MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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| (New | Draft of H.P. 1275, L.D. | 1688) |
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| | SECOND REGULAR SESSION | |
| ONE H | UNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLA | ATURE |
| Legislative Docur | ment | No. 2327 |
| H.P. 1765 Reported by R and printed under | House of Representat Representative Murphy from the Commi Joint Rule 2. | |
| | EDW | IN H. PERT, Clerk |
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| | STATE OF MAINE | |
| NIN | IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FO | DUR |
| AN ACT | to Revise the School Financ | ce Act. |
| Be it enacted follows: | d by the People of the State | e of Maine as |
| | 20-A MRSA c. 605, as enacterand 8, is repealed. | ed by PL 1981, |
| Sec. 2. | 20-A MRSA c. 606 is enacted | d to read: |
| | CHAPTER 606 | |
| | SCHOOL FINANCE ACT OF 1985 | |
| §15601. Shor | ct title | |
| This cha Act of 1985." | apter may be cited as the "S | School Finance |
| §15602. Inte | | |

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- 1. Contributions from General Fund. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide at least 55% of the cost of the total allocation from General Fund revenue sources or a percentage no less than that provided in the year prior to the year of allocation, whichever is greater.
 - 2. Amount of actual operating and program costs. It is the intent of the Legislature that the actual operating and program costs, as annually established by the Legislature, shall be an amount sufficient to meet the level of the costs in the year prior to the year of allocation.
- 13 §15603. Definitions

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- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
- 2. Actual local operating costs. "Actual local operating costs" include all costs except the following:
- A. Program costs for special education costs in subsection 22, vocational education costs in subsection 30, transportation operating costs in subsection 29 and bus purchase costs in subsection 7;
- B. Debt service costs;
- 30 C. Community service costs;
- 31 D. Major capital costs; and
- 32 E. Expenditures from all federal revenue 33 sources, except for amounts received under United 34 States Public Law 81-874.
- 35 <u>3. Actual local operating costs ad-</u>
 36 justed. "Actual local operating costs adjusted"

- 1 means actual operating costs in subsection 2 adjusted 2 to meet the level of the costs in the year prior to 3 the year of allocation.
- 4 4. Actual local program costs. "Actual local program costs" include all costs for the following:
- A. Special education costs in subsection 22;
- 7 B. Vocational education costs in subsection 30;
- 8 <u>C. Transportation operating costs in subsection</u> 9 29;
- D. Bus purchase costs in subsection 7; and
- 11 E. Early childhood educational program costs in subsection 10.
- 5. Actual local program costs adjusted. "Actual local program costs adjusted" means actual program costs in subsection 4, adjusted to meet the level of the costs in the year prior to the year of allocation.
- 18 6. Base year. "Base year" means the 2nd year 19 prior to the year of allocation of funds.
- 20 7. Bus purchase costs. "Bus purchase costs" in-21 cludes:
- A. Expenditures for bus purchases approved by the commissioner and made during the year prior to the year of allocation.
- 25 <u>8. Debt service costs. "Debt service costs,"</u>
 26 for subsidy purposes, includes:
- A. Principal and interest costs for approved major capital projects in the year of allocation;
- 29 B. Lease costs for school buildings when the 30 leases have been approved by the commissioner for 31 the year prior to the year of allocation;

1 C. The portion of the tuition costs applicable
2 to the insured value factor computed under Title
3 20-A, section 5806, for the base year; and

- D. Funds allocated by the state board to administrative units to cover the costs of new school construction projects funded in the current fiscal year.
- 9. Debt service millage limit. "Debt service millage limit" means the equivalent of a mill rate which, if applied to the state valuation of an administrative unit, limits the local share of debt service required under section 15611, subsection 1, paragraph A.
- 14 10. Early childhood educational programs. "Early childhood educational programs" means the excess cost of approved plans implemented under chapter 203, subchapter II.
- 18 11. Elementary grades. "Elementary grades" includes a childhood educational program, as defined by section 5201, through grade 8.
 - 12. Foundation allocation. "Foundation allocation" means the total of actual local operating costs and actual local program costs adjusted to the equivalent of the year prior to the year of allocation.
- 25 13. Foundation per pupil operating 26 rate. "Foundation per pupil operating rate" means 27 the rate established by the Legislature in section 28 15607, subsection 1.
 - 14. Institutional resident. "Institutional resident" means a person between the ages of 5 years and 20 years who is attending a public school of the school administrative unit and who is committed or otherwise legally admitted to, and residing at, a state-operated institution. It does not include students attending private facilities, regardless of the means of placement.
 - 15. Local share of the foundation allocation. "Local share of the foundation allocation" means a school administrative unit's share of the foundation allocation.

