MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	SECOND REGULAR SESSION	
ONI	E HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLA	TURE
Legislative Doc	cument	No. 1832
S.P. 707	In Senat	e, January 13, 1986
pursuant to Joint Reference to	or introduction by a majority of the Legisl t Rule 26. the Committee on Agriculture suggested a	
printed.	IOV I OPPDIEN Co-	
Cosponsored	JOY J. O'BRIEN, Sec esident Pray of Penobscot. d by Representative Armstrong of Wilton, d Representative Whitcomb of Waldo.	
	STATE OF MAINE	
1	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-S	IX
AN ACT	to Clarify the Role of Coope under the Maine Milk Pool.	ratives
Be it enacte follows:	ed by the People of the State	of Maine as
7 MRSA is amended t	§3152, as enacted by PL 1983 to read:	, c. 573, §4,
§3152. Defi	initions	
	in this chapter, unless the wise, the following words terme termes.	
of milk per Class I pr sold as Clas	nd price. "Blend price" mentual hundredweight computed as the rice multiplied by the percess I milk and the Class II percentage sold as Class II	e sum of the ntage of milk price multi-

2. Boston market dealer. "Boston market dealer" means any dealer as defined in subsection 4 who purchases milk from producers subject to the price regulations of the New England Milk Marketing Order.

- 3. Boston market producer. "Boston market producer" means any Maine milk producer selling to a dealer marketing milk subject to the New England Milk Marketing Order, or any agricultural cooperative that buys milk from or handles milk for such a producer and sells it to such a dealer.
- 3-A. Cooperative-dealer. "Cooperative-dealer" means a dairy cooperative that owns and operates one or more milk processing facilities. A cooperative-dealer shall be deemed a dealer only with respect to milk purchased from other producers.
- 3-B. Dairy cooperative. "Dairy cooperative" means an agricultural cooperative organized under the Uniform Agricultural Cooperative Association Act, Title 13, chapter 85, subchapter II, whose membership shall be limited to persons or entities who reside or do business in the State and who produce a part or all of their milk for sale in the State. Nothing in this section may be construed to restrict or limit any person's or entity's right to associate in any way with any local, national or international association.
- 4. Dealer. "Dealer" means any person or entity who purchases or receives milk from a producer within the State for processing and sale within or outside of the State. A producer-dealer shall be deemed a dealer only with respect to milk purchased from other producers.
- 5. <u>Maine market dealer</u>. "Maine market dealer" means any dealer as defined in subsection 4 who sells milk subject to the price control authority of the Maine Milk Commission.
- 6. Maine market producer. "Maine market producer" means any Maine milk producer selling to a dealer marketing milk on the Maine market, or any agricultural cooperative which is not a cooperative dealer as defined in subsection 3-A that buys milk

- or handles milk for such a producer and sells it to such a dealer.
- 3 7. Maine Milk Pool. "Maine Milk Pool" means the 4 sum of collections as prescribed in section 3153, 5 from Maine market producers.

- 8. Northern Maine market producer. "Northern Maine market producer" means any Maine milk producer located in Aroostook County and Washington County, and that portion of Penobscot County north of and including the minor civil divisions of Medway, T.A.R. 7 and Long A T.W.P. selling to a dealer marketing milk on the Maine market, or any agricultural cooperative that buys milk or handles milk for such a producer and sells it to such a dealer.
- 9. Plant price. "Plant price" means the F.O.B. price paid for milk at a milk processing plant, unless milk received at that plant is first collected at a federal order bulk reload station as defined by Part 1001 Federal Milk Order No. 1 in which case the plant price shall mean the price paid for milk at the reload station after deductions for subsequent transportation.
 - 10. Producer-dealer. "Producer-dealer" means a dealer who himself produces a part or all of his milk or a person who produces milk and sells to a grocery store or dairy products store or similar commercial establishment, and shall include an agricultural eeperative comprised solely of dairy farmers that whelly owns and operates its processing facilities, and whose individual members held a share of that ownership which is in direct propertion to that individual's share of all milk produced by cooperative members for the cooperative a cooperative-dealer as defined in subsection 3-A.
- 35 Il. <u>Utilization rate</u>. "Utilization rate" means 36 the percentage of milk produced which is utilized as 37 Class I or fluid milk.

STATEMENT OF FACT

Since the passage and establishment of the Maine Milk Pool in 1984, several dairy cooperatives have been formed. These cooperatives have achieved membership of over 100 Maine dairy farmers in less than a year. They have had some difficulty in dealing with the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources insofar as their interpretations of the definitions in the milk pool law. Clarifying the precise definition of producer-dealer and creating a definition of cooperative under this bill is important in determining which Maine farmers must contribute to the pool and which are not required to do so.

This bill facilitates and clarifies these definitions and smooths out the operations of the milk pool.

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