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				PART A					
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- 6. Instructional duties. The commissioner shall carry out all other duties assigned in this Title prescribe the basic courses of study to be taught in the public schools and in private schools approved for attendance and tuition purposes, reserving to school boards or other officers the right to prescribe additional studies.
- 8 Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §258, as amended by PL 1983,
 9 c. 806, §6, is repealed.
- 10 Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §258-A is enacted to read:
- 11 §258-A. Inspection of schools
- 1. Petition or request. The commissioner shall inspect a school or schools in a school administrative unit and report his findings and recommendations, addressing the concerns of the petition in light of applicable school approval standards, when:
- A. Petitioned by 60% of the parents of the children of one school;
- 19 <u>B. Requested by the school board or superintend-</u>
 20 ent of schools; or
- 21 <u>C. Petitioned by 20% of the legal voters of the</u> 22 unit.
- 23 2. Periodic reviews. The commissioner shall pe24 riodically review all public schools and all private
 25 schools which receive public funds, to determine
 26 their compliance with the applicable provisions of
 27 this Title.
- 28 3. Special reviews. The commissioner shall ful-29 fill the monitoring functions required by any state 30 or federal grants to school units or schools.
- 4. Private schools. The commissioner may, as a condition of approval, inspect any private school which applies for approval status.
- 34 Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §1055, sub-§9, as enacted by 35 PL 1983, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:

- 9. Report to the commissioner. The superintendent shall report, under oath, to the commissioner before August 1st a date established by the commissioner, concerning the operation of the school unit. The report shall contain:
- A. The amount appropriated and expended on elementary and secondary education in the preceding fiscal year;
- B. The number of weeks schools were open;
- 10 C. The number of students registered;
- 11 D. The average attendance; and
- 12 E. The amount received for tuition-; and
- F. Such other information required by the commissioner to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this Title.
- 16 Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §1258, sub-§2, as enacted by 17 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 18 Other facilities. Notwithstanding this seca district may contract with a nearby school 19 administrative unit or with a private school approved 20 for tuition purposes to educate for all or part 21 its secondary pupils. The contract may be for a term 22 23 from 2 to 10 5 years and shall meet the requirements for contracts established in section 2703 and 24 25 shall be filed with the commissioner. Contracts with 26 private schools shall be approved by the commission-27 er.
- Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA §2703, sub-§1, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 30 E. Shall meet any additional requirements set 31 forth in rules established by the commissioner 32 and shall be filed with the commissioner. Con-33 tracts with private schools shall be approved by 34 the commissioner.
- 35 Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA §2951, sub-§4, as enacted by 36 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed.

- 1 Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA §2951, sub-§5 is enacted to
 2 read:
- 3 5. Additional requirements. Complies with the reporting and auditing requirements in sections 2952 4 5 and 2953 and the requirements adopted pursuant to section 2954. Any private school which chooses the 6 7 accreditation method of approval shall make available 8 to the commissioner on a timely basis all accreditation reports on the school and shall notify the com-9 10 missioner promptly upon a determination that the school is not accredited or is on probation. 11
- 14 §2954. Rules of commissioner
- The commissioner may adopt rules regarding tuition charges, accounting, audits, contracts and other aspects of schooling privileges arranged between a private secondary school and school administrative unit relationships.
- 20 Sec. 11. 20-A MRSA §2955, as enacted by PL 1981, 21 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 22 §2955. Penalty for noncompliance
- Private secondary schools approved for tuition
 purposes which have not complied with sections 2951
 to 2953 before September 1st of each year and with
 the requirements adopted pursuant to section 2954 may
 not receive tuition payments from any school administrative unit.
- Sec. 12. 20-A MRSA §3051, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 32 §3051. Non-Maine students
- 33 Schools which enroll only students whose parents
 34 are not residents of the State shall meet all health
 35 and safety requirements of the State applicable to
 36 private schools.

- Sec. 13. 20-A MRSA §§4201 to 4203, as enacted by 2 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, are repealed. Sec. 14. 20-A MRSA §4204, as amended by PL 1983, 3 4 c. 806, §43, is repealed. Sec. 15. 20-A MRSA §4205, as enacted by PL 1981, 5 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed. 6 Sec. 16. 20-A MRSA §4401, as enacted by PL 1981, 7 8 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed. Sec. 17. 20-A MRSA §4402, as amended by PL 1983, 9 10 c. 806, §44, is repealed. Sec. 18. 20-A MRSA §§4403 to 4405, as enacted by 11 12 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, are repealed. Sec. 19. 20-A MRSA §4406, as amended by PL 1983, 13 14 c. 806, §45, is repealed. 15 Sec. 20. 20-A MRSA, c. 206 is enacted to read: 16 CHAPTER 206 ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS 17 18 SUBCHAPTER I BASIC SCHOOL APPROVAL 19 20 §4501. Duty of school units 21 Every school administrative unit shall raise and support annually sufficient funds to maintain or sup-22 23 port elementary and secondary schools to provide free education for its resident students at all grade lev-24 25 els. These schools shall meet requirements of the basic school approval. 26
- 27 §4502. School approval requirements
- 28 l. General requirements. Elementary and second29 ary schools and school administrative units shall
 30 meet all requirements of this Title and other statu31 tory requirements applicable to the public schools
 32 and basic school approval standards.

- 3. School year. Schools shall operate for at least 180 days each year, of which at least 175 days shall be used solely for instructional purposes. A maximum of 5 days of a 180-day school year may be used for instruction-related purposes, which may include in-service education for employees, administrative meetings, health assessments, student assessment programs, parent-teacher conferences, record keeping and similar activities.
 - A. The commissioner may, in his discretion, waive the minimum number of days required upon application from a school board. The application for waiver shall be supported in writing with a statement of the reasons for the request.
 - B. A school board, with the approval of the commissioner, may adopt an extended school year for instruction of students or for staff activities.
- 4. Staff qualifications. School boards shall employ only teachers and other educational personnel who are properly certified in accordance with the certification rules and other professional personnel who hold appropriate professional licenses issued by the State.
 - 5. Other standards. The state board and the commissioner shall jointly adopt basic school approval rules governing school units and elementary and secondary schools. These rules shall set minimum standards in the following areas, incorporating such standards as are established by statute:
- 33 A. Instructional time, including a minimum 34 school day and week;
- 35 B. Staffing, including student-teacher ratios;
- 36 C. Physical facilities, incorporating the school construction rules of the state board;
 - D. Standards for equipment and libraries;

- E. Minimum school size, but including recognition of geographically isolated schools;
- F. Grade and program organization;
- G. Assessment and evaluation of student performance;
- 6 <u>H. Student personnel services, including guid-</u>
 7 ance and counseling;
- 8 <u>I. Records, record keeping and reporting requirements;</u>
- 10 J. Health, sanitation and safety requirements;
- 11 K. School improvement; and
- L. Prepare and implement an on-going school improvement process and maintain a written school improvement plan, citing progress and trends with respect to school improvement.
- 16 §4503. Secondary school organizations
- 17 <u>1. Two years. A secondary school shall include</u>
 18 not fewer than 2 consecutive grades from grades 9 to
 19 12.
- 2. Junior high school. A junior high school is a school which maintains a diversified program of studies of 2 or more consecutive grades from grades 6 to 9, which meets basic school approval and applicable curriculum requirements. A junior high school may be maintained in connection with or as part of an ap-
- 27 §4504. Implementation and enforcement

proved secondary school.

- 28 l. Implementation. The commissioner shall deter29 mine which schools and school units are in compliance
 30 with the basic school approval standards, in accord31 ance with the procedures of the basic school approval
 32 rules and the provisions of this Title.
- 33 <u>2. Comprehensive reviews. The commissioner</u> 34 shall, on a one-year to 5-year cycle, make a compre-

- hensive review of each public school to determine 1 2 whether the school is in compliance with basic school 3 approval standards. These reviews shall, insofar as is practicable, be coordinated with reviews of other 4 5 schools in the school unit, accreditation visits, special education reviews, federal program reviews 6 7 and other required reviews or inspections, so 8 reduce administrative burdens on school personnel.
- 9 3. Rules. Basic school approval rules shall be adopted and enforced in accordance with section 6801-A and the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.

SUBCHAPTER II ACCREDITATION

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15 §4511. Accreditation requirements

- 1. General authorization. The state board and the commissioner shall jointly adopt rules establishing accreditation standards for secondary schools of the State and may adopt accreditation standards for elementary schools.
- 2. Intent. Accreditation standards are intended to encourage excellence in school programs. The rules shall include such components as the quality and variety of instructional programs, the abilities and performance of instructional personnel and adequacy of school facilities.
- 3. Specific requirements. In addition to standards that are adopted in subsection 1, accreditation standards shall include, but not be limited to, the following.
- A. The school has a written statement of its educational goals and a process for evaluating its progress toward meeting the goals.
 - B. The school participates in the state student assessment program, makes the results available to students and parents through regular guidance sessions and integrates the results into a school improvement plan.

- 1 C. The school regularly evaluates its curriculum 2 using student assessment results, other testing 3 results and teacher participation.
- D. The school has a plan of strict accountability for students, teachers and school administrators in meeting high standards of performance and achievement.
 - E. The school develops and maintains a decision-making process that involves all members of the education community, including students, teachers, administrators, parents and the public.
- 12 F. The school has an explicit student disciplin-13 ary code, and homework, attendance and promotion 14 policies.
- 15 G. The school has a written staff development
 16 plan which includes ways to strengthen the re17 cruiting, training and retention of teachers. In
 18 addition, the school has a written staff evalua19 tion plan which includes support mechanisms to
 20 assist teachers and administrators.
- 21 <u>H. The school serves as a resource to the commu-</u>
 22 <u>nity.</u>
- I. The school assesses the educational needs of the community, and develops its own programs to address the needs, identifies readily available resources outside the school as alternatives to direct school involvement and works cooperatively with other schools or organizations to meet the identified needs.

30 §4512. Implementation

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- 31 <u>1. Accreditation optional. Any approved school</u>
 32 <u>may, through its school board, apply for accredita-</u>
 33 tion.
- 2. Implementation. The commissioner shall determine which schools and school units meet the requirements of accreditation, in accordance with adopted rules and this Title.

- 1 3. Comprehensive reviews. The commissioner shall, on a one-year to 5-year cycle, make a comprehensive review of each accredited school to determine whether the school is continuing to meet the accreditation standards.
 - 4. Rules. Accreditation rules shall be adopted in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.
- 9 §4513. Cooperative effort

- The rules may also establish alternate procedures
 for accreditation of secondary schools jointly with
 New England Association of Schools and Colleges
 or its successor.
- 14 §4514. Costs of accreditation process
- The commissioner may require that schools applying for state accreditation pay the direct costs of
 the advisory committee, such as housing and meals of
 visiting committees, but these costs may not include
 the actual costs, salaries or general overhead expenses of the department.
- 21 §4515. Accreditation; evaluation and recommendation
- The commissioner shall confer accreditation to those schools which meet established accreditation standards in accordance with the procedures established by rule.
- A school may not be accredited until it has been evaluated and recommended for accreditation by an advisory committee of qualified personnel, including persons from outside the department.
- 30 §4516. Rules
- 1. Adoption of rules. Accreditation rules shall be adopted in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.
- 2. Advisory committee. The commissioner, with the approval of the state board, shall appoint an advisory committee of professional and lay people to

1	advise	him	in	the	adoption	of	accreditation	stan-
2	dards.							

SUBCHAPTER III GUIDANCE AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

5 §4520. Guidance and technical assistance by the de-6 partment

The commissioner shall provide guidance and technical assistance to school personnel, consistent with available resources, to aid them in meeting basic school approval requirements and established accreditation standards and to achieve general improvement in such areas as curriculum, school management, teaching and student assessment. This assistance may be given by departmental staff and by school approval specialists employed for limited periods on intergovernmental exchange or by special contract.

- 17 Sec. 21. 20-A MRSA §4801, as enacted by PL 1981, 18 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed.
- 21 1. Duty of superintendent. The superintendent 22 under oath shall, on or before August 1st the date 23 established by the commissioner, make an annual 24 port to the commissioner under eath. The report shall contain a full and complete return of all educational statistics required to be reported for the 25 26 27 year ending June 30th and such other information 28 the commissioner may require to demonstrate compli-29 ance with this Title.
- 30 Sec. 23. 20-A MRSA §6152, as enacted by PL 1981, 31 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 32 §6152. Rules

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The commissioner shall adopt rules to carry out this section which are consistent with federal and state requirements.

36 Sec. 24. 20-A MRSA §6801, as enacted by PL 1981, 37 c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed.

- Sec. 25. 20-A MRSA §6801-A is enacted to read:
- 2 §6801-A. Compliance with requirements

- The commissioner shall enforce the requirements of this Title as follows.
- 1. Authority to withhold state subsidy. If, after giving due notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner finds that a school administrative unit is not in compliance with the reporting, program or other requirements of this Title, the commissioner may withhold state subsidy from that unit. The withholding shall continue only as long as necessary to achieve compliance.
- 2. Duty to withhold state subsidy. If a school administrative unit has failed to file any financial report, audit or contract required by this Title, the commissioner shall withhold state subsidy until these documents are received.
- 3. Action by Attorney General. If compliance is not be achieved by withholding subsidy payment, or if withholding would be an inappropriate remedy, or if a school or school unit which is not eligible for state subsidy is out of compliance with this Title, the commissioner may refer the matter to the Attorney General for action.
- 4. Other penalties. Nothing in this section may preclude the commissioner from employing other penalties authorized in this Title or required by federal law.
- 5. Complaint process. A complaint, that alleges that a school administrative unit is not in compliance with the requirements of this Title or of rules adopted by the department, shall be filed pursuant to the requirements for a petition under section 258.
 - Sec. 26. Effective date. This Part is effective August 1, 1985, except that the commissioner may grant up to an additional 2 years for compliance to those local school districts for which he finds a financial hardship.

1 PART B

- Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §255, sub-§5, ¶A, as enacted by
 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, are amended to read:
- A. Obtain information on school systems of system on this State and other states and other countries and the condition and progress of public seheel education throughout the world;
- 8 Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §255, sub-§5, ¶D, as amended 9 by PL 1983, c. 806, §2, is further amended to read:
- D. Do all in the commissioner's power to awaken and sustain an interest in education among the people and to stimulate school officers, teachers and other educational personnel to well directed efforts in their work.
- 17 1. Report to Governor and Legislature. The com-18 missioner annually, shall report prepare and deliver to the Governor and Legislature the result 19 ⊖£ 20 commissioner's inquiries and investigations and the 21 facts obtained from the school returns, with an annual report on the status of public education in 22 23 State, including any suggestions and recommendations 24 to improve public sekeels education.
- The commissioner shall be invited by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate annually, in January, to appear before a joint session of the Legislature to address the Legislature on the status of public education in the State and such related matters as the commissioner desires to bring to the Legislature's attention.
- 32 Sec. 4. Effective date. This Part shall take ef-33 fect January 8, 1986.