- 1 16. Local share percentage. "Local share percentage" means the rate computed by dividing the local share of the operating cost allocation by the maximum operating cost allocation, expressed as a percentage under section 15609, subsection 1, paragraph A.
- 7 17. Major capital costs. "Major capital costs" 8 means costs relating to school construction projects, 9 as defined in section 15901.
- 10 18. Minor capital costs. "Minor capital costs"

 11 means costs relating to maintenance of plant and mi
 12 nor remodeling and site development not in conjunc
 13 tion with a construction project.
- 14 A. Minor capital costs shall not include con-15 struction of new buildings or the purchase of 16 land.
- B. Expenditures to repay funds borrowed for maintenance of plant and minor remodeling shall be considered minor capital costs in the year in which these funds are repaid.
- 21 19. Municipality. "Municipality" includes 22 cities, towns and organized plantations.
- 23 20. Program millage limit. "Program millage
 24 limit" means the equivalent of a mill rate which, if
 25 applied to the state valuation of an administrative
 26 unit, shall limit the local share of the program al27 location required under section 15609, subsection 1,
 28 paragraph B.
- 29 <u>21. Secondary grades. "Secondary grades" means</u> 30 <u>grades 9 to 12.</u>
- 31 <u>22. Special education costs. "Special education</u> 32 <u>costs" for subsidy purposes includes:</u>
- A. The salary and benefit costs of certified professionals, assistants and aides or persons contracted to perform a special education service;

B. The costs of tuition and board to other
schools for programs which have been approved by
the commissioner. Medical costs shall not be allowable as part of a tuition charge; and

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- C. The cost of programs for gifted and talented students which have been approved by the commissioner.
- 23. State-operated institution. "State-operated institution" means any residential facility or institution which is operated by the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation.
 - 24. State share of the foundation allocation. "State share of the foundation allocation" means the state's share of the foundation allocation.
 - 25. State share percentage. "State share percentage" means the rate computed by dividing the state share of the operating costs allocation by the maximum operating cost allocation, expressed as a percentage, under section 15609, subsection 1, paragraph A.
- 21 26. State subsidy. "State subsidy" means the
 22 total of the state share of the foundation alloca23 tion, the state share of the debt service allocation,
 24 if any, and the state share of the bus purchase allo25 cation, if any.
- 27. Subsidy indices. "Subsidy indices" means the equivalent of mill rates which, if applied to the state valuation of all municipalities, would raise not more than 45% of the total allocation and would establish the operating cost millage, the program millage limit and the debt service millage limit:
- These indices may not be levied, but shall be used for the purpose of computing allocations.
- 34 <u>28. Total allocation. "Total allocation" means</u> 35 <u>the total of the foundation allocation and the debt</u> 36 service allocation.
- 29. Transportation operating costs. "Transportation operating costs," for subsidy purposes, means

all costs incurred in the transportation of pupils in 1 2 kindergarten to grade 12, excluding the costs of 3 purchases. 30. Vocational education costs. "Vocational ed-4 5 ucation costs" for subsidy purposes means all costs 6 incurred by the vocational regions, centers or 7 satellites in providing approved secondary school vo-8 cational education programs, excluding transporta-9 tion, capital costs and debt service. 10 31. Year. "Year" means a fiscal year starting July 1st and ending June 30th of the succeeding year. 11 §15604. Notification of actual educational costs; 12 13 other information; mandatory reports; audit 14 adjustments 15 1. Notification; items. Prior to December 1st 16 of each year, the commissioner shall notify the Legislature and the Bureau of the Budget of actual edu-17 18 cation costs. This notification includes the follow-19 ing items: 20 A. Operating costs; 21 B. Special education costs for programs operated 22 by school administrative units; C. Special education tuition and board, exclud-23 24 ing medical costs, defined as follows: 25 (1) Tuition and board for pupils placed by 26 school administrative units; 27 (2) Tuition and board for pupils placed di-28 rectly by the State in accordance with rules 29 adopted or amended by the commissioner; 30 (3) Special education tuition and other tuition for institutional residents 31 state-operated institutions attending pro-32 33 grams in school administrative units in ac-34 cordance with rules adopted or amended by 35 the commissioner; and

section 6;

