## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

## CORRECTED COPY 4/3/84

| (Nev  | v Draft of                      | S.P. 623                                  | , L.D. 1     | .768)    |          |      |
|---|---------------------------------|---|--------------|----------|----------|------|
|   | ,                               | New Title<br>REGULAR S                    | ,            |          |          |      |
| ONE I   | HUNDRED AN                      | ID ELEVENT                                | H LEGISL     | ATURE    |          |      |
| Legislative Docu  | ment                            |   |              |          | No.      | 240  |
| S.P 890   |                                 |   | In           | Senate,  | April 2, | 198  |
| Reported by Measurement and<br>Original bill p<br>cosponsored by Re | printed under<br>presented by S | Joint Rule 2. enator Carper Locke of Sebe | nter of Aroc | ostook a | nd       |      |
|   |                                 | JOY J. C                                  | )'BRIEN, S   | ecretary | of the S | enat |
|   | STA                             | TE OF MAI                                 | NE           |          |          |      |
| NII   |                                 | YEAR OF O                                 |              | 'OUR     |          |      |
|   |                                 | o Amend thurement L                       |              |          |          |      |
| Be it enacted follows:  | d by the P                      | eople of                                  | the Stat     | e of N   | Maine    | as   |
| <b>Sec. 1.</b><br>by PL 1977, o                                     |                                 | §2361, as<br>, is repe                    |              | d and    | replac   | ced  |
| Sec. 2.   | 10 MRSA §                       | 2361-A is                                 | enacted      | l to re  | ad:      |      |
| §2361-A. Def  | finitions                       |   |              |          |          |      |
|   |                                 | bchapter,<br>the fol                      |              |          |          |      |

1. Agreement of the parties. "Agreement of the parties" means the mutual agreement of the parties or their representatives, and is distinguished from a unilateral condition of employment.

- 2. Butt diameter. Except as otherwise provided by the state sealer, "butt diameter" means the diameter of the severed stem butt, measured outside the bark, the short way through the center, disregarding crevices and cracks.
- 3. Butt measure. "Butt measure" means the lineal measure of the butt end of tree length wood, without conversion to volume by any means. As may be agreed upon by the parties, this measurement may be represented with or without regard to butt diameter classes.
- 16 4. Butt scale. "Butt scale" means the volume 17 measure of wood based solely on measurement of the 18 butt end of individual trees and converted to volume 19 by any means.
- 5. Green wood. "Green wood" means trees or parts of trees that have been freshly felled.
  - 6. Oven-dried wood. "Oven-dried wood" means wood that has been oven-dried to remove its moisture content according to standards as adopted by the American Society of Testing and Materials.
  - 7. Payment for services. "Payment for services" means payment made for services in or incidental to harvesting, hauling or chipping wood, and does not involve transfer of title to the wood.
  - 8. Properly prepared wood. "Properly prepared wood" means wood that was required to be harvested and yarded, and was prepared as directed, according to written cutting specifications.
    - 9. Sale of wood. "Sale of wood" means a transaction involving transfer of title to wood. Nothing in this subchapter supersedes or in any way modifies the measurement standards relating to fuel wood provided for in section 2302, subsection 1.

- 10. Standard cord. A "standard cord" means the cubic foot measurement of 4 foot long wood, ranked 1 2 3 and well stowed, and stacked 4 feet wide, 4 feet high and 8 feet long, or its equivalent, which stack mea-4 sure contains 128 cubic feet of wood, bark and air 5 space. A "standard cord" when used in connection with sawdust chips, bark or shavings means the volume 6 7 of material contained in 128 cubic feet at the time 8 9 of sale.
- 10 <u>11. Wood. "Wood" means the severed but unpro-</u>
  11 <u>cessed fibrous derivative of trees, without regard</u>
  12 <u>for quality or grade and also means the chipped</u>
  13 fibrous derivative of trees.
- 12. Wood transactions. "Wood transactions"

  15 means the "sale of wood" or "payment for services" as

  16 those terms are defined in this section.
- 17 Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §2362, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 537, §2, is repealed.
- 19 Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §2362-A is enacted to read:
- 20 §2362-A. Measurement of wood
- 1. Cubic measure and standard cord. In all wood transactions the volume of wood may be measured in cubic feet or by the standard cord as provided for by the state sealer.
- 25 2. Weight scale. Where agreed upon by the par-26 ties, weight measurement may be used in all wood 27 transactions, provided that:
- 28 A. The weight measurement shall not be converted to volume;
- 30 B. Where payment is made for services in harvesting wood, all weight measurements shall be 31 32 expressed on a green wood or green weight basis. 33 Except as otherwise provided by the state sealer, when the wood is not, or will not be, weighed 34 within 10 days of felling, the person performing 35 the services may, prior to hauling, require that 36 37 wood instead be measured by butt measure, or 38 another authorized method of measurement; and

