MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 19
7 8 9	H.P. 21 House of Representatives, January 3, 1985 Submitted by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Reference to the Committee on Legal Affairs suggested and ordered
10	Presented by Representative Allen of Washington. Cosponsored by Senator Matthews of Kennebec, Representative Clark of Millinocket and Representative Conners of Franklin.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE
17 18 19 20	AN ACT to Provide for Toxicological Tests in the Event of a Recreational Boating Fatality.
21 22	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
23 24	12 MRSA §7801, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1981, c. 698, §74, is further amended to read:
25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36	9. Operating watercraft under the influence. A person is guilty of operating a watercraft under the influence if he operates any watercraft, water ski, surfboard or similar device while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. Standards, tests and procedures applicable in determining whether a person is under the influence within the meaning of this section shall be those applicable pursuant to Title 29, sections 1312, 1312-B and 1312-C. The primary investigatory agency conducting an inquiry relating to or resulting from a recreational boating fatality shall require the operator of each involved

watercraft to submit to a chemical test to determine his blood-alcohol level by analysis of his blood or breath in order to document the role of alcohol in recreational boating fatalities and to provide evidence for use in any criminal proceeding which may ensue.

STATEMENT OF FACT

A recent safety study conducted by the National Transportation Safety Board found that alcohol use is suspected to be a major factor in a high number of recreational boating fatalities. As a result, the safety board has recommended that the State initiate legislation to require toxicological tests in the event of a recreational boating fatality in order to document the role of alcohol in these tragic incidents.

The purpose of this bill is to require the operator of any watercraft involved in a recreational boating fatality to submit to chemical testing which would determine his or her blood-alcohol level. This testing requirement will document the role of alcohol in all recreational boating fatalities which occur in this State and will be a major step toward reducing alcohol related boating accidents on the state waters.

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