(4) Adjustments under section 15612, sub-

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- D. Vocational education costs;
- E. Transportation operating costs;
- 3 F. Bus purchase costs;
- 4 G. Debt service costs;
- 5 <u>H. Cost of reimbursement for private school ser-</u>
 6 vices;
- 7 <u>I. Cost of state expenditures for teachers' re-</u> 8 tirement benefits; and
- 9 J. Early childhood educational programs.
- 2. Additional information. The commissioner shall provide additional information requested by the Legislature.
- 3. Required reports; subsidy payments withheld. A school administrative unit shall provide the
 commissioner with information which the commissioner
 requests to carry out the purposes of this chapter,
 according to time schedules which the commissioner
 shall establish.
- The commissioner may withhold monthly subsidy payments
 from a school administrative unit when information is
 not filed in specified format and content and within
 specified time schedules.
- 23 <u>4. Audit adjustments. The commissioner may cor-</u>
 24 rect errors revealed by audit.
- 25 §15605. Commissioner's recommendation for funding 26 levels; computations; guidelines
- 1. Annual certification. Prior to December 15th of each year, the commissioner, with the approval of the state board, shall certify to the Governor and the Bureau of the Budget the funding levels which the commissioner recommends for sections 15604 and 15613.
- 32 <u>2. Funding level computations. The following</u>
 33 <u>are the funding level computations that support the</u>
 34 <u>commissioner's funding level recommendations.</u>

A. The foundation per pupil operating rate shall be the summary of actual local operating costs of all school administrative units of the base year adjusted to the year prior to the year of allocation divided by the average total resident pupils in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public expense in kindergarten to grade 12 on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year prior to the year of allocation.

- (1) The elementary foundation per pupil operating rate shall be the summary of actual local operating costs of all school administrative units of the base year adjusted to the year prior to the year of allocation divided by the average total resident pupils in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public expense in kindergarten to grade 8 on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year prior to the year of allocation.
- (2) The secondary foundation per pupil operating rate shall be the summary of actual local operating costs of all school administrative units of the base year adjusted to the year prior to the year of allocation divided by the average total resident pupils in sections 5104 and 6004 educated at public expense in grades 9 to 12 on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year prior to the year of allocation.
- B. The requested funding levels for operating costs under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph A, shall be the actual local operating costs for the base year adjusted to the equivalent of the year prior to the year of allocation.
- C. The requested funding levels for program costs under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph B; section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph C, subparagraph (1); section 15604, subsection 1, paragraphs D, E and J, shall be the actual local program costs for the base year adjusted to the equivalent of the year prior to the year of allocation; and under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph F, for the year prior to the year of allocation.

- 1 D. The requested funding levels for debt service 2 under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph G, shall be as follows: 3 4 (1) The known obligations and estimates of 5 anticipated principal and interest costs for 6 the year of allocation; 7 The expenditures for the insured value 8 factor for the base year; 9 The level of leases approved by the 10 commissioner for the year prior to the year 11 of allocation; and 12 (4) Funds allocated by the state board for 13 school construction projects funded in 14 the current fiscal year. 15 E. The requested funding levels for special edu-16 cation under section 15604, subsection 1, para-17 graph C, subparagraphs (2) and (3), shall be com-18 puted by estimating costs for the year of alloca-19 tion. 20 F. The requested funding levels for adjustments 21 under section 15612 shall be computed by estimat-22
 - ing costs for the year of allocation.

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- G. The requested funding levels for reimbusement for private school services under section 15604, subsection 1, paragraph H, shall be the actual costs for the base year.
- 3. Guidelines for actual local operating and program costs. The commissioner's recommendation for actual local operating and program costs adjusted shall reflect changes in pupil enrollment, economic factors, actual changes in educational costs and any other considerations which effect a change in the costs of education. The commissioner shall be conscious of the need for prudent restraint in educational financing.
- §15606. Governor's recommendation for funding levels

- The Bureau of the Budget shall annually certify to the Legislature the funding levels which the Governor recommends for sections 15604 and 15612.
- The Governor's recommendations shall be transmitted to the Legislature within the time schedules set forth by Title 5, section 1666.
- 7 §15607. Actions by the Legislature
- The Legislature shall annually, prior to April 1st, enact legislation which shall:
- 2. Subsidy indices. Establish an operating cost millage, a program millage limit and a debt service millage limit;
- 3. Appropriation for the state share of the foundation. Appropriate the necessary funds to meet the maximum state obligation for the state's share of the foundation allocation under section 15610;
- 21 4. Appropriation for state share of debt ser-22 vice. Appropriate the necessary funds for the 23 state's share of debt service under section 15611;
- 5. Appropriation for geographic isolation. Appropriate the required funds for adjustments due to geographic isolation under section 15612, subsection 2;
- 28 6. Appropriation for unusual enrollment in-29 crease. Appropriate the required funds for adjust-30 ments for unusual enrollment increases under section 31 15612, subsection 3;
- 7. Appropriation for small administrative units. Appropriate the necessary funds for adjustments to small school administrative units which qualify under section 15612, subsection 4;

