MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 1343
7 8 9	H.P. 937 House of Representatives, April 18, 1985 Referred to the Committee on Business and Commerce. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed.
10	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Speaker Martin of Eagle Lake. Cosponsored by President Pray of Penobscot, Senator Dutremble of York and Representative Murray of Bangor.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
17 18 19 20	AN ACT to Establish Competitive Insurance Rating under the Maine Workers' Compensation System.
21 22	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
23 24	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA $\S12004$, sub- $\S8$, \PA , sub- $\P(26)$ is enacted to read:
25 26 27	(26) Workers' Safety Pool Legislative 24-A MRSA Board of Per Diem §2350 Directors
28 29	Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA c. 25, first 2 lines are repealed and the following enacted in their place:
30	CHAPTER 25
31	RATES AND RATING ORGANIZATIONS

1	SUBCHAPTER I
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3 4 5	Sec. 3. 24-A MRSA §2302, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1969, c. 132, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
6 7 8 9	3. Workers' compensation shall first be subject to subchapter II, but any other parts of this chapter and Title 39 not inconsistent with those sections shall also apply.
10 11	<pre>Sec. 4. 24-A MRSA §2303, sub-§1, ¶F, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 551, §1, is repealed.</pre>
12 13	Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA c. 25, sub-c. II is enacted to read:
14	SUBCHAPTER II
15	WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMPETITIVE RATING ACT
16	§2331. Title
17 18	This subchapter shall be known as the "Workers' Compensation Competitive Rating Act."
19	§2332. Purposes
20	The purposes of this Act are:
21 22 23	 Prohibit price fixing. To prohibit price fixing agreements and other anticompetitive behavior by insurers;
24 25 26	2. Protect the public. To protect policyholders and the public against the adverse effects of excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory rates.
27 28	3. Promote price competition. To promote price competition among insurers so as to provide rates

4. Provide regulatory procedures. To provide 30 regulatory procedures for the maintenance of appropriate data reporting systems; 31 32

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that are responsive to competitive market conditions;

- 5. Create improvements. To improve availability, fairness and reliability of insurance; and
- 3 <u>6. Assuring marketing practices. To encourage</u> 4 the most efficient and economic marketing practices.
- 5 §2333. Definitions

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- As used in this subchapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.
- 9 1. Advisory organization. "Advisory organiza10 tion" means an entity which has 2 or more member in11 surers or is controlled either directly or indirectly
 12 by 2 or more insurers and which assists insurers in
 13 rate-making related activities.
- A. Two or more insurers having a common ownership or operating in this State under common management or control, constitute a single insurer
 for the purpose of this definition.
 - B. "Advisory organization" does not include a joint underwriting association, an actuarial or legal consultant or an employee of an insurer or insurers under common control or management or their employees or manager.
- 23 2. Classification system. "Classification system or "classification" means the insurance plan, system or arrangement for recognizing differences in exposure to hazards among industries, occupations or operations of insurance policyholders.
- 28 3. Competitive market. "Competitive market"
 29 means a market which has not been found to be noncompetitive pursuant to section 2335.
- 31 4. Expenses. "Expenses" means that portion of a 32 rate attributable to acquisition, field supervision 33 and collection expenses, general expenses and taxes, 34 licenses and fees.
- 5. Experience rating. "Experience rating" means
 a rating procedure utilizing past insurance experience of the individual policyholder to forecast fu-

ture losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit or unity modification.

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- 6. Loss trending. "Loss trending" means a procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss for the period during which the policies are to be effective.
- 7. Market. "Market" means the interaction between buyers and sellers of workers' compensation insurance within this State pursuant to this chapter.
- 8. Noncompetitive market. "Noncompetitive market" means a market for which there is a ruling in effect pursuant to section 2334 that a reasonable degree of competition does not exist.
- 9. Pure premium rate. "Pure premium rate" means that portion of the rate which represents the loss cost per unit of exposure, including lost adjustment expense.
 - 10. Rate. "Rate" means the cost of insurance per exposure base unit, prior to any application of individual risk variation based on loss or expense considerations. "Rate" does not include minimum premiums.
 - 11. Residual market mechanism. "Residual market mechanism" means an arrangement involving participation by insurers in the equitable apportionment among them of insurance which may be afforded applicants who are unable to obtain insurance through ordinary methods. It includes the Assigned Risk Pool and the Safety Pool.
- 12. Schedule rating. "Schedule rating" means an insurance rating procedure where the premium for an insured may be modified in accordance with rating rules to reflect characteristics of the risk not reflected in its experience.
- 37 <u>13. Statistical plan. "Statistical plan" means</u> 38 the plan, system or arrangement used to collect data.

