

FIRST REGULAR SESSION
ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Document No. 1408
S.P. 525 In Senate, April 25, 1985
Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Sent down for concurrence and ordered printed.
JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
Presented by Senator Chalmers of Knox. Cosponsored by Senator Gill of Cumberland.
STATE OF MAINE
IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
AN ACT to Amend Certain Sex Crimes Under the Maine Criminal Code.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §251, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 1975, c. 740, §44, is repealed and the follow- ing enacted in its place:
C. "Sexual act" means:
(1) Any act between 2 persons involving di- rect physical contact between the sex organs of one and the mouth or anus of the other or direct physical contact between the sex or- gans of one and the sex organs of the other;
(2) Any act between a person and an animal being used by another person which act in- volves direct physical contact between the sex organs of one and the mouth or anus of

1the other or direct physical contact between2the sex organs of one and the sex organs of3the other;

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- (3) Any act involving direct physical contact between the sex organs or anus of one and an instrument or device manipulated by another person when such act is done for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire, or for the purpose of causing bodily injury or offensive physical contact; or
- 11(4) A sexual act may be proved without al-12legation or proof of penetration.
- 13 Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §251, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted 14 by PL 1975, c. 499, §1, is amended to read:
- D. "Sexual contact" means any touching of the genitals, sex organs or anus, directly or through clothing, other than as would constitute a sexual act, for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire or for the purpose of causing bodily injury or offensive physical contact.
- 21 Sec. 3. 17-A MRSA §252, sub-§3, as amended by PL 22 1975, c. 740, §47, is further amended to read:

23 3. Rape is a Class A crime. It is a defense to a 24 prosecution under subsection 1, paragraph B, which 25 reduces the crime to a Class B crime that the victim a voluntary social companion of the defendant at 26 was 27 the time of the crime and had, on that occasion, per-28 mitted the defendant sexual contact or voluntarily 29 engaged in sexual contact with the defendant.

30 Sec. 4. 17-A MRSA §253, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 31 1975, c. 499, §1, is amended to read:

32 3. It is a defense to a prosecution under sub-33 section 2, paragraph A, that the other person volun-34 tarily consumed or allowed administration of the substance with knowledge of its nature, except that it 35 36 is no defense where the other person is a patient of 37 actor and has a reasonable belief that the actor the 38 is administering the substance for medical or dental 39 examination or treatment.

Sec. 5. 17-A MRSA §253, sub-§4, as enacted by PL
1975, c. 499, §1, is amended to read:

3 4. Violation of subsection 1 is a Class A crime. 4 It is, however, a defense to prosecution under sub-5 section 1, paragraph A, which reduces the crime to a 6 Class B crime that the other person was a voluntary 7 social companion of the defendant at the time of the 8 offense and had, on that occasion, permitted him the defendant sexual contact or voluntarily engaged in 9 10 sexual contact with the defendant. It is an affirma-11 tive defense to a prosecution under subsection 1, 12 paragraph A, that the defendant and the victim were living together as man and wife at the time of the 13 crime. 14

## STATEMENT OF FACT

16 Section 1 amends the definition of a "sexual act" 17 in a number of respects. First, it identifies 3 al-ternative forms of "sexual act." The first form mir-18 19 rors the present definition except that the phrase "act of sexual gratification" is removed on the 20 21 ground that, given the physical contacts described, no concern exists for excluding "innocent" contacts. 2.2 23 The 2nd form ensures that direct physical contacts 24 between the victim's sex organs or anus and the 25 mouth, anus or sex organs of a nonhuman, that is, an animal, made use of by a 2nd person are included within the definition of a "sexual act." The 2nd form 26 27 28 addresses the same act specified in the first form, 29 except that the acts are between one person and an 30 animal being used by another person. In this form the 31 animal is, in fact, an animate device or instrument utilized by another human being. Of course, the ani-32 33 mal utilized may, but need not be under the actual 34 control and direction of the 2nd person. As with the first form, given the physical contacts described, no 35 concern exists for excluding "innocent" contacts. The 36 37 3rd and final form mirrors the present definition ex-38 cept for one in particular. For this alternative, 39 given the physical contacts described, a legitimate concern exists for excluding "innocent" contacts such 40 41 as for proper medical purposes or other valid rea-

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1 sons. See State v. Keaten, 390 A.2d 1043, 1045 (Me. 2 1978), State v. Lyons, 466 A.2d 868 (Me. 1983). 3 Hence, the contacts described are limited to those 4 done "for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexu-5 al desire," or "for the purpose of causing bodily in-6 jury or offensive physical contact." The latter pur-7 pose is not included in present law. It has been 8 added to confront the growing evidence that actors do 9 not necessarily perform these insults for the purpose 10 of giving or deriving sexual pleasure or satisfac-11 tion; instead, the physical contacts may well be per-12 formed for the purpose of causing physical harm to or 13 to degrade the victim. Of course, as with sexual gratification, where it is immaterial as to whether 14 15 the participants subjectively derived pleasure or satisfaction from the act, it is equally immaterial 16 17 whether the victim was actually injured or sujectively found the contact to be degrading. The 18 focus is instead on whether these acts were performed 19 20 by the actor for these purposes. See State v. Alley, 21 385 A.2d 1175, 1178 (Me. 1978). Although under the 22 latter circumstances the conduct would undoubtedly 23 constitute an assault or aggravated assault against 24 the victim, because the physical contacts involve the sex organs or anus, it is deemed appropriate to addi-25 26 tionally include it here.

Section 2 amends the definition of "sexual 27 contact" so that it will include digital manipulation or 28 29 invasion of the anus. This conduct is not uncommon 30 where the victim is a child. It further replaces the word "genitals" with the phrase "sex organs" to con-31 form the terminology used to describe both "sexual act" and "sexual contact." Lastly, the purpose of 32 33 34 "causing bodily injury or offensive physical contact" has been added for the reason given for its inclusion relative to "sexual act" described in section 1. 35 36

37 Sections 3 and 5 clarify the meaning of the socalled "voluntary social companion" defense. Specifi-38 cally, they make clear, consistent with the Law Court's opinion in State v. Reed, 459 A.2d 178, 180 39 40 41 n.1 (Me. 1983), that the defense is available both 42 when the victim voluntarily allows the defendant sex-43 ual contact, the defendant thus being the actor, and 44 when the victim voluntarily performs a sexual contact 45 upon the defendant, the victim thus being the actor.

Section 4 amends the defense to a prosecution un-1 der the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 17-A, section 2 3 253, subsection 2, paragraph A, to make the same un-4 available in the instance where the actor, for example, a doctor or dentist, administers or employs the substance under circumstances where the person who 5 6 voluntarily acquiesces possesses a reasonable belief that this is for the purpose of medical or dental ex-7 8 9 amination or treatment.

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