MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1	(EMERGENCY)			
2 3 4	(After Deadline) FIRST REGULAR SESSION			
5 6	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE			
7 8	Legislative Document No. 1378			
9	H.P. 1055 House of Representatives, March 30, 1983			
10	Reference to the Committee on Transportation is suggested. Ordered			
11	printed and sent up for concurrence. Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pur-			
12	suant to Joint Rule 27. EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk			
	Presented by Representative Carroll of Limerick.			
13	Cosponsors: Senator Wood of York, Senator Danton of York and Representative Higgins of Portland.			
14	STATE OF MAINE			
15	· ————————————————————————————————————			
16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD			
17 18	NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	AN ACT Making Unified Appropriations and Allocations for the Expenditures of State Government (Highway Fund) and Changing Certain Provisions of the Law Necessary to the Proper Operations of State Government for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 1984, and June 30, 1985.			
26 27 28	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legis- lature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and			
29 30 31	Whereas, the 90-day period may not terminate until after the beginning of the next fiscal year; and			
32 33 34	Whereas, certain obligations and expenses inci- dent to the operation of state departments and insti- tutions will become due and payable immediately; and			

1 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of 2 3 the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preser-4 5 vation of the public peace, health and safety; now, 6 therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine 8 follows:

9 PART A

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- Sec. 1. Appropriations or allocations. In order to provide for necessary expenditures of State Government and other purposes for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1984, and June 30, 1985, the following sums as designated in the following tabulations are appropriated or allocated out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated or allocated.
- Sec. 2. Allotments required. Upon receipt of allotments duly approved by the Governor based upon work programs submitted to the State Budget Officer, the State Controller shall authorize expenditures of these funds, together with expenditures for other purposes necessary to the conduct of State Government on the basis of these allotments and not otherwise. Allotments for Personal Services, Capital Expenditures and amounts for All Other departmental expenses shall not exceed the amounts shown in the budget document or as they may be revised by the Joint Standing Committee on Transportation, unless recommended by the State Budget Officer and approved by the Governor in accordance with established law.
- Sec. 3. Personal Services funding. The amounts provided for Personal Services in the Highway Fund are subject to the provision that the total number of permanent positions in any account shall not exceed, during either year of the biennium, the numbers shown in parentheses which are used by the Legislature in computing the total dollars to be made available for Personal Services. In the other funds, the numbers in parentheses are estimates of full-time equivalents.

Savings accrued within appropriations or allocations made for Personal Services may be used for payment of nonrecurring Personal Services costs, such as those relating to: Unbudgeted overtime; acting capacity appointment; retroactive compensation for reclassifications or reallocations; retroactive or one-time settlements related to arbitrator or court decisions; and required additional retirement contributions, when recommended by the department or agency head and approved by the State Budget Officer.

The amounts appropriated or allocated for Personal Services include funds for the state's share of state employees' retirement. The State Controller shall transfer the state's share to the Maine State Retirement System as soon as practicable after each payroll is paid.

Sec. 4. Workers' compensation positions. Limited period positions may be established for former regular employees of the State who are presently receiving workers' compensation payments from the State when such action will enable these employees to return to productive employment with the State. These positions may be established, providing funds are available, only until such time as these employees can be returned to regular positions.

Notwithstanding any other restriction on funds appropriated or allocated, the State Budget Officer may, if he determines that funds are available, either approve the use of these funds or recommend appropriate action to the Governor when his approval is required.

Available funds may include amounts appropriated or allocated for Personal Services, including funds in any salary account or special account for state employee salary increases, All Other, Capital Expenditures.

Sec. 5. Personal Services policy and review. The Bureau of the Budget, during this biennium, shall continually review with all departments the status of their manpower levels and staffing patterns for the purpose of determining whether funds and positions are being utilized and managed in the most economical

and efficient manner to accomplish the intent of the Legislature. Permanent positions for which funds are appropriated or allocated shall be classified positions, unless specifically designated otherwise by the Legislature. It shall be the responsibility of the Commissioner of Personnel and the State Budget Officer to ensure that classified and unclassified positions are assigned to a proper pay grade within authorized funds.

Sec. 6. Personal Services flexibility. Any classification or reclassification of a position and any allocation or reallocation of a position within the compensation plan made by the Commissioner of Personnel pursuant to the Personnel Law and Rules shall become effective on the first day of the fiscal year following approval by the State Budget Officer appropriation or allocation of funds therefor, the except that the State Budget Officer may, if he determines that sufficient funds exist, authorize an effective date prior to the first day of the ensuing fiscal year. Copies of all actions and certifications shall be furnished to the Legislative Finance Officer.