- C. All sales of wood chips may be based on 2 oven-dried weight, except where payment is made 3 for harvesting wood. 4 3. Tree length wood. Butt measure shall be the 5 standard state method for the measurement of tree length wood. Where expressly agreed upon, the par-6 7 ties may use any other method of measurement autho-8 rized by this subchapter. 9 A. Butt scale measurements may be used as fol-10 lows. 11 (1) Where payment is made for services, the 12 use of butt scale measurements is prohibited 13 as of April 1, 1987. Until that date, the 14 use of butt scale measurements is permitted 15 for tree length wood under the following 16 conditions. 17 (a) The applicable butt scale table 18 shall be available upon request of any 19 interested party. 20 (b) The volume table to which the mea-21 surements are applied shall reasonably 22 represent the volume of trees being cut 23 on the operation. 24 (c) In any case where butt scale is permitted, the parties involved shall 25 26 provide upon request the state sealer 27 with a copy of the volume table for any 28 designated harvesting area within 29 10-days of the request.
- 30 <u>4. Log length stems. Log length stems shall be</u> 31 measured as follows.
- 32 A. The international 1/4 inch log rule shall be 33 the standard state rule for the measurement of 34 log length stems.
- B. Where agreed upon by the parties, cubic foot measurement, weight measurement, butt measure or another log rule may also be used to measure log length stems.

- Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §2363, as amended by PL 1977, c.
  694, §174, is repealed.
- 3 Sec. 6. 10 MRSA §2363-A is enacted to read:

- §2363-A. Accurate and verifiable measurements
- 1. Standards. It is the intent of this subchapter that any method of wood scaling or measurement used in the sale of wood shall provide an accurate and verifiable count of the volume, quantity, dimension or weight measured, according to the standards established by the state sealer, provided that those standards may be efficiently and conveniently applied in transactions in this State involving the sale of wood as defined in this subchapter.
- 2. Measurements. No person who scales or measures wood and no person who makes payment to another in the sale of wood may represent a weight, volume, quantity or dimension of wood which is less than the weight, volume, quantity or dimension of wood to be measured.
  - A. When payment is made for services in harvesting wood, all wood that is properly prepared shall be measured in full. Nothing in this subsection prevents making reasonable deductions based on quantity factors, such as for loose piling, short or undersized wood or for wood that was not designated to be harvested, hauled or chipped.
  - The written cutting specifications for properly prepared tree stems shall be made available to the person providing the service and shall be signed by both the person requiring the service and by the person providing the service or his authorized representative.
- B. When payment is made for services in hauling or trucking wood, all wood that was designated to be hauled and which was hauled, shall be measured in full.
- C. In the sale of wood, all wood that meets the specifications of the parties shall be measured according to the terms of the sales contract.

D. When payment is made for services, payment shall be expressed in the same unit of measure that was used in making the measurement. Nothing in this subsection may be interpreted to prohibit the use of the standard cord or butt measure.

- 3. Payment. When payment is made for services, the person providing the service shall promptly receive a copy of the tally sheet setting forth the total measure of the wood, identifying the person or persons providing the service, the location from which the wood was hauled and the date the measurements were made.
  - Sec. 7. 10 MRSA §2364-A is enacted to read:
- 14 §2364-A. Licensing of measuring and scaling operators

The state sealer has the authority to license all woodscalers and has the authority to issue rules and establish fees for licensing. Once a licensing program is instituted then the following provisions of this section shall be in effect.

Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in a separate account which shall not lapse and shall be used to cover the cost of administering this section.

- 1. Applications. Applications for licenses under this subchapter shall be made in writing on forms prescribed by the state sealer for each wood scaler. The application shall include the name of the applicant scaler, his qualifications and other pertinent information as the state sealer shall require.
- 2. License; denial; revocation; suspension. The state sealer may deny or revoke or suspend a license or take enforcement action against the licensee for a violation of this subchapter for any of the following reasons:
- 36 A. Any material misstatement in the application for a license;
- 38 B. Willful misrepresentation of the quantity of wood measured;

- 1 <u>C. Failure to maintain accurate weighing or mea-</u>
  2 suring devices; or
- 3 D. Willful failure to apply measurement stan-4 dards or procedures established by the state 5 sealer.
- 3. Violation. Any person who scales or measures
  wood without a proper license shall be in violation
  of this section.
- 9 Sec. 8. 10 MRSA §2365-A is enacted to read:
- 10 §2365-A. Disputed wood

11 In case a dispute arises as to whether wood was accurately scaled or measured, the person aggrieved 12 13 may file a complaint with the state sealer. Any com-14 plaint shall be initiated within 30 calendar days of the alleged grievance. The state sealer shall inves-15 tigate the complaint. As part of the investigation, 16 17 the state sealer or deputy state sealer may subpoena 18 such witnesses and documents as may be necessary to determine the matter, and may cause the disputed wood 19 to be impounded and check measured if it may be sepa-20 rately identified. In the event that an aggrieved party fails to file a complaint within 30 days of the 21 22 23 alleged grievance, the aggrieved party is barred from 24 seeking a remedy under section 2367.

