## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	FIRST F	REGULAR SESS	SION
ONI	E HUNDRED AN	ID TWELFTH I	 LEGISLATURE
Legislative Doc	ument		No. 1135
H.P. 801		House of Rep	presentatives, March 26, 1985
Submitted by pursuant to Joint		of Educational	and Cultural Services
		n Education. Ser	nt up for concurrence and
•			EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Rep Cosponsored Roberts of Farmi	by Senator Gau	vreau of Andros	coggin, Representative
	STAT	E OF MAINE	
N	IN THE N	YEAR OF OUR	
AN ACT		and Improve s of Maine.	the Education
Be it enacte follows:	ed by the Pe	eople of the	e State of Maine as
Sec. 1. 13 are repea		.2004, sub-§	10, ¶A, sub-¶¶8 and
<b>Sec. 2.</b> c. 693, §§5			enacted by PL 1981,
Sec. 3. acted to rea		§§7207-A	and 7207-B are en-
§7207-A. St	urrogate pai	rents	
			rules to determine
when a sur for selection			ded and the criteriant.
	ue process h		<del>- 1,-1</del>

- 1 The following provisions apply to due process hearings.
- 3 1. Rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules 4 governing the procedures for conducting due process 5 hearings. The rules shall include:
- A. A maximum period within which a parent,
  surrogate parent, guardian or administrative unit
  may exercise the rights listed in subsection 2;
- B. A maximum time within which a final decision
   must be issued by the hearing officer;
- C. The use of mediation; and

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- D. The procedures for conducting the hearings.
- 13 <u>2. Request for hearing. The parent, surrogate</u>
  14 parent, guardian or administrative unit may:
  - A. Request the commissioner to appoint an impartial hearing officer, who shall conduct a hearing regarding the identification, evaluation and educational program of the student and shall make findings of fact and issue a decision; and
  - B. Appeal the decision of the hearing officer to the Superior Court or to a United States District Court.
  - 3. Subpoenas. The commissioner may issue subpoenas in the name of the department to require the attendance and testimony of the witnesses and the production of any evidence relating to any issue or fact in the due process hearing as requested by any party to the hearing. Any fees for attendance and travel required by the witnesses shall be the responsibility of the party seeking the subpoena. The issuance of subpoenas shall conform in all other ways to the requirements of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, subchapter I.
- 34 4. Hearing officers. The State shall train im-35 partial hearing officers.

- 1 Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA c. 309, as enacted by PL 1981,
  2 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed.
- 3 Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §10104, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted 4 by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- D. Charge tuition and other reasonable fees, including fees for the reasonable use of the institutes' facilities by others;
- 8 Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §10104, sub-§2, ¶F, as amended 9 by PL 1983, c. 422, §19, is further amended to read:
- 10 F. Accept and expend all funds for 11 post-secondary vocational education received by 12 the department from:
- 13 (1) The General Fund;
- 14 (2) Gifts and donations either from public 15 or private sources which are offered uncon-16 ditionally or under conditions approved by 17 the state board; or
- 18 (3) Fees charged pursuant to paragraph D.
- 21 Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA c. 425, as enacted by PL 22 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed.
- 23 Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA c. 427, as amended, is re-24 pealed.
- 25 Sec. 10. 20-A MRSA §§13005 and 13006, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, are repealed.

## 27 STATEMENT OF FACT

Section 1 repeals the establishment of the Post-Secondary Education Commission of Maine and resolves an inconsistency between 2 laws enacted during the last session, Public Law 1983, chapter 799, section 1, which repealed the Post-Secondary Education Commission of Maine and Public Law 1983, chapter

812, section 108, which amended the Post-Secondary Education Commission of Maine law. This provision is intended to repeal the Post-Secondary Education Commission of Maine law entirely and finally and in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5. It also repeals the establishment of the Indian Scholarship Committee also in the Maine Revised Stautes, Title 5. The committee is not operative.

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Sections 2 and 3 clarify the role of the commissioner in special education hearing procedures. Office of Special Education, United States Department of Education, has notified states participating Public Law 94-142, the Education of All Handicapped Children Act of 1975, of an interpretation related to Public the qualifications of state level reviewing officials which conflicts with Maine laws. States which required legislative change have been provided a transition period. The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207, requires the commissioner "to issue a decision." The Office of Special Education Programs has concluded that with chief state officers a presumption arises that such persons are involved in education and care and are generally precluded serving as state-level review officials.

The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, 7207 carries the single headnote of "Hearing proce-It had been adopted on somewhat of an ad hoc basis and then amended in a piecemeal fashion. tained within the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207 is the only reference in the special education laws to surrogate parents. This bill spins the surrogate parent issue out of the same section which deals with due process hearings and provides it with its identity. Under the bill, it becomes own the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207-A.

The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207-B, contains the main thrust of the hearing procedures set forth under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207. Under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 7207, sub-§2, the commissioner's role in the decision-making process is removed. The Office of Special Education, United States Department of Education, has notified Maine,

a state participating in Public Law 94-142, the Education of All Handicapped Children's Act of 1975, its interpretation that the current requirement that the commissioner "issue a decision" in due process hearings violates federal law. Since a legislachange is required to correct this problem, the Office of Special Education has assured Maine that it will not take any action on this matter until the Legislature has had an opportunity to amend the The need for the change is based on the Office of Special Educations's conclusion that there presumption that chief state school officers are unavoidably biased since they are involved in the cation and care of all students attending or eligible to attend public schools.

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The Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section commissioner's 7207-B, subsection 3, clarifies the authority to issue subpoenas to attend due process Currently, under the Maine hearings. Administrative Procedure Act, the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 9060, the only way to obtain subpoenas for such hearings would be to involve the Attorney Generwhenever a request is made. Under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, the Maine Revised utes, Title 5, section 9060, the Legislature has recognized that if the department has authority within its own laws to issue a subpoena, then it may do without having to involve the Attorney General. poenas which are issued in the name of the Department ofEducational and Cultural Services is the most expeditious and direct way to deal with the issue.

Section 4 repeals outdated language regarding education of the mentally retarded, a program which is now governed by the comprehensive special education law and federal law.

Sections 5 and 6 clarify that the State Board of Education has the authority to make the vocational-technical institute facilities available to other parties for a fee, and that those fees are included within the term "fees" set forth in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 20-A, section 10104, subsection 2, paragraphs D and F.

Section 7 repeals the State Tuition Equalization Fund for students in private schools which has not been operative for some years.

Section 8, the National Defense Education Program, repeals a law based on a prior federal law which no longer exists.

Section 9 repeals a former scholarship program, the North American Indian Scholarship, which is no longer funded or operative.

Section 10 repeals the Teacher Placement Office within the Department of Educational and Cultural Services. The personnel positions assigned to this office will be reallocated to the Teacher Certification Office to meet the heavy demands made on that office as a result of Public Law 1983, c. 845, "An Act to Revised the Laws Governing Certification of Educational Personnel." Although section 13006 makes reference to section 13004, that is an incorrect reference resulting from the recodification. Both sections 13005 and 13006 were originally codified as the Revised Statutes, Title 20, sections 1801 and 1802, which dealt exclusively with the Teacher Placement Office.

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