

S.OFR.

1

2

				(Fil:	ing	No.	S-	17
	STATE	OF M.	AINE					
		ENATE						
	112TH I FIRST REG							
	FIRST REC	JULIAR	പെറ	BION				
TTEE	AMENDMENT	и Ан	to	S.P.	218	, L	.D.	57

L.D. 577

6)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " A" to S.P. 218, L.D. 577,
Bill, "AN ACT to Amend the Probate Code to Improve
Guardianship and Conservatorship Proceedings."

10 Amend the bill by striking out everything after 11 the enacting clause and inserting in its place the 12 following:

13 'Sec. 1. 18-A MRSA §5-303, as amended by PL 14 1983, c. 816, Pt. A, §8, is further amended to read:

15 §5-303. Procedure for court appointment of a guardi-16 an of an incapacitated person

17 (a) The incapacitated person or any person interested in his welfare may petition for a finding of 18 incapacity and appointment of a guardian. The person nominated to serve as guardian shall file a plan 19 20 which, where relevant, shall include, but not be lim-21 ited to, the type of proposed living arrangement for 22 the ward, how the ward's financial needs will be met, 23 24 how the ward's medical and other remedial needs will 25 be met, how the ward's social needs will be met and a 26 plan for the ward's continuing contact with relatives 27 and friends.

28 (b) Upon the filing of a petition, the court 29 shall set a date for hearing on the issues of inca-30 pacity and unless the allegedly incapacitated person 31 has counsel of his own choice, it may appoint an appropriate official or attorney to represent him in 32 33 the proceeding, who shall have the powers and duties 34 of a guardian ad litem the court shall appoint one or 35 more of the following: A visitor, a guardian ad li-36 tem or an attorney to represent the allegedly inca-37 pacitated person in the proceeding. The person al-38 leged to be incapacitated shall be examined by a phy-

1 sician or by a licensed psychologist acceptable to 2 the court who shall submit his report in writing to the court, providing diagnoses, a description of the person's actual mental and adaptive limitations and 3 4 5 prognoses. The court may appoint a visitor who shall 6 interview the allegedly incapacitated person and the 7 person who is seeking appointment as guardian, and 8 visit the present place of abode of the person al-9 leged to be incapacitated and the place it is pro-10 posed that he will be detained or reside if the re-11 quested appointment is made, and submit his report in 12 writing to the court. The person alleged to be incapacitated is entitled to be present at the hearing in 13 14 person, and to see and hear all evidence bearing upon 15 his condition. He is entitled to be represented by 16 counsel, to present evidence, to cross-examine wit-17 nesses, including the physician and the visitor. The 18 issue may be determined at a closed hearing if the 19 person alleged to be incapacitated or his counsel so 20 requests.

21 appointed, the visitor shall interview (C) If 22 the allegedly incapacitated person and the person who is seeking appointment as guardian, and visit the present place of abode of the person alleged to be incapacitated and the place it is proposed that he 23 24 25 26 will reside if the requested appointment is made and submit his report in writing to the court. The visi-27 tor shall explain the meaning and possible conse-guences, including, but not limited to, those enumer-28 29 30 ated in section 5-312, of the requested appointment to the allegedly incapacitated person and determine if he wishes to contest any aspect of the proceeding 31 32 33 or seek any limitation of the proposed guardian's 34 powers. If the visitor determines that the person 35 wants to contest any issue or seek a limited appoint-36 ment and that the person does not have counsel of his own choice, the visitor shall so indicate in his written report to the court. The person alleged to be incapacitated is entitled to be present at the 37 38 39 40 hearing in person, and to see and hear all evidence bearing upon his condition. He is entitled to be 41