8. Appropriation for quality programs. Appropriate the necessary funds for quality incentive adjustment for school administrative units which qualify under section 15612, subsection 1;

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- 9. Appropriation for special education pupils placed directly by the State. Appropriate the necessary funds for:
- A. Tuition and board for pupils placed directly by the State in accordance with rules adopted or amended by the commissioner; and
- B. Special educational tuition and other tuition for residents of state-operated institutions attending programs in school administrative units in accordance with rules adopted or amended by the commissioner;
- 16 10. Appropriation for audit adjust-17 ments. Appropriate the necessary funds for audit ad-18 justments; and
- 19 11. Appropriation for nonpublic school ser20 vices. Appropriate the necessary funds for reim21 bursement for nonpublic school services under section
 22 15613, subsection 4.
- 23 §15608. Computation of the maximum state-local allo-24 cation prior to adjustments
- The commissioner shall compute the maximum foundation allocation for each school administrative unit as follows.
- 28 <u>1. Operating cost allocation. The maximum oper-</u>
 29 ating cost allocation shall be the total of:
 - A. The product determined by multiplying the average number of resident pupils in kindergarten and grades one to 8 in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation, excluding special education tuition pupils, by the elementary foundation per pupil operating rate as established in section 15607; and

- B. The product determined by multiplying the average number of resident pupils in grades 9 to 12 in the unit on April 1st and October 1st of the calendar year immediately prior to the year of allocation, excluding special education tuition pupils, by the secondary foundation per pupil operating rate as established in section 15607.
- 8 2. Program costs allocation. The program costs
 9 allocation shall be the total of the following pro10 gram costs.
- 11 A. The special education portion of the program
 12 cost allocation shall be the special education
 13 costs in section 15603, subsection 22, as adjusted.
- B. The vocational education portion of the program costs allocation shall be the actual expenditures for vocational education programs in section 15603, subsection 30, as adjusted.
- C. The transportation operating portion of the program costs allocation shall be the actual expenditures for transportation operating costs for the unit as adjusted.

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- D. The bus purchases portion of the program costs allocation shall be the actual expenditures for bus purchases in section 15603, subsection 7.
- 26 §15609. Computation of maximum local share of the foundation allocation
- 28 1. Maximum local share of the foundation alloca-29 tion computation. The commissioner shall compute the 30 local share of the foundation allocation by adding 31 the following.
- 32 A. The local share of the allocation for operat-33 ing costs shall be the product of the operating cost millage established under section 15607 34 35 the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative units. The commissioner's computa-36 tion of the local share of the allocation for op-37 erating costs for each unit or member municipali-38 39 ty within a school administrative district or

community school district shall not exceed the
total operating allocation of each municipality.

- (1) The local share percentage shall be the proportion that the local share of the allocation for operating cost is to the maximum operating cost allocation. The state share percentage shall be the proportion that the state share of the allocation for operating cost is to the maximum operating cost allocation.
- B. The local share of the allocation for program costs shall be the actual local program costs in the base year adjusted and bus purchase costs in the year prior to the year of allocation multiplied by the local share percentage determined in paragraph A or the program millage limit established in section 15607 times the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative unit, whichever is less.
 - (1) The program millage limit shall be the mills derived by dividing 40% of the program costs adjusted as defined in section 15603, subsection 5, by the state valuation of all municipalities.
- §15610. Computation of state share of the foundation allocation
- 1. State share of the foundation allocation computation; limitation. The commissioner shall compute the state share of the foundation allocation for each unit as follows.
 - A. The state share of the allocation for operating costs shall be the difference between the local share of the allocation and the maximum operating cost allocation.
 - B. The state share of the allocation for program costs shall be the difference between the local share of the allocation and the total program cost allocation.

- 1 C. The state share of the foundation allocation 2 for each administrative unit shall be limited to the same proportion of the maximum allocation as 3 4 the local administrative unit raises of its maxi-5 mum local share of the foundation allocation. 6 D. The commissioner shall reduce the state share 7 of the foundation allocation to an administrative 8 unit in the current year or following year by an
- of the foundation allocation to an administrative unit in the current year or following year by an amount that represents the state share of expenditures for salaries and benefits paid to uncertified personnel.
- 12 §15611. Computation of local and state shares for debt service
- 14 <u>1. Local share. The commissioner shall compute</u> 15 the local share of allocation for debt service for 16 each unit as follows.

