

L.D. 1359

(Filing No. S-207)

STATE OF MAINE SENATE 112TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 498, L.D.
1359, Bill, "AN ACT to Encourage the Development of
Solid Waste Energy Recovery Facilities in the State
of Maine."

11 Amend the Bill by striking out everything after 12 the title and inserting in its place the following:

13 'Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legis-14 lature do not become effective until 90 days after 15 adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

16 Whereas, the State requires each municipality to 17 provide for the disposal of solid waste generated 18 within the municipality; and

19 Whereas, solid waste contains valuable recover-20 able resources, including energy, and many municipal-21 ities have found that energy recovery reduces the 22 cost of solid waste disposal; and

23 Whereas, solid waste energy recovery technology 24 is complex and most solid waste energy recovery fa-25 cilities have high capital costs and long payback pe-26 riods; and

Whereas, to make the solid waste energy recovery facilities financially feasible, the developers of these facilities need to be assured of a steady source of revenues to repay the loans used to finance the construction of the facilities; and

32 Whereas, the steady stream of revenues needed to 33 pay for these facilities are often provided by munic-34 ipal service contracts, whereby municipalities agree 35 to pay costs associated with providing such a facili-36 ty, whether or not this facility is operational; and

D. OF R.

1

2

3

4

5

6



1 Whereas, there are Maine municipalities which 2 have already entered into or now desire to enter into 3 agreements in order to provide at the earliest possi-4 ble date for the disposal of their solid waste at the 5 energy recovery facilities in the State; and

6 Whereas, municipalities have the power, alone and 7 by joint action, to enter into service contracts or 8 make other arrangements for solid waste disposal pur-9 suant to their Home Rule power; and

10 Whereas, the Legislature has clarified the power 11 of municipalities to enter into service contracts for 12 solid waste disposal; and

13 Whereas, financial institutions that would under-14 write solid waste disposal facilities require further 15 clarification with respect to the power of Maine mu-16 nicipalities to enter into service contracts for sol-17 id waste disposal and to jointly undertake the finan-18 cial obligations entailed thereby; and

19 Whereas, the power of municipalities to enter in-20 to service contracts for solid waste disposal may be 21 limited by charter or ordinance provisions; and

22 Whereas, there is a need to permit municipalities 23 to enter into service contracts for solid waste dis-24 posal despite inconsistent charter or ordinance pro-25 visions; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

32 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as 33 follows:

2-



23

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A" to S.P. 498, L.D. 1359

Sec. 1. 30 MRSA §5062, first ¶, as amended by PL
1981, c. 698, §144, is further amended to read:

3 The limitations on municipal debt in section 5061 4 shall not be construed as applying to any funds re-5 ceived in trust by any municipality, any loan which 6 has been funded or refunded, notes issued in antici-7 pation of federal or state aid or revenue sharing 8 money, tax anticipation loans, notes maturing in the current municipal year, indebtedness of entities oth-9 er than municipalities, indebtedness of any munici-10 pality to the Maine School Building Authority, debt 11 issued under chapter 235 and Title 10, chapter 110, 12 subchapter IV, obligations payable from revenues of 13 14 current municipal year or from other revenues the 15 previously appropriated by or committed to the munic-16 ipality, and the state reimbursable portion of school debt. The limitations on municipal debt set forth in 17 18 section 5061 do not apply to obligations incurred by one or more municipalities pursuant to Title 38, sec-19 20 tion 1304-B, with respect to solid waste facilities, which obligations are regulated in the manner set forth in Title 38, section 1304-B. 21 22

Sec. 2. 35 MRSA §2329 is enacted to read:

24§2329. Energy and capacity purchases from small pow-25er producer and cogenerator facilities