34 PART C

35 Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §1001, sub§6, as enacted by PL 36 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:

1 2 3 4 5 6	6. General courses of study. They shall adopt and direct the general course courses of instruction study in accordance with the requirements of this Title and approve a uniform system of textbooks. A textbook thus approved may not be changed for 3 years unless by vote of the school board.
7 8	<pre>Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §1001, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§ 5 and 8, is repealed.</pre>
9 10	Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §1001, sub-§10-A is enacted to read:
11 12 13 14	10-A. Textbooks. They shall approve a uniform system of textbooks. A textbook thus approved may not be changed for 3 years unless by vote of the school board.
15 16	<pre>Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA c. 207, as amended by PL 1983, c. 806, §§46 and 47, is repealed.</pre>
17	Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA c. 207-A is enacted to read:
18	CHAPTER 207-A
19	INSTRUCTION
20	SUBCHAPTER I
21	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
22	§4701. English as language of instruction
23 24	The language of instruction in elementary and secondary schools shall meet these requirements.
25	1. Basic language. The basic language of in-
26	struction in all schools shall be the English lan-
27	guage.
28	2. Exceptions. A school may provide instruction
29	in a language other than English in the following
30	circumstances, subject to approval of the Commission-
31	er of Educational and Cultural Services:
32	A. Transitional instruction using bilingual
33	techniques may be provided to students of limited
34	proficiency in English; and

5 6	Elementary and secondary schools shall provide special education and related services in accordance
7	with of chapters 301 and 303.
8 9	§4703. Instruction for gifted and talented students in accordance with chapter 311.
10	Elementary and secondary schools may provide spe-
11	cial instruction for gifted and talented students.
12	§4704. Courses prescribed by the commissioner
13	The commissioner shall prescribe the basic
14	courses of study for the elementary and secondary
15	schools, consistent with the requirements of this
16	chapter, and may include minimum time requirements
17	and performance standards.
18	§4705. Courses prescribed by local boards
19	The school board of each school administrative
20	unit shall adopt and direct the courses of study for
21	the schools of the unit and may prescribe instruc-
21 22	tional requirements in addition to minimum state re-
23	quirements, subject to approval by the commissioner.
24	SUBCHAPTER II
25	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS
26	§4711. Elementary course of study
27	The basic course of study for the elementary
28	schools shall provide for the instruction of all stu-
29	dents in the English language, including reading,
30	writing, spelling and grammar; mathematics; science;
31	American history and government; social studies;
32	Maine studies, including the history, geography, cul-
33	ture and natural and industrial resources of the
34	State; health, hygiene and safety; and physical edu-

B. Schools may also establish bilingual programs

for the purpose of providing proficiency in both English and a 2nd language.

§4702. Special education

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1 2	SUBCHAPTER III SECONDARY SCHOOLS
3	§4721. General requirement
4 5 6	A secondary school shall provide a course of study of at least 2 years in length, which shall meet the requirements of this chapter. §4722. High school diploma standards
8 9 10	A secondary school shall provide at least one course of study leading to a high school diploma which shall meet the following standards.
11 12 13 14 15	1. Minimum instructional requirements. A diploma course of study shall include a minimum 4-year program of instruction which meets the curriculum requirements established by this chapter and any other instructional requirements established by the commissioner and the school board.
17 18 19	2. Required subjects. Courses in the following subjects shall be provided to all students and required for a high school diploma:
20	A. English4 years;
21 22	B. Social studies and history, including Ameri- can history and government3 years;
23	C. Mathematics2 years;
24 25	D. Science, including at least one year of laboratory study2 years; and

forensics or drama--one year. 28 3. Satisfactory completion. A diploma shall be awarded only to secondary school students who have

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3. Satisfactory completion. A diploma shall be awarded only to secondary school students who have satisfactorily completed all diploma requirements in accordance with the academic standards of the school.

E. Fine arts, which may include art or music,

4. Exception. A secondary school student who has satisfactorily completed the freshman year in an accredited degree-granting institution of higher edu-

- cation shall be eligible to receive a high school diploma from the school the student last attended, although the student may not meet the graduation requirements.of this Title.
- 5 5. Advanced study. Nothing in this chapter may prevent the award of a diploma to a student who has completed all diploma requirements in fewer than 4 years of study.

9 §4723. Health and physical education

- The secondary course of study shall include instruction in health, safety and physical education, as prescribed by the commissioner, and physiology and hygiene, with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics upon the human system.
- 16 §4724. Computer competency
- Instruction in the use of computers shall be provided to all secondary school students and a standard of competency in the use of computers shall be required for a high school diploma.
- 21 §4725. Vocational instruction
- Each secondary school shall provide vocational instruction through a vocational center or region in accordance with chapter 313.
- 25 §4726. Foreign languages

- Each secondary school shall offer at least one
 27 2-year sequence in a foreign language. Schools are
 28 encouraged to offer 2 or more foreign languages as
 29 part of the secondary course of study.
 - §4727. Practical instruction
- Secondary schools may provide additional instruction in vocational and practical subjects not included within the vocational courses of study operating pursuant to chapter 313. These subjects may include industrial arts, homemaking, consumer education and business education.

1 §4728. Driver education

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Secondary schools may offer driver education as part of the secondary courses of study in accordance with chapter 316.

§4729. Alternative programs

A school administrative unit may establish one or more programs to meet the needs of excused students, as identified in section 5002, and the needs of truents, dropouts and others, as identified in section 5104, as alternatives to the regular courses of study.

- 12 <u>1. Coordination. These programs shall operate</u>
 13 <u>as part of the elementary or secondary school pro-</u>
 14 gram.
- 2. Alternative schedules. Alternative programs
 may allow, for students of eligible age, to attend
 school part-time. Alternative programs may be scheduled apart from the regular school day.
- 19 Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §5204, sub-§6, as enacted by 20 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 6. <u>Insufficient courses; time limitations.</u> If the secondary school does not offer 2 approved occurpatienal courses of study, a 2 year course in mathematies or science or 2 approved foreign language courses, then its students may attend another secondary school approved for tuition purposes to take the missing language courses of study provided that:
- A. The receiving school accepts tuition students:
- B. The students meet the qualifications for attending their own secondary school; and
 - C. The students have notified their own school administrative unit by April 1st, before the start of each academic school year, that they wish to take the course foreign language not being offered by their school administrative unit. Their school administrative unit shall notify

- them on or before July 15th of that year whether

 when the language course will be offered in the
 next academic school year.
- 4 Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA c. 316 is enacted to read:

5 <u>CHAPTER 316</u> 6 <u>DRIVER EDUCATION</u>

- 7 §8701. Driver education
- 8 Schools may offer courses in driver education ei-9 ther during regular school hours or outside of regu-10 lar school hours.
- 11 1. School administrative unit fee. A school administrative unit may charge a fee, based on the per student cost, for driver education courses conducted after regular school hours during the school year.
- 2. Contract authority. A school administrative unit or private school may contract for driver education with any certified person or any commercial driver education school, provided that the instructor for the school is certified.
- 20 3. Temporary certification. If a certified in-21 structor is not available within a school administrative unit and, if that unit requests it, the commis-22 23 sioner shall grant temporary driver education teacher certification to a person licensed by the Secretary of State to teach driver education. Requests for 24 25 temporary certification shall be initiated by the ad-26 27 ministrative unit. A certificate may not be for more 28 than one year.
- 29 <u>4. Rules. The commissioner shall adopt or amend</u> 30 rules to carry out this section.
- 31 §8702. Course content
- Driver education courses shall meet curriculum requirements prescribed by the commissioner, shall include both classroom instruction and practice driving and shall be approved by the commissioner.
- 36 §8703. Instructors

- 1 <u>Instructors shall be properly certified to teach</u> 2 driver education.
 - 1. Regular certification. Only a person certified by the commissioner as a driver education teacher may be employed by a school or school unit to teach driver education.
- 7 2. Temporary certification. If a properly certified instructor is not available to teach driver education and the school board requests it, the commissioner shall grant a temporary certificate to any person who holds a Class A license issued by the Board of Commercial Driver Education pursuant to Title 32, section 9601, subsection 2, and section 9603.

14 §8704. Fee charged

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31 32 A school unit may provide driver education after the regular school day during the regular school year as part of its secondary course of study and may charge a fee based upon per pupil costs, but may not allow credit toward a high school diploma for this paid instruction.

21 §8705. Departmental personnel

The commissioner shall employ necessary personnel, subject to the terms of the Personnel Law, to implement this chapter.

25 §8706. Rules

The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement this chapter.

- Sec. 8. Effective date. This Part shall take effect August 1, 1988, except that the commissioner may grant up to 2 additional years for compliance to those local school districts for which the commissioner finds:
- 1. A financial hardship such that the local cost
 of compliance would result in a significant increase in local funding, and additional state
 funding to assure compliance is not available;
 and

1 2 3 4	tial progr	h assures com	pliance and	made substan- l has adopted a chin the exten-
5		PART	D	
6 7		MRSA §12004, 812, §39, is		
8	A. This	classification	includes	the following:
9 10	FIELD	NAME OF ORGANIZATION	RATE OF COMPENSATION	STATUTORY REFERENCE
11 12 13	(1) Agriculture	Eastern States Exposition Ad- visory Board	Not Autho- rized	7 MRSA §403
14 15 16	(2) Civil Emer- gency	Citizens' Civil Emergency Com- mission	Expenses only	37-A MRSA \$56-A
17 18 19	(3) Community Services	Community Services Advisory Board	Expenses only	5 MRSA §3517
20 21 22	(4) Corrections	Maine Correctional Advisory Commission	\$25/day	34-A MRSA \$1204
23 24 25	(5) Education	Advisory Com- mittee on Medi- cal Education	Not Autho- rized	20-A MRSA \$11807
26 27	(6) Education	Archives Advis- ory Board	Expenses only	5 MRSA §96
28 29 30	(7) Education	Committee for the Training of Firemen	Expenses only	20-A MRSA \$9002
31 32	(8) Education	Indian Scholar- ship Committee		20-A MRSA \$12403

1 2	(9)	Education	Maine Education Council	Not Autho- rized	20-A MRSA § 651
3 4 5	(10)	Education	Educational Leave Advisory Board	Not Autho- rized	5 MRSA §723
6 7 8	(11)	Education	Maine Historic Preservation Commission	Expenses only	27 MRSA §501
9 10	(12)	Education	Maine Library Commission	Expenses only	27 MRSA §111
11 12 13 14	(13)	Education	Post-secondary Education Com- mission of Maine	-	20-A MRSA \$10304
15 16 17 18	(14)	Education	Maine State Commission on the Arts and the Humanities	Expenses only	27 MRSA §401
19 20 21	<u>(14A)</u>	Education .	Advisory Committee on Student Assessment	\$75/day	20-A MRSA § 6203
22 23 24 25 26 27	(15)	Energy	Advisory Council on Energy Efficiency Building Per- formance Stan- dards	-	10 MRSA §1414
28 29 30	(16)	Energy	State Energy Resources Ad- visory Board		5 MRSA §5007
31 32 33	(17)	Environment	Low-level Waste Siting Commis- sion	•	38 MRSA §1476
34 35 36	(18)	Environment: Natural Resources	Ground Water Protection Com- mission	Expenses only	P&SL 1979, c. 43

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1 2 3 4	(19)	Finance		Advisory Council on Deferred Compensation Plans	Expenses only	5 MRSA §884
5 6 7 8	(20)	Finance		Natural Re- source Financ- ing and Market- ing Board	\$25/day	10 MRSA §985
9 10 11	(21)	Finance		Standardization Committee	\$25/day; Public Mem- ber	5 MRSA §1814
12 13 14	(22)	Finance		Maine Veterans' Small Business Loan Board	Expenses only	10 MRSA §1100-A
15 16 17 18	(23)	Housing		Advisory Board to the Maine State Housing Authority	Expenses only	30 MRSA \$4602
19 20 21 22	(24)	Housing		Passamaquoddy Indian Housing Authority - In- dian Township	Not Authorized;	22 MRSA §4733
23 24 25 26	(25)	Housing		Passamaquoddy Indian Housing Authority - Pleasant Point	Not Autho- rized	22 MRSA §4733
27 28 29 30	(26)	Housing		Penobscot Trib- al Reservation Housing Author- ity	Not Autho- rized	22 MRSA §4733
31 32 33 34 35	(27)	Human vices	Ser-	Maine Aid to Families With Dependent Chil- dren Coordinat- ing Committee	Not Autho- rized	22 MRSA §3773

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(28)	Human Ser- vices	Advisory Council to Maine Aid to Families With Dependent Children Coordinating Committee	Not Autho- rized	22 MRSA §3774
8 9 10	(29)	Human Ser- vices: Health Facilities	Certificate of Need Advisory Committee	\$25/day	22 MRSA §307
11 12 13 14 15	(30)	Human Ser- vices	Maine Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Pre- vention and Treatment	Expenses only	22 MRSA §7107
16 17	(31)	Human Ser- vices	Maine Dental Health Council	Expenses only	22 MRSA §2096
18 19 20	(32)	Human Ser- vices: Public Health	Environmental Health Advisory Committee	Expenses only	22 MRSA §1693
21 22 23	(33)	Human Ser- vices: Hospi- tals	Hospital Advis- ory Committee		22 MRSA §396-P
24 25 26	(34)	Human Ser- vices: Health Finance	Payor Advisory Committee	Not Authorized	22 MRSA §396-P
27 28 29	(35)	Human Ser- vices	Professional Advisory Com- mittee	Not Authorized	22 MRSA §396-P
30 31 32 33	(36)	Human Services: Public Health	Radiological Emergency Preparedness Committee	Expenses only	37-B MRSA \$954
34 35	(37)	Judiciary	Judicial Coun- cil	Expenses only	4 MRSA §451

1 2 3	(38)	Judiciary: Criminal law	Criminal Law Advisory Com- mission	Expenses 17-A MRSA §1351 only
4 5 6	(39)		sion Commis- on	penses P&SL 1975, c. 14, §1 ly
7 8	(40)	Labor	State Advisory Council	\$25/day 26 MRSA \$1082
9 10 11	(41)	Labor	Displaced Homemakers Ad- visory Council	Not Autho- 26 MRSA \$1604 rized
12 13 14	(42)	Local and County Gov- ernment	County Records Board	Not Autho- 30 MRSA §347 rized
15 16 17	(43)	Local and County Gov- ernment	Municipal Records Board	Not Autho- 30 MRSA \$2214 rized
18 19 20	(44)	Local and County Gov- ernment	Regional Coun- cil of Govern- ments	Paid by 30 MRSA §1981 member governments
21 22 23 24 25 26	(45)	Marine Resources: Industry	Lobster Advis- ory Council	Expenses 12 MRSA \$6462 only (a) Total expenses for the council shall not exceed \$2,000 per year
27 28 29	(46)	Marine Re- sources	Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Com- mission	Expenses 12 MRSA §6251 only
30 31 32	(47)	sources R	daine Marine Ex desources Com- or dission	openses Senate Paper 64, 1973
33 34 35 36 37	(48)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion	Board of Visitors (for each State institution under the department)	- · -