- 1 14. Superintendent. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of Insurance.
 - 15. Supplementary rate information. "Supplementary rate information" means a manual or plan of rates, classification system, rating schedule, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rating plan and any other similar information needed to determine the applicable premium for an insured.
 - 16. Supporting information. "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience or data of other insurers or organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates and any other similar information required to be filed by the superintendent.
- 17 §2334. Scope of application

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- This subchapter applies to workers' compensation insurance and employers' liability insurance written in connection therewith.
- 21 §2335. Competitive market
- A competitive market is presumed to exist unless
 the superintendent, after hearing, determines that a
 reasonable degree of competition does not exist in
 the market.
- 26 <u>1. Order. On that determination, the superin-</u>
 27 tendent shall issue an order to that effect.
- 28 <u>2. Time. The order shall specify its expiration</u>
 29 date. That date shall be a date deemed reasonable by
 30 the superintendent to insure that the market has re31 turned to a reasonable degree of competition.
- 32 3. Basis. In determining whether a reasonable degree of competition exists, the superintendent shall consider relevant tests of workable competition pertaining to market structure, market performance and market conduct, and the rating criteria of section 2338.

1 §2336. Rate standards

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- 2 The following standards shall be used in deter-3 mining the reasonableness of rates for insurance un-4 der this chapter.
- 5 1. General. Rates shall not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory. 6
- 7 2. Excessiveness. Excessive rates shall be de-8 termined as follows.
- 9 A. Rates in a competitive market are presumed 10 not to be excessive.
- 11 B. Rates in a noncompetitive market are excessive if the rate is likely to produce a profit 12 13 that is unreasonably high for the insurance 14 provider or if expenses included in the rate 15 unreasonably high in relation to services ren-16 dered.
- 17 3. Inadequacy. Rates are in adequate if:
- 18 A. They are insufficient to sustain projected 19 losses and expenses; and
- 20 B. The use of those rates, if continued, would:
- 21 (1) Endanger the solvency of the insurer;
- 22 (2) Tend to unreasonably limit competition; 23 or
- 24 (3) Tend to create a monopoly in the mar-25 ket.
 - 4. Unfair discrimination. Unfair discrimination exists if, after allowing for practical limitations, rate price differentials fail to reflect equitably the differences in expected losses and expenses. A rate is not unfairly discriminatory because different premiums result for policyholders with like loss exposures but different expenses, or like expenses but different loss exposures, as long as the rate re-

1 §2337. Payment of dividends

- The following provisions apply to the payment of dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by insurers to their policyholders.
- 5 <u>1. Discrimination. It shall not unfairly dis-</u> 6 criminate between policyholders.
- 7 <u>2. Rating plan. A plan for payment is not con-</u>8 sidered a rating plan or system.
- 9 §2338. Rating criteria
- In determining whether rates comply with the standards of section 2335, the following criteria shall apply.
- 1. Basic factors in rates. Due consideration 13 14 may be given to past and prospective loss and expense 15 experience within and outside of this State, to catastrophe hazards and contingencies, to events or 16 trends within and outside of this State, to loadings 17 18 for leveling premium rates over time for dividends or savings to be allowed or returned by insurers to 19 20 their policyholders, members or subscribers and to 21 all other relevant factors.
- 22 2. Expenses. The expense provisions included in the rates to be used by an insurer shall reflect the operating methods of the insurer and, so far as it is credible, its own actual and anticipated expense experience.
- 3. Profit. The rates may contain provisions for reasonable profit. In determining the reasonableness of profit, consideration shall be given to all investment income attributable to premiums and the reserves associated with those premiums.
- §2339. Uniform administration of classifications;
 reporting of rates and other information
- 1. Uniform classification system. The superintendent shall develop and establish, by rule, a uniform classification system and uniform experience rating plan.

