MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION
ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Document No. 839
H.P. 568 House of Representatives, February 28, 1985
On Motion of Representative Michaud of Medway, referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed. EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Representative Murphy of Kennebunk. Cosponsored by Representative Rice of Stonington, Representative Conners of Franklin and Representative Salsbury of Bar Harbor.
STATE OF MAINE
IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
AN ACT to Authorize the Board of Environmental Protection to Promulgate Experimental Regulations for Certain Nontoxic Solid Waste.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
38 MRSA §1303-C is enacted to read:
§1303-C. Nontoxic solid waste; rule-making authority
1. Authority. The board may adopt temporary rules relating to handling of solid waste which is natural in origin and which, when blended or processed mechanically with or without adding naturally occurring materials, is made valuable as a nontoxic soil or food additive. Rules adopted under this sec-
tion shall be designed to encourage the utilization of that solid waste.

- 2. Data collection. The department shall study the economic impact and effect on waste management that the rules will have which are adopted under this section. The department shall determine whether rules relating to handling certain solid waste can be less stringent while adequately protecting the public health and safety.
- 3. Sunset. Rules adopted under this section shall become ineffective on June 1, 1986. Any licenses or approvals given under the authority of rules promulgated under this section shall expire on that day.

13 STATEMENT OF FACT

 Generators of certain solid wastes, such as chicken manure and fish waste, create waste streams which may have value greater than that of other waste streams. These types of waste are natural in origin. Technology to treat these waste streams, such as anaerobic digestion, has greatly advanced. This bill permits the Board of Environmental Protection to adopt temporary experimental rules to determine whether these waste streams can be handled and processed under less stringent guidelines, while protecting the public health and safety.

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