MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

REGULAR SESSION
ND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
No. 1203
In Senate, April 2, 1985
on Utilities. Sent down for concurrence and
JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
ennebec. Idacci of Penobscot, Representative McHenry ve Daggett of Manchester.
TE OF MAINE
YEAR OF OUR LORD DRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
Public Utilities Commission nificant Agreements and y Public Utilities.
eople of the State of Maine as
13-D is enacted to read:
reements and contracts relating capacity, energy or transmis- prohibited without prior order ion
f public convenience and neces- ded in subsection 3, commission henever any electrical company to any significant agreement or is section. No electrical com- y significant agreement or con- ubsection 2, unless the commis-

The company shall file with the commission, no less than 2 months in advance of submitting its petition for a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the proposed agreement or contract, and thereaf-ter the commission may require the petitioner to make available such additional information as it deems necessary. The petition shall contain such informa-tion as the commission may by rule prescribe. petition shall be set down for public hearing. The commission shall issue its order within 12 months af-ter the complete petition is filed. If there is then outstanding for the utility a long-range plan approved pursuant to section 13-C, the utility need not provide advance notice of its intent to file the pe-tition and the commission shall issue its order with-in 9 months after the complete petition is filed.

In its order, the commission shall make specific findings with regard to the need for the agreements or contracts and, if it finds that a need for them exists in order for the utility to furnish safe, reasonable rates, the commission shall issue the certificate of public convenience and necessity.

The issuance of a certificate of public convenience and necessity establishes that, as of the date of issuance, the decision by the utility to enter into the agreement or contract was prudent.

- 2. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings.
 - A. "Significant agreement or contract" is defined to include any contract or other agreement enforceable as a contract which binds the utility to a future course of action including, but not limited to, supplying, purchasing or exchanging generating capacity, energy or transmission capacity. The agreement shall be considered "significant" if it is for a period of 3 years or more and: Involves 1,000 kilowatts or more of electrical generating capacity, or 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours per year or more of energy or transmission services for 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours per year or more over a transmission line with a capacity greater than 100

kilovolts or else if the agreement involves more than 10% of the generating capacity, energy generating or transmission capacity of the utility, whichever is less. Other types of agreement or contract shall be considered "significant" if the fair market value of the goods or services involved exceeds \$500,000 or 5% of the gross intrastate operating revenues of the utility, whichever is less.

- 3. Exclusions. This section shall not apply to any contract or agreement for which commission approval is required under section 13-A or 13-B. This section shall not apply to any contract or agreement which was in force prior to January 1, 1985, but this section shall apply to the renewal, amendment or extension on or after January 1, 1985, of those preexisting contracts or agreements.
- 4. Filing fee. When the petition is filed, the utility or utilities involved shall pay to the Public Utilities Commission an amount equal to 2/100 of 1% of the estimated value of the goods and services involved in the contract or agreement. The utility or utilities may, at or before the time of filing of notice of its intent to file the petition request the commission to waive all or a portion of the filing fee. The commission shall rule on the request for waiver within 60 days.
 - Notwithstanding any other provision of law, filing fees paid as required in this subsection shall be segregated, apportioned and expended by the commission for the purposes of this section. Any portion of the filing fee that is received from a utility or utilities and is not expended by the commission to process the petition for a certificate of public convenience and necessity shall be returned to the utility or utilities.
 - Sec. 2. Study of the NEPOOL agreement. The Public Utilities Commission shall review the so-called New England Power Pool or "NEPOOL" agreement using the criteria and procedures of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35, section 13-D, and report its findings to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and the Joint Standing Committee on Energy and Natu-

ral Resources on or before March 31, 1986. No requirement to obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity may be created by this section. Any utility in the State which is a party to the NEPOOL agreement shall be assessed a filing fee and shall supply data in accordance with the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35, section 13-D on the effective date of this Act.

In studying the NEPOOL agreement the commission shall include a study of whether it is beneficial for those utilities which are not parties to that agreement to join NEPOOL and, conversely, whether it is beneficial for any of those utilities which are parties to withdraw from NEPOOL.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35, sections 13-A and 13-B, require the Public Utilities Commission's approval for most major initiatives regarding electrical generation and transmission, including construction of power plants of a capacity greater than 1,000 kilowatts either inside or outside the State or purchase of 1,000 kilowatt interest in such a capacity in the State, and construction of major high voltage transmission lines. This bill requires Public Utilities Commission approval for significant agreements and contracts.

The bill does not affect existing agreements and contracts, but it does apply to renewals, amendments or extensions and it does require review of the so-called New England Power Pool, NEPOOL, agreement for informational purposes.

32 0059031385