# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	L.D. 431
2	(Filing No. H-7 )
3	STATE OF MAINE
4	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
5 6	112TH LEGISLATURE
ь	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
7 8 9	HOUSE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 320, L.D. 431, Bill, "AN ACT to Eliminate Volume Determined Delivery Prices of Milk."
10	Amend the Bill by striking out everything after
11	the enacting clause and before the emergency clause
12	and inserting in its place the following:
13	'Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §2954, sub-§10 is enacted to
14	read:
15	10. Additional considerations in establishing
16	prices. In establishing and changing minimum whole-
17	sale and retail prices, in addition to the considera-
18	tions set out in subsection 2, the commission:
19	A. Shall consider the effect of possible pricing
20	decisions on the ability of the Maine dairy in-
21 22	dustry to compete in supplying milk to Maine con- sumers and, in such consideration, shall include
23	the following factors:
24	(1) The strength and viability of the Maine
25	dairy industry as a whole;
26	(2) The extent of any social or economic
27	benefits of maintaining dairy processing
28	plants in different geographic regions or
29	natural marketing areas of the State; and
30	(3) The encouragement of consumption by
31	Maine consumers of milk produced and pro-
32	cessed within the State, consistent with the
33 34	Constitution of Maine and the United States Constitution; and
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#### HOUSE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 320, L.D. 431

- B. Shall not set different minimum wholesale prices for different retail delivery volumes of milk.
- Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §2954-B is enacted to read:
- 5 §2954-B. Study of milk price regulatory options
- 6 1. Study commission. The Legislature directs 7 that a study be undertaken as outlined in this sec-8 tion for the purpose of analyzing the situation of 9 the Maine dairy industry under current milk pricing 10 legislation and of analyzing the options for ensuring the long-term stability of the industry. The Commis-11 sioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources shall provide for a study of the intent, regulatory approach and economic consequences of various milk pricing programs in Maine, including the Maine Milk Commission, Maine Milk Pool and the destructive com-12 13 14 15 16 petition laws, and of other potential mechanisms 17 pricing regulation, including, without limitation, 18 19 minimum pricing at the producer level only, minimum 20 wholesale pricing that reflects various costs of distribution, prohibiting below-cost pricing, establish-21 22 ing presumptive pricing and elimination of state 23 pricing regulations.
- 24 2. Basis for evaluation. The study shall, at a minimum, evaluate existing and alternative pricing mechanisms in terms of their ability to:
- A. Stabilize dairy farmer incomes and assure that Maine farmers benefit to the greatest extent possible from the higher proportion of fluid milk processed and sold in Maine;
- 31 B. Maintain dairies in Maine which process fluid 32 milk for Maine consumption; and
- C. Encourage efficient farm and processor operations which provide consumers high quality, low-cost milk and milk products.

- 3. Report content. The study's findings and conclusions shall be expressed in a final report which shall discuss the merits of each of the existing and alternative pricing mechanisms reviewed in terms of each of the objectives established in subsection 2, and shall outline the long-term changes in the dairy industry which might reasonably be expected to occur as a result of continuance or establishment of each of these alternatives.
  - 4. Study panel. The study shall be carried out by a panel of recognized experts in the economics of regulation and pricing. This panel shall be named by the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources after consultation with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over agriculture and shall be convened no later than May 1, 1985.
    - 5. Select Committee on Milk Pricing. There shall be a Select Committee on Milk Pricing consisting of 10 members to advise the study panel on the design of the study and on the options and policies to be evaluated. The committee shall be composed of 3 members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall represent each political party; 2 members of the Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate, one of whom shall be chosen to represent each political party; and 3 members named by the Governor, one of whom shall be knowledgeable of the dairy processing industry, one of whom shall be knowledgeable of milk retailing and one milk producer who is knowledgeable of marketing systems. The Public Advocate or his designee shall also serve on the committee, representing consumer interests. The Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources shall serve ex officio as chairman of the committee.
  - 6. Panel to meet with select committee. The panel shall meet with the Select Committee on Milk

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- Pricing no later than July 1, 1985, to present to the committee its preliminary study design, including the alternative pricing mechanisms to be evaluated and at other times at the request of the Select Committee on Milk Pricing. The panel shall issue its final report to the Select Committee on Milk Pricing no later than November 1, 1985.

  7. Preparation of legislation. After consulta-
- 7. Preparation of legislation. After consultation with the Select Committee on Milk Pricing, the commissioner shall prepare legislation based on the report of the panel. The proposed legislation shall be provided to the members of the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over agriculture by December 15, 1985, for their review prior to its submission to the Legislature.

#### 16 STATEMENT OF FACT

 There is considerable concern and uncertainty on the part of Maine dairy farmers, processors, milk retailers and consumers about the objectives and effectiveness of current state milk pricing regulations. This regulatory authority is exercised primarily through the Maine Milk Commission. The recent commission order providing for volume discounts at the wholesale price level was an immediate focus of this concern. Longer-run impacts of new farm and processing technologies, introduction of private labels and consolidation of the processing sector are also a basis for uncertainty about whether the current regulatory structure can effectively meet the needs of Maine farmers, dairies and consumers in the future.

## HOUSE AMENDMENT " # " to H.P. 320, L.D. 431

1	This bill instructs the Maine Milk Commission to
2	consider the impact of its pricing orders on the
3	dairy industry, and it prohibits the commission from
4	establishing price differentials based on volume de-
5	liveries. This bill provides for a comprehensive as-
6	sessment of the long-run effectiveness of current and
7	alternative state policies and programs by a panel of
8	milk pricing experts. This assessment will review
9	alternative regulatory options in terms of their
10	impacts on dairy farmers' incomes, on the economic
11	viability of Maine milk processors and on consumers.

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Filed by Rep. Michael of Auburn
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