Sec. 7. Merit rating required. It is declared to be the policy of the State that in those instances where annual merit increases are earned and warranted as evidenced by the performance appraisals, they shall be awarded. In those instances where these increases are not earned and warranted, they shall be denied.

In furtherance of this policy, the Commissioner of Personnel, utilizing a form or forms prescribed by the commissioner, is directed to require annual merit ratings on all employees, regardless of whether or not the employee is eligible or recommended for a merit increase. The form or forms prescribed by the commissioner, in addition to a performance appraisal section, shall include a section wherein each probationary employee's supervisor shall indicate the extent to which the employee has been oriented to the duties and responsibilities of his position. In every instance where an employee is not awarded a merit increase, a record of the reasons therefor and the actions recommended by the employee's supervisor to

correct deficiencies, if any, shall be recorded in the performance appraisal.

 The Commissioner of Personnel is also directed to develop and install a training program for supervisory personnel, including appropriate guides and manuals, which shall ensure that all evaluators charged with the responsibility of doing employee merit ratings shall do so fairly and equitably, one employee to the next and one organizational unit to another.

The Commissioner of Personnel shall supply to the State Personnel Board all data necessary to monitor evaluate the performance appraisal system, including data regarding the percentage and distribution of merit increases. The board, pursuant to powers under the Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 592, shall review the operation of the performance evaluation system and make such recommendations and render such advise to the Commissioner of Personnel as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

The Commissioner of Personnel shall forward to the Joint Standing Committee on State Government the findings and recommendations of the State Personnel Board, annually, prior to the start of the legislative session.

- Sec. 8. Number of necessary employees. The Governor and the State Budget Officer when next preparing budget proposals for the Legislature may at their discretion adjust the figures in parentheses, representing numbers of positions, to reflect the number of positions which in their opinion are necessary to the proper operation of each department, institution or agency.
- Sec. 9. New or expanded programs. No department may establish new programs or expand existing programs beyond the scope of those programs already established, recognized and approved by the Legislature, until the program and the method of financing are submitted to the Bureau of the Budget for evaluation and recommendation to the Legislature and until funds are made available therefor by the Legislature.

Sec. 10. Federally-funded programs. It is the intent of the Legislature that in the event federal funds are not available as anticipated for programs in this Act, there is no obligation to provide state funds in excess of those listed in this Act. Positions entirely or partially funded by federal or other than state sources of funds shall be considered as limited period positions.

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- Sec. 11. Travel limitations. It is the intent of the Legislature that out-of-state travel be Any state employee who travels out of state on state business, such as law enforcement, collecting, ding, industrial development or loans, may continue Legislature directs that to do so. The department hold down cost of all travel where it is not heads absolutely needed. Any state employee who travels state shall not be reimbursed for noon meals, unless the meal is part of an organized meeting or program or overnight travel.
- be reviewed. The Commis-Sec. 12. Equipment to sioner of Finance and Administration, through the State Purchasing Agent or such other agent as he may choose, shall conduct a thorough review of all equipment owned, leased or otherwise available to the several departments and agencies of the regardless of the source of supporting funds, combintheir use, providing centralized facilities or eliminating existing equipment and facilities, as believes to be in the most economical, most efficient and best interests of the State. The Commissioner of Finance and Administration may develop and institute such review and control mechanisms as are necessary to ensure that capital equipment purchases authorized by the Legislature are consistent with the intent for which funds were recommended and made available.
- Sec. 13. Motor vehicle replacement policy. The State Purchasing Agent is directed to require that requisitions for replacement motor vehicles include the age and total mileage of the motor vehicle being replaced. For the purposes of this section, motor vehicles are defined as passenger cars, panel and pickup trucks, excluding those vehicles authorized and assigned for pursuit purposes. Under no circum-

are any state vehicles to be used primarily stances for commuting purposes. It is the intent of Legislature that motor vehicles shall have been in service for at least 5 years or 75,000 miles before they are replaced. This policy shall also be adopted by the State Budget Officer when next preparing budget document. Exceptions to the established replacement policy shall require the prior approval the Commissioner of Finance and Administration. The 10 Commissioner of Finance and Administration may also appropriate standards with regard to motor vehicle type, size and equipment and direct that 13 motor vehicles be purchased in accordance with an 14 established commodity calendar.

