuals as directors. As a result, many such organizations are deprived of the type of guiding experience which is most essential to their development.

Responding to these concerns, many states in the last year have adopted amendments to their corporate laws similar in effect to those contained in this bill. The general thrust of the amendments is to permit, but not require, corporations to amend their articles of incorporation to limit or eliminate director liability in certain circumstances.

This bill contains changes to the indemnification provisions of the corporate laws. These include both technical changes to eliminate potential ambiguities, as well as modernization of the provisions dealing with indemnification. Like the provisions dealing with limitations on director liability, the changes in the bill will permit, but not require, corporations to adopt more broadened and streamlined indemnification provisions. The purpose of these changes, like the director liability changes, is to encourage qualified and experienced individuals to serve as directors of Maine corporations, both profit and nonprofit.

The bill will help create a more attractive business climate in the State and, in particular, enable fledgling businesses, which have the greatest need for experieced and qualified directors, to attract and retain experienced individuals to serve as their directors.

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