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- A. The local share of allocation for debt service shall be the product of the debt service allocation multiplied by the percentage local share determined in section 15609 or the debt service millage limit established in section 15607 times the state valuation of the municipalities in the administrative units, whichever is less.
 - (1) The debt service millage limit shall be the mills derived by dividing 45% of the debt service costs as defined in section 15603, subsection 8, by the state valuation of all municipalities.
- 29 2. State share. The state share of allocation 30 for debt service shall be the difference between the 31 local share of allocation for debt service and the 32 debt service costs in section 15603, subsection 8.
- 33 §15612. Adjustments to the state share of the foun-34 dation allocation
- Adjustments to the state share of the foundation allocation shall be made as allowed in subsections 1 to 4 for each school administrative unit that has raised the maximum amount of its local share of the foundation allocation for operating costs.

1 <u>1. Quality incentive adjustments; computation of</u>
2 <u>adjustment. The following provisions apply to incentives for quality programs.</u>

- A. A school administrative unit qualifies for a quality incentive adjustment if its per pupil operating costs in the base year exceed the foundation per pupil operating rate in the year of allocation by 20% or less.
- B. The adjustment shall be 1/2 of the difference between the unit's operating costs in the base year and the operating allocation in the year of allocation multiplied by the state share percentage as determined in section 15609.
- 2. Geographic isolation; determination; adjustment limitation. The following provisions apply to geographic isolation, determination and adjustment limitation.
 - A. The commissioner, with the approval of the State Board of Education, shall determine geographic isolation if a school administrative unit operates a school which is located an unreasonably long distance from another school facility in another unit or is situated in a location which has unique problems in transporting students to another school administrative unit.
 - B. If the school administrative unit is declared to be geographically isolated, the commissioner shall adjust the operating allocation to meet the educational needs of that unit.
 - C. The geographic isolation adjustment shall not exceed the amounts expended by the school administrative unit in the base year which were in excess of the operating allocation in the year of allocation.
 - 3. Unusual enrollment increase, computation of adjustment; local authorization. The following provisions apply to unusual enrollment increase, computation of adjustment, proration, local authorization and contingent accounts.

- A. A school administrative unit may qualify for an unusual enrollment adjustment when the increase in pupils between October 1st of the year of allocation of funds and October 1st of the year prior to the year of allocation of funds is 3% or more. The number of pupils in excess of a 3% increase shall be multiplied by the foundation per pupil operating rate as established in sec-tion 15603 to determine the allowable adjustment.
- 10 B. A school administrative unit may expend any
 11 funds received through this adjustment without
 12 calling for a special meeting of the local legis13 lative body.
- 4. Small administrative unit subsidy adjustments; legislative intent. A school administrative unit may qualify for one of the following small unit subsidy adjustments.

- A. If a school administrative unit is operating an elementary school with 25 pupils or less in kindergarten and grade one to grade 8 during the school year immediately prior to the year of allocation, it shall receive a minimum allocation for operating costs equal to 5/3 of the state average elementary teachers salary in the school year immediately prior to the year of allocation as determined by the commissioner.
- B. If a school administrative unit is not operating an elementary school or a secondary school and has 25 pupils or less in kindergarten and grade one to grade 8 during the school year immediately prior to the year of allocation, it shall receive a minimum allocation computed by multiplying the elementary or secondary pupil enrollment on October 1st in the year of allocation by the foundation per pupil operating rate or the actual cost of tuition payment in the year of allocation, whichever is less.
- C. The small unit subsidy adjustment shall guarantee a minimum subsidy payment for operating costs to those school administrative units which qualify and it shall be made only after the adjustments in subsections 1 to 3 have been made.

1 5. Pupils on federal land; adjustment; limita-2 tion. The following provisions apply to pupils on 3 federal land, adjustment and limitation.