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- Significant action recommended by the Sec. 14. State Budget Officer. The Bureau of the Budget shall inform the Joint Standing Committee on Transportation, through the Legislative Finance Office, of significant action recommended by the bureau in the performance of the budget responsibilities assigned.
- Sec. 15. State Cost Allocation Program. The State Cost Allocation Program shall annually identify the kind and cost of central services furnished agency from General Fund appropriations. state The non-General Fund portion of each agency shall for determined by the assessed these services as State Cost Allocation Program procedures to the extent these payments are not expressly prohibited by law or by the terms of a gift or state orfederal donation made to the State from private sources. These payments shall be credited to the General Fund as undedicated revenue. The State Budget Officer may adjust this assessment to any individual account.
- Governor, Sec. 16. Unified state budget. The when submitting the budget to the Legislature, submit the budget document and the General Fund and Highway Fund bills in a manner that will identify the gross amount of resources for each program. The gross unified budget bills and budget document shall encompass resources from all funds, including, but limited to: General Fund, Highway Fund, Federal Fund, Block Grant Fund and other special revenue Federal funds. Separate gross unified budget bills submitted for the General Fund and the Highway Fund.

Sec. 17. Line category amounts of General Fund and Highway Fund. The amounts included in the unified state budget by line category are the amounts included immediately under the appropriations' section and allocations' section of the individual pages in the budget document for the General Fund and the Highway Fund. These amounts, as adjusted by the Legislature, will be used when preparing work programs by fund for each fiscal year of the biennium.

- Sec. 18. Multiple accounts certification. If any amounts identified to a fund in the source of funds section are to be distributed to more than one account within that fund, the department or agency head responsible for those funds shall certify to the State Budget Officer the amounts included in each account by line category and, additionally, shall certify that the sum of the accounts by fund, by line category, equals the approved totals of the program within the Act.
- Sec. 19. Year-end closing. The State Controller may close the books as soon as practicable after the close of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1984, and June 30, 1985. Any bills presented after those dates may be paid from appropriations and allocations for the ensuing year on recommendation of the State Controller if within the amounts of approved allotments.
- Sec. 20. Appropriation and allocation balances at year end. At the end of each fiscal year, all unencumbered allocation balances representing state moneys, except those that carry forward as provided by law, shall lapse to surplus as provided by the Revised Statutes, Title 23, section 1652. At the end of each fiscal year, all encumbered balances shall not be carried more than once, except in those accounts which carry forward from year to year by law.
- Sec. 21. Allocation of funds. Other Special Revenue Funds, Other Highway Funds, Miscellaneous Funds and General Funds appearing in this Act are only included for the purpose of showing the total available to an account and shall not be considered allocated in this Act.

1 2 3 4 5	Sec. 22. Other as sures. It is intended ceding sections of the apply to All Other appropriate enacted by the	ed that the lan is Act, except propriation and	guage in the pre- section 21, shall
6		1983-84	1984-85
7 8	BUSINESS REGULATION, DEPARTMENT OF		
9 10 11 12 13 14	Claims Board Personal Ser- vices All Other Total Appro- priation - Allocation	\$ 74,457 25,950	\$ 75,099 28,875
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	The allocation for Personal Services reflects a new rate for per diem established by this Act.		
23 24 25	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund	(2) 100,407	(2) 103,974
26 27 28	BUSINESS REGULATION, DEPARTMENT OF TOTAL	\$100,407	\$103,974
29 30 31	FINANCE AND ADMINIS- TRATION, DEPARTMENT OF		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	State Police Head- quarters Building Maintenance Personal Ser- vices All Other Total Appro- priation -	\$ 69,803 55,150	\$ 70,860 60,890

1	Allocation		124,953	131,750
2 3 4 5 6 7	SOURCE: General Fund Positions Highway Fund Total by Source		31,238 (5) 93,715 124,953	 32,938 (5) 98,812 131,750
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Transportation Building Mainte- nance Personal Ser- vices All Other Total Appro- priation - Allocation		243,279 202,632 445,911	 247,642 222,905 470,547
17 18 19	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund		(15) 445,911	(15) 470,547
20 21 22 23	FINANCE AND ADMINIS- TRATION, DEPARTMENT OF TOTAL	\$	570,864	\$ 602,297
24 25 26	PUBLIC SAFETY, DEPARTMENT OF Motor Vehicle			
27 28 29 30 31	Inspection Personal Ser- vices All Other Capital	\$	185,342 140,579	\$ 186,240 69,315
32 33 34 35	Expenditures Total Appropriation Priation Allocation		30,000 355,921	 10,000 265,555
36 37 38	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund		(7) 355,921	(7) 265,555

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Safety Program Personal Services All Other Capital Expenditures Total Appropriation Allocation	205,323 528,445 955 734,723	208,113 544,577
10 11 12	SOURCE: General Fund Federal	229,950	231,987
13 14	Expenditure Fund	281,063	280,073
15	Positions	(10)	(10)
16	Highway Fund	164,920	177,815
17	Other High-		- · · , ·
18	way Fund	58,790	62,815
19 20	Total by Source	734,723	752,690
21 22 23	Motor Carrier Safety Personal Ser-		
24	vices	370,010	376,178
25	All Other	69,186	72,038
26	Capital	·	•
27	Expenditures	14,600	3,800
28	Total Appro-		
29	priation -		.=
30	Allocation	453,796	452,016
31 32 33 34	SOURCE: Positions Other High-	(20)	(20)
35	way Fund	453,796	452,016
33	rund	455,750	432,010
36 37 38	State Police Personal Ser- vices	11,615,414	11,726,793
39	All Other	3,766,029	3,910,763
40	Capital	2,,00,000	2,222,700
41	Expenditures	809,570	297,930
42 43	Total Appro- priation -	·	