1 2 3 4	(49)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion	Maine Committee on the Problems of the Mentally Retarded	-	34-B MRSA \$1210
5 6 7	(50)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion	Mental Health Advisory Coun- cil		34-B MRSA \$1209
8 9 10 11 12	(51)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion	State Planning and Advisory Councilon De- velopmental Disabilities		34-B MRSA §1211
13 14 15	(52)	Natural Resources: Forests	Forest Fire Advisory Council		12 MRSA §9621
16 17 18	(53)	Natural Resources: Forests		Expenses only	36 MRSA §584
19 20 21 22	(54)	Natural Resources: Protection and Promotion	Keep Maine Sce- nic Committee	•	12 MRSA §633
23 24 25	(55)	Natural Resources: Recreation	Maine Trails System Advisory Committee		12 MRSA §602
26 27 28	(56)	Natural Resources:	White Water Advisory Committee	\$25/day	12 MRSA §7369-A
29 30 31	(57)	Natural Resources:	White Water Safety Commit- tee	\$25/day	12MRSA §7367
32 33	(58)	Occupations: Auctioneers	Auctioneers Advisory Board	Expenses only	32 MRSA §271
34 35 36	(59)	Occupations: Ambulance Services	Emergency Medi- cal Services' Advisory Board	\$20/day	32 MRSA §88

1 2 3	(60)	Occupations: Computers	Computer Services Advisory Board	\$25/day	5 MRSA §1855
4 5 6 7	(61)	Occupations: Insurance	General Lines Agent Examina- tion Advisory Board	Expenses only	24-A MRSA §1525
8 9 10	(62)	Occupations: Insurance		Expenses only	24-A MRSA §1525
11 12 13	(63)	Occupations: Real Estate	Continuing Education Committee		32 MRSA §4115-B
14 15 16	(64)	Occupations: Medicine	Professional Malpractice Ad- visory Panel		24 MRSA §2802
17 18	(65)	State Govern- ment	Capitol Plan- ning Commission	Expenses only	5MRSA \$298
19 20	(66)	State Govern- ment	State Compensation Commission		3 MRSA §2-A
21 22 23 24	(67)	State Govern- ment	State Govern- ment Internship Program Advis- ory Committee	Expenses only	5 MRSA \$293
25 26 27	(68)	State Plan- ning	Maine Critical Areas Advisory Board	•	5 MRSA §3313
28 29 30	(69)	Transporta- tion: Motor Vehicles	Maine Aeronau- tical Advisory Board	Not Authorized	6 MRSA §302
31 32 33	(70)	Transporta- tion: Ferry Service	Maine State Ferry Advisory Board	Not Authorized	23 MRSA §4301

1 2 3	(71)	Transporta- tion: Highway	Maine Highway Safety Commit- tee	Not Authorized	25 MRSA §2902	
4 5 6 7 8	(72)	Transporta- tion: Motor Vehicles	Advisory and Review Boardon Driver Licens- ing and Vehicle Registration	•	29 MRSA §2246	
9 10 11 12	(73)	Transporta- tion: Motor Vehicles	Medical Advis- ory Board (Li- censing of Drivers)		29 MRSA §547	
13 14 15 16	(74)		Public Trans- portation Ad- visory Commit- tee		23 MRSA §4209	
17 18 19	(75)	Tourism	Travel Information Advisory	\$25/day	23MRSA §1904	
20 21 22	(76)	Tourism	Maine Vacation - Travel Com- mission	•	5MRSA \$7005	
23 24 25	(77)	Telecommuni- cations	Advisory Committee on State Telecommuni-cat	rized	5 MRSA §350	
26 27 28 29	(78)	Telecommuni- cations	Advisory Committee on Maine Public Broadcasting	•	20-A MRSA \$801	
30 31	693,	Sec. 2. 20 §§5 and 8,	A MRSA §259, a is repealed.	as enacted b	y PL 1981,c.	
32		Sec. 3. 20-	A MRSA c. 222	is enacted	to read:	
33 CHAPTER 222						
34 STATE ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE						
35	§6201. Legislative intent					

The Legislature concurs with the recommendation 1 2 of the Commission on the Status of Education in Maine 3 that a state-wide educational assessment program be 4 implemented.

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There is a need for assessment information both the state and local level to identify the need for educational changes.

The development of a state-wide assessment program necessitates an immediate effort to develop tests to allow testing to begin during the school year. The program shall have the following objectives:

- 13 1. State-wide assessment. To provide informa-14 tion on the academic achievement and progress of 15 Maine students;
- 16 2. State goals. To establish a process for a 17 continuing evaluation of state educational goals and to aid in the development of educational policies, 18 standards and programs; 19
- 20 Local programs. To provide school officials with information to assess the quality, effectiveness 21 22 and appropriateness of educational materials, methods and curriculum needs in their schools; 23
- 4. Individual students. To provide school staffs with information about the individual students 24 25 which may be used, with other information, to meet 26 27 individual educational needs;
- 28 5. Trends. To identify year-to-year trends in student achievement; and 29
- 30 6. Parents. To provide parents with information 31 about the achievements and abilities of their chil-32 dren.
- 33 §6202. Assessment program established; content
- 34 The Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services shall establish a statewide assessment program to measure and evaluate on a continuing basis the academic achievements of students at grades 4, 8 and 11

- in the public elementary and secondary schools and in all schools approved for tuition purposes. The program shall include the following components.
 - 1. Assessment in basic subjects. The program shall provide an annual assessment of student performance in the curriculum areas of reading, writing and mathematics.
- 8 2. Additional subjects. The assessment program
 9 shall be extended, consistent with available re10 sources, to include assessments in science and social
 11 studies on a sampling basis in alternate years.
- 12 §6203. Implementation

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- To implement this program, the commissioner shall take the following action:
- 1. Staff. To appoint departmental staff to implement the assessment program, including test development and administration, analysis and interpretation of test results, and the provision of technical assistance to local schools on utilization of test information for curriculum development;
- 21 2. Contracts. To enter into such contracts as 22 may be necessary to carry out the development and im-23 plementation of the assessment program;
- 3. Rules. To adopt rules to implement the program; and
- 26 4. Assessment Development Committee. To select 27 a committee of up to 15 persons in the areas of reading, writing and mathematics to develop the instruc-28 29 tional objectives to be assessed; review and select 30 questions to be included on the tests; and to interpret the assessment results, with specific recommen-31 32 dations to the Commissioner of Educational and Cul-33 tural Services on needed improvements.
- 34 §6204. Reports
- 1. State profile report. The commissioner shall annually report the results of the state assessment program with regard to the general performance pro-

- file of the students of the state's elementary and
 secondary schools.

 2. School profile reports. The commissioner
- 2. School profile reports. The commissioner shall also provide each participating school with a profile of student achievement based upon data from the assessment program.
- 7 §6205. Assessment data
- 8 The department shall provide each school with assessment data on individual students. Such assess-9 ment data shall become part of the student's educa-10 11 tional record and shall be made available to the parents of each student or student of majority age in 12 accordance with local school policies. It shall be 13 14 held confidential from unauthorized persons in ac-15 cordance with the confidentiality provisions of this Title and federal law. 16
- 17 §6206. Educational costs
- Costs relating to the development of the state assessment program and the analysis and distribution of the results for each school administrative unit shall be paid by the department.
- 22 §6207. Optional participation
- Private schools approved for attendance purposes
 may participate in the assessment program, with the
 approval of the commissioner and upon payment of a
 fee established by the commissioner. The fee shall
 reflect the actual cost of the assessment.
- 28 Sec. 4. Effective date. This Part shall take 29 effect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature, 30 and the state assessment of student performance shall 31 be first administered in the school year 1985-86 and 32 shall continue in each succeeding school year.
- 33 PART E
- 34 Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA c. 612 is enacted to read:
- 35 CHAPTER 612

INNOVATIVE EDUCATIONAL GRANTS

§17101. Intent

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The intent of this chapter is to promote creative improvement in the schools of the State. The Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services shall promote innovative projects by means of grants to teachers, school administrative units or private schools approved for tuition purposes. It is not the intent of this chapter to provide funds for programs or services normally provided by those school systems.

12 §17102. Classroom-based projects

- 13 1. Objectives. Innovative educational grants
 14 may be awarded to promote classroom-based projects
 15 initiated by a teacher or group of teachers. These
 16 projects may include, but are not limited to, the
 17 following objectives:
- A. To provide training programs for teachers and administrators to promote effective teaching and management techniques;
- B. To develop learning environments that encourage improved student achievement;
 - C. To develop new curricula to teach difficult concepts or new skills, encourage student interaction and cooperation or improve motivation to learn;
- D. To develop programs to promote closer school-community relationships and learning opportunities at home and within the community; and
- E. To provide opportunities to complement existing school programs which may include, but are not limited to, the following: Reading, writing, oral expression, mathematics and computer literacy.
- 35 2. Competitive awards. Grants shall be awarded 36 on a competitive basis to teams of teachers working 37 in several schools, to teams of teachers working co-

- operatively within a school and to individual teachers.
- A. The first-year grants shall be up to \$2,000 for individual teacher projects and up to \$5,000 for 2 or more teachers who develop collaborative projects.
- 7 B. Second year costs shall not exceed the amount 8 of the grant for the first year. Total funds for 2nd year proposals shall not exceed 25% of the total funds available for the grant program.
- 11 C. Additional state funding may be made availa-12 ble for dissemination of results of projects 13 identified by the commissioner as having excep-14 tional merit.
 - §17103. School-based innovative projects

- 1. Objectives. Innovative project matching grants may be awarded to a single school or group of schools for projects which promote improvement on a school-wide basis. These grants require a dollar-for-dollar local-state match. These projects may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following objectives:
- A. To develop programs to reduce the number of student dropouts;
- 25 B. To initiate creative approaches to improve average daily attendance in the schools;
- 27 C. To prepare curriculum guidelines and strate-28 gies to improve teaching, raise student 29 expectations and increase the commitment to aca-30 demic excellence;
- 31 D. To develop strategies for the effective use 32 of school volunteers;
- E. To promote improved guidance and counseling services, particularly within elementary schools;
- 35 F. To implement methods to increase the amount 36 of time students devote to their academic sub-

1	jects;
2	G. To develop programs to raise academic stan-
3	dards and to provide services for students with
4	special learning needs;
5	H. To develop new and improved programs in the
6	basic academic areas;
7	I. To identify and provide in-service education-
8	al programs to improve the basic course of study
9	in the school or schools; and
LO	J. To provide management programs for principals
1	and superintendents.
L2	2. Competitive awards. Matching grants shall be
L3	awarded on a competitive basis to schools working
L 4	collaboratively and to single schools. Priority
L5	shall be given to proposals that the commissioner be-
16	lieves are most likely to make a lasting contribution
L7	to Maine education, that are reasonably
l8	to Maine education, that are reasonably cost-effective and that can be replicated elsewhere.
١9	Additional priority areas shall be identified by the
20	commissioner, using information from basic school ap-
21	proval, accreditation and statewide student assess-
22	ment programs.
23	A Single cabeals may be awarded matching grants
2.3	A. Single schools may be awarded matching grants

- 24 up to \$10,000.
- 25 B. Groups of schools may be awarded matching 26 grants up to \$20,000.
- 27 C. Second-year awards may not exceed the amount of the award obtained the first year. The total 28 29 amount of funds for 2nd-year awards may not ex-33% of the total funds available 30 ceed for school-based innovative projects. 31
- 32 D. Awards in subsequent years may be made for 33 projects indentified by the commissioner as hav-34 ing exceptional merit.
- 35 §17104. Grant procedures
- Application for grants, review of proposals and 36

1 final awards shall meet the requirements of a grant 2 review process established by the commissioner, in accordance with departmental rules on grant awards. 3 4 Sec. 2. Effective date. This Part shall take ef-5 fect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature. 6 PART F 7 Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA c. 428 is enacted to read: 8 CHAPTER 428 9 BLAINE HOUSE SCHOLARS PROGRAM 10 §12501. Blaine House Scholars Program 11 There is established the Blaine House Scholars Program which provides funds to eligible Maine high 12 13 school graduates on the basis of academic achievement and financial need; funds to eligible individuals for 14 15 preservice preparation for teaching; and funds for 16 teachers pursuing an advance degree or continued 17 study in underserved subject areas. 18 §12502. Purpose 19 This chapter makes funds available to Maine high school graduates who show evidence of academic 20 achievement and who demonstrate financial need; funds 21 22 available to eligible students for preservice preparation for teaching; and funds for teachers pursuing 23 24 an advanced degree or continued study in underserved subject areas. These programs will be administered 25 26 by the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Ser-27 vices. 28 §12503. Allocation 29 Funds available under this chapter shall be allo-30 cated as follows: Fifty percent of the funds for 31 high school graduates; 40% of the funds

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preservice; 10% of the funds for graduate or continu-

ing education students. Funds may be utilized to

provide a scholarship to an eligible individual in an amount not to exceed \$1,500 per year or \$6,000 total.

Half of each scholarship shall be a loan and shall be

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- forgiven upon compliance with the return service provision in section 12507. In the case of funds for
 graduate and continuing education students, each
 scholarship shall be matched with an equal contribution of funds by the school administrative district
 employing the recipient teacher.
- 7 §12504. Definitions
- 8 <u>1. Academic achievement. "Academic achievement"</u> 9 means graduation in the top 1/3 of the class.
- 2. Duly enrolled. "Duly enrolled" means the time at which an eligible individual has attended the first class meeting.
- 3. Eligible individuals. "Eligible individuals" means students who meet eligibility requirements as determined in sections 12505 and 12507.
- 16 4. Institution of higher education. "Institu17 tion of higher education" means an institution of
 18 higher education located within this State, another
 19 state or a foreign country.
- 5. Preservice. "Preservice" means preparation to become a teacher, either through completion of a 4-year teacher training program or through a liberal arts program, and teaching pedagogy leading to certification in the subject area or areas to be taught.
- 25 6. Return service. "Return service" means 26 teacher service in public elementary and secondary 27 schools in Maine or a Maine private school approved 28 for tuition purposes for a full school year.
- 7. Underserved subject areas. "Underserved subject areas" means those subjects or programs, required or authorized to be taught in the public schools for which there is an insufficient supply of teachers, as may be determined by the commissioner.
- 34 §12505. Eligibility requirements
- 35 The scholarships for post-secondary education 36 shall be given only to a high school graduate who is 37 a resident of the State and:

- 1. Blaine House scholar. Has been recognized as 1 a Blaine House scholar; 2
- 2. Inadequate financial resources. Has demonstrated that the financial resources otherwise avail-4 able to the applicant are inadequate to pay for the 6 post-secondary educational opportunities available to 7 the applicant; and
- 8 Other eligibility criteria. Has met other 9 eligibility criteria established by rule of the com-10 missioner.
- §12506. Payment provisions 11

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- 12 Payment of scholarships shall be made directly to 13 the institution for credit to the student's account 14 and be made within 60 days following evidence that 15 the student has become duly enrolled at the 16 post-secondary institution.
- 17 If a recipient of a scholarship withdraws from an 18 institution and if the student is entitled to a refund of tuition, fees or other charges, the institu-19 20 tion shall pay directly to the State from that refund 21 a sum which represents the portion of the scholarship paid to the student for the portion of the academic 22 23 year that the student did not complete.
- 24 §12507. Repayment and return service provisions -25 loans for preservice teacher preparation
 - Each recipient of a loan may cancel the total amount of the loan and all assessed interest by completing 4 years of return service in the public schools or private schools approved for tuition purposes in the State. Return service may also cancel the loan on a proportional basis, reducing the total amount of the debt by 25% for each year of return service. Return service for this purpose shall be performed within 5 years of graduation from the institution of higher education. Failure to fulfill the return service option will necessitate repayment to the State as follows.
 - 1. Debt calculation. The debt shall include total amount of the loan and interest assessed, begin-

1 ning at the time of disbursement, at the rate of 9%
2 on a simple annual basis.

