MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	SECOND REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 1934
7 8	H.P. 1473 House of Representatives, January 12, 1984 Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 24.
10	Referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, ordered printed and sent up for concurrence. EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk Presented by Representative Hall of Sangerville. Cosponsors: Senator Kany of Kennebec, Representative Bost of Orono and Representative Cooper of Windham.
12 13	STATE OF MAINE
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FOUR
17 18 19	AN ACT to Amend the Provisions to Control Hazardous Air Pollutants.
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
22 23	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §582, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
24 25 26 27 28 29	1-A. Acceptable ambient level. "Acceptable ambient level" means, with respect to any hazardous air pollutant, that concentration which provides an acceptable level of risk. It is not an ambient air quality standard but an interim guideline value to be used as a licensing criteria.
30 31	<pre>Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §590, as amended by PL 1979, c. 381, §§ 12, 13 and 14, is further amended to read:</pre>
32	§590. Licensing

After ambient air quality standards and emission standards have been established within a region, the The board may by regulation provide that no person shall may operate or maintain therein any air contamination source or emit any air contaminants therein without an emission license from the board.

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Application for such licenses shall be made such form and contain such information relating to the proposed air contamination source and emission of air contaminants as the board may by regulation pre-All hearings under this section shall be held in some municipality within the region where the proposed emission is to be located. At such hearing, the board shall solicit and receive testimony concerning the nature of the proposed emissions; their effect on existing ambient air quality standards within the region; the availability and effectiveness of air pollution control apparatus designed to maintain the emission for which license is sought at the tevels required by law, and the expense of purchasing and installing such apparatus. If after hearing the board shall find that the proposed emission will receiving the best practicable treatment, will not violate applicable emission standards, or can be controlled so as not to violate the same, and that such proposed emission, either alone or in conjunction With existing emissions, will not violate or can be controlled so as not to violate applicable ambient air quality standards, it shall grant the license, imposing such appropriate and reasonable conditions thereon as may, in the board's judgment, be necessary to secure compliance with such standards:

- 1. Application. Application for the licenses shall be made in such form and contain such information relating to the proposed air contamination source and emission of air contaminants as the board may by regulation prescribe. All hearings under this section shall be held in some municipality within the region where the proposed emission is to be located. At the hearing, the board shall solicit and receive testimony concerning:
 - A. The nature of the proposed emissions;
 - B. Their effect on existing ambient air quality standards within the region;

1 C. The availability and effectiveness of the air 2 pollution control apparatus designed to maintain 3 the emission for which license is sought at the 4 levels required by law; and

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- D. The expense of purchasing and installing the apparatus.
- 7 Granting of license. The board shall grant the license, imposing such appropriate and reasonable 8 9 conditions on the license as may, in the board's judgment, be necessary to secure compliance with 10 standards if, after hearing, the board finds the fol-11 12 lowing:
- 13 A. The proposed emission will be receiving the 14 best practicable treatment;
- 15 B. The proposed emission will not violate appli-16 cable emission standards or can be controlled so as not to violate the emission standards;
 - C. The proposed emission, either alone or in conjunction with existing emission, will not violate and can be controlled so as not to violate applicable ambient air quality standards; and
 - The proposed emission of any hazardous air pollutant will not exceed the acceptable ambient level.
 - The board shall have the power to deny an air emission license for a new or modified major emitting source if it determines that emissions from the will source cause adverse impact on an quality-related value, including visibility for federally mandated Class I areas notwithstanding the fact that the source will not cause or contribute to air pollution concentrations which exceed the ambient increments for a Class I area.
 - Sec. 3. 38 MRSA § 591, first ¶, as amended by PL 1971, c. 618, §12, is further amended to read:
 - No person shall may discharge air contaminants into ambient air within a region in such manner as to violate ambient air quality standards established by

the board pursuant to section 584, or emission standards so established pursuant to section 585 or standards or regulations adopted pursuant to section 585-B.

STATEMENT OF FACT

In response to Public Law 1983, chapter 535 "AN ACT to Control Hazardous Air Pollutants," this bill specifies certain changes to Title 38 statutes necessary to implement a program to control hazardous air pollutants. Section 1 adds the definition of "acceptable ambient level" which is the fundamental basis under which hazardous air pollutants will be controlled. Section 2 assures consistency with provisions of section 585-B. Section 2 also adds to the criteria of licensing the consideration of hazardous air pollutants, when applicable and reformats the paragraph for easier reading. Section 3 adds the prohibition of emission of hazardous air pollutants as required under section 585-B.

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