1 2 3 4	A. Every workers' compensation insurer, including self-insurers, shall adhere to that uniform classification system and uniform experience rating plan.
5 6 7	B. An insurer may develop subclassifications of the uniform classification system on which a rate may be made.
8 9	(1) A subclassification must be filed with the superintendent 30 days prior to its use.
10 11	(2) The superintendent may disapprove a subclassification if:
12 13 14 15	(a) The insurer fails to demonstrate that the data produced may be reported consistent with the uniform statistical plan and classification system; or
16	(b) The proposed subclassification:
17 18	(i) Is not reasonably related to the exposure;
19	(ii) Is not adequately defined;
20 21 22 23	(iii) Has not been shown to distinguish among insureds based on the potential for or hazard of loss; or
24 25	(iv) Is likely to be unfairly discriminatory.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	2. Statistical advisory organization. The superintendent may designate an advisory organization to assist him in gathering, compiling and reporting relevant statistical information. Every workers' compensation insurer shall record and report its workers' compensation experience to a designated advisory organization as set forth in the uniform statistical plan.
34 35 36	3. Manual rules. The superintendent shall develop and establish, by rule, manual rules reasonably related to the recording and reporting of data pursu-

- ant to a uniform statistical plan, uniform experience rating plan and the uniform classification system.
- A. Every workers' compensation insurer shall adhere to the approved manual rules and experience rating plan in writing and reporting its business.
- B. No insurer may agree with any other insurer or with an advisory organization to adhere to manual rules which are not reasonably related to the recording and reporting of data pursuant to the uniform classification system or the uniform statistical plan.
- 13 §2340. Filing of rates and other rating information
- Every insurer shall file with the superintendent all rates and supplementary rate information which is to be used in this State, except as provided in section 2341.
- 18 l. Competitive markets. In a competitive mar-19 ket, rates and supplementary rate information shall 20 be filed not later than 5 days after its effective 21 date.
- A. If the superintendent finds, after notice and hearing, that an insurer's rates require closer supervision because of the insurer's financial condition or unfairly discriminatory rating practices, he may require prefiling of rates.
- 27 (1) In that event, the insurer shall file
 28 with the superintendent at least 30 days be29 fore the effective date all such rates and
 30 such supplementary rate information and sup31 porting information as prescribed by the su32 perintendent.
- 33 (2) On application by the filer, the super-34 intendent may authorize an earlier effective 35 date for good cause.
- 36 <u>2. Noncompetitive market. In a noncompetitive</u>
 37 <u>market, rates and supplementary rate information</u>
 38 shall be filed and shall not take effect until ap-

- proved by the superintendent.
- A. The filing shall include the information required in a filing under Title 39, section 22-C, subsections 3, 4 and 5.
- 5 B. The provisions of this Title and Title 39, section 22-C, subsections 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 apply.
 - §2341. Uniform experience rating plan
- An experience rating plan shall contain reasonable eligibility standards and provide adequate incentives for loss prevention and for sufficient premium differentials to encourage safety.
- 13 1. Exclusive plan. An experience rating plan
 14 shall be the exclusive means for providing prospec15 tive premium adjustment based upon the past claim ex16 perience of an individual insured.
- 2. Retrospective premium adjustments. Insurers may file rating plans that provide for retrospective premium adjustments based on an insured's past experience.
- 21 §2342. Schedule rating

- An insurer may file a schedule rating plan which permits modification to the otherwise applicable premium after the application of experience rating, but before any premium discounts and loss constants.
- 1. Disapproval. The superintendent may disapprove any schedule rating plan, pursuant to section 2343, if the plan is unfairly discriminatory or if the filer has failed to demonstrate that experience can by accurately reported.
- 31 2. Standards. The superintendent may, by rule, 32 set maximum credits and debits and other reasonable 33 standards for schedule rating plans.
- 34 §2343. Approval of rates
- 35 The following provisions apply to approval of