- 2. Time for repayment. The total debt shall be repaid to the State within 5 years of graduation from the institution of higher education according to a schedule established by the commissioner. Due dates for repayments shall be set by the commissioner.
- §12508. Repayment and return service provisions loans for teachers

Each recipient of a loan designated for teachers pursuing an advanced degree or continued study in underserved subject areas may cancel the total amount of the loan and all assessed interest by completing 2 years of return service in the public schools or private schools approved for tuition purposes in the State. Return service may also cancel the loan on a proportional basis, reducing the total amount of the debt by 50% for each year of return service. Return service for this purpose shall be performed within 3 years of graduation from the institution of higher education or completion of the course or courses for which the funds were given. Failure to fulfill the return service option will necessitate repayment to the State as follows.

- 25 1. Debt calculation. The debt shall include to-26 tal amount of the loan and interest assessed, begin-27 ning at the time of disbursement, at the rate of 9% 28 on a simple annual basis.
 - 2. Time for repayment. The total debt shall be repaid to the State within 3 years of graduation from the institution of higher education or courses for which the funds were given according to a schedule established by the commissioner. Due dates for repayments shall be set by the commissioner.
- 35 §12509. Nonlapsing revolving fund
 - A nonlapsing, interest earning, revolving fund, known as the Blaine House Scholars Fund, is created to implement the purposes of this chapter. Any unexpended balance of funds may be carried over for continued use in the program and funds returned through

be added to the fund. The revolving fund may re-3 ceive, invest and expend moneys from gifts, grants, 4 5 bequests and donations in addition to moneys appropriated by the State. 7 §12510. Rules 8 Rules to implement this chapter shall be adopted 9 by the commissioner. Sec. 2. Effective date. This Part shall take ef-10 fect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature. 11 12 PART G 13 Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA c. 605, as amended, is re-14 pealed. 15 Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA c. 606 is enacted to read: 16 CHAPTER 606 17 SCHOOL FINANCE ACT OF 1985 §15601. Short title 18 19 This chapter may be cited as the "School Finance Act of 1985." 20 21 §15602. Intent 1. Contributions from General Fund. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide at least 55% of 22 23 24 the cost of the total allocation from General Fund revenue sources or a percentage no less than that 25 provided in the year prior to the year of allocation, 26 27 whichever is greater.

loan repayments shall be invested by the Treasurer of

State, as provided by law, with the earned income to

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costs. It is the intent of the Legislature that the actual operating and program costs, as annually es-

tablished by the Legislature, shall be an amount suf-

ficient to meet the level of the costs in the year

prior to the year of allocation.

Amount of actual operating and program

1 §15603. Definitions

- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
- 5 <u>l. Actual education costs. "Actual education</u> 6 costs" means the state and local expenditures during
 7 the base year for the programs and adjustments speci8 fied in sections 15604 and 15612.
- 9 <u>2. Actual local operating costs. "Actual local</u>
 10 <u>operating costs" include all costs except the follow-</u>
 11 ing:
- A. Program costs for special education costs in subsection 22, vocational education costs in subsection 30, transportation operating costs in subsection 29 and bus purchase costs in subsection 7;
- B. Debt service costs;
- 18 C. Community service costs;
- D. Major capital costs; and
- 20 E. Expenditures from all federal revenue 21 sources, except for amounts received under United 22 States Public Law 81-874.
- 3. Actual local operating costs adjusted. "Actual local operating costs adjusted"
 means actual operating costs in subsection 2 adjusted to meet the level of the costs in the year prior to the year of allocation.
- 28 <u>4. Actual local program costs. "Actual local</u> 29 program costs" include all costs for the following:
- A. Special education costs in subsection 22;
- 31 B. Vocational education costs in subsection 30;
- 32 <u>C. Transportation operating costs in subsection</u> 33 29;

- 1 D. Bus purchase costs in subsection 7; and 2 E. Early childhood educational program costs in 3 subsection 10. 4 5. Actual local program costs adjusted. "Actual local program costs adjusted" means actual program 5 6 costs in subsection 4, adjusted to meet the level of the costs in the year prior to the year of alloca-7 tion. 8
- 9 <u>6. Base year. "Base year" means the 2nd year</u> 10 prior to the year of allocation of funds.
- 11 7. Bus purchase costs. "Bus purchase costs" in-12 cludes:
- A. Expenditures for bus purchases approved by
 the commissioner and made during the year prior
 to the year of allocation.
- 16 <u>8. Debt service costs. "Debt service costs,"</u>
 17 for subsidy purposes, includes:
- A. Principal and interest costs for approved major capital projects in the year of allocation;
- 20 B. Lease costs for school buildings when the 21 leases have been approved by the commissioner for 22 the year prior to the year of allocation;
- 23 C. The portion of the tuition costs applicable
 24 to the insured value factor computed under Title
 25 20-A, section 5806, for the base year; and
- D. Funds allocated by the state board to administrative units to cover the costs of new school construction projects funded in the current fiscal year.
- 9. Debt service millage limit. "Debt service millage limit" means the equivalent of a mill rate which, if applied to the state valuation of an administrative unit, limits the local share of debt service required under section 15611, subsection 1, paragraph A.

1 10. Early childhood educational programs. "Early childhood educational programs" means the excess cost of approved plans implemented under chapter 203, subchapter II.

- 11. Elementary grades. "Elementary grades" includes a childhood educational program, as defined by section 5201, through grade 8.
- 12. Foundation allocation. "Foundation allocation" means the total of actual local operating costs and actual local program costs adjusted to the equivalent of the year prior to the year of allocation.
 - 13. Foundation per pupil operating rate. "Foundation per pupil operating rate" means the rate established by the Legislature in section 15607, subsection 1.
 - 14. Institutional resident. "Institutional resident" means a person between the ages of 5 years and 20 years who is attending a public school of the school administrative unit and who is committed or otherwise legally admitted to, and residing at, a state-operated institution. It does not include students attending private facilities, regardless of the means of placement.
 - 15. Local share of the foundation allocation. "Local share of the foundation allocation" means a school administrative unit's share of the foundation allocation.
 - 16. Local share percentage. "Local share percentage" means the rate computed by dividing the local share of the operating cost allocation by the maximum operating cost allocation, expressed as a percentage under section 15609, subsection 1, paragraph A.
- 17. Major capital costs. "Major capital costs"
 means costs relating to school construction projects,
 as defined in section 15901.
 - 18. Minor capital costs. "Minor capital costs" means costs relating to maintenance of plant and minor remodeling and site development not in conjunc-

- 1 tion with a construction project. 2 A. Minor capital costs shall not include con-3 struction of new buildings or the purchase of 4 land. 5 B. Expenditures to repay funds borrowed for 6 maintenance of plant and minor remodeling shall 7 be considered minor capital costs in the year in 8 which these funds are repaid. 19. Municipality. "Municipality" 9 includes 10 cities, towns and organized plantations. 20. Program millage limit. "Program millage limit" means the equivalent of a mill rate which, if 11 12 13 applied to the state valuation of an administrative unit, shall limit the local share of the program al-14 15 location required under section 15609, subsection 1, 16 paragraph B. 21. Secondary grades. "Secondary grades" means 17 18 grades 9 to 12. 22. Special education costs. "Special education 19 20 costs" for subsidy purposes includes: 21 A. The salary and benefit costs of certified professionals, assistants and aides or persons 22 23 contracted to perform a special education ser-24 vice;
- 25 B. The costs of tuition and board to other 26 schools for programs which have been approved by 27 the commissioner. Medical costs shall not be al-28 lowable as part of a tuition charge; and
- 29 <u>C. The cost of programs for gifted and talented</u>
 30 <u>students which have been approved by the commis-</u>
 31 <u>sioner.</u>
- 32 23. State-operated institution. "State-operated 33 institution" means any residential facility or insti-34 tution which is operated by the Department of Mental 35 Health and Mental Retardation.
- 36 <u>24. State share of the foundation alloca-</u>

- tion. "State share of the foundation allocation"
 means the state's share of the foundation allocation.
- 25. State share percentage. "State share percentage" means the rate computed by dividing the
 state share of the operating costs allocation by the
 maximum operating cost allocation, expressed as a
 percentage, under section 15609, subsection 1, paragraph A.
- 26. State subsidy. "State subsidy" means the total of the state share of the foundation allocation, the state share of the debt service allocation, if any, and the state share of the bus purchase allocation, if any.
- 27. Subsidy indices. "Subsidy indices" means
 the equivalent of mill rates which, if applied to the
 state valuation of all municipalities, would raise
 not more than 45% of the total allocation and would
 establish the operating cost millage, the program
 millage limit and the debt service millage limit.
- These indices may not be levied, but shall be used for the purpose of computing allocations.
- 22 <u>28. Total allocation. "Total allocation" means</u>
 23 <u>the total of the foundation allocation and the debt</u>
 24 service allocation.

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- 29. Transportation operating costs. "Transportation operating costs," for subsidy purposes, means all costs incurred in the transportation of pupils in kindergarten to grade 12, excluding the costs of bus purchases.
- 30. Vocational education costs. "Vocational education costs" for subsidy purposes means all costs incurred by the vocational regions, centers or satellites in providing approved secondary school vocational education programs, excluding transportation, capital costs and debt service.
- 36 31. Year. "Year" means a fiscal year starting
 37 July 1st and ending June 30th of the succeeding year.
- 38 §15604. Notification of actual educational costs;

3	1. Notification; items. Prior to December 1st
4	of each year, the commissioner shall notify the Leg-
5	islature and the Bureau of the Budget of actual edu-
6 7	cation costs. This notification includes the follow-
/	ing items:
8	A. Operating costs;
9	B. Special education costs for programs operated
10	by school administrative units;
11	C. Special education tuition and board, exclud-
12	ing medical costs, defined as follows:
13	(1) Tuition and board for pupils placed by
14	school administrative units;
7	(0) multiple and beautiful miles of 46
15 16	(2) Tuition and board for pupils placed di- rectly by the State in accordance with rules
17	adopted or amended by the commissioner;
1/	adopted of amended by the commissioner,
18	(3) Special education tuition and other tu-
19	ition for institutional residents of
20	state-operated institutions attending pro-
21	grams in school administrative units in ac-
22	cordance with rules adopted or amended by
23	the commissioner; and
24	(4) Adjustments under section 15612, sub-
25	section 6;
26	D. Vocational education costs;
20	b. Vocacional educación coses,
27	E. Transportation operating costs;
28	F. Bus purchase costs;
29	G. Debt service costs;
20	
30	H. Cost of reimbursement for private school ser-
31	vices;
32	I. Cost of state expenditures for teachers' re-
33	tirement benefits; and
	or chore scilling will

other information; mandatory reports; audit

adjustments

J. Early childhood educational programs.

- 2. Additional information. The commissioner shall provide additional information requested by the Legislature.
- 3. Required reports; subsidy payments withheld. A school administrative unit shall provide the commissioner with information which the commissioner requests to carry out the purposes of this chapter, according to time schedules which the commissioner shall establish.
- The commissioner may withhold monthly subsidy payments from a school administrative unit when information is not filed in specified format and content and within specified time schedules.
 - 4. Audit adjustments. The commissioner may correct errors revealed by audit.
- 17 §15605. Commissioner's recommendation for funding 18 levels; computations; guidelines
 - 1. Annual certification. Prior to December 15th of each year, the commissioner, with the approval of the state board, shall certify to the Governor and the Bureau of the Budget the funding levels which the commissioner recommends for sections 15604 and 15613.
 - 2. Funding level computations. The following are the funding level computations that support the commissioner's funding level recommendations.
 - A. The foundation per pupil operating rate shall be the summary of actual local operating costs of all school administrative units of the base year adjusted to the year prior to the year of allocation divided by the average total resident pupils in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public expense in kindergarten to grade 12 on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year prior to the year of allocation.
 - (1) The elementary foundation per pupil operating rate shall be the summary of actual local operating costs of all school adminis-

1	trative units of the base year adjusted to
2	the year prior to the year of allocation di-
3	vided by the average total resident pupils
4	in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public
5	expense in kindergarten to grade 8 on April
6	1st and October 1st of the calendar year
7	notes to the way of allegation
/	prior to the year of allocation.
0	(0) 771
8	(2) The secondary foundation per pupil op-
9	erating rate shall be the summary of actual
10	local operating costs of all school adminis-
11	trative units of the base year adjusted to
12	the year prior to the year of allocation di-
13	vided by the average total resident pupils
14	in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public
15	expense in grades 9 to 12 on April 1st and
16	October 1st of the calendar year prior to
17	the year of allocation.
1/	the year of allocation.
18	D. The nemested funding levels for enemeting
	B. The requested funding levels for operating
19	costs under section 15604, subsection 1, para-
20	graph A, shall be the actual local operating
21	costs for the base year adjusted to the equiva-
22	lent of the year prior to the year of allocation.
23	C. The requested funding levels for program
24	C. The requested funding levels for program costs under section 15604, subsection 1, para-
25	graph B; section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph
26	C, subparagraph (1); section 15604, subsection 1,
27	paragraphs D, E and J, shall be the actual local
28	program costs for the base year adjusted to the
29	equivalent of the year prior to the year of allo-
30	cation; and under section 15604, subsection 1,
31	paragraph F, for the year prior to the year of
32	allocation.
32	allocation.
33	D. The remosted funding levels for debt convices
34	D. The requested funding levels for debt service
	under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph G,
35	shall be as follows:
26	(1) Mha barra shiinatina and a til tara so
36	(1) The known obligations and estimates of
37	anticipated principal and interest costs for
38	the year of allocation;
39	(2) The expenditures for the insured value

trative units of the base year adjusted

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factor for the base year;

