

		FIRS	T REC	GULAR S	ESS	SION	
	ONE HU	JNDRED	AND	TWELFT	'H L	JEGISLATURE	
Legislative	Docume	nt					No. 86
H.P. 591			Но	ouse of Re	epres	sentatives, Febr	uary 28, 1985
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						EDWIN H.	PERT, Clerk
Presented b Cospor Conners of	sored by S					e Falls. stook and Repre	esentative
		S	TATE	OF MAI	NE		
	NINE			AR OF O ED AND		LORD GHTY-FIVE	
1	N ACT	to Rei	nsta	te the	Dea	th Penalty	•
Be it en follows:		by the	Peop	ole of	the	e State of	Maine as
Sec. read:	1. 1!	5 MRS	A c	. 301,	sub	o-c.Vise	nacted to
			SUBCI	HAPTER	V		
	EXE	CUTION	OF :	SENTENC	E C	OF DEATH	
§1851.	Transf	er to	State	e Priso	n		
of the of in which removed Unless of	court sl ch the from tl otherwis	hall d trial he cou se dir	irec was l nty ected	t the s nad to jail t d by an	her cau cau	death, the riff of th use the per the State propriate in the Sta	e county son to be Prison. court or-

1 §1852. Issuance of warrant by Governor

2 When a person has been sentenced to death and the 3 sentence has been reviewed and affirmed by the Supreme Judicial Court, the clerk of the trial court 4 5 shall prepare a certified copy of the record of the 6 judgment and the sheriff shall transmit the record to 7 the Governor. The sentence shall not be executed un-8 til the Governor issues a warrant, attaches it to the 9 copy of the record and transmits it to the warden of 10 the State Prison, directing him to execute the sen-11 tence at a time specified in the warrant.

12 §1853. Stay of execution of death sentence

13 The execution of a death sentence may be stayed 14 only by the Governor or incident to an appeal or col-15 lateral proceeding.

16 §1854. Proceedings when person sentenced to death 17 appears to be mentally ill

18 1. Examination by psychiatrists. When the Gov-19 ernor is informed that a person under sentence of death may be mentally ill, he shall stay execution of 20 the sentence and appoint a commission of 3 psychia-21 22 trists to examine the convicted person. The Govenor 23 shall notify the psychiatrists in writing that they are to examine the convicted person to determine whether he understands the nature and effect of the 24 25 26 death penalty and why it is to be imposed upon him. 27 The examination of the convicted person shall take 28 place with all 3 psychiatrists present at the same 29 time. Counsel for the convicted person and counsel 30 for the State may be present at the examination. If 31 the convicted person does not have counsel, the court 32 that imposed the sentence shall appoint counsel to 33 represent him.

34 2. Issuance of warrant. After receiving the re-35 port of the commission, if the Governor decides that 36 the convicted person has the mental capacity to un-37 derstand the nature of the death penalty and the rea-38 sons why it was imposed upon him, he shall issue a 39 warrant to the warden directing him to execute the 40 sentence at a time designated in the warrant. 1 3. Committed to mental health institute. If the 2 Governor decides that the convicted person does not 3 have the mental capacity to understand the nature of 4 the death penalty and why it was imposed on him, he 5 shall have him committed to a state mental health in-6 stitute.

7 4. Determination of sanity. When a person under 8 sentence of death has been committed to a state mental health institute, he shall be kept there until 9 10 the proper official of the institute determines that 11 he has been restored to sanity. The institute official shall notify the Governor of his determination 12 13 and the Govenor shall appoint another commission to 14 proceed as provided in subsection 1.

15 <u>5. Appointment of psychiatrists. The Governor</u>
 16 <u>shall allow reasonable fees to psychiatrists ap-</u>
 17 <u>pointed under this section, which shall be paid by</u>
 18 the State.