- 1 rates. 2 1. Time. The following time limits apply. 3 A. A rate may be approved at any time subsequent 4 to the effective date. 5 B. A rate subject to prefiling under section 2340, subsection 1, may also be approved before 6 7 the effective date. 8 C. A rate for a noncompetitive or residual mar-9 ket shall not become effective until approved by 10 the superintendent. 2. Bases of approval. The bases for approval or 11 12 disapproval are as follows. 13 A. The superintendent shall disapprove a rate if 14 the insurer fails to comply with the filing re-15 quirements under section 2340. 16 B. The superintendent shall disapprove a rate for use in a competitive market if he finds that 17
- 20 C. The superintendent shall disapprove a rate
 21 for use in a noncompetitive market if he finds
 22 that it has failed to meet the standards of Title
 23 39, section 22-C, subsection 6, in addition to
 24 all other requirements.

under section 2336.

the rate is inadequate or unfairly discriminatory

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- D. The superintendent shall disapprove a rate for use in a residual market if he finds that the rate is inadequate or unfairly discriminatory under section 2336.
- 3. Disapproval procedure; order; interim rates.
 The superintendent may disapprove rates in the following manner.
- A. If the superintendent believes that rates of
 an insurer or in a market violate the standards
 of section 2335 or 2336 or any other applicable
 requirement of this Act, he may require that that
 insurer or the insurers in that market file sup-

porting information in support of existing rates.

If, after reviewing the supporting rate information, he continues to believe that the rates may violate these requirements, he shall call a hearing prior to any disapproval.

- B. The superintendent may disapprove, without hearing, rates prefiled pursuant to section 2340 that have not become effective. The insurer whose rates have been disapproved shall be given a hearing upon a written request made within 30 days after the disapproval order.
- C. Every insurer or advisory organization shall provide within this State reasonable means whereby, on written request, any person aggrieved by the application of its rates or filings may be heard on the manner in which the rating system has been applied.
 - (1) If the insurer or advisory organization fails to grant or reject the request within 30 days, an applicant may proceed as if the application had been rejected.
 - (2) Any party aggrieved by the action of the insurer or advisory organization on that request may, within 30 days after written notice of that action, appeal to the superintendent. After a hearing held on not less than 10 days' written notice to the appellant and to the insurer or advisory organization, the superintendent may affirm, modify or reverse that action.
- D. If the superintendent disapproves a rate, he shall issue an order specifying in what respects it fails to meet the requirements of this Act and stating when that rate shall be discontinued.
 - (1) The order shall be issued within 30 days after the close of the hearing or within such reasonable time extension as the superintendent may fix.
 - (2) The order may include a provision for premium adjustment for the period after the

3 4 5 6 7	E. When an insurer has no legally effective rates, on its request, the superintendent may specify interim rates for the insurer based on the rates in effect immediately prior to a disapproval or, if none, on reasonable rates.
8 9 10	(1) The superintendent may order that a specified portion of the premiums be placed in an escrow account approved by him.
11 12 13 14 15	(2) When new rates become legally effective, the superintendent shall order the escrowed funds or any overcharge in the interim rates to be distributed appropriately. Refunds of less than \$10 per policyholder shall not be required.
17	§2344. Monitoring competition
18 19	The superintendent shall monitor the degree of competition in this State.
20 21 22 23 24	1. Sources. He shall utilize existing relevant information, analytical systems and other sources, cause or participate in the development of new relevant information, analytical systems and other sources or rely on some combination thereof.
25 26 27 28 29	2. Methods. These activities may be conducted internally within the Bureau of Insurance, in cooperation with other state insurance departments, through outside contractors and in any other appropriate manner.
30	§2345. Licensing advisory organizations
31 32 33 34 35	No advisory organization may provide services re- lating to insurance subject to this chapter and no insurer may utilize the services of an organization for those purposes, unless the organization has ob- tained a license under this section.
36 37	1. Availability of services. No licensed advis- ory organization may refuse to supply services for

effective date of the order for policies in

effect on that date.