26 1. Establishment of a purchase price for energy 27 or energy and capacity delivered to a trustee or re-28 organized utility. If a public utility which has en-29 tered into a power purchase contract with a small 30 power producer or cogenerator facility for the pur-31 chase of energy, or energy and capacity pursuant to 32 section 2325, subsection 1, or section 2326, files 33 for bankruptcy or for reorganization under the bank-34 ruptcy laws of the United States, and if the trustee 35 in bankruptcy or debtor, receiver, examiner or any 36 other party in possession and control of the assets 37 of the public utility rejects that power purchase contract pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy 38



Code or any similar power or law the trustee, debtor, 1 receiver, examiner or other party in possession and control of the assets of the public utility shall be 2 3 4 obligated to continue to purchase without interrup-5 tion from the small power producer or cogenerator fa-6 cility whose contract was rejected any energy or en-7 ergy and capacity which the small power producer or 8 cogenerator facility makes available to it. If the 9 power purchase contract is rejected, the avoided cost 10 for the energy or energy and capacity from the small power producer or cogenerator facility for the time 11 period commencing on the date of the rejection and ending on the original expiration date of the re-12 13 jected contract shall be the avoided cost determined 14 for the period as if the determination were being 15 16 made on the date on which the public utility and 17 small power producer or cogenerator facility entered 18 into the rejected contract.

19 2. Nature of capacity contract. If a small power 20 producer or cogenerator facility contracts to provide a public utility with electric generating capacity, 21 that portion of the power purchase contract which re-22 guires the delivery of the capacity, shall not be ex-23 ecutory in nature under the laws of the State once the small power producer or cogenerator facility has 24 25 26 first made available to the public utility the elec-27 tric generating capacity. This section shall not be 28 interpreted to mean that any other sections of such a 29 contract are executory in nature.

30 Commission approval of rates of reorganized utility. At any time that the Public Utilities Com-31 32 mission is requested or required to approve rates for 33 a public utility which has rejected a power purchase contract with a small power producer or cogenerator facility as a result of a bankruptcy or reorganiza-tion proceeding, or to approve rates of a person con-trolling and in possession of the assets of a public 34 35 36 37 38 utility which was a party to such a rejected con-39 tract, it shall not grant any such rate approval un-40 less the public utility or person seeking the rates



1 includes within the rates provision for payment of 2 all energy and energy and capacity made available by a small power producer or cogenerator facility, ei-ther at the original contract rate or at the rate 3 4 5 specified in subsection 1. 6 Any person who is obligated to comply with this section shall not be permitted to operate as a public 7 8 utility in the State, unless it is in full compliance 9 with this section. 10 Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §1304-B, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 380, §1, is repealed and the following 11 12 enacted in its place: 13 Contracts. In order to encourage and facili-4. 14 tate the financing and development of solid waste facilities, including, but not limited to, facilities 15 16 for resource recovery, municipalities shall have the following powers, notwithstanding any law, charter, 17 18 ordinance provision or limitation to the contrary: 19 To contract with any person, including, but Α. not limited to, the owner or operator of any waste facility, for the collection, transporta-20 21 tion, storage, processing, salvaging or disposal of waste. Any such contract may be for such term 22 23 of waste. Any such contract may be for such term of years and may contain such other provisions as the municipality may approve. Any such contract may provide that, in consideration for the obli-gation of the facility owner or operator to han-24 25 26 27 dle all or any portion of the solid waste gener-ated in the municipality, the municipality shall 28 29 30 pay to the facility owner or operator such fees, 31 assessments and other payments as shall be estab-32 lished in accordance with the contract. 33 Without limiting the generality of the powers Β. conferred in paragraph A, to agree in such a con-34 35 tract to pay fees, assessments or other payments 36 in such amounts as may be reasonably necessary to 37 pay:



