MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SECOND REGULAR	R SESSION
ONE HUNDRED AND TWEI	LFTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Document	No. 1959
S.P. 778 Submitted by the Public Utilities Com Reference to the Committee on Utilities	
Presented by Senator Andrews of Cumber Cosponsored by Representative Richa Clark of Millinocket and Representative V	rd of Madison, Representative
STATE OF N	MAINE
IN THE YEAR OF NINETEEN HUNDRED A	
AN ACT to Clarify the Pr of Decisions of the E Commissi	Public Utilities
Be it enacted by the People of follows:	of the State of Maine as
Sec. 1. 35 MRSA §303, a 392, §2, is repealed and the place:	as amended by PL 1975, c. following enacted in its
§303. Review of commission a	action
1. Final decisions. An	appeal from a final de-
cision of the commission	may be taken to the Law
Court on questions of law in	
	the Superior Court in a
civil action. Any person who ipated in opposition to appl	
commission proceedings upor	which a public hearing
was held and who is adversely	
decision of the commission is	

poses of taking an appeal from that decision. When a law or rule regulating the taking of an appeal from the Superior Court in a civil action uses the term "the court," "the clerk," "the clerk of courts" or a similar term, it shall for purposes of an appeal from the commission be read respectively as "the commission," "the Administrative Director of the Commission" or other appropriate term. The notice of appeal shall be accompanied by a brief statement of the nature of the proceeding before the commission, a copy of the decision, order or ruling complained of, a statement of the grounds upon which the order or ruling is claimed to be unlawful and a certificate that the attorney for the plaintiff is of opinion that there is the probable ground for the appeal as to make it a fit subject for judicial inquiry and that it is not intended for delay.

- 2. Additional court review. An appeal may also be taken in the same manner as an appeal under subsection 1 when the justness or reasonableness of a rate, toll or charge by any public utility or the constitutionality of any ruling or order of the commission is in issue, notwithstanding that the ruling or order is not final.
- 3. Law Court jurisdiction is exclusive. The Law Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over appeals and requests for judicial review of final decisions and of rulings and orders subject to subsections 1 and 2, with the exception of the Superior Court's jurisdiction to review rules under Title 5, section 8058.
- 4. Stay. While an appeal under subsection 1 is pending, no injunction may issue suspending or staying any order of the commission and the appeal shall not excuse any person or corporation from complying with and obeying any order or decision or any requirement of any order or decision of the commission or operate in any manner to stay or postpone the enforcement of the order or decision, except in such cases and upon such terms as the commission may order and direct. While an appeal under subsection 2 is pending final determination by the court, the Chief Justice, or in his absence any other justice, may enjoin or stay the effect of the ruling or order upon such terms and conditions as he may deem proper.

5. Additional evidence. No evidence beyond that contained in the record of the proceedings had before the commission may be introduced before the court, except that in cases where issues of confiscation or of constitutional right are involved, the court may order such additional evidence as it deems necessary for the determination of such issues to be taken before the commission upon such terms and conditions as to the court may deem proper. If the court orders additional evidence to be taken, the commission shall promptly hear and report that evidence to the court, so that the proof may be brought as nearly as reasonably possible down to the date of its report to court. The commission may, after hearing the evidence, modify its findings as to facts and its original decision or orders by reason of the additional evidence so taken, and it shall file with the court that amended decision or orders and those modified or new findings. If the commission modifies or amends its original decision or orders, the appealing party or any other party aggrieved by the modified or amended decision or order may file with the court, within such time as the court may allow, a specification of errors claimed to have been made by the commission in the modified decision or orders, which specifications of errors shall be considered by the court in addition to the errors asserted in the original complaint on appeal.

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- 6. Certification of decision. The result of the appeal shall be certified by the clerk of the Law Court to the administrative director of the commission and to the clerk of the Superior Court for Kennebec County. The prevailing party shall recover costs to be taxed by the Superior Court in accordance with the law for the taxation of costs on appeal in civil actions. Execution for these costs shall be issued from the Superior Court of Kennebec County in the same manner as in actions originating in the court. Double costs shall be assessed by the court upon any party whose appeal appears to the court not to be a fit subject for judicial inquiry or appears to be intended for delay.
- 7. Requests for reconsideration. No appeal of any matter may be taken pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, unless the party has first requested the commis-

- sion to reconsider or rehear its decision, ruling or order with respect to the matter to be raised on appeal.
- 4 Sec. 2. 35 MRSA §304 is repealed.
- Sec. 3. 35 MRSA §305, as amended by PL 1977, c.
 461, is repealed.

7 STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to clarify the method of appeal from decisions of the Public Utilities Commission, promote appellate efficiency and prevent unnecessary appeals.

- 1. The bill clarifies the method of appeal by consolidating the 2 existing methods of appeal of the Public Utilities Commission's decisions to the Law Court into a single method of appeal, which nevertheless preserves the different protections and limitations of the existing methods of appeal.
- 2. The bill promotes appellate efficiency by providing the opportunity for clarification of the Public Utilities Commission's decision upon a request for reconsideration and by requiring the appellant to identify the issues on appeal at the time the appeal is filed and by clarifying the exclusive jurisdiction of the Law Court over appeals of Public Utilities Commission's decisions.
 - 3. The bill prevents unnecessary appeals by requiring the appellant to request the Public Utilities Commission to reconsider its decision before an appeal may be taken, providing an opportunity for resolution of issues before judicial review is invoked.

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