2-

represented by counsel, to present evidence, to cross-examine witnesses, including the physician and the visitor. The issue may be determined at a closed hearing if the person alleged to be incapacitated or 1 2 3 4 5 his counsel so requests. 6 (d) Except as otherwise provided by law, all re-7 ports and plans required by this section shall be 8 submitted to the court, and all parties of record, at 9 least 10 days before any hearing on the petition. 10 Sec. 2. 18-A MRSA §5-304, as amended by PL 1979, c. 690, §18, is repealed and the following enacted in 11 12 its place: 13 §5-304. Findings; order of appointment 14 (a) The court shall exercise the authority con-15 ferred in Parts 3 and 6 so as to encourage the development of maximum self reliance and independence of 16 17 the incapacitated person and make appointive and other orders only to the extent necessitated by the in-capacitated person's actual mental and adaptive limi-tations or other conditions warranting the procedure. 18 19 20 (b) The court may appoint a guardian as re-quested if it is satisfied that the person for whom a 21 22 23 guardian is sought is incapacitated and that the appointment is necessary or desirable as a means of 24 25 providing continuing care and supervision of the in-26 capacitated person. Alternatively, the court may 27 dismiss the proceeding or enter any other appropriate 28 order. 29 (c) The court shall not enter any order of default against the allegedly incapacitated person un-30 31 less all procedural requirements have been substantially met and there is factual basis in the record 32 33 that an order of default is appropriate. 34 its order, the court may make separate (d) In 35 findings of fact and conclusions of law. If a party

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " ^A" to S.P. 218, L.D. 577

D. OF R.

D.OFR.

1 requests separate findings and conclusions, within 5 2 days of notice of the decision, the court shall make 3 them. 4 18-A MRSA §5-309, sub-§(a), ¶(3), as en-Sec. 3. acted by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read: 5 6 case no other person is notified under (3)In 7 paragraph (1), at least one of his closest adult 8 relatives or adult friends, if any can be found. 9 Sec. 4. 18-A MRSA §5-309, sub-§(b), as enacted 10 by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read: 11 (b) Notice shall be served personally on the 12 alleged allegedly incapacitated person, and, if they 13 can be found within the State, on the spouse of the 14 alleged incapacitated person, or on an adult child of 15 the alleged incapacitated person if no spouse can be 16 found within the State; or on a parent of the inca-17 pacitated person if no spouse or adult child can be 18 found within the State- Notice to the spouse, adult 19 child, or parent, if they cannot be found within the 20 State, shall be given as provided by court rule under section 1-401. Waiver of notice by the person alleged 21 22 to be incapacitated is not effective unless he at-23 tends the hearing or his waiver of notice is con-24 firmed in an interview with the visitor- Representa-25 tion of the alleged incapacitated person by a guardi-26 litem is not mandatory. The court may order an ad 27 that the petition and hearing notice be served by the 28 visitor who will make reasonable effort to provide 29 meaningful notice to the allegedly incapacitated per-30 son by explaining the meaning and possible conse-31 quences of the pending proceeding. 32 Sec. 5. 18-A MRSA §5-309, sub-§(c) is enacted to 33 read: (c) If they can be found within the State, no-tice shall be served personally on the spouse of the 34 35 allegedly incapacitated person and on all the adult 36

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 218, L.D. 577

1	children of the allegedly incapacitated person, on
2	the parents if no spouse or adult children can be
3	found within the State or on the closest adult rela-
4	tive or friend if no spouse, adult children or parent
5	can be found within the State. Notice to the spouse,
6	adult children, parent or adult relative or friend if
7	they cannot be found within the State, shall be given
8	as provided by court rule under section 1-401.
9	Sec. 6. 18-A MRSA §5-312, sub-§(a), ¶(5), as en-
10	acted by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read:
11	(5) A guardian is required to report the condi-
12	tion of his ward and of the estate which has been
13	subject to his possession or control, as required
14	by the court or court rule specified by the court
15	at the time of the order.
16	The court on its own motion, or on the petition
17	of any interested person, may appoint a visitor
18	to review the guardian's report and determine if
19	appropriate provisions for the care, comfort and
20	maintainence of his ward and for the care and
21	protection of his ward's property have been made.
22	The visitor shall report his findings to the
23	court in writing.
24	<pre>Sec. 7. 18-A MRSA §5-405, sub-§(a), as enacted</pre>
25	by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read:
26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(a) On a petition for appointment of a conserva- tor or other protective order, the person to be pro- tected, and, if they can be found within the State, his spouse er; if nene; an and all adult ehild children of the person, or if no spouse or adult ehild children of the person, the person's parents or closest adult relative or friend, must be served per- sonally with notice of the proceeding at least 14 days before the date of the hearing if they can be found within the State, or, if they cannot be found within the State, they must be given notice as pre- scribed by court rule under section 1-401. Waiver by