19§1855. Proceedings when person sentenced to death20appears to be pregnant

1. Examination by physician. When the Governor
 is informed that a person under sentence of death may
 be pregnant, he shall stay execution of the sentence
 and appoint a qualified physician to examine the con victed person and determine if she is pregnant.

26 2. Issuance of warrant after report of the phy-27 sician. After receiving the report of the physician, 28 if the Governor determines that the convicted person 29 is not pregnant, he shall issue a warrant to the war-30 den directing him to execute the sentence at a time 31 designated in the warrant.

32 3. Issuance of warrant due to no longer being 33 pregnant. If the Governor determines that a convict-34 ed person whose execution has been stayed because of 35 pregnancy is no longer pregnant, he shall issue a 36 warrant to the warden directing him to execute the 37 sentence at a time designated in the warrant.

38 4. Fee to physician. The Governor shall allow a
39 reasonable fee to the physician appointed under this
40 section, which shall be paid by the State.

1 §1856. Unjustifiable failure to execute sentence of 2 death

3 If a death sentence is not executed because of an 4 unjustified failure of the Governor to issue a war-5 rant or for any other unjustifiable reason, the Su-6 preme Judicial Court shall, upon application by the 7 Attorney General, issue a warrant directing the sen-8 tence to be executed at a time specified in the war-9 rant.

10 §1857. Execution of death sentence

11 1. Execution. A death sentence shall be exe-12 cuted by electrocution. The warden of the State 13 Prison shall designate the executioner. The warrant 14 authorizing the execution shall be read to the con-15 victed person immediately before execution.

16 <u>2. Warden or designee. The warden of the State</u> 17 <u>Prison or his designee shall be present at the execu-</u> 18 <u>tion. The execution shall be carried out at the time</u> 19 <u>specified in the warrant or as soon as possible</u> 20 <u>thereafter.</u>

3. Witnesses. Twelve citizens selected by the 21 warden shall witness the execution. The Chief Medi-22 23 cal Examiner or his designee shall be present to certify the death of the convicted person. Counsel for 24 25 the convicted person and clergymen requested by the convicted person may be present. Representatives of 26 the news media may be present under regulations ap-27 proved by the Commissioner of Corrections. All other 28 persons, except prison officers and guards, shall be 29 30 excluded.

<u>4.</u> Disposal of bodies. The body of the convict<u>ed person shall be disposed of in the same manner as</u>
<u>the bodies of inmates who die of natural causes in</u>
<u>the State Prison.</u>

35 §1858. Return of warrrant of execution

36 After the death sentence has been executed, the 37 warden of the State Prison shall return to the Gover-38 nor the warrant and a signed statement of execution, 39 provided that, if the sentence has been executed pur-

1 suant to a warrant issued by the Supreme Judicial 2 Court, the warden shall return the warrant and the statement to the court and send an attested copy to 3 4 the Governor. The warden shall file an attested copy 5 of the warrant and statement with the clerk of the court that imposed the sentence. 6 7 Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §2115, 2nd ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1965, c. 356, §63, is amended to read: 8 9 In an appeal from a judgment imposing a sentence 10 of imprisonment for life or a sentence of death, if 3 11 justices concur, the judgment shall be reversed and may be remanded for a new trial. In all other crimi-12 13 nal cases, the judgment shall be affirmed, unless a 14 majority of the justices sitting and qualified to act 15 in the case concur in its reversal. 16 Sec. 3. 15 MRSA §2118 is enacted to read: 17 §2118. Review of death sentence 18 1. Automatic sentence review. Whenever a person is sentenced to death, the Supreme Judicial Court shall review the sentence in accordance with this 19 20 21 section. The sentence review shall be automatic and 22 shall be in addition to a consideration of any errors 23 raised on direct appeal, provided that, if a direct 24 appeal is taken, the appeal and the sentence review 25 shall be consolidated. For purposes of the sentence review, the entire record of the proceedings of the 26 27 trial court shall be transmitted to the Supreme Judi-28 cial Court. 29 Excessive or disproportionate sentence. With 2. 30 regard to the review of the sentence, the court shall 31 determine whether the sentence is excessive or disproportionate to the sentence imposed in similar 32 cases, if any, considering both the crime and the de-33 fendant. If the court finds the sentence excessive 34 35 or disproportionate to the sentence imposed in similar cases, the court may, in addition to any of 36 its 37 other powers, set aside the sentence and remand the 38 case to the trial court for the imposition of a sentence of life imprisonment. 39

