MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	SECOND REGULA	R SESSION	
ONE	HUNDRED AND ELEV	'ENTH LEGISLATUR	RE
Legislative Doc	ument		No. 2416
H.P. 1823	Н	ouse of Representative	es, April 3, 1984
pursuant to Joint	or introduction by a maj Rule 27. the Committee on Taxa	_	
printed.		EDWIN	H. PERT, Clerl
Cosponsors:	aker Martin of Eagle La Representative Salsbury and Senator Perkins of	of Bar Harbor, Repi Hancock.	resentative Kane
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Whereas, this disparity in taxation treatment places the airline industry in Maine at a severe competitive disadvantage with other states; and

 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

- Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
- 12 Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§21, as amended by PL 13 1965, c. 361, is further amended to read:
- Use. "Use" includes the exercise in this State of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to its ownership when purchased by the user at retail sale, including the derivation of income, whether received in money or in the form of other benefits, by a lessor from the rental of tangible personal property located in this State; except for money or other benefits derived by a lessor from the rental of aircraft used as instrumentalities of interstate commerce, as defined in section 1760, sub-section 41.
- 25 Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §1760, sub-§41, as amended by PL 26 1981, c. 705, Pt. K, is further amended to read:
 - 41. Certain instrumentalities of interstate or foreign commerce. The sale or lease of a vehicle, railroad rolling stock, aircraft or replacement or repair parts thereof or watercraft which is placed in use by the purchaser as an instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce within 30 days after that sale and which is used by the purchaser not less than 80% of the time for the next 2 years as an instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce. The State Tax Assessor may for good cause extend for not more than 30 days the time for placing the instrumentality in use in interstate or foreign commerce. For purposes of this subsection, property is "placed in use as an instrumentality of interstate or foreign com-

merce" by its carrying of, or providing the motive power for the carrying of, a bona fide payload in in-2 3 terstate or foreign commerce, or by being dispatched to a specific location at which it will be loaded upon arrival with, or will be used as motive power 4 5 6 for the carrying of, a payload in interstate or foreign commerce. For purposes of this subsection, "bona fide payload" means a cargo of persons or property 7 8 transported by a contract or common carrier for com-9 pensation which exceeds the direct cost of carrying 10 that cargo or pursuant to a legal obligation to pro-11 12 vide service as a public utility or a cargo of prop-13 erty transported in the reasonable conduct of the purchaser's own nontransportation business in inter-14 15 state commerce

STATEMENT OF FACT

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is intended to resolve the existing This bill disparity in taxation treatment between leased purchased aircraft, and to encourage repairs and maintenance to be performed within Maine. Aircraft purchased for use in interstate commerce are exempt from sales and use tax. In recent years, economic conditions affecting Maine air carriers have required them to lease equipment rather than purchase it. nancing terms may be at unfavorably high interest rates, or the would-be buyer may be financially unable to make any down payment, with the result that acquisitions of capital equipment are increasingly being made through use of lease arrangements. This frequently results in the lessee-user becoming responsible for a use tax on property which would be exempt if purchased under terms substantially similar to those involved in a lease arrangement. previously has been assessed against the lessor, but the tax is ultimately passed along to the Maine user under standard aircraft lease terms which provide that the user must reimburse the lessor This Act provides that a taxpayer who would taxes. be exempt from sales tax on aircraft used in interstate commerce on certain classes of property if purchased and conventionally financed will also be exempt from tax where the property is acquired through the use of a lease instead.

Also, air carriers have been discouraged from having repairs and maintenance work performed in Maine, since work done elsewhere is exempt from tax on return to Maine in interstate service. This bill exempts such work if performed in Maine, in order to avoid the competitive disadvantage which Maine vendors of repair and maintenance goods and services now face.

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