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "^A" to S.P. 218, L.D. 577

. .

D. OFR.

D.OFR.

1 the person to be protected is not effective unless he attends the hearing or, unless minority is the reason for the proceeding, waiver is confirmed in an interview with the visitor.

5 Sec. 8. 18-A MRSA §5-405, sub-§(a-1) is enacted 6 to read:

7 (a-1) The court may order that the petition and 8 hearing notice be served by the visitor on the pro-9 tected person. The visitor shall make reasonable ef-10 fort to provide the protected person with meaningful 11 notice by explaining the meaning and possible conse-12 guences of the pending proceedings.

13 Sec. 9. 18-A MRSA §5-407, sub-§(b), as amended 14 by PL 1983, c. 241, §2, is further amended to read:

15 (b) Upon receipt of a petition for appointment of a conservator or other protective order for reasons other than minority, the court shall set a date 16 17 for hearing. Unless the person to be protected has counsel of his own choice, the court may shall ap-18 19 20 point one or more of the following: A visitor; a 21 guardian ad litem or a lawyer to represent him who then has the powers and duties of a guardian ad litem 22 23 the person to be protected in the proceedings. If the 24 alleged disability is physical illness or disability, 25 advanced age, chronic use of drugs, or chronic intox-26 ication, the court may direct that the person to be 27 protected be examined by a physician acceptable to 28 the court, preferably a physician who is not con-29 nected with any institution in which the person is a 30 patient or is detained. If the alleged disability is 31 mental illness or mental deficiency, the court may 32 direct that the person to be protected be examined by 33 a physician or by a licensed psychologist acceptable 34 the court; preferably the physician or psycholoto 35 gist shall not be connected with any institution in 36 which the person is a patient or is detained. The 37 court may send a visitor to interview the person to 38 be protected. The visitor may be a guardian ad litem

٤.

D. OF R.

1 or an officer or employee of the court. The physician 2 or psychologist shall submit his report in writing to 3 the court, providing diagnoses, a description of the 4 person's actual mental and adaptive limitations and 5 prognoses.

6 Sec. 10. 18-A MRSA §5-407, sub-§§(b-1) and (b-2) 7 are enacted to read:

8 (b-1) If appointed, the visitor shall interview the person to be protected. The visitor shall ex-plain the meaning and possible consequences, includ-9 10 11 ing, but not limited to, those enumerated in sections 12 5-424 and 5-425, of the requested appointment to the 13 person to be protected and determine if he wishes to 14 contest any aspect of the proceedings or seek any 15 limitation of the proposed conservator's powers. Ιf 16 the visitor determines that the person wants to con-17 test any issue or seek a limited appointment and that 18 the person does not have counsel of his own choice, the visitor shall so indicate in his written report 19 to the court. The person to be protected is entitled to be present at the hearing in person and to see and 20 21 22 hear all evidence bearing upon his condition. He is 23 entitled to be represented by counsel, to present ev-24 idence, to cross examine witnesses, including the 25 physician and the visitor. The issue may be deter-26 mined at a closed hearing if the person to be pro-27 tected or his counsel so request.

28 (b-2) The person nominated to serve as conserva-29 tor shall file a plan which, where relevant, shall 30 include, but not be limited to, how the protected 31 person's financial needs will be met, as well as a 32 plan for the management of the protected person's es-33 tate.

34 Sec. 11. 18-A MRSA §5-407, sub-§(c), as enacted 35 by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended to read:

36 (c) After hearing, upon finding that the person 37 to be protected has received meaningful notice of the

D. OF R.

.