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3. Direct appeal. The sentence review and the direct appeal, if any, shall have priority over other cases and shall be heard in accordance with any rules which the Supreme Judicial Court may prescribe to implement this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no sentence of death may be executed unless the sentence has been reviewed and affirmed in accordance with this section.
9 10 11	Sec. 4. 17-A MRSA §201, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 510, §38, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
12 13	2. The sentence for murder shall be as autho- rized in chapter 51-A.
14 15	Sec. 5. 17-A MRSA §1251, as repealed and re- placed by PL 1983, c. 673, §3, is repealed.
16	Sec. 6. 17-A MRSA c. 51-A is enacted to read:
17	CHAPTER 51-A
18	SENTENCES FOR MURDER
19	§1261. Authorized sentences
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	A person who has been convicted of murder shall be sentenced to life imprisonment, unless a proceed- ing to determine sentence, conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in this chapter, re- sults in findings by the court that the person shall be sentenced to death, in which case, the person shall be sentenced to death.
27	§1262. Proceeding to determine sentence for murder
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	1. When a person is convicted of murder, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the person should be sentenced to death or life imprisonment, as authorized by sec- tion 1261. The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the trial jury as soon after the conviction as possible. If one or more members of the trial jury are unable to participate in the sen- tencing proceeding, alternate jurors who were present during the trial, but who did not participate in the

deliberations and verdict thereof, may be substituted for jurors who did participate. If the trial jury has been waived, or if the defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose, unless waived by the defendant.

7 2. In the sentencing proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any matter that the court deems rele-8 9 vant to sentence, and shall include matters relating 10 to any of the aggravating or mitigating circumstances in subsections 5 and 6. Any such evidence which 11 the deems to have probative value may be received, 12 court 13 regardless of its admissibility under the exclusionary rules of evidence, provided that the de-14 15 fendant is afforded a fair opportunity to rebut hearsay statements; except that this subsection shall not 16 17 be construed to authorize the introduction of any ev-18 idence secured in violation of the Constitution of 19 the United States or the Constitution of Maine. The State, the defendant and the counsel for the defend-20 21 ant shall be permitted to present argument for or 22 against a sentence of death.

After hearing all of the evidence, the jury 23 3. 24 shall deliberate and shall recommend to the court ei-25 ther a sentence of life imprisonment or a sentence of death. The recommendation of the jury shall be based 26 27 upon its consideration of the aggravating circum-28 stances and the mitigating circumstances in subsections 5 and 6, provided that the jury shall not rec-29 ommend a sentence of death unless it finds that the 30 31 aggravating circumstances outweigh the mitigating circumstances. If the jury recommends a sentence of 32 33 life imprisonment or if the jury is unable to reach a 34 unanimous recommendation, the court shall impose a 35 sentence of life imprisonment.

36 4. If the jury recommends a sentence of death or the defendant has waived his right to a jury, the 37 if 38 court shall, after a consideration of the aggravating 39 circumstances and the mitigating circumstances in subsections 5 and 6, impose either a sentence of life 40 41 imprisonment or a sentence of death, provided that it 42 shall not impose a sentence of death unless it finds 43 that the aggravating circumstances outweigh the miti-44 gating circumstances. In each case in which the

