MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	FIRST REGULAR SESSION	
ONE :	HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGI	SLATURE
Legislative	Document	NO. 20
I.B. 1	House of Representatives,	January 15, 1987
Legislature by	ted to the Clerk of the House of y the Secretary of State on Janu	
2,000 ordered		PERT, Clerk
	STATE OF MAINE	
N	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD INETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-	
	Regarding the Generation o ower and High-level Radioac Waste.	
Be it enactorion follows:	ed by the People of the Sta	te of Maine as
Sec. 1.	35 MRSA §3367 is enacted	to read:
§3367. Dec	laration of findings	
The peop	ple of the State of Maine d	eclare:
A. Thameans to	t there currently exists o dispose of high-level nuc	no acceptable lear waste;
posed for the	t the people of Maine are i to the consideration of any e disposal or long-term	Maine location

1	C.	That	it	is	irr	espon	sible	to	conti	nue	the	pr	·o-
2	duc	tion	of	hi	gh-	level	nucle	ear	waste	in	ligh	it	of
3	the	above	<u>∍.</u>										

Sec. 2. 35 MRSA §3368 is enacted to read:

§3368. Production of high-level nuclear waste

After July 4, 1938, no nuclear fission thermal power plant may generate electric power within the State by means which result in the production of high-level waste.

10 STATEMENT OF FACT

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11 The purpose of this bill is to provide a mechanism by which the voters of this State may express their will on the continued generation of electric 12 13 power which results in the production of 14 high-level 15 radioactive waste within the State. Section 1 16 this bill makes a declaration of findings concerning 17 the inconsistency in the continued production of 18 high-level nuclear waste in light of the Federal 19 Government's failed program to dispose of it. tion 2 of the bill prohibits, subject to voter 20 21 proval, the production of high-level radioactive 22 waste after July 4, 1988, by electricity-generating 23 nuclear power plants operating in Maine. Enactment and popular approval of this bill is an exercise 24 25 traditional state authority to regulate the genera-26 tion, sale and transmission of electric power 27 purposes other than protection against radiation haz-28 ards.

The prohibition on the generation of high-level radioactive waste after July 4, 1988, which this bill proposes to present to the voters, is based on the following.

- It is irresponsible to continue the production of high-level nuclear waste when there is clearly no acceptable method of disposal.
- Most of the high-level radioactive waste produced in Maine is produced by the generation

1	of electric power. The Federal Government
2.	has failed to provide a reasonable method to
3	dispose of that waste, despite years of study
4	and assurances that disposal facilities are
5	feasible and, indeed, forthcoming. Although
6	there is widespread public opposition to the
7	location of a high-level disposal site in
8	Maine, Maine is, nevertheless, under active
9	consideration for such a site. Maine will
10	make the strongest and most responsible argu-
11	ment to be dropped from consideration by the
12	Federal Government as a site by discontinuing
13	the production of high-level nuclear waste
14	within its borders.

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3. There are unacceptably high economic costs associated with the generation, isolation, transportation and ultimate disposal of high-level radioactive waste produced by the generation of electric power.

Much of the low-level radioactive waste pro-

- 21 duced in Maine is also the result of the gen-22 eration of electric power. Maine is currently faced with the problem of finding a dis-23 24 site for its low-level radioactive posal 25 waste. Ceasing the production of high-level radioactive waste will result in curtailing the production of low-level radioactive 26 27 28 wastes which will make it easier for Maine to 29 meet the responsibility imposed by federal 30 law to dispose of its low-level radioactive 31 waste.
 - 5. By delaying the prohibition imposed by this bill to July 4, 1988, a reasonable time is provided to allow for the orderly transition to other methods of electrical generation.

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