1 2 3	(3) The level of leases approved by the commissioner for the year prior to the year of allocation; and
4 5 6	(4) Funds allocated by the state board for new school construction projects funded in the current fiscal year.
7 8 9 0	E. The requested funding levels for special education under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph C, subparagraphs (2) and (3), shall be computed by estimating costs for the year of allocation.
12 13 14	F. The requested funding levels for adjustments under section 15612 shall be computed by estimating costs for the year of allocation.
15 16 17 18	G. The requested funding levels for reimbursement for private school services under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph H, shall be the actual costs for the base year.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	3. Guidelines for actual local operating and program costs. The commissioner's recommendation for actual local operating and program costs adjusted shall reflect changes in pupil enrollment, economic factors, actual changes in educational costs and any other considerations which effect a change in the costs of education. The commissioner shall be conscious of the need for prudent restraint in educational financing.
28 29 30 31	§15606. Governor's recommendation for funding levels The Bureau of the Budget shall annually certify to the Legislature the funding levels which the Governor recommends for sections 15604 and 15612.
32 33 34	The Governor's recommendations shall be transmitted to the Legislature within the time schedules set forth by Title 5, section 1666.
35 36	§15607. Actions by the Legislature The Legislature shall annually, prior to April let enact legislation which shall:

- 1 1. Foundation per pupil operating rate. Estab-2 lish the foundation per pupil operating rate and the 3 elementary and secondary foundation per pupil operating rates;
- 5 2. Subsidy indices. Establish an operating cost 6 millage, a program millage limit and a debt service 7 millage limit;
- 8 3. Appropriation for the state share of the foundation. Appropriate the necessary funds to meet the maximum state obligation for the state's share of the foundation allocation under section 15610;
- 12 4. Appropriation for state share of debt ser-13 vice. Appropriate the necessary funds for the 14 state's share of debt service under section 15611;
- 5. Appropriation for geographic isolation. Appropriate the required funds for adjustments due to geographic isolation under section 15612, subsection 2;
- 6. Appropriation for unusual enrollment increase. Appropriate the required funds for adjustments for unusual enrollment increases under section 15612, subsection 3;
- 7. Appropriation for small, administrative units. Appropriate the necessary funds for adjustments to small school administrative units which qualify under section 15612, subsection 4;
- 27 8. Appropriation for quality pro-28 grams. Appropriate the necessary funds for quality 29 incentive adjustment for school administrative units 30 which qualify under section 15612, subsection 1;
- 9. Appropriation for special education pupils
 placed directly by the State. Appropriate the necessary funds for:
- 34 A. Tuition and board for pupils placed directly
 35 by the State in accordance with rules adopted or
 36 amended by the commissioner; and
- 37 B. Special educational tuition and other tuition

for residents of state-operated institutions attending programs in school administrative units in accordance with rules adopted or amended by the commissioner;

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- 10. Appropriation for audit adjustments. Appropriate the necessary funds for audit adjustments; and
- 8 11. Appropriation for nonpublic school ser-9 vices. Appropriate the necessary funds for reim-10 bursement for nonpublic school services under section 11 15613, subsection 4.
- 12 §15608. Computation of the maximum state-local allo-13 cation prior to adjustments
- The commissioner shall compute the maximum foundation allocation for each school administrative unit as follows.
- 17 1. Operating cost allocation. The maximum oper-18 ating cost allocation shall be the total of:
 - A. The product determined by multiplying the average number of resident pupils in kindergarten and grades one to 8 in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation, excluding special education tuition pupils, by the elementary foundation per pupil operating rate as established in section 15607; and
 - B. The product determined by multiplying the average number of resident pupils in grades 9 to 12 in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation, excluding special education tuition pupils, by the secondary foundation per pupil operating rate as established in section 15607.
- 2. Program costs allocation. The program costs
 allocation shall be the total of the following program costs.
 - A. The special education portion of the program cost allocation shall be the special education

- 1 costs in section 15603, subsection 22, as adjusted.
- B. The vocational education portion of the program costs allocation shall be the actual expenditures for vocational education programs in section 15603, subsection 30, as adjusted.
- 7 C. The transportation operating portion of the 8 program costs allocation shall be the actual ex9 penditures for transportation operating costs for the unit as adjusted.
- D. The bus purchases portion of the program costs allocation shall be the actual expenditures for bus purchases in section 15603, subsection 7.
- 14 §15609. Computation of maximum local share of the foundation allocation
- 16 1. Maximum local share of the foundation alloca-17 tion computation. The commissioner shall compute the 18 local share of the foundation allocation by adding 19 the following.

- A. The local share of the allocation for operating costs shall be the product of the operating cost millage established under section 15607 and the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative units. The commissioner's computation of the local share of the allocation for operating costs for each unit or member municipality within a school administrative district or community school district shall not exceed the total operating allocation of each municipality.
 - (1) The local share percentage shall be the proportion that the local share of the allocation for operating cost is to the maximum operating cost allocation. The state share percentage shall be the proportion that the state share of the allocation for operating cost is to the maximum operating cost allocation.
 - B. The local share of the allocation for program costs shall be the actual local program costs in

the base year adjusted and bus purchase costs in the year prior to the year of allocation multiplied by the local share percentage determined in paragraph A or the program millage limit established in section 15607 times the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative unit, whichever is less.

 (1) The program millage limit shall be the mills derived by dividing 40% of the program costs adjusted as defined in section 15603, subsection 5, by the state valuation of all municipalities.

- §15610. Computation of state share of the foundation allocation
- 1. State share of the foundation allocation computation; limitation. The commissioner shall compute the state share of the foundation allocation for each unit as follows.
 - A. The state share of the allocation for operating costs shall be the difference between the local share of the allocation and the maximum operating cost allocation.
 - B. The state share of the allocation for program costs shall be the difference between the local share of the allocation and the total program cost allocation.
 - C. The state share of the foundation allocation for each administrative unit shall be limited to the same proportion of the maximum allocation as the local administrative unit raises of its maximum local share of the foundation allocation.
 - D. The commissioner shall reduce the state share of the foundation allocation to an administrative unit in the current year or following year by an amount that represents the state share of expenditures for salaries and benefits paid to uncertified personnel.
- 38 §15611. Computation of local and state shares for debt service

- 1 <u>1. Local share. The commissioner shall compute</u> 2 the local share of allocation for debt service for 3 each unit as follows.
- A. The local share of allocation for debt service shall be the product of the debt service allocation multiplied by the percentage local share determined in section 15609 or the debt service millage limit established in section 15607 times the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative units, whichever is less.
- 11 (1) The debt service millage limit shall be
 12 the mills derived by dividing 45% of the
 13 debt service costs as defined in section
 14 15603, subsection 8, by the state valuation
 15 of all municipalities.
- 2. State share. The state share of allocation for debt service shall be the difference between the local share of allocation for debt service and the debt service costs in section 15603, subsection 8.
- 20 §15612. Adjustments to the state share of the foun-21 dation allocation

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- Adjustments to the state share of the foundation allocation shall be made as allowed in subsections 1 to 4 for each school administrative unit that has raised the maximum amount of its local share of the foundation allocation for operating costs.
- 27 <u>l. Quality incentive adjustments; computation of</u>
 28 <u>adjustment. The following provisions apply to incentives for quality programs.</u>
 - A. A school administrative unit qualifies for a quality incentive adjustment if its per pupil operating costs in the base year exceed the foundation per pupil operating rate in the year of allocation by 20% or less.
 - B. The adjustment shall be 1/2 of the difference between the unit's operating costs in the base year and the operating allocation in the year of allocation multiplied by the state share percentage as determined in section 15609.

2. Geographic isolation; determination; adjustment limitation. The following provisions apply to geographic isolation, determination and adjustment limitation.

- A. The commissioner, with the approval of the State Board of Education, shall determine geographic isolation if a school administrative unit operates a school which is located an unreasonably long distance from another school facility in another unit or is situated in a location which has unique problems in transporting students to another school administrative unit.
- B. If the school administrative unit is declared to be geographically isolated, the commissioner shall adjust the operating allocation to meet the educational needs of that unit.
- C. The geographic isolation adjustment shall not exceed the amounts expended by the school administrative unit in the base year which were in excess of the operating allocation in the year of allocation.
- 3. Unusual enrollment increase, computation of adjustment; local authorization. The following provisions apply to unusual enrollment increase, computation of adjustment, proration, local authorization and contingent accounts.
 - A. A school administrative unit may qualify for an unusual enrollment adjustment when the increase in pupils between October 1st of the year of allocation of funds and October 1st of the year prior to the year of allocation of funds is 3% or more. The number of pupils in excess of a 3% increase shall be multiplied by the foundation per pupil operating rate as established in section 15603 to determine the allowable adjustment.
 - B. A school administrative unit may expend any funds received through this adjustment without calling for a special meeting of the local legislative body.
 - 4. Small administrative unit subsidy adjust-

- ments; legislative intent. A school administrative
 unit may qualify for one of the following small unit
 subsidy adjustments.
- 4 A. If a school administrative unit is operating an elementary school with 25 pupils or less in 5 6 kindergarten and grade one to grade 8 during the 7 school year immediately prior to the year of allocation, it shall receive a minimum allocation 8 9 for operating costs equal to 5/3 of the state av-10 erage elementary teachers salary in the school 11 year immediately prior to the year of allocation as determined by the commissioner. 12
- 13 B. If a school administrative unit is not oper-14 ating an elementary school or a secondary school 15 and has 25 pupils or less in kindergarten and 16 grade one to grade 8 during the school year immediately prior to the year of allocation, it shall 17 18 receive a minimum allocation computed by multi-19 plying the elementary or secondary pupil enroll-20 ment on October 1st in the year of allocation by 21 the foundation per pupil operating rate or the 22 actual cost of tuition payment in the year of al-23 location, whichever is less.
 - C. The small unit subsidy adjustment shall guarantee a minimum subsidy payment for operating costs to those school administrative units which qualify and it shall be made only after the adjustments in subsections 1 to 3 have been made.
- 29 5. Pupils on federal land; adjustment; limita-30 tion. The following provisions apply to pupils on 31 federal land, adjustment and limitation.

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- A. A school administrative unit which enrolls eligible pupils under the United States laws of September 30, 1950, chapter 1124, United States Code, Section 236, et seq., Public Law 81-874, shall count those pupils as resident pupils for purposes of this chapter.
 - B. The state share of the foundation allocation to that school administrative unit shall be adjusted by subtracting the receipts under the United States laws of September 30, 1950, Chapter

1 1124, United States Code, Section 236, et seq.,
2 Public Law 81-874, in the same proportion that
3 total local revenues under the state equalization
4 program are to total local revenues for education
5 in that unit.

- C. The amount subtracted under paragraph B may not exceed 90% of the school administrative unit's entitlement for the year prior to the year of allocation or the year of allocation, whichever is less. In adjusting the allocation, the amounts subtracted for pupils residing on land under control of the Federal Government or a federal agency, or on a federal military reservation shall not exceed 1/2 of the national average expenditure per pupil, as computed by the Federal Government, multiplied by the number of students in the school administrative unit.
- 6. Special educational adjustment; guidelines; limits; local authorization. The following provisions apply to special educational adjustment, guidelines, limits and location authorization.
 - A. If a school administrative unit petitions the commissioner and demonstrates that the unexpected costs of placement for educational purposes of a student in a special educational program will cause a budgetary hardship, the commissioner may adjust the unit's state share of state subsidy to include an amount not to exceed the educational cost of the placement under rules adopted or amended by the commissioner.
 - B. The funds for the adjustment shall be limited to the amount appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
 - C. School boards may expend the funds allocated without seeking approval from their legislative bodies.
- 7. Audit adjustments. The following provisions
 apply to audit adjustments.
 - A. If errors are revealed by audit and by the commissioner, the school administrative unit's

- foundation allocation shall be adjusted to include corrections.
- 3 §15613. Authorization and schedules of payment of 4 state subsidy; appeals; limitations
- 1. Schedules of payment of unit allocation. The commissioner shall authorize state subsidy payments to the school administrative units to be made in accordance with time schedules set forth in section 15005, sections 15901 to 15910 and Title 20, sections 3457 to 3460.
- 2. Notification of allocation; commissioner's duty; superintendent's duty. The following provisions apply to notification of allocation, commissioner's duty and superintendent's duty.
- 15 A. The commissioner shall annually, prior to
 16 April 21st, notify each school board of the
 17 amount allocated to the school administrative
 18 unit.
- B. Each superintendent shall report to the municipal officers whenever the school administrative unit is notified of the allocation or a
 change is made in the allocation resulting from
 an adjustment.
- 3. Payments of state subsidy to unit's treasurer; basis. State subsidy payments shall be made directly to the treasurer of each school administrative unit. They shall be based on audited financial reports submitted by school administrative units.
- 4. Nonpublic school service reimbursements. The following provisions apply to nonpublic school service reimbursements.