- A. A school administrative unit which enrolls eligible pupils under the United States laws of September 30, 1950, chapter 1124, United States Code, Section 236, et seq., Public Law 81-874, shall count those pupils as resident pupils for purposes of this chapter.
- B. The state share of the foundation allocation to that school administrative unit shall be adjusted by subtracting the receipts under the United States laws of September 30, 1950, Chapter 1124, United States Code, Section 236, et seg., Public Law 81-874, in the same proportion that total local revenues under the state equalization program are to total local revenues for education in that unit.
- C. The amount subtracted under paragraph B may not exceed 90% of the school administrative unit's entitlement for the year prior to the year of allocation or the year of allocation, whichever is less. In adjusting the allocation, the amounts subtracted for pupils residing on land under control of the Federal Government or a federal agency, or on a federal military reservation shall not exceed 1/2 of the national average expenditure per pupil, as computed by the Federal Government, multiplied by the number of students in the school administrative unit.
- 6. Special educational adjustment; guidelines; limits; local authorization. The following provisions apply to special educational adjustment, guidelines, limits and location authorization.
 - A. If a school administrative unit petitions the commissioner and demonstrates that the unexpected costs of placement for educational purposes of a student in a special educational program will cause a budgetary hardship, the commissioner may adjust the unit's state share of state subsidy to include an amount not to exceed the educational cost of the placement under rules adopted or amended by the commissioner.

- B. The funds for the adjustment shall be limited to the amount appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
- C. School boards may expend the funds allocated without seeking approval from their legislative bodies.
- 7 7. Audit adjustments. The following provisions apply to audit adjustments.
- 9 A. If errors are revealed by audit and by the commissioner, the school administrative unit's foundation allocation shall be adjusted to include corrections.
- 13 §15613. Authorization and schedules of payment of 14 state subsidy; appeals; limitations
- 1. Schedules of payment of unit allocation. The commissioner shall authorize state subsidy payments to the school administrative units to be made in accordance with time schedules set forth in section 15005, sections 15901 to 15910 and Title 20, sections 3457 to 3460.
- 2. Notification of allocation; commissioner's duty; superintendent's duty. The following provisions apply to notification of allocation, commissioner's duty and superintendent's duty.
- A. The commissioner shall annually, prior to
 April 21st, notify each school board of the
 amount allocated to the school administrative
 unit.
- B. Each superintendent shall report to the municipal officers whenever the school administrative unit is notified of the allocation or a change is made in the allocation resulting from an adjustment.
- 3. Payments of state subsidy to unit's treasurer; basis. State subsidy payments shall be made directly to the treasurer of each school administrative unit. They shall be based on audited financial reports submitted by school administrative units.

1 4. Nonpublic school service reimbursements. The following provisions apply to nonpublic school service reimbursements.

- A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if students attend nonpublic schools that are not operated for profit in whole or in part, the commissioner shall reimburse 50% of the expenditures of the base year for providing services to these nonpublic school students as authorized by Title 30, section 5104, subsections 5 to 8. Municipal officers shall report these expenditures to the commissioner on forms provided by the commissioner.
 - B. The total amount reimbursed under this subsection shall not exceed the level of funds appropriated for this item under section 15607, subsection 12.
 - C. Municipal officers shall submit documentation demonstrating the amount of money appropriated for nonpublic school student services for the base year.
 - D. The commissioner may adopt or amend rules to assure that:
 - (1) All sums reimbursed were utilized and actually expended for programs authorized pursuant to Title 30, section 5104, subsections 5 to 8;
 - (2) No municipality receives reimbursement for a student who attends school at public expense; and
 - (3) All services provided to nonpublic school students that require professional personnel are provided by public employees.
- 5. Direct special educational payments. The commissioner may make tuition and board payments directly to private special educational boarding schools which receive state wards or other pupils placed directly by the State.

- 6. Education of institutional residents. The commissioner may pay tuition to school administrative units for institutional residents within the limits of the appropriation made under section 15607, subsection 12.
- 7. Appeals. A school board may appeal the com-6 putation of state subsidy for the school administra-7 tive unit to the state board in writing within 30 8 days of the date of notification of the computed amount. The state board shall review the appeal and 9 10 11 make an adjustment if, in its judgment, an adjustment is justified. The state board's decision shall be fi-12 nal as to facts supported by the record of the ap-13 14 peal.
- 15 8. School purpose expense require-16 ment. Notwithstanding any other public or private 17 statute, money allocated for school purposes shall be 18 expended only for school purposes.
- 9. Balance of allocations. Notwithstanding any other public or private statute, balances of allocations at the end of a school administrative unit's fiscal year shall be carried forward to meet the next year's school needs.
 - 10. Payment of previous year's state share of local leeway. For the 1985-86 fiscal year only, the commissioner may pay to eligible local administrative units the state share of local leeway for the period January 1984 to June 1984.
- 29 <u>11. Guarantee of state subsidy for 1985-86. For</u>
 30 <u>the 1985-86 year only, the commissioner may pay local</u>
 31 <u>educational units the 1984-85 state subsidy or the</u>
 32 <u>1985-86 state allocation, whichever is greater.</u>
- 33 §15614. Local appropriations

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- The following provisions shall apply to local appropriations for school purposes.
 - 1. Foundation allocation. The legislative body of each school administrative unit may vote to raise and appropriate an amount up to the local share of the foundation allocation.