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1	Allocation	16,191,013	15,935,486
2 3	SOURCE: Positions	(414)	(414)
4 5 6	General Fund Federal Expenditure	4,263,067	4,186,562
7	Fund	73,000	73,000
8 9 10	Positions Other Spe- cial Revenue	(4)	(4)
11	Fund	90,721	94,421
12 13	Highway Fund Other High-	11,072,733	10,858,196
14	way Fund	691,492	723,307
15 16	Total by Source	16,191,013	15,935,486
10	source	10,191,013	15,955,466
17	Provides High-		
18	way Fund share		
19	of 5 new posi-		
20	tions and		
21	reclassifications		
22	which amount to		
23	\$110,560 in		
24	fiscal year		
25	1984 and		
26	\$92,750 in		
27	fiscal year		
28	1985. These		
29	positions shall		
30	not be estab-		
31	lished and		
32	funds shall not		
33	be expended		
34	unless matched		
35	by the appro-		
36	priate General		
37	Fund share.		
38	Trip Permit Con-		
39	trol		
40	Personal Ser-		
41	vices	185,532	185,861
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1 2	All Other Capital	29,173	29,656
3	Expenditures	22,200	25,700
4 5 6	Total Appro- priation - Allocation	236,905	241,217
7 8 9	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund	(6) 236,905	(6) 241,217
10 11 12	PUBLIC SAFETY, DEPARTMENT OF TOTAL	\$ 17,972,358	\$ 17,646,964
13 14 15	MAINE STATE RETIRE- MENT SYSTEM, BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE		
16 17 18 19	Retirement System - Retirement Allowance Fund All Other	\$ 88,544,847	\$ 90,293,664
20 21 22 23 24 25	SOURCE: General Fund Highway Fund Miscellaneous Funds Total by	993,534 451,313 87,100,000	992,351 451,313 88,850,000
26	Source	88,544,847	90,293,664
27 28 29 30	MAINE STATE RETIRE- MENT SYSTEM, BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE TOTAL	\$ 88,544,847	\$ 90,293,664
31	1982	2 <u>-83</u> 1983-8	1984-85
32 33 34	SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPART- MENT OF		
35 36 37 38		,867 \$5,079,51 ,838 2,519,41	

1 2 3 4 5	Capital Expenditures Total Appro- priation- Allocation	58,705	128,465 7,727,393	138,760 7,845,736
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	SOURCE: Federal Expenditure Fund Positions Highway Fund Other High- way Fund Total by Source	58,705 —————58,705	9,427 (302) 6,014,966 1,703,000 7,727,393	9,621 (302) 6,133,115 1,703,000 7,845,736
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Fuel Use Decal Program Personal Services All Other Total Appropriation Allocation		113,967 101,316 215,283	117,445 101,515 218,960
24 25 26	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund		(8) 215,283	(8) 218,960
27 28 29 30	SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPART- MENT OF TOTAL	\$58,705	\$7,942,676	\$8,064,696
31 32	TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF			
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Administration and Planning Personal Services All Other Capital Expenditures		\$4,135,254 2,426,860 120,000	\$4,209,560 2,416,393 120,000

1 2 3 4	Total Appro- priation - Allocation	6,682,114	6,745,953
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	SOURCE: Federal Expenditure Fund Positions Highway Fund Other High- way Fund Total by Source	1,452,000 (230) 5,200,114 30,000 6,682,114	1,463,205 (230) 5,252,748 30,000 6,745,953
15 16 17	Bond Interest - Highway All Other	6,305,847	6,153,480
18 19	SOURCE: Highway Fund	6,305,847	6,153,480
20 21 22	Bond Retire- ment - Highway All Other	7,460,000	7,025,000
23 24	SOURCE: Highway Fund	7,460,000	7,025,000
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Highway and Bridge Improvement Personal Services All Other Capital Expenditures Total Appropriation Allocation	14,958,531 2,060,000 54,581,469 71,600,000	14,958,531 2,060,000 56,581,469 73,600,000
36 37 38 39 40	SOURCE: Federal Expenditure Fund Positions	65,915,000 (594)	65,915,000 (594)