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A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if students attend nonpublic schools that are not operated for profit in whole or in part, the commissioner shall reimburse 50% of the expenditures of the base year for providing services to these nonpublic school students as authorized by Title 30, section 5104, subsections 5 to 8. Municipal officers shall report these ex-

1 penditures to the commissioner on forms provided 2 by the commissioner. 3 B. The total amount reimbursed under this sub-4 section shall not exceed the level of funds ap-5 propriated for this item under section 15607, б subsection 12. 7 C. Municipal officers shall submit documentation demonstrating the amount of money appropriated 8 9 for nonpublic school student services for the 10 base year. D. The commissioner may adopt or amend rules to 11 12 assure that: 13 (1) All sums reimbursed were utilized and actually expended for programs authorized 14 15 pursuant to Title 30, section 5104, subsec-16 tions 5 to 8; (2) No municipality receives reimbursement 17 18 for a student who attends school at public 19 expense; and 20 (3) All services provided to nonpublic 21 school students that require professional 22 personnel are provided by public employees. 5. Direct special educational payments. The commissioner may make tuition and board payments di-23 24 rectly to private special educational boarding 25 26 schools which receive state wards or other pupils placed directly by the State. 27 28 6. Education of institutional residents. The commissioner may pay tuition to school administrative 29 30 units for institutional residents within the limits of the appropriation made under section 15607, sub-31 32 section 12. 7. Appeals. A school board may appeal the com-33 putation of state subsidy for the school administra-34 tive unit to the state board in writing within 30 days of the date of notification of the computed 35 36 37 amount. The state board shall review the appeal and

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make an adjustment if, in its judgment, an adjustment

- is justified. The state board's decision shall be final as to facts supported by the record of the appeal.
- 8. School purpose expense requirement. Notwithstanding any other public or private statute, money allocated for school purposes shall be expended only for school purposes.
- 9. Balance of allocations. Notwithstanding any other public or private statute, balances of allocations at the end of a school administrative unit's fiscal year shall be carried forward to meet the next year's school needs.
- 13 10. Payment of previous year's state share of local leeway. For the 1985-86 fiscal year only, the commissioner may pay to eligible local administrative units the state share of local leeway for the period January 1984 to June 1984.
- 18 11. Guarantee of state subsidy for 1985-86. For the 1985-86 year only, the commissioner may pay local educational units the 1984-85 state subsidy or the 1985-86 state allocation, whichever is greater.
- 22 §15614. Local appropriations
- The following provisions shall apply to local appropriations for school purposes.
- 25 1. Foundation allocation. The legislative body 26 of each school administrative unit may vote to raise 27 and appropriate an amount up to the local share of 28 the foundation allocation.
- A. An article in substantially the following form shall be used when a school administrative unit is considering the appropriation of the foundation allocation.
- 33 (1) "Article : To see what sum the mu34 nicipality/district will appropriate from
 35 the foundation allocation for school pur36 poses (Recommend \$) and to see what
 37 sum the municipality/district will raise as
 38 the local share of the foundation allocation

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- 2. Debt service allocation. The legislative body of each school administrative unit may vote to raise and appropriate an amount up to the local share of the debt service allocation.
 - A. An article in substantially the following form shall be used when a school administrative unit is considering the appropriation for debt service allocation.
 - (1) "Article : To see what sum the municipality/district will raise as the local share of debt service (Recommend \$)."
- 3. Additional local appropriation. A school administrative unit may raise and expend funds for educational purposes in addition to the funds under subsections 1 and 2.
 - 4. Actions in subsections 1 to 3 shall be taken by a recorded vote.
 - 5. Exception. The provisions of subsections 1 to 3 shall not apply to a school administrative unit in which the local share of the foundation allocation is equal to or greater than its foundation allocation, but that unit shall report to the commissioner the amount of the appropriation for foundation allocation, debt service allocation and additional local appropriation.
- 27 6. Administrative costs for units with no pu-28 pils. If a school administrative unit is required to 29 pay administrative costs and has no allocation of 30 state or local funds, that unit may raise and expend 31 funds for administrative costs.
- 32 §15615. Municipal assessment paid to district
- 1. Presentation of assessment schedule. The assessment schedule based on the budget approved at a community school district or school administrative district budget meeting shall be presented to the treasurer of each municipality which is a member of the district.

- The assessment schedule shall include each member municipality's share of the district's local allocation, local share of debt service and additional local appropriations.
- 5 2. Municipal treasurer's payment schedule. The
 6 treasurer of the member municipality, after being
 7 presented with the assessment schedule, shall forward
 8 1/12 of that member municipality's share to the trea9 surer of the district on or before the 20th day of
 10 each month of the fiscal year beginning in July.

§15616. Special school districts

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- 12 1. School administrative unit. For the purposes
 13 of section 15619 and Title 20, sections 3457 to 3460,
 14 a special school district shall be deemed to be a
 15 school administrative unit.
 - 2. Debt service. Debt service on bonds or notes issued by a special school district shall be included in the school budget of the school administrative unit which operates the schools constructed by that district. The school board for the school administrative unit which operates the special district's schools shall pay to the special school district all sums necessary to met the payments of principal and interest on bonds or notes when due and to cover maintenance or other costs for which the special school district is responsible.

27 §15617. School budget; budget formats

- 28 <u>1. Content. A school administrative unit shall</u> 29 include in its school budget document:
- A. Its foundation allocation, its debt service allocation, if any, any additional expenditures authorized by statute; and
- B. A summary of anticipated revenues and estimated school expenditures for the fiscal year.
- 2. Budget deadlines. The following time limitations shall apply to adoption of a budget.
- 37 A. At least 7 days before the initial meeting of

the legislative body responsible for adopting a budget, a detailed budget document shall be available to that legislative body and to any person residing within the geographic area served by the school administrative unit.

- B. Notwithstanding a provision of statute or charter to the contrary, school administrative units may adopt an annual budget prior to June 30th, except that the school budgets for vocational regions shall be adopted on or before August 1st.
- 3. Budget format. The following provisions shall apply to a budget format.
 - A. Except as provided in subsection 4, the budget format shall be that prescribed by a majority of the school board until an article prescribing the school budget format is approved by a majority of voters in an election in which the total vote is at least 20% of the number of votes cast in the municipality in the last gubernatorial election, or 200, whichever is less.
 - B. The format of the school budget may be determined in accordance with section 1306.
 - C. It is the intent of the Legislature that a school board shall attempt to obtain public participation in the development of the school budget.
 - 4. Budget format; town or city charter. In a municipality where the responsibility for final adoption of the school budget is vested by municipal charter in a council, the school budget format may be changed through amendment of the charter under the home rule procedures of Title 30, sections 1911 to 1920, except that the amendment shall be approved by a majority of voters in an election in which the total vote is at least 20% of the number of votes cast in the municipality in the last gubernatorial election.
 - 5. Budget format; town meeting. When the final budget authority is vested in a town meeting operat-

- ing under the general enabling procedures of Title 30, the format of the school budget may be determined 2 3 the town meeting or under the procedures of Title 4 30, section 2053 or 2061. 5 6. Budget format; community school dis-6 trict. The following provisions shall apply to the 7 budget format of a community school district. 8 A. An article containing the district's proposed 9 budget format shall be placed on the next warrant 10 issued or ballot printed if:
- 11 (1) A majority of the district school com-12 mittee votes to place it on the warrant or 13 ballot; or
 - (2) A written petition of at least 10% of the number of voters voting in the last gubernatorial election in each municipality within the community school district request it to be on the warrant or ballot.
 - B. The article containing the budget format may be voted on by secret ballot at an election conducted in accordance with Title 30, sections 2061 to 2065.
 - C. The district school committee shall:

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- 24 (1) Issue a warrant specifying that the mu25 nicipal officers of the municipalities with26 in the community school district place the
 27 budget format article on the secret ballot;
 28 and
 - (2) Prepare and furnish the required number of ballots for carrying out the election, including absentee ballots.
 - 7. Budget format; articles. The articles prescribed in this chapter shall be included in the budget format and voted on in the adoption of the budget in order to determine state and local cost sharing.
- 36 8. Change in budget format. Any change in the budget format shall be voted on at least 90 days pri-

- or to the budget year for which that change is to be effective.
- 3 §15618. Actions on budget

- 4 The following provisions shall apply to approving 5 a budget.
 - 1. Checklist required. Prior to the articles dealing with school appropriations being voted on, the moderator of a regular or special school budget meeting shall require the clerk or secretary to make a checklist of the registered voters present. The number of voters listed on the checklist shall be conclusive evidence of the number present at the meeting.
- 2. Reconsideration. Notwithstanding another statute to the contrary, in school administrative units where the school budget is finally approved by the voters, a special budget meeting to reconsider action taken on the budget may only be called as follows.
- 20 A. It shall be held within 30 days of the regu-21 lar budget meeting.
 - B. In a school administrative district or community school district, it shall be called by the school board, or as follows.
 - (1) At least 10% of the number of voters voting in the last gubernatorial election in member municipalities of the school administrative unit, or 100 voters, whichever is less, shall present a signed petition within 15 days of the regular budget meeting to the school board, specifying the article or articles to be reconsidered.
 - (2) On receiving the petition, the school board shall call the special reconsideration budget meeting to be held within 15 days of the date the petition was received.
- C. In a municipality, the meeting shall be called by the municipal officers:

- 1 (1) Within 15 days after receipt of a re2 quest from the school board, if the request
 3 is received within 15 days of the budget
 4 meeting and it specifies the article or ar5 ticles to be reconsidered; or
 - (2) Within 15 days after receipt of a petition presented in accordance with Title 30, section 2065, if the petition is received within 15 days of the budget meeting and it specifies the article or articles to be reconsidered.
 - 3. Invalidation of action of a special reconsideration budget meeting. If a special budget meeting is called to reconsider action taken at a regular budget meeting, the actions of the meeting shall be invalid if the number of voters at the special budget meeting is less than the number of voters present at the regular budget meeting.
- 4. Line item transfers. Meetings requested by a school board for the purpose of transferring funds from one category or line item to another shall be posted for voter or council action within 15 days of the date of the request.

24 §15619. Bonds; notes; other

- All bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued for school purposes by a school administrative unit, as defined in section 15603, for major capital expenses, bus purchases or for current operating expenses, including tax or other revenue anticipation notes, shall be general obligations of the unit.
- 1. Tax assessments. The municipal officers or school board shall require the sums which may be necessary to meet in full the principal of and interest on these bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness payable in each year to be assessed and collected in the manner provided by law for the assessment and collection of taxes.
- 2. Reduction. The sums to be assessed and collected shall be reduced by the amount of an alloca-

- tion of funds appropriated by the Legislature to pay
 the principal and interest owed by the unit in a
 given year as certified to the school administrative
 unit by the commissioner. The commissioner shall certify the amount due to the unit within 30 days of its
 appropriation by the Legislature.
- 7 3. Collection. After assessment and reduction,
 8 the remaining sum shall be payable from ad valorem
 9 taxes which may be levied without limit as to rate or
 10 amount upon all the taxable property within the unit.
- 11 Sec. 3. Effective date. This Part shall take 12 effect July 1, 1986.

13 PART H

- Sec. 1. Consolidation of certain programs. Effective on October 1, 1984, the Certification and Placement of Teachers function and the Teacher Education function shall be combined and operated as a single unit with the Department of Educational and Cultural Services.
- For the remainder of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1985, this new function shall be funded through the 2 existing appropriations. Effective in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1986, the 2 appropriations will be combined for funding purposes.
- The combined functions shall be known as "Certification, Placement and Teacher Education."
- 27 Sec. 2. Effective date. This Part shall take 28 effect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature.

29 PART I

- 30 Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §13012, sub-§5 is enacted to 31 read:
- 5. Qualifying examinations. The provisional teacher certificate shall only be issued to those applicants who have taken the teacher qualifying examinations set forth in chapter 502-A.
- do indicator bed for in chapter box in
 - Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA c. 502-A is enacted to read:

1	CHAPTER 502-A
2	QUALIFYING EXAMINATIONS FOR INITIAL TEACHERS
3	§13031. Purpose
4 5 6 7	The Legislature declares that the purpose of this chapter is to establish a standardized qualifying examination for those persons seeking provisional teacher certificates to teach in the State.
8	§13032. Qualifying examination
9 10 11 12	The provisional teacher certificate shall only be issued to those applicants who have taken the teacher qualifying examinations. The examination shall test the applicant in the following areas:
13 14	1. Communication skills. Communication skills, which include listening, reading and writing;
15 16 17 18	2. General knowledge. General knowledge, which includes concepts from a variety of disciplines, including literature and fine arts, mathematics, science and social studies; and
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	3. Professional knowledge. Professional knowledge, which focuses on the knowledge and cognitive processes the teacher uses in decision-making, with emphasis on how those processes will be applied in the classroom. The applicant shall be responsible for the costs associated with taking the teacher qualifying examination.
26	§13033. Transitional period and study
27 28 29 30	The Department of Educational and Cultural Services shall conduct a study during the first 3 years of the program in order to validate the use of a nationally accepted teacher examination or a state cre-

State Board of Education and the commissioner in

cordance with the procedures required under the Maine

score requirements which an applicant shall attain to

examination to be authorized by the

Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.

a provisional teacher certificate and

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The study shall be used to

- shall also provide statewide information on the qualifications of applicants for provisional certificates.
- 4 §13034. Certification records

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38 39 The score on the teacher qualifying examination shall become part of a teacher's certification records. These records shall be confidential to the extent authorized under section 13004.

- §13035. Qualifying scores
- An applicant will not be eligible to receive a provisional teacher certificate after June 30, 1988, unless he has received a minimum qualifying score on the teacher qualifying examination. The minimum qualifying score shall be determined by the State Board of Education and the commissioner by December 1, 1987, to be based on their study of the data developed during the first 3 years the tests are administered.
- 19 Sec. 3. Effective date. This Part shall take ef-20 fect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature.
- 21 PART J
- 22 Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1001, sub-§9, as amended by PL 23 1983, c. 82, is further amended to read:
 - 9. <u>Earnable compensation</u>. "Earnable compensation" means actual compensation, including workers' compensation benefits and maintenance if any, but shall not include payment for more than 30 days accumulated or accrued sick leave or unused vacation leave or a combination of both, nor include any other payment which is not compensation for actual services rendered or which is not paid at the time these services are rendered. Any money paid by an employer under an annuity contract for the future benefit of employee shall be considered part of the employee's earnable compensation. The earnable compensation of a member retired with a disability retirement allowance under section 1122 shall be assumed, for the purposes of determining benefits under this chapter, to be continued after his date of ter-

8 Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §13402, sub-§1, as enacted by 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is repealed and the fol-9 lowing enacted in its place: 10 1. Minimum salary schedule for teachers. A school administrative unit shall pay entry level, 11 12 13 certified teachers, except substitute teachers as de-14 fined by the commissioner, the minimum yearly salary 15 of \$10,500. Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA c. 506 is enacted to read: 16 17 CHAPTER 506 18 TEACHER RECOGNITION GRANTS 19 §13501. Purpose 20 This chapter establishes the Teacher Recognition Grants Program, a state-funded program to recognize 21 the importance of teachers in our state's schools. 22 23 It is the purpose of this program to retain and attract intelligent people within the teaching pro-24 fession by providing state funded recognition grants in addition to, and not in lieu of, locally estab-25 26 27 lished salary schedules. The program will be administered by the commissioner. 28 29 §13502. Definitions 30 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the fol-31 32 lowing meanings. 1. Qualifying schools. "Qualifying schools" 33 34 means the following:

A. Public schools that are governed by a school

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mination of service at the same rate as received im-

mediately prior thereto, subject to the same percentage adjustments, if any, that may apply to the amount

of retirement allowance of the beneficiary under sec-

tion 1128. The term "earnable compensation" does not include Teacher Recognition Grants paid pursuant to

Title 20-A, section 13503..

