## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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? }	(New Draft of H.P. 189, L.D. 223)  (New Title)  FIRST REGULAR SESSION
5	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
7 <b>3</b>	Legislative Document No. 1282
)	H.P. 905 House of Representatives, April 11, 1985
) L	Reported by Representative Paul from the Committee on Legal Affairs and printed under Joint Rule 2. Original bill sponsored by Representative Handy of Lewiston. Cosponsored by Representative Murphy of Berwick.
?	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
	STATE OF MAINE
	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
	AN ACT to Provide for Registration of Bottle Clubs.
	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	Sec. 1. 28 MRSA §2, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 576, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
	1-A. Bottle club. "Bottle club" means an establishment not licensed or permitted to sell liquor which is operated on a regular, profit or nonprofit
	basis where members, guests or others are regularly
	permitted to consume liquor. Charges paid by the
	bottle club's members or the general public for membership, admission, food, mixers or other supplies
	used with liquor or storage or handling of liquor be-
	longing to members or the general public are not
	sales, as defined in this Title, or gifts. A bottle

- club is not a public place as defined in Title 17, section 2003-A.
- 3 Sec. 2. 28 MRSA §809 is enacted to read:
- 4 §809. Bottle clubs

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- 1. Registration. Each bottle club as defined in section 2, subsection 1-A, shall register annually with the State Liquor Commission on forms provided by the commission. Registration shall consist of payment of the registration fee and submission of the information required in paragraph A.
- 11 A. The information each bottle club is required 12 to submit consists of only the following:
- 13 (1) The name and address of each owner of the bottle club;
- 15 (2) The name and address of each operator 16 of the bottle club; and
  - (3) The regular hours of operation.
  - B. The annual fee for registration of a bottle club is \$50. Each bottle club shall submit the registration fee with the required information.
- 21 C. Any bottle club which does not register with 22 the commission commits a civil violation for 23 which a forfeiture not to exceed \$500 may be ad-24 judged.
  - 2. Minors on the premises. No minor not employed by the bottle club or accompanied by his parent, legal guardian or custodian, as defined in Title 22, section 4002, may be permitted to remain on the premises except on special occasions when liquor is prohibited on the premises. A bottle club may employ minors only if an employee of legal drinking age or older is present in a supervisory capacity.
  - 3. Consumption on premises. No bottle club may permit consumption of liquor on the bottle club premises by minors or persons visibly intoxicated.

1 4. Violation of state law. No bottle club may 2 knowingly allow any violation of any state law on the bottle club premises.

- 5. Civil violations and jurisdiction. A bottle club which violates any provision of subsections 2, 3 or 4 commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture may be adjudged of not less than \$100 nor more than \$300 for the first offense; not less than \$200 nor more than \$500 for the 2nd offense; and \$500 for the 3rd and subsequent offenses. The District Court has jurisdiction over civil violations defined in this section pursuant to Title 17-A, section 9.
- 6. Right of access. Every bottle club shall allow liquor enforcement officers and other law enforcement officers to enter the premises at reasonable times for the purpose of investigating compliance with the liquor laws of this Title. The liquor enforcement officers and other law enforcement officers have the power to enforce all provisions of this Title. Entry into the premises under this subsection shall be conducted in a reasonable manner so as not to disrupt the operation of the bottle club. The investigation shall be limited to those areas involved in the actual operation of the bottle club, including storage areas.

## FISCAL NOTE

It is estimated that enactment of this new draft would result in an increase in General Fund revenues in fiscal year 1985-86 of \$7,500 and in fiscal year 1986-87 of \$7,500.

## 31 STATEMENT OF FACT

This new draft is offered as an alternative to licensing bottle clubs. There is some concern that licensing a bottle club implies that it is in the liquor business and most operators feel this is improper.

The definition of bottle club is amended from the current law to be more specific. A bottle club is not licensed to sell liquor, nor may it sell any li-

1 The definition includes only establishments quor. 2 that operate on a regular basis. This excludes fra-3 ternal and similar organizations which may occasion-4 ally host an event where members bring their own li-5 quor and the organization neither sells not supplies 6 The definition does include organizations 7 which open their premises on a regular basis where 8 their members or the general public can consume the 9 alcoholic beverages the patrons supply themselves, 10 whether or not the organization receives a profit 11 from such operation. A bottle club remains a bottle 12 club even if it charges for mixers or other supplies 13 or for the storage or handling of the patrons' liquor 14 or supplies. The purpose of this definition is to clarify that a bottle club is not subject to the Dram 15 Shop Act, the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 17, sec-16 17 tion 2002, unless it makes an illegal sale. A bottle 18 club is not a public place as defined in the Maine 19 Revised Statutes, Title 17, section 2003-A.

Section 2 of the new draft requires bottle clubs to register with the State Liquor Commission annually. Registration is defined as payment of the \$50 registration fee, to cover administrative and enforcement costs, and submission of certain information. The required information is limited to the names and addresses of all owners and operators and the hours of operation.

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Section 2 of the new draft also adds a provision prohibiting minors on the premises except in 3 cases. First, if the minor is escorted by his parent, legal guardian or custodian he may remain on the premises as the parent, legal guardian or custodian long also remains on the premises. "Custodian" is defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, 4002, subsection 5, as "the person who has legal custody and power over the person of the child." Second, minors may remain on the premises when the bottle club is sponsoring an event where alcohol is prohibited for the specified hours of the event. minor may remain on the premises when he is employed by the bottle club. Bottle clubs may employ minors only when an employee of legal drinking age or older is present in a supervisory capacity.

This new draft makes it illegal for a bottle club to allow a minor or a person who is visibly intoxicated to consume liquor on the premises. This addresses the concern that people who would not be served in a licensed establishment will not be allowed to consume alcoholic beverages in the bottle club either.

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34 35 36 It is also illegal for a bottle club to knowingly allow any violation of any state law on the premises. The bottle club is not held responsible for crimes committed on the premises, e.g., trafficking in drugs, unless the bottle club knows of the activity and allows it to continue.

This new draft specifies that violations of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 28, section 809, subsections 2, 3 and 4, are civil violations for which civil forfeitures may be adjudged. The new draft clarifies that the District Court has jurisdiction over these civil violations.

Bottle clubs are required to provide access to liquor enforcement officers and other law enforcement officers for the purposes of investigating whether the club and its patrons are in compliance with the This section also clarifies that the liquor laws. liquor enforcement officers and other law enforcement officers have the authority to enforce the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 28. The scope the investigation includes only the parts of the building actually used in the operation of the bottle club, including storage areas. This provision necessary to insure the privacy of offices and other rooms in the same building as the bottle club, not used in the operation of the bottle club. If at all possible, the agents are required to conduct the investigation without disturbing the normal operation of the bottle club.

It is estimated that if this new draft is enacted the General Fund revenues will be increased by \$7,500 annually. This estimate is based on 150 bottle clubs paying the annual registration fee of \$50. It is estimated that the enforcement of this legislation will not produce additional costs for Liquor Enforcement within the Department of Public Safety.

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