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1	Highway Fund	4,000,000	6,000,000
2	Other High- way Fund	1,685,000	1,685,000
4 5	Total by Source	71,600,000	73,600,000
6 7 8	Highway Maintenance Personal		
9 10 11	Services All Other Capital	21,600,000 22,893,000	21,701,598 22,691,000
12 13	Expenditures Total Appro-	5,150,000	5,150,402
14 15	priation - Allocation	49,643,000	49,543,000
16 17 18	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund	(100) 49,468,000	(100) 49,368,000
19 20	Other High- way Fund	175,000	175,000
21 22	Total by Source	\$49,643,000	\$49,543,000
23 24 25	Bridge Mainte- nance Personal		
26 27	Services All Other	3,465,500 1,773,500	3,465,500 1,773,500
28 29 30	Capital Expenditures Total Appro-	261,000	261,000
31 32	priation - Allocation	5,500,000	5,500,000
33 34 35	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund	(16) 5,500,000	(16) 5,500,000
36 37	Traffic Ser- vices		
38 39 40	Personal Services All Other	989,200 1,893,800	1,009,700 1,873,300
41 42	Capital Expenditures	17,000	17,000

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1 2 3	Total Appro- priation - Allocation		2,900,000	2,900,000
4 5 6	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund		(18) 2,900,000	(18) 2,900,000
7 8 9 10	Island Town Refunds - Highway All Other		20,000	20,000
11 12	SOURCE: Highway Fund		20,000	20,000
13 14 15	Radio Opera- tions - High- way			
16 17 18 19	Personal Services All Other Capital		111,161 58,839	115,731 57,269
20 21	Expenditures Total Appro-		80,000	47,000
22 23	priation - Allocation		250,000	220,000
24 25 26	SOURCE: Positions Highway Fund		(6) 250,000	(6) 220,000
27		<u>1982-83</u>	1983-84	1984-85
28 29 30	State Aid Highway Con- struction			
31 32 33 34	Capital Expenditures Total Appropriation	3,600,000	4,700,000	2,000,000
35 36	- Alloca- tion	3,600,000	4,700,000	2,000,000
37 38 39	SOURCE: Positions Highway		(35)	(35)
40	Fund	3,600,000	2,700,000	

1 2 3 4 5	Other Highway Fund Total by Source	3,600,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
6 7 8 9	Highway-Local Road Assis- tance Program All Other		11,600,000	11,600,000
10 11 12	SOURCE: Highway Fund		11,600,000	11,600,000
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Highway-Collector Road Program Personal Services All Other Capital Expenditures	or	980,000 1,780,000 240,000	1,920,000 3,720,000 360,000
20 21 22 23	Total Appropriatio - Alloca- tion	on	3,000,000	6,000,000
24 25 26	SOURCE: Highway Fund		3,000,000	6,000,000
27 28 29	TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF TOTAL	\$3,658,705	\$169,660,961	\$171,307,433
30	GRAND TOTAL	\$3,658,705	\$284,792,113	\$288,019,028
31 32 33 34 35	SOURCE: Highway Fund Other Highway	3,658,705	117,556,035	119,058,732
36 37	Fund General		6,797,078	6,831,138
38	Fund		5,517,789	5,443,838

1 2	Federal Expenditure
3	Fund 67,730,490 67,740,899
4	Other Spe-
5	cial Reve-
6	nue Fund 90,721 94,421
7	Miscellaneous
8	Funds 87,100,000 88,850,000
9	Total by
10	Source \$3,658,705 \$284,792,113 \$288,019,028
11	Sec. 23. Committee to study the equity of the
12	minimum provisions of the Local Road Assistance Pro-
13	gram. There is established a committee to study and,
14	if appropriate, to recommend proposed legislation
15	dealing with the issue of equity as it relates to the
16	minimum reimbursement provisions of the Local Road
17	Assistance Program as defined in Title 23, section
18	1803, subsection 2. The committee shall be composed
19	of the Commissioner of Transportation as chairman,
20 21	one Legislator appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one Legislator appointed by the
22	President of the Senate and 3 members to be appointed
23	
24	by the Commissioner of Transportation acting upon recommendations of the Maine Municipal Association.
25	The committee shall report its findings and any
26	recommendations for proposed legislation to the Joint
27	Standing Committee on Transportation prior to Febru-
28	ary 1, 1984.
29	Sec. 24. 23 MRSA §152, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL
30	1975, c. 771, §236, is further amended to read:
31	The Governor shall set the rate of pay on a per
32	diem basis, not to exceed \$100, which each member of
33 34	the State Claims Board shall receive and they shall be remunerated for all expenses necessarily incurred
35	in the performance of their official duties.
33	in the performance of their official duties.
36	PART_B

culture" means engaging in farming in all its branches and the cultivation and tillage of the soil