A. An article in substantially the following form shall be used when a school administrative unit is considering the appropriation of the foundation allocation.

- (1) "Article : To see what sum the municipality/district will appropriate from the foundation allocation for school purposes (Recommend \$) and to see what sum the municipality/district will raise as the local share of the foundation allocation (Recommend \$)."
- 2. Debt service allocation. The legislative body of each school administrative unit may vote to raise and appropriate an amount up to the local share of the debt service allocation.
 - A. An article in substantially the following form shall be used when a school administrative unit is considering the appropriation for debt service allocation.
 - (1) "Article : To see what sum the municipality/district will raise as the local share of debt service (Recommend \$)."
- 3. Additional local appropriation. A school administrative unit may raise and expend funds for educational purposes in addition to the funds under subsections 1 and 2.
- 4. Actions in subsections 1 to 3 shall be taken by a recorded vote.
- 5. Exception. The provisions of subsections 1 to 3 shall not apply to a school administrative unit in which the local share of the foundation allocation is equal to or greater than its foundation allocation, but that unit shall report to the commissioner the amount of the appropriation for foundation allocation, debt service allocation and additional local appropriation.
- 6. Administrative costs for units with no pupils. If a school administrative unit is required to pay administrative costs and has no allocation of

- 1 state or local funds, that unit may raise and expend
 2 funds for administrative costs.
- 3 §15615. Municipal assessment paid to district
- 1. Presentation of assessment schedule. The assessment schedule based on the budget approved at a community school district or school administrative district budget meeting shall be presented to the treasurer of each municipality which is a member of the district.
- The assessment schedule shall include each member municipality's share of the district's local allocation, local share of debt service and additional local appropriations.
- 2. Municipal treasurer's payment schedule. The treasurer of the member municipality, after being presented with the assessment schedule, shall forward 1/12 of that member municipality's share to the treasurer of the district on or before the 20th day of each month of the fiscal year beginning in July.
- 20 §15616. Special school districts
- 21 l. School administrative unit. For the purposes 22 of section 15619 and Title 20, sections 3457 to 3460, 23 a special school district shall be deemed to be a 24 school administrative unit.
- 25 2. Debt service. Debt service on bonds or notes issued by a special school district shall be included 26 27 in the school budget of the school administrative unit which operates the schools constructed by that 28 district. The school board for the school administra-29 tive unit which operates the special district's 30 31 schools shall pay to the special school district all sums necessary to met the payments of principal and 32 33 interest on bonds or notes when due and to cover 34 maintenance or other costs for which the special 35 school district is responsible.
- 36 §15617. School budget; budget formats
- 37 <u>l. Content. A school administrative unit shall</u> 38 include in its school budget document:

- A. Its foundation allocation, its debt service allocation, if any, any additional expenditures authorized by statute; and
- B. A summary of anticipated revenues and estimated school expenditures for the fiscal year.
- 6 2. Budget deadlines. The following time limita-7 tions shall apply to adoption of a budget.
- A. At least 7 days before the initial meeting of the legislative body responsible for adopting a budget, a detailed budget document shall be available to that legislative body and to any person residing within the geographic area served by the school administrative unit.
- B. Notwithstanding a provision of statute or charter to the contrary, school administrative units may adopt an annual budget prior to June 30th, except that the school budgets for vocational regions shall be adopted on or before August 1st.
- 20 3. Budget format. The following provisions 21 shall apply to a budget format.

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- A. Except as provided in subsection 4, the budget format shall be that prescribed by a majority of the school board until an article prescribing the school budget format is approved by a majority of voters in an election in which the total vote is at least 20% of the number of votes cast in the municipality in the last gubernatorial election, or 200, whichever is less.
- 30 B. The format of the school budget may be deter-31 mined in accordance with section 1306.
- 32 C. It is the intent of the Legislature that a
 33 school board shall attempt to obtain public par4 ticipation in the development of the school bud5 get.
- 4. Budget format; town or city charter. In a municipality where the responsibility for final adoption of the school budget is vested by municipal

