## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2 3	(EMERGENCY) FIRST REGULAR SESSION
4 5	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
6 7	Legislative Document No. 1342
8 9	H.P. 936 House of Representatives, April 19, 1985
10	Reported by Representative Nelson from the Commission to Examine the Availability, Quality and Delivery of Services Provided to Children with Special Needs pursuant to Resolve 1983, Chapter 47, as amended by Resolve 1983, Chapter 86 and printed pursuant to Joint Rule 18.  EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
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13 <b>14</b>	STATE OF MAINE
15 16 17	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Resolve, Relating to the Development of an Interdepartmental Plan to Identify Needed Resources for a Statewide Network of Out-of-home Placements and Aftercare, Follow-up and Transitional Services.
25 26 27 28	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
29 30 31 32 33 34	Whereas, a large number of students require placement outside of their homes in therapeutic foster homes, therapeutic group homes, residential treatment centers and temporarily in emergency shelters as a result of circumstances involving the community, family or school; and
35 36	Whereas, access to existing services for children and youth depend upon the child's classification,

status and ability to fit within defined program criteria; and

Whereas, there are groups of children whose problems do not fit the existing defined responsibilities of any department of the State; and

Whereas, in some situations, the service is simply not available or available in very limited scope; and

Whereas, current resources are already straining to meet the current demand for services and the development of additional placement resources is expected to become a critical issue over the next 2 years; and

Whereas, transitional or aftercare services are intended to facilitate the return of a youngster to a less restrictive community-based placement from a more restrictive residential placement and any gains made by adolescents completing residential programs are difficult to maintain without transitional or aftercare services; and

Whereas, residential programs acknowledge that aftercare is the weakest part of their service delivery system; and

Whereas, the Commission to Examine the Availability, Quality and Delivery of Services Provided to Children with Special Needs has recommended that these needs be addressed; now, therefore, be it

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore, be it

Committee established. Resolved: That the Commissioner of Corrections, the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services, the Commissioner of Human Services and the Commissioner of Mental Health and Mental Retardation assign an interdepartmental committee to identify what is needed for a statewide

network of out-of-home placements. The plan should include consideration of the following points: 2

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- 1. Availability of funding to ensure accessibility to therapeutic foster home and therapeutic group home placements for all Maine youths who are in need of these services;
- Development of one or 2 pilot projects provision of transitional or aftercare services and 8 9 funding identified for implementation;
- 10 Assurances that, for every child placed in a 11 residential facility, an aftercare component is developed and funds made available for implementation; 12
- 13 Documentation of working assurances that 14 linkages to services exist for all children;
  - Development of agreements or protocols to ensure aftercare, follow-up and transition from one service to another in a way that will continually address and monitor the needs of the child; and
- 19 Development of an evaluation component; and 20 be it further
  - Reports. Resolved: That the Commissioner Corrections, the Commissioner of Educational and Cul-Services, the Commissioner of Human Services and the Commissioner of Mental Health and Mental tardation submit a written report to the Joint Stand-ing Committee on Human Resources and the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary no later than January 15, 1986; and be it further
- 29 Copies of resolve forwarded. Resolved: suitable copies of this resolve be forwarded to the 30 31 Joint Standing Committee on Human Resources, 32 Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary, the Commissioner of Human Services, the Commissioner of 33 34 Health and Mental Retardation, the Commissioner of 35 Educational and Cultural Services and the Commission-36 er of Corrections.
- 37 Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited 38 in the preamble, this resolve shall take effect when

1 approved.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

The ability of Maine's social service and mental health agencies to care for troubled children and their families was called into question last year by a Maine Sunday Telegram article that profiled the tragic life of Malcolm Robbins.

To make sure that Maine social service agencies could better handle the Malcolm Robbins of today, State Representative Sharon Benoit and others persuaded the Legislature to establish the Commission to Examine the Availability, Quality and Delivery of Services Provided to Children with Special Needs. Governor Joseph E. Brennan supported the initiative.

The Legislature appointed 31 members, including lawmakers, judges, physicians, classroom and special education teachers, a police chief, social workers, counselors, psychologists and commissioners or representatives from the Department of Corrections, the Department of Educational and Cultural Services, the Department of Human Services and the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation to the commission.

In its search for problem areas or gaps in the system, the commission invited comments from parents, educators, child welfare officials and mental health experts. The commission conducted public hearings and invited written recommendations, state agency proposals and professional association critiques.

After more than a year of study, the commission found that many positive changes had been made in Maine's social service delivery system since the years when Malcolm Robbins was a child. However, the commission also acknowledged that numerous problems continue to hamper crucial services and treatment to children with mental, emotional or behavioral problems.

Of the commission's 29 recommendations, 14 required administrative action by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Educational and Cultural Services, the Department of Human Services and the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation. An additional 7 recommendations are addressed in legislative resolves.

The purpose of this resolve is to mandate that the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services, the Commissioner of Human Services and the Commissioner of Mental Health and Mental Retardation assign an interdepartmental committee to identify what is needed for a statewide network of out-of-home placements, including a consideration of aftercare, follow-up and transition services. A written report shall be submitted to the Joint Standing Committee on Human Resources and the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary no later than January 15, 1986.

The need for a coordinated plan for out-of-home placements is reflected in the report of the Commission to Examine the Availability, Quality and Delivery of Services Provided to Children with Special Needs.

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