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- which it is licensed in this State to an insurer authorized to do business in this State and offering to pay the fair and usual compensation for the services.
- 2. Licensing. In addition to the requirements contained in section 2321, the advisory organization shall include in its application the following:
 - A. A statement showing its technical qualifications for acting in the capacity for which it seeks a license; and

- B. Other relevant information and documents that the superintendent may require.
 - 3. Change of circumstances. An advisory organization which has applied for a license shall notify the superintendent of every material change in the facts or documents on which its application was based. An amendment to a document shall be filed at least 30 days before it becomes effective.
 - 4. Granting of license. If the superintendent finds that the applicant and the natural persons through whom it acts are competent, trustworthy and technically qualified to provide the services proposed and that all requirements are met, he shall issue a license specifying the authorized activity of the applicant. He shall not issue a license if the proposed activity would tend to create a monopoly or to substantially lessen competition in the market.
 - 5. Duration. Licenses shall remain in effect until the licensee withdraws from the State or until the license is suspended or revoked.
- 30 6. Suspension or revocation. The license of an advisory organization which does not comply with the requirements and standards of this chapter may be suspended or revoked by the Administrative Court.
- 34 §2346. Insurers and advisory organizations; prohib-35 ited activity
- 36 1. Restraint of trade. No insurer or advisory 37 organization may make any arrangement with any other 38 insurer, advisory organization or other person which

- has the purpose or effect of unreasonably restraining trade or lessening competition in the business of insurance.
- 2. Rate agreements. No insurer may agree with any other insurer or with an advisory organization to adhere to or use a rate or rating plan, other than the uniform experience rating plan or rating rule.
- 3. Proof of agreement. The fact that 2 or more insurers, whether or not members or subscribers of an advisory organization, use the same rule, rating plan, rating schedule, rating rule, policy form, rate classification, underwriting rule, survey or inspection or similar material is not sufficient in itself to support a finding that an agreement exists.
 - 4. Common ownership. Two or more insurers having a common ownership or operating in this State under common management or control may act as if they constituted a single insurer.
- 19 5. Advisory organizations. No advisory organiza-20 tion may:
- A. Compile or distribute recommendations relating to rates that include expenses, other than loss adjustment expenses or profit; or
- B. File rates, supplementary rate information or supporting information on behalf of an insurer.
- 26 §2347. Advisory organizations; filing requirements
- An advisory organization shall file with the superintendent every pure premium rate, manual of rating rules, rating schedule and change, amendment or modification of them, proposed for use in this State, at least 10 days before it is distributed to members,
- 32 subscribers or others.

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- 33 §2348. Residual market mechanism
- The residual market mechanism shall be composed of an assigned risk pool and a safety pool.
- 36 1. Assigned risk pool. The assigned risk pool

- 1 shall be an insurance plan that provides for the eq-2 uitable apportionment among insurers of insurance 3 which may be afforded applicants who are in good faith entitled to but unable to procure that insur-4 5 ance through ordinary methods because of their demon-6 strated accident frequency problem, measurably ad-7 verse loss ratio over a period of years or demon-8 strated attitude of noncompliance with safety re-9 quirements.
- 10 A. All insurers authorized to write workers'
 11 compensation and employers' liability insurance
 12 in this State shall participate in the plan.

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- B. The plan shall include an experience rating system whereby the premium of each employer in the pool is modified either prospectively or retrospectively. This experience modification shall only be applied to the base rate of the plan. The plan shall provide for premium surcharges for employers based on their specific loss experience within a specified period or other factors which are reasonably related to their risk of loss. The sensitivity of a rating system may vary by size of the risk involved.
- 24 C. The plan may include subsidization of the 25 pool's loss experience by employers not in the 26 pool, consistent with this chapter and sound ac-27 tuarial principles.
- 28 <u>D. An employer shall be eligible for insurance</u>
 29 from the pool if:
 - (1) He has a loss ratio of greater than 1.25 over the last 3 years for which data is available; and
 - (2) He has attempted to obtain insurance in the voluntary market and has been refused by at least 5 insurers which write that insurance in this State.
- 37 E. Section 2325 shall apply to the pool and plan.
 - F. A designated advisory organization shall sub-

