

1 2	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 2251
7 8	H.P. 1697 House of Representatives, March 15, 1984
9	Submitted by the Department of Corrections pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed.
10	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative McGowan of Pittsfield. Cosponsors: Representative Mayo of Thomaston, Representative Allen of Washington and Senator Hayes of Penobscot.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR
17 18 19	AN ACT to Amend the Restitution Provisions of the Victims' Bill of Rights.
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
22 23	Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §1323, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 352, §3, is amended to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1. Inquiry as to victim's financial loss. The court shall, whenever practicable, inquire of a prosecutor, police officer or vietim victims with respect to the extent of the victim's financial loss, and shall order restitution where appropriate. The order for restitution shall designate the amount of restitution to be paid and the person or persons to whom the restitution will be paid.
32 33 34	Sec. 2. 17-A MRSA §1330, sub-§§1 and 2, as en- acted by PL 1983, c. 352, §4, are repealed and the following enacted in their place:

1 1. Work program; payment of restitution. No prisoner who has been ordered to pay restitution may 2 3 be released pursuant to a work program administered 4 by the Department of Corrections under Title 34-A, 5 section 3035, or a sheriff under Title 30, section 6 1804, unless he consents to pay at least 25% of his 7 gross weekly wages to the victim until such time as 8 full restitution has been made. The chief administrative officer of the correctional facility where 9 10 the prisoner is incarcerated shall collect and disburse to the victim or victims that portion of 11 the prisoner's wages agreed to as payment of restitution. 12 13 If the victim or victims ordered by the court to receive restitution have died or cannot be located, the 14 correctional facility shall inform the court that or-15 16 dered restitution for the court's order for final 17 distribution of the funds.

18 2. Payment of restitution from other sources. 19 Any prisoner, other than one addressed by subsection 20 1, who is able to generate income, from whatever 21 source, shall pay 25% of that income to any victim if the court has ordered that restitution be paid. The 22 23 correctional facility in which the prisoner is incarcerated shall collect and disburse to the victim or victims that portion of the prisoner's income ordered 24 25 26 as restitution. The correctional facilities are to 27 inform the court if the victims to whom restitution should be paid cannot be located and for the court to 28 29 make a determination to the distribution of these 30 funds.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

32 Currently the Revised Statutes, Title 17-A, sec-33 tion 1330, subsection 1, requires a correctional fa-34 cility to determine whether or not an inmate should 35 pay restitution. Since the staff of the correctional 36 facility where a prisoner is incarcerated did not participate in the prosecution of the prisoner, it 37 38 has no ability to determine the extent of a victim's 39 financial loss. Such determination should be made by 40 the court at the time of sentencing. Section 1 of 41 this bill places that responsibility on the court.

1 Section 2 is consistent with current law in that 2 requires consent to restitution as a prerequisite it for release on any work program. Rather than requir-3 4 ing the correctional facility to ask the court to de-5 termine what percentage of gross wages is to be paid restitution, this bill mandates the payment of at 6 as 7 least 25% of gross wages; this is consistent with the 8 Revised Statutes, section 1330, subsection 2 of the current provision which requires incarcerated prison-9 10 ers to pay 25% of any income to a victim. Finally, section 2 of this bill requires correctional 11 facili-12 ties to inform the court if the victim to whom resti-13 tution should be paid cannot be located and for the 14 court to order where these funds are to go.

15 Current law requires any prisoner who generates 16 income to pay 25% of that income to a victim; unfor-17 tunately, current law provides no mechanism for en-18 forcing that payment. Section 2 of this bill places 19 the responsibility for disbursing 25% of a prisoner's 20 income to the victim.

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