Sec. 1. 29 MRSA §1, sub-§3-F is enacted to read:

Farming and agriculture. "Farming and agri-

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- as a livelihood to include dairying; the raising of 1 livestock, fresh water fish, fur-bearing animals, or poultry; the production, cultivation, growing and 2 3 harvesting of any fruit produce, floricultural or 4 horticultural commodities or any practices on 5 6 as an incident to or in conjunction with these 7 farming operations. For the purposes of this section, farming and agriculture shall not include forestry or 8 9 the growing of timber or operating a farm for recrea-10 tional activity.
- 11 Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §1, sub-§5-C is enacted to read:
- 12 <u>5-C. Motor home. "Motor home" means a motor vehi-</u>
 13 <u>cle</u> that:
- A. Is originally designed, reconstructed or permanently altered to provide facilities for human habitation; or
- B. Has a camper permanently attached to it.

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- 18 Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §1, sub-§14 is amended to read:
 - 14. Special mobile equipment. "Special mobile equipment" shall mean every self-propelled vehicle not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property and ineidentally but which are operated or moved over the highways, including road construction or maintenance machinery, ditch-digging apparatus, stone crushers, air compressors, power shovels, cranes, graders, rollers, trucks used only as snowplows and for carrying sand for ballast only, well drillers and wood-sawing equipment used for hire. This enumeration shall be deemed partial and shall not operate to exclude other such vehicles which are within the general terms of this section.
- This equipment shall be divided into Class A equipment that makes frequent movement over the general
 highways and Class B equipment whose operation or
 movement over the general highways is restricted. Of
 this equipment, self-propelled well drillers and air
 compressors shall be considered as Class A. All other
 equipment shall be considered as Class B.
- - Sec. 4. 29 MRSA §244, 5th ¶ is amended to read:

Only one trailer or semitrailer shall be drawn by a motor vehicle; except that combinations of truck tractor, semitrailer and full trailer may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411; provided that driveaway, towaway operations, as defined by the Public Utilities Commission, may include a combination of saddlemount vehicles not to exceed 3 units in contact with surface of the highway.

- Sec. 5. 29 MRSA §244, as amended by PL 1981, c. 492, Pt. E, §§3 to 7, is further amended by adding after the 5th paragraph a new paragraph to read:
- A semitrailer converted to a trailer by use of a converter dolly shall remain a semitrailer for all other purposes in this Title and such a combination shall be considered as one vehicle while so connected.
- Sec. 6. 29 MRSA §244, 6th ¶, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1979, c. 97, is further amended to read:
 - 2. Combination tractor-trailer; exceptions. A combination of truck tractor and full trailer or truck tractor and semitrailer shall not exceed 60 feet in length, including all structural parts thereof, permanent or temporary, providing that the trailer or semitrailer shall not exceed 45 feet in length, except that:
 - B. That the The load on such vehicle combinations utilized exclusively for the transportation of tree length logs may extend beyond 60 feet by 8 1/2 feet, provided that not more than 25% of the length of such logs shall extend beyond the body of such vehicle combination;
 - C. A combination of truck tractor and full trailer or truck tractor semitrailer may be operated on the Interstate Highway System and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated pursuant to the United States Surface

Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, with an overall length in excess of 60 feet, provided that the trailer or semitrailer shall not exceed 48 feet in length; or

- D. A combination of truck tractor, semitrailer and full trailer may be operated on the interstate highway system and those qualifying federal aid primary system highways designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, pursuant to the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, Section 411, with an overall length in excess of 60 feet, provided that no semitrailer or trailer operating in such vehicle combination shall exceed 28.5 feet in length.
- 17 Sec. 7. 29 MRSA §244, 6th ¶, sub-§4 is enacted 18 to read:
 - 4. Rules. The Commissioner of Transportation shall promulgate rules, not inconsistent with the provisions of the United States Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982, Public Law 97-424, to ensure reasonable access to vehicles, as set forth in subsection 2, paragraphs C and D, between the Interstate Highway System and any other qualifying federal aid primary system highways, as designated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation, and terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs and rest and points of loading and unloading for household goods carriers.
- 31 Sec. 8. 29 MRSA §246, 4th ¶, as amended by PL 32 1973, c. 614, §2, is further amended to read:

The term "agricultural commodities" shall include logs, lumber and pulpwood cut on a farm or farms owned by the registrant. Farm motor trucks registered under this section may receive a short-term permit in accordance with this section by paying a percentage of the difference between the amount paid for farm motor truck registration and the annual fee for the desired tonnage in accordance with the permit table contained in this section.