Ţ	mit a plan for the superintendent's approval
2	within 30 days of the effective date of this Act.
_	
3	(1) The base rate for this initial plan
4	shall be the workers' compensation rates ap-
5	proved by the superintendent and effective
6	March 2, 1981, and premium surcharges in the
7	initial plan may not exceed 10% of the base
8	rate applied.
9	(2) Premium surcharges under paragraph B,
LO	may not exceed 20% of the base rate for that
L1	employer and may not increase by more than
12	50% of the prior year's premium surcharge in
13	any one year.
	diff one year.
14	2. Safety pool. The safety pool shall be an in-
15	surance plan that provides for an alternative source
L6	
	of insurance for small employers with good safety records who are unable to obtain reasonably priced
L7	
18	insurance in the voluntary market.
L9	D Mhana is formed the Cofety Frond which is in
	A. There is formed the Safety Fund, which is in-
20	tended to operate within the framework of the
21	voluntary insurance market.
22	(1) The fund is not a state fund and the
23	(1) The fund is not a state fund and the
	State shall have no proprietary interest in
24	the fund or contributions made to it.
25	(2) The fund shall be exampt for any bud-
26	(2) The fund shall be exempt for any bud-
27	getary control or supervision by state agen-
	cies, except to the extent an insurance com-
8.8	pany is so supervised or controlled.
29	P. An ampleyor shall be eligible for the fund if
	B. An employer shall be eligible for the fund if
30	<u>he:</u>
31	(1) Describer on annual muse mannium no
	(1) Develops an annual pure premium no
32	greater than \$7,500; and
	(0)
3	(2) Has a loss ratio which:
34	(a) Does not exceed 1.0 over the last
35	3 years for which data is available; or
86	(b) Is greater than 1.0 but less than

1 2	1.25 over the last 3 years for which data is available and he receives a
3	vote of approval of at least 7 members
4	of the board; or
4	or the board, or
5	(3) Has been in business for less than 3
6	years and agrees to pay a surcharge on in-
7	surance equal to 10% of the annual premium
8	or \$750, whichever is greater. The surcharge
9	or \$750, whichever is greater. The surcharge shall be returned if the employer has loss
10	ratio of less than 1.25 over the first 3
11	years of membership in the pool.
12	C. A board of directors shall oversee and direct
13	the fund. The board shall be comprised of 9 mem-
14	bers: Three shall be employers; 2 shall be em-
15	ployees of employers in the fund; 3 shall be ex-
16	ecutives of insurance companies which write work-
17	ers' compensation insurance in this State; and
18	one shall be a public member. The Commissioner of
19	Business, Occupational and Professional Regula-
20	tion shall be a nonvoting member, ex officio.
21	(1) The Governor shall appoint the members
22	of the board.
23	(2) Members shall serve for a term of 3
24	years. No member of the board may serve for
25	more than 2 full consecutive terms, except
26	for the commissioner.
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27	(3) The Governor's initial appointees to
28 29	the board shall serve as follows: One employer, one employee and one insurance com-
30	pany executive shall be appointed for 3
31	pany executive shall be appointed for 3 years; one employer, the public member and
32	one insurance company executive shall be ap-
33	pointed for 2 years; and one employer and
34	one insurance company executive shall be ap-
35	pointed for one year.
36	(4) The chairman shall be elected by the
37	board annually. He may not be an insurance
38	company executive.