charter in a council, the school budget format may be 1 changed through amendment of the charter under the home rule procedures of Title 30, sections 1911 to 2 3 1920, except that the amendment shall be approved by 4 a majority of voters in an election in which the total vote is at least 20% of the number of votes cast 5 6 7 in the municipality in the last gubernatorial elec-8 tion. 5. Budget format; town meeting. When the final budget authority is vested in a town meeting operat-9 10 11 ing under the general enabling procedures of Title 30, the format of the school budget may be determined 12 by the town meeting or under the procedures of Title 13 30, section 2053 or 2061. 14 15 6. Budget format; community school dis-The following provisions shall apply to the 16 budget format of a community school district. 17 18 A. An article containing the district's proposed 19 budget format shall be placed on the next warrant 20 issued or ballot printed if: 21 (1) A majority of the district school committee votes to place it on the warrant or 22 23 ballot; or 24 (2) A written petition of at least 10% of 25 the number of voters voting in the last gubernatorial election in each municipality within the community school district request 26 27 28 it to be on the warrant or ballot. 29 B. The article containing the budget format may 30 be voted on by secret ballot at an election con-31 ducted in accordance with Title 30, sections 2061 32 to 2065. 33 C. The district school committee shall: 34 (1) Issue a warrant specifying that the mu-

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and

nicipal officers of the municipalities with-

in the community school district place the

budget format article on the secret ballot;

- 1 (2) Prepare and furnish the required number
 2 of ballots for carrying out the election,
 3 including absentee ballots.
 4 7. Budget format: articles. The articles pre-
 - 7. Budget format; articles. The articles prescribed in this chapter shall be included in the budget format and voted on in the adoption of the budget in order to determine state and local cost sharing.
- 8 8. Change in budget format. Any change in the budget format shall be voted on at least 90 days prior to the budget year for which that change is to be effective.
- 12 §15618. Actions on budget

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- The following provisions shall apply to approving a budget.
 - 1. Checklist required. Prior to the articles dealing with school appropriations being voted on, the moderator of a regular or special school budget meeting shall require the clerk or secretary to make a checklist of the registered voters present. The number of voters listed on the checklist shall be conclusive evidence of the number present at the meeting.
 - 2. Reconsideration. Notwithstanding another statute to the contrary, in school administrative units where the school budget is finally approved by the voters, a special budget meeting to reconsider action taken on the budget may only be called as follows.
 - A. It shall be held within 30 days of the regular budget meeting.
 - B. In a school administrative district or community school district, it shall be called by the school board, or as follows.
 - (1) At least 10% of the number of voters voting in the last gubernatorial election in member municipalities of the school administrative unit, or 100 voters, whichever is less, shall present a signed petition within

budget meeting to be held within 15 days of 6 7 the date the petition was received. C. In a municipality, the meeting shall 8 be called by the municipal officers: 9 10 (1) Within 15 days after receipt of a request from the school board, if the request 11 is received within 15 days of the budget 12 meeting and it specifies the article or 13 14 ticles to be reconsidered; or 15 (2) Within 15 days after receipt of a peti-16 tion presented in accordance with Title 30, section 2065, if the petition is received 17 18 within 15 days of the budget meeting and it 19 specifies the article or articles to be 20 considered. 3. Invalidation of action of a special reconsid-21 22 eration budget meeting. If a special budget meeting 23 is called to reconsider action taken at a regular budget meeting, the actions of the meeting shall be 24 invalid if the number of voters at the special budget 25 26 meeting is less than the number of voters present at 27 the regular budget meeting. 4. Line item transfers. Meetings requested by a school board for the purpose of transferring funds 28 29 30 from one category or line item to another shall be 31 posted for voter or council action within 15 days of 32 the date of the request. 33 §15619. Bonds; notes; other 34 All bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued for school purposes by a school adminis-35 trative unit, as defined in section 15603, for major 36 capital expenses, bus purchases or for current oper-37 ating expenses, including tax or other revenue antic-38 39 ipation notes, shall be general obligations of the 40 unit.

15 days of the regular budget meeting to the

school board, specifying the article or ar-

(2) On receiving the petition, the school

board shall call the special reconsideration

ticles to be reconsidered.

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- 1. Tax assessments. The municipal officers or school board shall require the sums which may be necessary to meet in full the principal of and interest on these bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness payable in each year to be assessed and collected in the manner provided by law for the assessment and collection of taxes.
- 2. Reduction. The sums to be assessed and collected shall be reduced by the amount of an allocation of funds appropriated by the Legislature to pay the principal and interest owed by the unit in a given year as certified to the school administrative unit by the commissioner. The commissioner shall certify the amount due to the unit within 30 days of its appropriation by the Legislature.
- 3. Collection. After assessment and reduction, the remaining sum shall be payable from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limit as to rate or amount upon all the taxable property within the unit.

20 STATEMENT OF FACT

21 This new draft revises the School Finance Act.