· -

1	(1) Costs associated with financing, devel-
2 3	oping, constructing, repairing, maintaining
3	and operating all or any one or more of the
4	waste facilities owned or operated by the
5	waste facilities owned or operated by the facility owner or operator, including the
6	payment of debt service and the maintenance
7	of reasonable reserves or sinking funds in
8	connection with the financing or operation
9	of any such waste facilities;
10	(2) Any other costs incurred by the facili-
11	ty owner or operator in connection with the
12	handling of solid waste, whether performed
13	at any waste facility referred to in subpar-
14	agraph (1) or at another such facility dif-
15	ferently owned and operated; and
16	(3) Any deficiencies arising by virtue of
17	the failure of any other municipality to
18	meet its obligations to pay the costs set
19	forth in subparagraphs (1) and (2) in ac-
20	cordance with any similar agreement with the
21	same facility owner; and
22	C. To pledge the full faith and credit of the
23	municipality for the payment of fees, assessments
24	and other payments, as provided in paragraphs A
25	and B, and to levy upon and raise from taxable
26	estates within the municipality by general taxes
27	the amounts required to pay these fees, assess-
28	ments and payments or to raise those amounts by
29	means of any fee, user charge or other cost-
30	sharing or assessment mechanism duly adopted and
31	authorized by the municipality or to borrow those
32	amounts by issuance of general obligation bonds
33	or notes.
34	Any contract complying with the requirements of this
35	subsection and subsection 6 shall be a properly au-
36	thorized, legal, valid, binding and enforceable obli-
37	gation of the municipality, regardless of whether the



e

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 498, L.D. 1359

and a second of the second second

1	agreement was authorized, executed or delivered prior
2	to or after the effective date of this subsection.
3 4	Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §1304-B, sub-§§5 and 6 are en- acted to read:
5	5. Public waste disposal corporations. Notwith-
6	standing any law, charter, ordinance provision or
7	limitation to the contrary, pursuant to any
8	interlocal agreement entered into in accordance with
9	Title 30, chapter 203, any 2 or more municipalities
10	may organize or cause to be organized or may partici-
11	pate in one or more corporations organized as non-
12	profit corporations under Title 13, chapter 81, or
13	Title 13-B for the purpose, among other permissible purposes, of owning or operating any one or more
14	purposes, of owning or operating any one or more
15	waste facilities described in subsection 4, paragraph
16 17	A, and a subscribing municipality may agree in any
17	such interlocal agreement to pay fees, assessments or
10	other payments as described in subsection 4, para- graph B, for such term of years and on such other
20	terms as the interlocal agreement may provide and may
20	pledge the full faith and credit of the municipality
22	to the same extent provided in subsection 4, para-
23	graph C. The applicable interlocal agreement or the
24	articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corpora-
25	tion shall provide that:
26	A. The corporation shall be organized and con-
27	tinuously thereafter operated as a nonprofit cor-
28	poration, no part of the net earnings of which
29	may inure to the benefit of any member, director,
30	officer or other private person;
31	B. The directors of the corporation shall be
32	elected by the municipal officers of the munici-
33	palities participating in the corporation; and
34	C. Upon dissolution or liquidation of the corpo-
35	ration, title to all of its property shall vest
36	ration, title to all of its property shall vest in one or more of the municipalities participa-
37	ting in the corporation.



1 Any interlocal agreement complying with the require-2 ments of this subsection and subsection 6 shall be a properly authorized, legal, valid, binding and en-forceable obligation of the municipality, regardless 3 4 5 whether the agreement was authorized, executed or of 6 delivered prior to or after the effective date of 7 this subsection. Any corporation organized in a man-8 ner which satisfies the requirements set forth in 9 this subsection and subsection 6, whether organized 10 prior to or after the effective date of this subsec-11 tion, shall be deemed for all purposes as organized pursuant to this subsection. If so provided in the 12 13 applicable interlocal agreement, any such corporation shall have the power, in addition to any other powers which may be delegated under Title 30, chapter 203, 14 15 16 to issue, on behalf of one or more of the municipali-17 ties participating in the corporation, in order to 18 finance the facilities, revenue obligation securities 19 issued in accordance with Title 10, chapter 110, sub-20 chapter IV, and any other bonds, notes or debt obli-21 gations which municipalities are authorized to issue 22 by applicable law.

