

	FIRST	REGULAR SE	SSION
	ONE HUNDRED	AND TWELFTH	LEGISLATURE
Legislative	Document		No. 426
S.P. 159			In Senate, February 5, 1983
Referend printed.	ce to the Committe	e on Legal Affa	irs suggested and ordered
		JOY J. O'I	BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
	v Senator Najarian sored by Representa		f Portland.
	ST	ATE OF MAIN	E
	IN THE NINETEEN HU	YEAR OF OU NDRED AND E	
AN	ACT to Provi	de a Class License.	A Lounge Liquor
Be it ena follows:	acted by the	People of t	he State of Maine as
	1. 28 MRSA by PL 1975,	§2, sub-§8 c. 741, §1,	, ¶K, as repealed and is amended to read:
			11 mean <u>means</u> a repu- esponsible persons of
			esponsible persons of eperly equipped and
			ull course meals hab-
			for the purpose of
prov	iding food f	or the publ	ic by remaining open,
each	operational	day, for th	e service of food for
			extending over the
hour			regular morning, af-
terno shal			Class A restaurants
			separate and complete dequate dining room
			preparing and serving

full course meals upon the premise. A full course meal shall consist of a diversified selection of food which could not ordinarily be consumed without the use of tableware and which could not conveniently be consumed while standing or walking about. In municipalities having a population of 50,000 persons, year-round Class A restauabove rants must do a minimum of \$50,000 per year in sale and service of food to the public on their premises. In municipalities having a population of above 50,000 persons, part-time licensees must do a minimum of \$30,000 business in sale or service of food to the public on their premises as a requirement for a part-time license not in excess of 6 consecutive months and \$20,000 business in service of food to the public on their sale or premises as a requirement for a part-time license not in excess of 3 consecutive months. In municipalities having a population of 30,001 to 50,000 persons, year-round Class A restaurants must do a \$40,000 per year in sale and service minimum of of food to the public on their premises. In municipalities having a population of 30,001 to 50,000 persons, part-time licensees must do а minimum of \$25,000 business in sale or service of food to the public on their premises as a requirement for a part-time license not in excess 6 consecutive months and \$20,000 in sale or of service of food to the public on their premises a requirement for a part-time license not in as excess of 3 consecutive months. In municipalities having a population of 20,001 to 30,000 persons, year-round Class A restaurants must do a minimum of \$30,000 per year in sale and service of food to the public on their premises and part-time licensees must do a minimum of \$20,000 business in sale and service of food to the public on their premises as a requirement for a part-time license not in excess of 6 consecutive months. In municipalities having a population of 20,000 persons or Class A restaurants must do a less, year-round minimum of \$20,000 per year in sale and service of food to the public on their premises, and part-time licensees must do a minimum of \$15,000 business in sale or service of food to the public on their premises as a requirement for a partexcess of 6 consecutive time license not in

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months. If the judgment of the commission is that 1 2 applicant would probably qualify, then a lithe 3 cense shall be issued. In no case shall the com-4 mission renew any license for the sale of liquor under this subsection unless they are furnished 5 with proof that the previous year's business con-6 7 formed to the income provisions of this subsection. The commission is specifically authorized 8 9 make such rules and regulations as they deem to 10 necessary for carrying out this subsection.

11 Sec. 2. 28 MRSA §2, sub-§8, ¶K-1 is enacted to
12 read:

K-1. "Class A lounge" means a reputable place 13 14 operated by responsible people of good reputation, where food may be sold and liquors are sold 15 16 at tables, booths and counters and where minors 17 are not permitted to remain on the licensed 18 premises unless accompanied by a parent or legal 19 guardian. All Class A lounges shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. 20

21 Sec. 3. 28 MRSA §301, as amended by PL 1973, c. 22 362, is further amended to read:

23 §301. Proximity to churches and schools; exception

24 No new hetel, restaurant, tavers or club licenses 25 the consumption of alcoholic beverages on the for 26 premises where sold shall be granted under this Title 27 to new premises within 300 feet of a public or pri-28 vate school, school dormitory, church, chapel or par-29 ish house in existence as such at the time such new license is applied for, measured from the main en-30 31 trance of the premises to the main entrance of the 32 school, school dormitory, church, chapel or parish house by the ordinary course of travel, except such 33 34 premises as were in use as hotels or clubs on July 35 24, 1937. The commission may grant licenses to premises which are either in or within 300 feet of 36 а 37 church. chapel, parish house or post-secondary school, measured as aforesaid, when the 38 application 39 therefor has the unanimous approval of the members of 40 the commission and the written approval of a majority 41 of the officers or the written approval of the offi-42 cer, person or pastor in charge of such church, chap-43 el, parish house or post-secondary school.

1 Sec. 4. 28 MRSA §701, sub-§1, ¶F is enacted to 2 read:

3F. Class X License, Class A Lounge, spirituous,4vinous and malt beverages.....\$1,500

5 Sec. 5. 28 MRSA §701, sub-§3, ¶F is enacted to 6 read:

7 <u>F. Class X License, Class A Lounge, spirituous,</u> 8 vinous and malt beverages.....\$250

9 Sec. 6. 28 MRSA §801, as amended by PL 1983, c.
10 755, §§12 and 14, is repealed and the following en11 acted in its place:

12 §801. Licenses generally

13 Licenses for the sale of spirituous, vinous and 14 malt liquor to be consumed on the premises where sold 15 may be issued to qualified applicants for qualified 16 premises, as defined in section 2, upon payment of the fees provided, subject to the provision that the 17 18 initial application for the license is approved by 19 the municipal officers of the town or city in which 20 the intended qualified premise is located. If the 21 qualified premises is located in an unorganized place, the application shall be approved by the coun-22 23 ty commission of the county within which the unorga-24 nized place is located. All approvals shall be accom-25 plished pursuant to section 252-A.

26 No licensee for the sale of liquor to be consumed on the premises where sold may by himself, clerk, 27 servant or agent, sell, give, furnish or deliver any 28 29 liquor to be consumed elsewhere than upon the li-30 censed premise, except that, subject to law and the 31 rules of the commission, hotel licensees may sell li-32 quor in the original packages to bona fide registered 33 room guests.

1	STATEMENT OF FACT
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	This bill authorizes the Bureau of Alcoholic Bev- erages to issue licenses to establishments that are actually engaged in the entertainment business and requires that Class A restaurants open and operate as Class A restaurants. It is expected that many hotels currently maintaining unrented rooms will transfer to this type of license. It is anticipated that the en- actment of this bill would increase revenue by \$125,000 per year.
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