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1	board of a school administrative unit;
2 3	B. Private secondary schools whose school enrollments are at least 2/3 publicly-funded pu-
4 5	pils as determined by the previous school year's October to April average enrollment; and
6 7	C. Schools operated by an agency of State Government, including the following:
8	(1) Baxter School for the Deaf;
9	(2) Arthur R. Gould School;
LO	(3) Pineland State (Berman School); and
12	(4) Education of children in unorganized territories.
13 14 15	2. Teacher. "Teacher" means a person certified by the Department of Educational and Cultural Services who is an employee of a public school, an eli-
16 17 18	gible private school or a state operated school in- cluding elementary and secondary teacher, specialized subject teacher, vocational-industrial teacher as de-
19 20 21	fined in the certification rules of the State Board of Education. "Teacher" includes, by position title, only the following:
22	A. Classroom teacher;
23	B. Itinerant teacher;
24 25	C. Guidance counselor;D. Librarian-media specialist;
26	E. Special education teacher;
27	F. Special teacher of reading; and
28	G. Speech clinician-teacher.
29	§13503. Teacher recognition grants
30 31	Teacher recognition grants of \$1,000 shall be awarded twice during the school year to only those

- 1 teachers who have been employed full time in qualify-
- 2 ing schools since the first day of each corresponding semester. Teachers employed less than full time or 3
- less than a full semester, as determined by the qual-4
- 5 ifying school, shall not receive a prorated grant
- 6 amount.
- 7 §13504. Schedule of payment
- 8 Grants will be issued by the Treasurer of State on December 1st and July 15th of each year. 9
- §13505. Local filing; certification 10
- Qualifying schools shall file with the commis-11
- sioner a certified list of teachers eligible to re-12
- ceive grants under this chapter, including their 13
- 14 names, mailing addresses, social security numbers,
- 15 income tax withholding status and current salary.
- 16
- Filing information shall be submitted on or before October 15th for the December 1st schedule of pay-17
- 18 ment; the filing for the July 15th schedule of pay-
- 19 ment shall be submitted on or before May 30th.
- 20 §13506. Responsibility of the commissioner
- 21 The responsibilities of the commissioner to im-22 plement this program are as follows.
- 23 1. Notification of filing deadlines. The commissioner shall notify all qualifying schools at least 45 days in advance of the filing deadline. 24 25
- 26 2. Transmittal of information. The commissioner shall transmit the necessary filing data to the De-27 partment of Finance and Administration in sufficient 28 time to allow the issuance of payments on December 29 1st and July 1st of each year. 30
- 3. Financial records. The commissioner shall 31 32 design and maintain financial and filing records.
- 33 4. Rulemaking. The commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, 34
- 35 Title 5, chapter 375, to implement this chapter.
- 36 §13507. Local collective bargaining

- 1 The state-funding recognition grants shall not be 2 considered during local collective bargaining for the purposes of setting teachers' salaries. 3
- 4 Sec. 4. Study of career ladder. The Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services and the State 5 6 Board of Education shall study integrating the Teach-7 er Recognition Grant Program with the establishment of a career ladder. The results will be presented as 8 9 part of the study required by Public Law 1984, chapter 845, AN ACT to Revise the Laws Governing Certifi-10 11 cation of Educational Personnel.
- 12 Sec. 5. Effective date. This Part shall take 13 effect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature, 14 except that section 3 becomes effective on August 1, 1985, for the school year 1985-86. The first payment 15 to teachers will be made on December 1, 1985. 16

17 PART K

- 18 Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §12004, sub-§10, ¶A, as enacted 19 by PL 1983, c.812, §39, is amended to read:
- A. This classification includes the following: 20

21 22		FIELD	NAME OF ORGANIZATION	RATE OF STATUTORY COMPENSATION REFERENCE
23 24 25	(1)	Agriculture	Eastern States Exposition Ad- visory Board	Not Autho- 7 MRSA §403 rized
26 27 28	(2)	Civil Emer- gency	Citizens' Civil Emergency Com- mission	Expenses 37-A MRSA §56-A only
29 30 31	(3)	Community Services	Community Ser- vices Advisory Board	Expenses 5 MRSA §3517 only
32 33 34	(4)	Corrections	Maine Correctional Advisory Commission	\$25/day 34-A MRSA \$1204
35 36	(5)	Education	Advisory Com- mittee on Medi-	Not Autho-20-A MRSA \$11807 rized

1		cal Education		
2	(6) Education	Archives Advis- ory Board	Expenses only	5 MRSA §96
4 5 6	(7) Education	Committee for the Training of Firemen	Expenses only	20-A MRSA §9002
7 8	(8) Education	Indian Scholar- ship Committee	Not Authorized	20-A MRSA §12403
9 10	(9) Education	Maine Education Council	Not Authorized	20-A MRSA § 651
11 12 13	(10) Education	Educational Leave Advisory Board	Not Autho- rized	5 MRSA §723
14 15 16	(11) Education	Maine Historic Preservation Commission	Expenses only	27 MRSA §501
17 18	(12) Education	Maine Library Commission	Expenses only	27 MRSA §111
19 20 21 22	(13) Education	Post-secondary Education Com- mission of Maine	Expenses only	20-A MRSA \$10304
23 24 25 26	(14) Education	Maine State Commission on the Arts and the Humanities	Expenses only	27 MRSA \$401
27 28 29 30	(14B)Education	Advisory Committee on Early Elementary Education	\$75/day	20-A MRSA \$260
31 32 33 34 35 36	(15) Energy	Advisory Council on Energy Efficiency Building Per- formance Stan- dards	Expenses	10 MRSA §1414

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1 2 3	(16)	Energy	State Energy Resources Ad- visory Board	Not Authorized	5 MRSA §5007
4 5 6	(17)	Environment	Low-level Waste Siting Commis- sion	Expenses only	38 MRSA §1476
7 8 9	(18)	Environment: Natural Re- sources	Ground Water Protection Com- mission	Expenses only	P&SL 1979, c. 43
10 11 12 13	(19)	Finance	Advisory Council on Deferred Compensation Plans	Expenses only	5 MRSA §884
14 15 16 17	(20)	Finance	Natural Resource Financing and Marketing Board	\$25/day	10 MRSA \$985
18 19 20	(21)	Finance	Standardization Committee	\$25/day; Public Hem- ber	5 MRSA §1814
21 22 23	(22)	Finance	Maine Veterans' Small Business Loan Board	Expenses only	10 MRSA §1100-A
24 25 26 27	(23)	Housing	Advisory Board to the Maine State Housing Authority	Expenses only	30 MRSA \$4602
28 29 30 31	(24)	Housing	Passamaquoddy Indian Housing Authority - In- dian Township	Not Authorized	22 MRSA §4733
32 33 34 35	(25)	Housing	Passamaquoddy Indian Housing Authority - Pleasant Point		22 MRSA \$4733
36	(26)	Housing	Penobscot Trib-	Not Autho-	22 MRSA §4733

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1 2 3			al Reservation Housing Author- ity	rized
4 5 6 7 8	(27)	Human Ser- vices	Maine Aid to Families With Dependent Chil- dren Coordinat- ing Committee	Not Autho- 22 MRSA §3773 rized
9 10 11 12 13 14	(28)	Human Services	Advisory Council to Maine Aid to Families With Dependent Children Coordinating Committee	Not Autho- 22 MRSA §3774 rized
16 17 18	(29)	Human Ser- vices: Health Facilities	Certificate of Need Advisory Committee	\$25/day 22 MRSA \$307
19 20 21 22 23	(30)	Human Ser- vices	Maine Council on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Pre- vention and Treatment	Expenses 22 MRSA §7107 only
24 25	(31)	Human Ser- vices	Maine Dental Health Council	Expenses 22 MRSA \$2096 only
26 27 28	(32)	Human Ser- vices: Public Health		Expenses 22 MRSA \$1693 only
29 30 31	(33)	Human Ser- vices: Hospi- tals	•	
32 33 34	(34)	Human Ser- vices: Health Finance	,	Not Autho- 22 MRSA \$396-P rized
35 36 37	(35)	Human Ser- vices	Professional Advisory Com- mittee	Not Autho- 22 MRSA \$396-P rized

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1 2 3 4	(36)	Human Services: Public Health	•	Expenses 37-B MRSA §954 only
5 6	(37)	Judiciary	Judicial Coun- cil	Expenses 4 MRSA §451 only
7 8 9	(38)	Judiciary: Criminal law	Criminal Law Advisory Com- mission	Expenses 17-A MRSA §1351 only
10 11 12	(39)	Judiciary: Law	Probate Law Revision Commission	Expenses P&SL 1975, c.14, §1 only
13 14	(40)	Labor	State Advisory Council	\$25/day 26 MRSA \$1082
15 16 17	(41)	Labor	Displaced Homemakers Ad- visory Council	Not Autho- 26 MRSA §1604 rized
18 19 20	(42)	Local and County Gov- ernment	County Records Board	Not Autho- 30 MRSA §347 rized
21 22 23	(43)	Local and County Gov- ernment	Municipal Records Board	Not Autho- 30 MRSA \$2214 rized
24 25 26	(44)	Local and County Gov- ernment	Regional Council of Governments	Paid by 30 MRSA §1981 member governments
27 28 29	(45)	Marine Resources: Industry	Lobster Advis- ory Council	Expenses 12 MRSA §6462 only
30 31 32		dastry		(a) Total expenses for the council shall not exceed \$2,000 per year
33 34 35	(46)	Marine Re- sources	Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Com- mission	Expenses 12 MRSA §6251 only
36	(47)	Marine Re-	Maine Marine	Expenses Senate Paper 64, 1973

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1 2		sources	Resources Com- mission	only	
3 4 5 6 7	(48)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion		Not Authorized	34-B MRSA §1403
8 9 10 11	(49)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion		Expenses only	34-B MRSA \$1210
12 13 14	(50)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion		Not Authorized	34-B MRSA \$1209
15 16 17 18 19	(51)	Mental Health and Retarda- tion	_	Expenses only	34-B MRSA §1211
20 21 22	(52)	Natural Re- sources: For- ests	Forest Fire Advisory Council	Expenses only	12 MRSA §9621
23 24 25	(53)	Natural Resources: Forests		Expenses only	36 MRSA §584
26 27 28 29	(54)	Natural Resources: Protection and Promotion	Keep Maine Sce- nic Committee	Expenses only	12 MRSA §633
30 31 32	(55)	Natural Resources: Recreation	Maine Trails System Advisory Committee	Not Authorized	12 MRSA §602
33 34 35	(56)	Natural Re- sources: Recreation	White Water Ad- visory Commit- tee	\$25/da y	12 MRSA §7369-A
36 37	(57)	Natural Resources:	White Water Safety Commit-	\$25/day	12 MRSA §7367

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1		Recreation	tee		
2	(58)	Occupations: Auctioneers	Auctioneers Ad- visory Board	Expenses only	32 MRSA §271
4 5 6	(59)	Occupations: Ambulance Services	Emergency Medi- cal Services' Advisory Board	\$20/day	32 MRSA §88
7 8 9	(60)	Occupations: Computers	Computer Ser- vices Advisory Board	\$25/day	5 MRSA §1855
10 11 12 13	(61)	Occupations: Insurance	General Lines Agent Examina- tion Advisory Board	Expenses only	24-A MRSA §1525
14 15 16	(62)	Occupations: Insurance	Life Agent Ex- amination Ad- visory Board	Expenses only	24-A MRSA \$1525
17 18 19	(63)	Occupations: Real Estate	Continuing Education Committee	Not Authorized	32 MRSA §4115-B
20 21 22	(64)	Occupations: Medicine	Professional Malpractice Ad- visory Panel	Not Authorized	24 MRSA \$2802
23 24	(65)	State Govern- ment	Capitol Plan- ning Commission	Expenses only	5 MRSA \$298
25 26	(66)	State Govern- ment	State Compensation Commission	Expenses only	3 MRSA §2-A
27 28 29 30	(67)	State Govern- ment	State Govern- ment Internship Program Advis- ory Committee	Expenses only	5 MRSA §293
31 32 33	(68)	State Plan- ning	Maine Critical Areas Advisory Board	Expenses only	5 MRSA §3313
34 35	(69)	Transporta- tion: Motor	Maine Aeronau- tical Advisory	Not Autho- rized	6 MRSA §302

1		Vehicles	Board		
2 3 4	(70)	Transporta- tion: Ferry Service	Maine State Ferry Advisory Board	Not Authorized	23 MRSA §4301
5 6 7	(71)	Transporta- tion: Highway	Maine Highway Safety Commit- tee	Not Authorized	25 MRSA \$2902
8 9 10 11 12	(72)	Transporta- tion: Motor Vehicles	Advisory and Review Board on Driver Licens- ing and Vehicle Registration	Expenses only	29 MRSA §2246
13 14 15 16	(73)	Transporta- tion: Motor Vehicles	Medical Advis- ory Board (Li- censing of Drivers)	Not Authorized	29 MRSA §547
17 18 19 20	(74)	Transporta- tion: Public Transportation	Public Trans- portation Ad- visory Commit- tee	Not Autho- rized	23 MRSA §4209
21 22 23	(75)	Tourism	Travel Information Advisory	\$25/day	23 MRSA §1904
24 25 26	(76)	Tourism	Maine Vacation - Travel Com- mission	Expenses only	5 MRSA \$7005
27 28 29 30	(77)	Telecommuni- cations	Advisory Committee on State Telecommunications	Not Autho- rized	5 MRSA §350
31 32 33 34	(78)	Telecommuni- cations	Advisory Committee on Maine Public Broadcasting	Expenses only	20-A MRSA §801
35		Sec. 2. 20	-A MRSA §260 i:	s enacted to	read:
36	§26	O. Early e	elementary, k	indergarten	to grade 3,

school assistance program

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- 1. Program established. The commissioner shall establish a state early elementary, kindergarten to grade 3, school assistance program which shall include the following.
 - A. There shall be a statewide kindergarten screening and assessment program as part of the statewide assessment program.
 - B. The commissioner shall direct the research, development and distribution of an integrated, standardized kindergarten to grade 3 screening and assessment program to assist schools and teachers in assessing performance and progress in kindergarten to grade 3.
- 15 C. The commissioner shall require the research
 16 and development of kindergarten to grade 3 cur17 riculum guide for distribution to schools.
- 18 <u>2. Implementation. To implement this program,</u>
 19 the commissioner shall take the following action:
- A. Appoint departmental staff to implement the assistance program;
- 22 B. Enter into such contracts as may be necessary
 23 to carry out the development and implementation
 24 of the assistance program;
- 25 C. Adopt rules to implement the program; and
- D. Appoint the Advisory Committee on Early Elementary Education of not more than 8 persons
 qualified and experienced in early elementary education to advise and assist the department in
 designing and implementing the program.
- 31 Sec.3. 20-A MRSA §1001, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 32 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- 33 8. Operate kindergarten and grades 1 to 12.
 34 They shall either operate programs in kindergarten
 35 and grades 1 to 12 or otherwise provide for students
 36 to participate in those grades as authorized else-

- where in this Title. They shall determine which students shall attend each school, classify them and transfer them from school to school where more than one school is maintained at the same time.
- 5 Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §15509, first ¶, as enacted by 6 PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:
- Adjustments to the state-local allocation shall be made as allowed in subsections 1 to 8 9. A school administrative unit may not be eligible for the adjustments identified in subsections 2, 4, 5, 6 and 8 unless it has raised the maximum amount of its local allocation.
- 15 9. Kindergarten adjustment. Administrative which operate a kindergarten program for 5 16 year olds starting in the school year 1985-86 but did 17 18 not operate one in the 1984-85 school year, will have their operating costs adjusted by the commissioner in 19 20 the fiscal years ending on June 30, 1986, and June 21 30, 1987, to cover the allowable costs of operating a 22 kindergarten program in those years. This adjustment 23 may not extend beyond the fiscal year ending in June 30, 1987. The costs of operating the kindergarten 24 25 program for the base years ending on June 30, 1986, and June 30, 1987, may be reported for future subsidy 26 27 allocations.
- 28 Sec. 6. Effective date. This Part shall take 29 effect 90 days after adjournment of the Legislature.

