MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 1163
7 8 9	H.P. 822 House of Representatives, March 28, 1985 Referred to the Committee on Labor. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed. EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
10	Presented by Representative Hepburn of Skowhegan. Cosponsored by Senator Dutremble of York and Representative Tardy of Palmyra.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
17 18 19	AN ACT Concerning "Constructive Quit" under the Employment Security Law.
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
22 23	<pre>26 MRSA §1193, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 651, §46, is further amended to read:</pre>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	A. For the week in which he left his regular employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to such employment, or to a claimant who has voluntarily removed himself from the labor market where presently employed to an area where employment opportunity is less frequent, if so found by the deputy, and disqualification shall continue until claimant has earned 4 times his weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer; provided no disqualification shall be imposed if the individual establishes that he left employment in good faith and accepted new employment on a permanent full-time basis and he became separated

from the new employment for good cause attributato employment with the new employing unit. Leaving work shall not be considered voluntary without good cause when it is caused by the illness or disability of the claimant or of his mediate family and the claimant took all reasonable precautions to protect his employment status by having promptly notified his employer as reasons for his absence and by promptly requesting reemployment when he is again able resume employment; nor shall leaving work be considered voluntary without good cause if the leaving was necessary for the claimant to accompany, follow or join his spouse in a new place of residence and he can clearly show within 7 days upon at the new place of residence an attacharrival ment to the new labor market and is in all spects able, available and actively seeking suitable work. Leaving work shall be considered voluntary without good cause if the claimant, although discharged by an employer, voluntarily committed an act which made it impossible for the employer to utilize his services and the claimant or reasonably should have knew known the act would jeopardize his job and possibly result in the loss of his employment;

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STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to amend the definition of voluntarily leaving work under the Employment Security Law to include the commission of any voluntary act which makes it impossible for the employee to continue in his job and which he knew or should have known would jeopardize his job. This embodies in law the concept of "constructive quit."

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