1	court imposes the death sentence, the determination
2	of the court shall be supported by specific written
3	findings of fact based upon the circumstances in sub-
4	sections 5 and 6 and upon the records of the trial
5	and the sentencing proceedings.
6	5. The aggravating circumstances referred to in
7	this section shall be limited to the following.
8	A. The murder was committed by a person under
9	sentence of imprisonment.
9	sentence of imprisonment.
10	B. The defendant was previously convicted of an-
11	other Class A or Class B crime involving the use
12	or threat of violence to the person.
13	C The defendent incringing quested a great pick
	C. The defendant knowingly created a great risk
14	of death to 4 or more persons.
15	D. The murder was committed while the defendant
16	was engaged in, or was an accomplice in, the com-
17	mission of or an attempt to commit any of the
18	Class A or Class B crimes enumerated in chapters
19	9, 11, 13, 17, 27 and 33.
20	E. The murder was committed for the purpose of
21	avoiding or preventing a lawful arrest or effect-
22	ing an escape from custody.
23	F. The murder was committed for pecuniary gain.
20	1. The murder was committed for peculitary gain.
24	G. The murder was committed to disrupt or hinder
25	the lawful exercise of any governmental function
26	or the enforcement of laws.
<u></u>	II The music was consticably being at parious
27	H. The murder was especially heinous, atrocious
28	or cruel.
29	No aggravating circumstance may be considered by the
30	jury or the court unless its existence has been
31	proven beyond a reasonable doubt.
32	6. The mitigating circumstances referred to in
33	this section shall include the following:
34	A. The person has no significant history of pri-
35	or criminal activity;

- 1B. The murder was committed while the person was2under the influence of extreme mental or emotion-3al disturbance;
- C. The victim was a participant in the person's
 homicidal conduct or consented to the homicidal
 act;
- D. The murder was committed under circumstances
 which the person believed to provide a moral jus tification or extenuation for his conduct;
- 10E. The person was an accomplice in a murder com-11mitted by another and his participation in the12murder was relatively minor;
- 13F. The person acted under duress or under the14domination of another person;
- 15G. At the time of the murder, the capacity of16the person to appreciate the wrongfulness of his17conduct or to conform his conduct to the require-18ments of the law was impaired; and
- 19H. The age of the person at the time of the20crime.
- 21 §1263. Appeal of prior murder conviction

22 In the event a person has been convicted of murder under section 201, and the prior offense upon 23 24 which the conviction was based is finally invalidated 25 as a result of an appeal or collateral proceeding and retrial, if any, the person may petition a court 26 of 27 competent jurisdiction to be resentenced pursuant to 28 section 1261. If the conviction under section 201 29 resulted in the imposition of a sentence of death and 30 the conviction for the prior offense is on appeal or 31 is the subject of a collateral proceeding, the sen-32 tence of death shall not be executed until after the 33 final disposition of the appeal, collateral proceed-34 ing and retrial, if any.

35 Sec. 7. Statutory referendum procedure; submis36 sion at statewide election; form of question; effec37 tive date. This Act shall be submitted to the legal
38 voters of the State of Maine at a statewide election

1 to be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday 2 of Novemberfollowing passage of this Act. city The 3 aldermen, town selectmen and plantation assessors of 4 this State shall notify the inhabitants of their re-5 spective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in 6 the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide 7 election, to vote on the acceptance or rejection of 8 this Act by voting on the following question:

9 "Shall An Act to Reinstate the Death Penalty be-10 come law?"

11 The legal voters of each city, town and 12 plantation shall vote by ballot on this question, and 13 shall designate their choice by a cross or check mark 14 placed within a corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." 15 The ballots shall be received, 16 sorted, counted and declared in open ward, town and 17 plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary 18 of State in the same manner as votes for members of 19 the Legislature. The Governor shall review the re-20 turns and, if it appears that a majority of the legal in favor of the Act, the Governor shall 21 votes are 22 proclaim that fact without delay, and the Act shall 23 become effective 30 days after the date of the proc-24 lamation.

The Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this Act necessary to carry out the purpose of this referendum.

STATEMENT OF FACT

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30 The purpose of this bill is to reinstate the 31 death penalty by way of referendum.

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