Sec. 9. 29 MRSA §246, 5th ¶ is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

1 2

The Secretary of State shall issue registration plates so designed that a farm motor truck registered under this section may be distinguished from commercial vehicles otherwise registered under this section. Farm motor trucks shall be driven with that registration only if the vehicle is used primarily for the transportation of agricultural products produced on and meant to be used in connection with the operating of a farm or farms owned, operated or occupied by the registrant and shall not be used for the transportation of firewood, unless that transportation is incidental to other farm operations. Trucks used for the retail delivery of milk or used on a substantially daily delivery schedule on established routes are not included as "farm trucks." Any person fraudulently obtaining a farm truck license or using a truck with a license plate marked for any purposes other than those authorized by this section shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500.

Sec. 10. 29 MRSA §246, as amended by PL 1981, c. 492, Pt. A, §5, is further amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read:

After September 30, 1984, no registration certificate may be issued for any heavy vehicle subject to the use tax imposed by the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, Section 4481, until the applicant has presented proof of payment, in such form as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the United States Treasury, of the use tax imposed by the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, Section 4481.

- Sec. 11. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 237, §4, is amended to read:
 - A. No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be operated, or caused to be operated, on or over any way or bridge when the gross weight, actual weight of vehicle and load, exceeds 80,000 pounds. No vehicles having 2 axles shall be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 34,000 pounds; no vehicle or

combination of vehicles having 3 axles shall be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 54,000 pounds; no vehicle or combination of vehicles having 4 axles shall be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 69,000 pounds; no vehicle or combination of vehicles having 5 or more axles shall be so operated, or caused to be operated, when the gross weight exceeds 80,000 pounds. Vehicles may be operated, or caused to be operated on the Interstate Highway System, as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, with a maximum gross weight permitted by this subsection, provided such gross weights do not exceed the following formula:

W=overall gross weight on any group of 2 or more consecutive axles to the nearest 500 pounds

L=overall distance in feet between the extreme of any group of 2 or more consecutive axles

N=number of axles in group under consideration

and in no case shall such gross weight limits exceed 80,000 pounds.

- Sec. 12. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§1, ¶E is enacted to read:
 - E. Notwithstanding paragraphs A and B, a combination vehicle consisting of a 3-axle truck tractor operating in combination with a tri-axle semitrailer may be operated, or caused to be operated, with a maximum gross weight of 90,000 pounds; provided that:
 - (1) The maximum gross weight permitted by this paragraph shall be reduced by 2,000 pounds for each foot the distance is less than 32 feet between the extreme axles, excluding the steering axle, measured to the nearest foot;

(2) Nothing contained in this paragraph shall permit a gross weight on the Interstate Highway System, as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, in excess of those limits established for that system in this section;

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- (3) A general permit authorizing that operation has been obtained. The annual fee for the permit shall be \$105. The permit may be obtained upon payment of the required fee, from any branch office of the Secretary of State, Division of Motor Vehicles, or from any agent of the Secretary of State who has been appointed for that specific purpose. These agents appointed by the Secretary of State may charge any applicant for a permit \$1 over the required permit fee and may retain that dollar for performing this function; and
- (4) The vehicle is already fully registered for 80,000 pounds.
- 22 Sec. 13. 29 MRSA §1652, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1979, c. 174, is further amended to read:
 - B. No vehicle shall be operated, or caused to be operated, with a gross weight exceeding 22,000 pounds on a single axle unit, 38,000 pounds on a tandem axle unit or 48,000 pounds on a tri-axle unit, specifically excepting the Interstate Highway System as defined in the Federal Highway Act of 1956, where the gross weight on a single axle unit shall not exceed 20,000 pounds when the gross weight of the vehicle is in excess of 73,280 pounds, the gross weight on a tandem axle unit limit shall be not exceed 34,000 pounds and the gross weight on a tri-axle unit shall not exceed the gross weight as determined by the formula set out in subsection 1, paragraph A; and provided that:
 - (1) Nothing contained in section 1655 shall permit an axle or tandem axle weight on the Interstate Highway System as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956 in excess of

the limits established for such system in this section;

- (2) No single axle of a tandem axle unit shall support more than 60% of the total weight supported by such tandem axle unit. It shall not be deemed a violation of this subparagraph if neither axle of a tandem axle unit exceeds the weight legally allowed on a single axle unit of that vehicle;
- (3) No single axle of a tri-axle unit shall support more than 40% of the total weight supported by such tri-axle unit; and
- (4) The gross weight of a vehicle shall not be increased by the addition of a trailing axle, so called, unless such axle supports at least 50% of the added weight permitted by the addition of such trailing axle.
- Sec. 14. 29 MRSA §1654, 4th ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 237, §5, is amended to read:

In addition to the penalties enumerated in this section, there shall be, for vehicles using the Interstate Highway System as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956, a fine of \$20 and cost of court when the maximum weight permitted on an axle, tandem axle or the gross weight is in excess of those limits established, for said system, in section 1652 or the tri-axle limit established in section 1652 or section 1655, whichever is applicable by less than 2,000 pounds.

