MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 733
7	S.P. 275 In Senate, February 27, 1985
8	Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.
9	JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
10	Presented by Senator Diamond of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Representative Jacques of Waterville, Representative Ruhlin of Brewer, and Representative McGowan of Canaan.
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12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
17 18 19 20	AN ACT to Make Jail Sentences Mandatory in Cases of Sex Offenses Against Children.
21 22	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
23	17-A MRSA §1252, sub-§7 is enacted to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	7. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, if the State pleads and proves that a Class A, Class B, Class C or Class D crime set out in chapter 11 was committed against a person who had not at the time of the crime attained his 14th birthday, the minimum sentence of imprisonment, which shall not be suspended, shall be as follows:
31 32 33	A. When the sentencing class for the crime is Class A, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 4 years;

- B. When the sentencing class for the crime is Class B, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 2 years;
- 4 C. When the sentencing class for the crime is 5 Class C, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be one year; and
 - D. When the sentencing class for the crime is Class D, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 2 months.

10 STATEMENT OF FACT

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The purpose of this bill is to provide for mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for persons convicted of committing a sex offense against a child under 14 years of age. The length of the mandatory imprisonment depends on the seriousness of the crime as indicated by the penalty classification established for the crime by the Maine Criminal Code.

Mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for offenders whose victims are children are appropriate for several reasons. The seriousness of these offenses must be demonstrated to the child victim, the offender and the general public. A mandatory prison guarantee that the offender term will cannot victimize his past child victims, nor other children, in the near future, thus providing needed protection for children. The therapeutic needs of child victims of sex offenses also require clear indications to them that they were not at fault, that they should quilty. Mandatory prison terms for child not feel sex offenders will help children recognize that the adult is to blame. Mandatory imprisonment will also help with the treatment of child sex offenders. Many of these offenders seek to avoid responsibility their crimes by refusing to admit that their actions were abnormal and harmful to the children involved. A mandatory jail term may force this recognition so that treatment may begin. Treatment for child sex offenders often cannot occur unless they are under some restraint that requires their attendance treatment sessions. Mandatory prison terms will accomplish this necessary restraint. Finally, mandatory imprisonment for sex offenses against children may
deter some persons from engaging in this cruel and
odious conduct, thus protecting some children who
might otherwise be victims

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