23 Relationship to other laws. The obligation of 6. 24 municipality to pay any fees, assessments or other а payments in accordance with any agreement entered in-25 to pursuant to subsection 4 or any interlocal agree-ment referred to in subsection 5 shall not constitute a "debt" or "indebtedness" of the municipality within 26 27 28 29 the meaning of any statutory, charter or ordinance provision limiting the incurrence or the amount of 30 31 municipal indebtedness nor shall the authorization or 32 incurrence of the obligation or any municipal action 33 to raise funds to meet the obligation by any means 34 set forth in subsection 4, paragraph C, require or be 35 subject to any voter referendum or approval under any 36 law or any charter or ordinance provision. A munici-37 pality may agree to make payments in accordance with 38 subsection 4, paragraph B, subparagraph (1), or in accordance with the provisions of any interlocal agreement referred to in subsection 5 with respect to 39 40



long-term financing obtained by the owner of one or 1 2 more waste facilities, provided that the total prin-3 cipal balance of the long-term financing does not ex-4 ceed 3% of its last full state valuation. Notwithstanding this subsection, 2 or more municipalities may separately agree with the owner of one or more waste facilities to make payments in accordance with 5 6 7 subsection 4, paragraph B, subparagraph (1), or any 8 g interlocal agreement referred to in subsection 5 with 10 respect to the long-term financing obtained by the 11 owner of the facilities, provided that the total 12 principal balance of the long-term financing does not exceed 3% of the sum of the last full state valuation 13 14 of all municipalities in question.

15 The obligation of the municipality to pay fees, as-16 sessments and other payments in accordance with subsection 4 or any interlocal agreement referred to in 17 subsection 5 shall be binding upon and enforceable against the municipality without regard to whether 18 19 20 all or any one or more of the waste facilities referred to in subsection 4, paragraph B, subparagraph 21 22 (1), becomes operational or was or will be in opera-23 tion during the period for which the fees, assess-24 ments or other payments are so charged.

No contract entered into in accordance with subsection 4 nor any ordinance adopted under the authority of subsection 2 shall be deemed a contract in restraint of trade or otherwise unlawful under Title 10, chapter 201.

30 Notwithstanding any law, charter or ordinance provisions to the contrary, the powers conferred upon a municipality pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 and this subsection shall be exercised, in the case of a mu-nicipality with a city or town council, by action of 31 32 33 34 35 the council and, in the case of a municipality with-36 out such a council, by action of the town meeting. 37 This paragraph shall apply whether or not the action 38 of the city council, town council or town meeting was 39 taken before or after the effective date of this sub-



1 section.

Nothing in this section may be construed to be a limitation on the Home Rule powers granted to municipalities under Title 30, section 1917, or on the ability of communities to jointly exercise their powers as is recognized in Title 30, section 1951. This section provides an additional and alternative method for carrying out this subchapter.

9 Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §1751, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 10 1983, c. 820, §2, is amended to read:

11 Maturity; interest; form; temporary bonds. з. 12 The bonds issued under this chapter shall be dated. 13 shall mature at such time or times not exceeding 40 14 years from their date or dates and shall bear inter-15 est at such rate or rates as may be determined by the 16 board of directors or determined pursuant to a formu-17 la approved by the board of directors or by a 3rd 18 party rate-setting agent selected by the board of and may be made redeemable before maturi-19 directors, ty, at the option of the district, at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions as may be 20 21 22 fixed by the board of directors prior to the issuance of the bonds. The board of directors shall determine 23 24 the form of the bonds, including any interest coupons 25 to be attached, and the manner of execution of the 26 bonds, and shall fix the denomination or denomina-27 tions of the bonds and the place or places of payment 28 of principal and interest, which may be at any finan-29 cial institution having trust powers within or with-State. Bonds shall be executed in the name 30 out the of the district by the manual or facsimile signature 31 32 of such officer or officers as may be authorized in 33 the resolution to execute the bonds, but at least one 34 signature on each bond shall be a manual signature. 35 Coupons, if any, attached to the bonds shall be exe-36 cuted with the facsimile signature of the officer or 37 officers of the district designated in the resolu-38 tion. In case any officer, whose signature or facsimile signature appears on any bonds or coupons, 39