(5) A member appointed to fill a vacancy

shall serve for the remainder of the unex-

1	pired term.
2 3	(6) Members of the board shall be compensated according to Title 5, chapter 379.
4	D. The board shall:
5 6	(1) Apply for approval of changes in the manual rates to be charged to members;
7 8	(2) Expel those members who do not meet the criteria for continued membership;
9	(3) Issue an annual report to members;
10 11	(4) Have an annual audit by a duly quali- fied certified public accountant; and
12	(5) Meet at least quarterly.
13	E. The board may:
14	(1) Reinsure all or part of a risk;
15 16 17	(2) Direct deposit or investment of money of the fund, in a reasonable and prudent manner;
18 19 20 21 22	(3) Order dividends or credits against premiums to be issued to fund members, to the extent there is an excess of assets over liabilities, necessary reserves and a reasonable surplus for a catastrophe hazard;
23 24	(4) Hire personnel to carry out the functions and duties of the board;
25	(5) Sue and be sued;
26	(6) Enter into contracts and obligations;
27 28 29	(7) Adopt and amend rules relating to the conduct of its business, subject to Title 5, chapter 375; and
30 31	(8) Conduct such other business as may come before the board from time to time.

1 2 3	F. The Safety Fund shall be subject to Title 39, section 22-C and shall be considered to be an insurer under this chapter.
4 5 6 7	G. All insurers authorized to write workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance in this State may participate in a plan providing for insurance to members of the Safety Fund.
8 9 10 11	(1) Every insurance company which is a servicing carrier of the assigned risk pool shall also be a servicing carrier of the Safety Fund.
12 13	(2) Insurance companies servicing the fund shall:
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Maintain, independent of all other data, all records which it is required to maintain on insureds in the voluntary market and to make those records available to the board as it may request;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(b) Investigate claims, establish loss reserves, establish and maintain records related to the expenses generated by the coverage of employers in the fund and maintain other records as required by the board or superintendent in relation to claims against the fund;
27 28 29 30 31	(c) Fully service the employers in the fund it insures to the same degree and in the same manner as it services the employers it insures in the voluntary market; and
32 33	(d) Perform other responsibilities required by the board.
34 35 36 37	(3) For its services, an insurance company shall receive a percentage of the total premium of the employers in the fund whose accounts it services.
38	(a) The board, after notice and hear-

2 premium. 3 (i) The percentage shall reason ably relate to the costs of servicing insurance in the competative market.
4 <u>ably relate to the costs of set</u> 5 <u>vicing insurance in the compete</u>
7 (ii) The board may adjust the percentage to reflect unusual characteristics or costs caused have nature of the fund.
(iii) The percentage may not exceed the percent of premium received by companies for servicing the assigned risk pool.
H. For 3 years after the effective date of the Act, the insurance rates of the fund shall be the workers' compensation manual rates approved the superintendent and effective March 2, 1985
I. An employer who voluntarily leaves the furnishment of the second of t
J. A member of the fund who generates an annual pure premium in excess of \$7,500 shall be ordered to leave the fund.
K. A member of the fund who develops a loss ratio exceeding 1.25 for the last 3 years for which data is available shall be ordered to leave the fund. A copy of the order shall be submitted the superintendent and the member shall be placed in the assigned risk pool.
35 §2349. Examinations
1. Examination. The superintendent may examinate an insurer, advisory organization or residual marks mechanism as he deems necessary to ascertain complete.

- 1 ance with this chapter.
- 2. Records. An insurer, advisory organization and residual market mechanism shall maintain reasonable records of the type and kind reasonably adapted to its method of operation containing its experience or the experience of its members, including the data, statistics or information collected or used by it in its activities.
- 9 A. These records shall be available at all rea-10 sonable times.
- 11 B. These records shall be maintained in an of-12 fice within this State or shall be made available 13 to the superintendent at his office on reasonable 14 notice.
- 15 3. Cost. The reasonable cost of an examination 16 shall be paid by the examined party on presentation 17 of a detailed account of those costs.
- 18 4. Report. In lieu of an examination, the super19 intendent may accept the report of an examination by
 20 the insurance supervisory official of another state,
 21 made pursuant to the laws of that state.