30 FISCAL NOTE

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The cost of this program will be addressed in the Governor's budget bill.

33 STATEMENT OF FACT - PART A

This Part is intended to revise and improve the statutes relating to public and publicly-funded education in the State. It amends current statutes, reorganizes and clarifies some laws and repeals and replaces other sections to achieve a clear statement of

the duty of school units to provide public education which meets basic approval standards.

Section 1 on the commissioner's general duties is amended to make clear that his authority to take action to enforce this Title consistent with section 6801-A and other sections in Title 20-A.

Section 2 readopts an educational duty of the commissioner, first enacted in 1916, which was omitted in the recodification of Title 20.

Sections 3 and 4 clarify the commissioner's role to review and inspect schools by incorporating several references to this duty in one section. The change restores the commissioner's duty to inspect all schools which receive state aid, an omission in the recodification.

Section 5 is intended for consistency with other statutes and regulations requiring annual reports to the commissioner.

Section 6 shortens the time for a contract between a school administrative district and another school or school unit, to be more consistent with the contracting privileges for other school units and for more accountability. It also adopts, by reference, the correct components of a contract required for types of school units and it requires the comother missioner's approval for contracts with private Under current law, these contracts must be schools. filed annually with the commissioner, but the commissioner lacks explicit authority to determine that contracts are in compliance with the law. It replaces a provision omitted in recodification that all contracts be filed with the commissioner.

Section 7 requires the commissioner to review and approve contracts between school administrative units and private schools, to determine compliance with the statutory requirements for contracts. This is consistent with the procedure in special education. It also replaces the requirement in the Revised Statutes, Title 20, that all contracts be filed with the commissioner.

Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11 clarify, correct and improve the laws relating to private schools approved for receipt of public tuition. The bill requires all private tuition-approved secondary schools to send timely accreditation reports to the commissioner. These reports may now be kept confidential. The bill removes an inconsistency in the current law and makes clear that tuition-approved schools must comply with financial, audit and all other requirements which the commissioner has authority to adopt.

Section 12 deletes requirements that schools which enroll only non-Maine students meet basic school approval requirements. These schools may choose to meet requirements, but, because they do not operate for purposes of the state compulsory educational law, need to meet only health and safety requirements.

Sections 13 to 19 on school approval are repealed and replaced by section 13.

Section 20 enacts a new chapter designed to corporate recommendations of the Governor's Commission on the Status of Education for basic school proval. It reestablishes certain statutory requirements for secondary schools and sets out standards for more extensive standards to be adopted through formal rulemaking for both elementary and secondary The authority of the state board to adopt schools. school approval standards is clarified and broadened, to be exercised jointly with the commissioner. School approval standards would also incorporate the board rules on certification and the commissioner's rule on curriculum, both existing statutory authorizations.

This new chapter also readopts provisions which require the adoption of accreditation standards for secondary schools. It authorizes similar standards pertaining to elementary schools, but does not require such a program. This depends on resources available to the department. Both elementary and secondary schools may receive technical assistance from the department to improve educational programs.

The section on accreditation also allows the de-

partment to require schools to meet the actual expenditures of a visiting review team, an appropriate provision because the process is voluntary. These expenditures include room, board and travel expenses of nondepartmental personnel.

The section includes a simple, direct statement of the requirement that all school units raise and appropriate money to maintain or support schools to provide education at all grade levels, a requirement once in the law and inadvertently omitted in piece meal amendments.

Section 21 repeals a provision on the minimum school year, which is placed more logically under the school approval requirements in Title 20-A, chapter 206.

Section 22 amends the duty of superintendents to reflect current practice, to be consistent with other sections of current law and reinforce the importance of the school approval process. Superintendents must submit not only statistical information, but also the information necessary to determine whether the school unit is in compliance with school approval standards.

Section 23 adds the requirement that rules on audits be consistent with state, as well as federal, requirements.

Sections 24 and 25 amend a section on enforcement procedures which originally enacted in diverse sections piecemeal over many decades resulting in language which is internally inconsistent, confusing and It deletes references to action by the cumbersome. Governor which were originally enacted decades ago when the Governor and Council awarded appropriations for school aid. It adopts the most recent compliance statute, under which the commissioner would refer instances of noncompliance to the Attorney General for court action. It requires the commissioner generally give notice and an opportunity for a hearing before taking action to withhold subsidies, consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, but it requires the withholding of state subsidy where schools fail to make timely financial reports related to state subsidy.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART B

This Part requires an annual report to the Legislature on the status of education in the State.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART C

This Part accomplishes several important objectives. It creates by statute the minimum requirements for a high school diploma in the State. It also reorganizes and coordinates many different statutes addressing curriculum requirements and instructional programs now in the law with the intent of making the laws clear, concise and consistent. This Part attempts to meet the suggestions of the Governor's Commission on the Status of Education in Maine, while also correcting and clarifying all existing statutes relating to curriculum or instructional requirements.

Sections 1, 2 and 3. Under the list of school board duties in the Revised Statutes, in Title 20-A, section 1001, is the duty to provide instruction in health and hygiene. This reference to a single subject has an explanation in history, but is now confusing because it omits all the other curriculum requirements in other sections of the law. This section restates the school board's duty to direct the instructional program and references the state requirements now outlined in section 4.

Section 4. This repeals the existing chapter on curriculum.

Section 5. The recodification of Title 20 to Title 20-A replaced a mish-mash of old statutes on curriculum in Title 20-A, without regard for the legislative history, for omissions and for lack of ences in the law. This re-write of the curriculum chapter places in one place all the curriculum authority scattered or implied guirements and throughout Title 20-A. It also establishes the subjects for elementary school, an omission in our law which is in contrast to almost all other states. This section includes new statutory requirements for a high school diploma. It also clarifies confusing language on bilingual instruction, transfers the requirement for physiology and hygiene instruction from the section 1001 (on local school boards) and adopts appropriate references to programs in special education and gifted and talented, and alternative programs now authorized by law. It readopts language on the relative roles of the commissioner and local school boards with respect to curriculum. Finally, the chapter readopts statutory references to American history and government, Maine studies, health and hygiene and English language.

Section 6. This section deletes language which is inconsistent with the current requirement that public secondary schools provide vocational courses and the new requirements of this Part. With the requirement that secondary schools provide 2 years each of mathematics and science, the eligibility to transfer should be deleted. As proposed, a student may transfer only when a school does not offer 2 different 2-year courses in foreign languages and only under the procedural conditions specified.

Section 7. Driver education is now placed under the part of Title 20-A which addresses special purpose programs because driver education is a specialized program authorized by Title 29.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART D

While most public schools in Maine use standardized tests to measure student academic achievement, these tests do not provide an adequate assessment of student performance in the State as a whole.

The Voluntary Maine Assessment of Educational Progress, in effect since 1971, has been a useful tool in assessing the condition of academic achievement on a statewide basis, but is limited to representative samples of students and does not provide results for schools or individual students. Moreover, the assessment tests a subject area only once every 3 years.

This Part provides for a standard statewide educational assessment program in which all public and publicly-supported elementary and secondary schools will participate. Student academic performance and progress will be measured in reading, written and oral communications and mathematics at grades 4, 8 and 11 with supplemental assessment on a sampling bain science, social studies and the humanities in alternate years. The appropriation will fund development and administration of the foundation skills assessment tests and a sampling assessment of science or social studies. Specifically, each student grades 4, 8 and 11 will be given tests in reading, a writing and mathematics that will measure range of knowledge and skills in relation to defined instructional objectives. Reports will be prepared for each student, each school, each district and a state summary of the test results.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART E

This Part establishes for the first time a state program of incentive grants to promote innovations in classroom instruction, school management and other educationally related projects. Two classes of projects will be eligible for grants: Projects which are teacher initiated and classroom based; and projects which are school-based, including both single school and collaborative projects. The school-based projects will require a local match.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART F

This Part establishes the Blaine House Scholars Program which recognizes academic excellence, encourages individuals to enter the teaching profession and addresses the need for advanced aducational training. The program will provide a funding source for Maine citizens seeking post-secondary education according to the following allocation formula: 50% for eligible Maine high school graduates on the basis of academic achievement and financial need; 40% for eligible individuals for preservice preparation for teaching; and 10% for teachers pursuing an advanced degree or continued study in underserved subject areas.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART G

1. Presently, the State average per pupil operating rates which are the ceilings for state participation are reduced by \$72 per elementary pupil and

\$103 per secondary pupil for 1984-85. The new formula eliminates the deduction by using the actual state average.

2. Allocations for units spending below the state average in operating costs are calculated at the individual, lower expenditure level. To increase the per pupil expenditure, the local unit must raise upfront money for 2 years before state share money will follow. At the same time, the lower spending unit must raise the same local share to which all units are committed, represented by the subsidy index millage.

The new financing plan will allow all units the same rates per pupil for allocation in the formula. Below average units will have access to current year money for upgrading. To earn the additional amount, the unit would need to raise all of its local share; a reduction in local effort will result in a proportionate reduction of the state share.

3. The present ceiling for per pupil operating cost allocation is the state average amount. Those units that have per pupil costs beyond the state average receive no help with the higher costs.

The proposed formula contains a "quality incentive adjustment" which recognizes above average per pupil cost factors. The adjustment would be half subsidization of the excess cost above the foundation amount, up to a maximum of 20% above average.

4. The categorical programs - special education, vocational education and transportation - are funded now via a 2-year-old cost allocation. All new program and inflationary cost factors are absorbed solely by the local units.

In the proposed formula, the 2-year-old categorical program costs are updated to a one-year-old equivalent for allocation. The percentage used for updating is set by the Legislature and based on enrollment, actual cost and cost indices factors related to the pertinent years.

5. Local leeway in the present formula is an op-

tional, supplemental funding pattern designed for state aid help in funding new programs or inflationary effects. The state share percentage in local leeway has varied between 30% and 40%; for 1984-85, the percentage is 36.41%. Past reductions in state averages, changes to more accountable 2-year-old costs and inflation have resulted in a local leeway program that is far more necessary to fund local budgets and its original purpose. In 1983-84, over 90% of the local units had to use optional local leeway plus raise an additional \$30,000,000 completely on their own.

The proposed School Finance Act eliminates the local leeway provision. Leeway is absorbed in the total foundation program. The intent of local leeway will be extended to below average units by giving access to the same foundation amount and to above average units through the quality incentive adjustment.

6. The present calculation for subsidy requires the local share of costs to be a flat rate based on state valuation. A subsidy index, 8.57 mills for 1984-85, is applied for all units. The state share is the amount above that equal local effort.

Since all allocations for operating costs, categorical programs and debt service are considered in total, the local shares for each of these parts are often confused or ignored. The net result is misunderstanding by the citizens and officials of the state/local partnership in school funding. To further confuse, or misuse, the principles involved, the structure of the formula creates a mathematical dichotomy: A "kick-out" effect allows representation of 100% funding for some programs when the fact is that the State is funding 54% of the allocation.

The new formula restructures the same distribution factors. The total allocations are broken into 3 major components: Operating costs; program costs, the categoricals; and debt service costs. Each component part is plotted by state and local shares determined by the percentage calculated on a per pupil/valuation equalization base. This should result in a simpler set of concepts, more understanding of the funding process, less confusion about 50% or 100%

funding, more local responsibility to set program priorities on bases other than favorable influence in the formula, and more trust among officials and citizens.

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This Part increases the statewide percentage of state subsidy from 54% to 55%. This shall be implemented in fiscal year 1985-86.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART H

Under the provisions of this Part, the Director of Certification, Placement and Teacher Education will replace both the Director of Certification and Placement and the Director of Teacher Education and will direct the staffs formerly reporting to the 2 separate directors. This consolidates in one division the staff and activities related to the certification process and should be a more efficient administrative arrangement. The new director-level position will be at Range 29; the current Director of Certification and Placement is at Range 27; and the Director of Teacher Education, filled now on an acting basis only, is at Range 28. The latter position will be kept as a Range 26, Education Specialist III. No increase in funding will be necessary in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1985.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART I

Over 50% of the states currently require prospective teachers to take some form of qualifying examinations prior to certification. Since the new teacher certification laws establish the qualifications for teacher certificates after June 30, 1988, essential that sufficient lead time be allowed for the gathering of data and other necessary information regarding the use of teacher qualifying tests. the next 3 years, all applicants will be required to take the tests, but there will be no passing or failing of the test during this period. The data gathered over the next 3 years will be used by the State Board of Education and the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services to determine what the appropriate pass-fail point should be on the examination.

The cost to the State for conducting its valida-

tion study of the use of these tests is estimated to be \$64,000.

Teachers currently holding certificates in the State will not be required to take the qualifying examinations.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART J

This Part establishes a state-funded Teacher Recognition Grants Program to recognize the importance of teachers in our schools. The purpose of the program is to retain and attract intelligent people into teaching by providing \$2,000 recognition grants to full-time teachers. Recognition grants will be made each year in 2 payments of \$1,000 to teachers employed full time in public schools, private secondary schools whose enrollments are at least 2/3 publicly-funded pupils and schools operated by state agencies.

This Part requires the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services and the State Board of Education to study the effects of integrating the Teacher Recognition Grants Program with a career ladder.

This Part requires that state-funded teacher recognition grants are not to be considered during local collective bargaining and are not "earnable compensation" as defined for purposes of the Maine State Retirement System.

The minimum salary schedule is repealed and replaced by a minimum entry level salary of \$10,500.

STATEMENT OF FACT - PART K

This Part requires all local educational agencies to provide for kindergarten programs and establishes an Early Elementary (K-3) School Assistance Program.

33 Section 1 establishes the rate of compensation 34 for the Advisory Committee on Early Elementary Educa-35 tion.

36 Section 2 establishes the state early elementary 37 (K-3) school assistance program, including a kinder-

garten screening and assessment program, an integrated screening and assessment program for kindergarten to grade 3, and a comprehensive kindergarten to grade 3 curriculum guide. In addition, it establishes an Advisory Committee on Early Elementary Education to assist in the design and implementation of the program.

Section 3 mandates kindergarten programs in all school units.

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13 14 Sections 4 and 5 provide for the State to cover the initial costs of operating those kindergartens and, following fiscal year 1987, allow the costs of operating the kindergarten programs to be reported in the normal way.

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