- 25 Sec. 9. 10 MRSA §2366, as amended by PL 1979, c. 127, §62, is repealed.
- 27 Sec. 10. 10 MRSA §2366-A is enacted to read:
- 28 §2366-A. Rules
- The state sealer shall, in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, promulgate and adopt rules relating to:
- 32 <u>1. Weight scale. Procedures for determining the</u>
  33 weight of wood according to weight scale;
- 34 2. Butt measure; other measurement sys-35 tems. Procedures and standards for the lineal and 36 volumetric measurement of wood;

- 3. Measurement equipment standards and toler2 ances. Measurement equipment standards and toler3 ances;
  - 4. Complaints; investigations. Procedures for the filing and investigating of complaints and for the sampling, check scaling and check measurement of disputed wood;
- 8 5. Designation; units of measure. The designa-9 tion of appropriate units of measure which can be ef-10 ficiently and conveniently used in the sale of wood;
- 11 6. Dissemination; scaling and measurement tal-12 lies. The dissemination of the scaling and measure-13 ment tallies or slips as appropriate to prevent un-14 fair or deceptive representations of the quantity of 15 wood measured;
- 7. Measuring and scaling operators; licensing. Licensing of measuring and scaling operators; and
- 19 8. Other standards. Other standards and rules 20 necessary to the administration of this subchapter.
- 21 Sec. 11. 10 MRSA §§2367 and 2368 are enacted to 22 read:
- 23 §2367. Violations; penalties

4

5

6

7

24 25

26

27

- 1. Civil violations. Any violation of this subchapter or any rule promulgated pursuant to this subchapter shall be a civil violation punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000 for a first offense and \$2,000 for each subsequent offense. These fines may be recovered by the state sealer in a civil action.
- 2. Private action. Any person who violates this subchapter or any rule promulgated pursuant to this subchapter shall be liable in a civil action to any person aggrieved by the violation, pursuant to the remedies set forth in Title 26, section 626-A. The civil action for damages may be brought by either the aggrieved party or, at the request of the state sealer, by the Attorney General.

## 1 §2368. Transition provision

- 1. Promulgate and adopt rules. The state sealer, in a manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, shall
  promulgate and adopt rules pursuant to this subchapter within 90 days of its effective date. These
  rules shall become effective 30 days after filing
  with the Secretary of State.
- 9 2. Contract rights. Nothing in this section may
  10 be interpreted as cancelling or repealing any written
  11 contract rights existing prior to legislative passage
  12 of this section.
- 13 Sec. 12. 10 MRSA §2753, as enacted by PL 1973, 14 c. 91, §12 is amended to read:
- 15 §2753. Injunction
- The state sealer is authorized to apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating any provision of this chapter or any rule promulgated pursuant to this chapter.
- 21 Sec. 13. 30 MRSA §3662 is repealed.
- 22 Sec. 14. 30 MRSA §3662-A, as enacted by PL 1965, c. 321, is repealed.
- 24 Sec. 15. 30 MRSA §3663 is repealed.
- 25 STATEMENT OF FACT
- This new draft revises the wood measurement law in light of the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources experience in administering it since the 1977 revision. This new draft:
- 1. Establishes butt measure as the standard state method for measurement of tree length wood. As agreed upon by the parties, this measurement may be represented in either the number of stems in each butt diameter class by species; or alternatively, in the cumulative sum of the butt diameters by species,

expressed in inches, without regard to the butt diameter class;

3 4

5

6 7

8

27

28 29

30

- 2. When payment is made for services, this new draft prohibits the usage of butt scale measurements as of April 1, 1987. When payment is made for other than services, this new draft allows for the continued usage of butt scale measurements under specified conditions;
- 3. Where payment is made for services, this new draft requires that all properly prepared wood shall be measured in full, but it does not prohibit deductions that are taken because of merchantability or quality factors. Neither does it prohibit the taking of deductions relating to quantity when wood is not properly prepared, loose piled or short;
- 4. When weight measure is used, this new draft allows for the use of alternative measurement when wood is not properly weighed;
- 19 5. Establishes the international 1/4 inch log 20 rule as the state's standard for the measurement of log length stems;
- 22 6. When payment is made for services, this new 23 draft prohibits the conversion of measurements from 24 one system or unit to another;
- 7. Provides for the licensing of scaling or mea-surement operators;
  - 8. Provides for the investigation of disputes under the subchapter. The investigation may include impounding and check scaling, except when the measured wood has already been processed and therefore can no longer be identified;
- 9. Decriminalizes violations of the wood measurement law, and provides for a civil fine and damages in the case of violations; and

1 10. Repeals the miscellaneous wood measurement legislation that has been superseded by or incorporated into the wood measurement law codified in the Revised Statutes, Title 10, or the department's rulemaking authority under that law.