1 proceedings, the person is unable to manage or apply 2 his estate to necessary ends effectively, the nominee 3 is qualified to serve as conservator and that a basis 4 for the appointment of a conservator or other protec-5 tive order has been established, the court shall make an appointment or other appropriate protective order 6 except that the court shall not enter any order of default against the person to be protected unless all 7 8 9 procedural requirements have been substantially met 10 and there is a factual basis in the record to demon-11 strate that an order of default is appropriate. 12 Sec. 12. 18-A MRSA §5-407, sub-§(d) is enacted 13 to read: 14 (d) Except as otherwise provided by law, all reports and plans required by this section shall be submitted to the court and all parties of record at least 10 days before any hearing on the petition. 15 16 17 18 Sec. 13. 18-A MRSA §5-408, as enacted by PL 19 1979, c. 540, §1, is amended by adding before the 20 first paragraph a new paragraph to read: 21 The court shall exercise the authority conferred 22 in Parts 4 and 6 to encourage the development of max-23 imum self reliance and independence of the protected person and make protective orders only to the extent 24 25 necessitated by the protected person's actual mental and adaptive limitations and other conditions 26 war-27 ranting the procedure. Sec. 14. 18-A MRSA §5-419, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 540, §1, is repealed and the following en-28 29 30 acted in its place: 31 §5-419. Accounts (a) Every conservator must account to the court 32

32 (a) Every conservator must account to the court 33 for his administration of the trust as specified by 34 the court at the time of the order and upon his res-35 ignation or removal. On termination of the protecD. OF R.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to S.P. 218, L.D. 577

tive person's minority or disability, a conservator may account to the court or he may account to the former protected person or his personal representative.
(b) Subject to appeal or vacation, within the time pormitted an order made upon patico and hear

6 time permitted, an order, made upon notice and hear-7 ing allowing an intermediate account of the conserva-8 tor, adjudicates as to his liabilities concerning the 9 matters considered in connection therewith; and an 10 order, made upon notice and hearing, allowing a final account adjudicates as to all previously unsettled 11 liabilities of the conservator to the protected per-12 13 son or his successors relating to the conservatorship. In connection with any account, the court may 14 15 require a conservator to submit to a physical check 16 of the estate he has controlled, to be made in any manner the court may specify. 17

18 (c) The court may appoint a visitor to review 19 the conservator's accounts and determine if appropri-20 ate provision for the use, care and protection of the 21 protected person's property has been made. The visi-22 tor shall report his findings to the court in writ-23 ing.'

STATEMENT OF FACT

This amendment makes many fewer changes in the Probate Code than those proposed in the original bill.

28 The primary changes in the Probate Code made in 29 this amendment are:

Requiring a person seeking to become a guardian of an allegedly incapacitated person to file a
plan with the court which describes the arrangements
the guardian would make for the ward;

34

24

2. Requiring the Probate Court to appoint a vis-

D. OF R.

itor, guardian ad litem or attorney for an allegedly incapaciated person who has no counsel;

3 3. Requiring a visitor if appointed, to explain 4 the consequences of guardianship to the allegedly in-5 capacitated person;

6 4. Requiring the Probate Court to appoint a 7 guardian and make orders only to the extent necessi-8 tated by the incapacitated person's actual limita-9 tions;

10 5. Permitting the Probate Court to enter an or-11 der of default against an allegedly incapacitated 12 person only if all procedural requirements have been 13 met and the record contains a factual basis for the 14 default order;

15 6. Requiring the court, at the time of the or-16 der, to specify when the guardian must report to the 17 court on the ward's and the estate's condition; and

18 7. Making similar changes in the Probate Code 19 provisions for conservatorship.

20

3790052285

<u>م مح</u>

Reported by the Majority for the Committee on Judiciary. Reproduced and Distributed Pursuant to Senate Rule 12. (5/30/85) (Filing No. S-176)

10-