ceases to hold that office before the delivery of the 1 bonds, the signature or its facsimile shall neverthe-2 3 less be valid and sufficient for all purposes, as if 4 had remained in office until the delivery. Nothe 5 withstanding any of the other provisions of this chapter or any recitals in any bonds issued under 6 this chapter, all such bonds shall be deemed to be 7 negotiable instruments under the laws of this State. 8 9 The bonds may be issued in coupon or registered form, 10 or both, as the board of directors may determine, and provision may be made for the registration of any 11 coupon bonds as to principal alone and as to both principal and interest, and for the reconversion into 12 13 coupon bonds of any bonds registered as to both prin-14 15 cipal and interest. The board of directors may sell 16 the bonds in the manner, either at public or private 17 sale, and for such price as they may determine to be for the best interests of the district. The proceeds 18 19 of the bonds of each issue shall be used solely for the purpose for which those bonds have been autho-20 21 rized and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions as the board of directors may pro-22 vide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of 23 the bonds or in the trust agreement securing the 24 25 bonds. The resolution providing for the issuance of and any trust agreement securing the bonds, 26 bonds, may contain such limitations upon the issuance of ad-27 28 ditional bonds as the board of directors may deem 29 proper, and these additional bonds shall be issued 30 under such restrictions and limitations as may be 31 prescribed by that resolution or trust agreement. 32 Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the 33 board of directors may, under like restrictions, is-34 sue interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or 35 without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds 36 when those bonds are executed and are available for delivery. The board of directors may provide for the 37 38 replacement of any bond which is mutilated, destroyed 39 or lost.

40 **Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited 41 in the preamble, this Act shall take effect when ap-



2

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 498, L.D. 1359

1 proved.'

STATEMENT OF FACT

3 The purpose of this amendment is to provide 4 unequivocal authority for Maine municipalities to en-5 ter into agreements, separately or jointly, with the 6 developers of solid waste disposal facilities whereby 7 the municipalities are able to guarantee, separately 8 or jointly, a steady source of revenues to the developers to pay, among other items, debt service on the 9 10 solid waste disposal projects financed by the developers, whether or not the facilities become opera-11 tional or cease to be operational for any period pri-12 13 or to full payment of the debt service. This measure 14 also provides unequivocal authority for municipalities to jointly own or operate the solid waste dis-15 16 posal facilities and to exercise similar powers in 17 connection therewith.

The amendment addresses the question of whether 18 19 municipalities already have the power to enter into service contracts for solid waste disposal. The emer-20 21 gency preamble states that they do have this power, 22 but that the legislation is necessary to override inconsistencies in provisions of charters and ordi-23 24 nances and to further clarify the power of municipal-25 ities to enter into those service contracts. The amendment also specifies that obligations incurred 26 27 pursuant to its provisions shall not be debt for pur-28 poses of any debt limit. It also regulates the amount 29 of the obligations in the manner provided. Various 30 provisions of the amendment are intended to be appli-31 cable to agreements signed and organizations created 32 prior to its effective date.

33 The amendment also allows the use of new financ-34 ing vehicles, such as variable rate bonds, in a prac-35 tical manner while still retaining local control.

12-

D. OF R.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A " to S.P. 498, L.D. 1359

1 The amendment also provides some protection for 2 small power producers and cogenerators, including mu-3 nicipal waste-to-energy projects, the economic 4 viability of which relies on contracts with electric 5 utilities.

6

4061060185

Reported by Senator Usher for the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (6/4/85) (Filing No. S-207)