22 §2350. Penalties

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- 1. Civil penalties. A person or organization who has violated a provision of this chapter, shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation, except that where a violation is willful, a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 shall be assessed for each violation. These penalties may be in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
- 2. Separate violation. For purposes of this section, an insurer using a rate for which that insurer has failed to file the rate, supplementary rate information or supporting information, as required by this chapter, shall have committed a separate violation for each day that failure continues.
- 37 3. License. The license of an advisory organization or insurer which fails to comply with an order

- of the superintendent may be suspended or revoked by
- 2 the Administrative Court.
- 3 §2351. Judicial review
- 4 An order, regulation or decision of the superintendent made after a hearing shall be subject to ju-5
- dicial review in accordance with section 236. 6
- 7 §2352. Rate change limitations
- 8 During the first 12-month period after the effec-
- tive date of this Act, each insurer's rates shall not 9 10
- exceed the workers' compensation rates approved by the Superintendent of Insurance effective March 2, 11
- 12 1981. During the 2nd and 3rd 12-month period after
- 13 the effective date of this Act, each insurer's rates 14
- shall not exceed the rates approved by the Superin-15 tendent of Insurance effective March 2, 1981, in-
- creased by 10% in the 2nd 12-month period and an 16
- 17 ditional 10% in the 3rd 12-month period.
- 18 §2353. Nonseverability
- 19 In the event that any portion of this Act is held
- 20 invalid, it is the intent of the Legislature that the
- entire Act is invalidated. 21
- 22 §2354. Sunset
- 23 This subchapter shall be repealed on January 1, 24 1989.
- 25 Sec. 6. 39 MRSA §22-B, as amended by PL 1983, c. 26 659, §§1 and 2, is repealed.
- 27 Sec. 7. 39 MRSA §22-C, sub-§13 is enacted to 28 read:
- 29 13. Application. This section shall not apply to
- 30 insurance policies or rates in a voluntary market and 31
- shall only apply as provided in Title 24-A, chapter 25, subchapter II. This subsection shall be repealed
- 32 33
- on January 1, 1989.
- 34 Sec. 8. Effective date. This Act shall apply on-35 ly as to injuries occurring on and after its effec-

- 1 tive date, which shall be January 1, 1986. 2 Sec. 9. Sunset. This Act shall be repealed on 3 January 1, 1989. 4 Sec. 10. Appropriation. The following funds are 5 appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the 6 purposes of this Act. 7 1985-86 1986-87 8 WORKERS' COMPENSATION 9 COMMISSION 10 Safety Pool Board of Di-11 rectors 12 All Other \$10,800 \$10,800 13 Provides for per di-14 em and expenses for the board. 15 16 STATEMENT OF FACT 17 The purpose of this bill is to establish broad competition in the workers' compensation insurance 18 19 market in this State. This bill is based 20 principles set out in the recommendations of the 21 Speaker's Select Committee on Workers' Compensation. 22 The bill accomplishes this goal of a competitive 23 market by allowing workers' compensation insurance 24 companies to openly compete among each other for 25 business and rates. To insure that there is some re-26
 - companies to openly compete among each other for business and rates. To insure that there is some residual check on the competitive market, the bill provides for antitrust and anticompetition safeguards and allows the Superintendent of Insurance to monitor and investigate the competitive market to insure continued competition. If the superintendent finds that an insurer or a specific market has become noncompetitive, he may place it back under regulated control and determine the rates for insurance.

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To insure the competitive market, the bill also establishes 2 insurance pools: The Assigned Risk Pool and the Safety Pool.

The Assigned Risk Pool is specifically limited to employers who have a demonstrated poor safety its insurance rates provide for premium surcharges based on the poor loss experience. surcharges are limited to prevent massive increases in insurance rates for these employers, but provide a strong incentive for improvements in their loss experience. Unlike the present Assigned Risk Pool, the bill will insure that employers with a poor loss experience will be paying insurance rates that reflect that experience, and that the pool is not used as a dumping ground for small employers.

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Safety Pool is designed for the smaller employers who have a good safety record and loss experience. The eligibility requirements are set to insure both the integrity of the pool and its availability to those employers who will have the greatest difficulty in effectively competing in the voluntary competitive market. This pool will provide dividends credits against premiums to its members based on their loss experience. In this manner, the pool will provide a baseline against which the rates in the voluntary competitive market may be measured. will also assure that those employers least able to bargain for favorable insurance rates will have reasonable alternative for insurance.

Finally, the bill provides for reasonable control of insurance rate increases during the transition period and a sunset provision on the entire Act.