Sec. 15. 29 MRSA §1655, first ¶, as amended by PL 1981, c. 556, is further amended to read:

The operation on the highways of any vehicle loaded entirely with bark, sawdust, firewood, sawed lumber, dimension lumber, pulpwood, wood chips, logs, soils, unconsolidated rock materials including limestone, bolts, farm produce, road salt, manufacturer's concrete products, solid waste building materials and incinerator ash which absorb moisture during delivery originating and terminating within the State, or dump trucks, tractor dump trucks or transit-mix concrete

trucks carrying highway construction materials; any vehicle loaded with a majority of products requiring refrigeration, whether by ice or mechanical equipment, and on such vehicles when inspected by the State Police, the number of the seal shall be recorded and the number of the new seal shall recorded by the Maine State Police, the operation on the highways of any vehicle loaded with raw ore from or quarry to place of processing shall not be deemed to be in violation if the gross weight of such vehicle does not exceed 110% of the maximum gross weight for which such vehicle is then registered, nor 110% of the maximum gross weight permitted for such vehicle by section 1652, and provided that the maxiaxle loads for these vehicles do not exceed 24,200 pounds for a single axle unit, 46,000 pounds for a tandem axle unit and 54,000 pounds for a tri-axle unit, except that 64,000 pounds shall permitted on the tri-axle unit of a 4-axle motor vehicle hauling forest products until Nevember March 1, 1984, or until the annual registration 1983 certificate for the 1984 registration year is obtained, whichever occurs first, on or after which time a special commodity permit must be obtained. of the tolerances in this section are When any exceeded, the difference between the actual weights and the respective limits established in section 1652 shall be used as the basis for determining the percentage of overload on which the penalty in section 1654 shall be assessed; except; that in the case of a tandem or tri-axle unit; there shall be no singleviolation until the axle unit tolerances are exceeded by 1,000 pounds or more, unless the excess is intentional.

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Sec. 16. 29 MRSA §1655, as amended by PL 1981, c. 556, is further amended by adding after the first paragraph a new paragraph to read:

Notwithstanding the first paragraph, the tandem axle unit limit for 5 or more axle combination vehicles shall not exceed 44,000 pounds and a 6-axle combination vehicle, as defined in section 1652, subsection 1, paragraph E, may be operated, or caused to be operated, with a maximum gross weight of 100,000 pounds, provided that the maximum gross weight permitted on a tandem axle unit shall be 44,000 pounds

and the maximum gross weight permitted on a tri-axle unit shall be 54,000 pounds, and provided that the distance between the extreme axles, excluding the steering sxle, is at least 32 feet.

 Sec. 17. 29 MRSA §1655, as amended by PL 1981, c. 556, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

Starting March 1, 1984, or when the annual registration certificate for the 1984 registration year is obtained, whichever occurs first, the tolerances provided in this section shall only apply to those vehicles for which a special commodity permit has been issued and only when actively engaged in the transportation of those commodities. Commodity permits shall be valid only when issued to a vehicle which is currently registered for the maximum legal weight allowed that vehicle under section 1652 or is fully registered in its home jurisdiction.

A condition of issuance of commodity permits shall be the observance of posted limits of all bridges and highways.

Commodity permits may be obtained upon payment of the required fee, from any branch office of the Motor Vehicle Division or from any agent of the Secretary of State who has been appointed for that specific purpose. These agents appointed by the Secretary of State may charge any applicant for a commodity permit \$1 over and above the required permit fee and may retain the dollar as his compensation for performing this function. A permit may be issued for a period of 12 months or less, provided that no permit may extend beyond the expiration of the annual registration or short-term registration permit. The appointment of these agents shall be limited to either municipal tax collectors or town or city managers. The fee shall be based upon the vehicle type and period of validity.

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1	3-axle combination vehicle	\$120	\$10
2	4-axle combination vehicle	\$168	\$14
3	5 or more axle combination		
4	vehicle	\$216	\$18
5	6-axle combination vehicle-		
6	3 axle truck tractor with		_
7	tri-axle semitrailer	\$216	\$18

The permit fee for a single unit truck which operates a portion of the time as a combination vehicle and a portion of the time as a single unit truck shall be whichever fee is greater.

A special form of the permit is required for the 4-axle single unit truck when hauling forest products only and operating with a 64,000 pound tri-axle unit tolerance. Its fees shall be \$360 for one year or \$30 for one month. This special form of the permit shall entitle the holder of the permit to take advantage of all the tolerances provided by this section.

In addition to the required permit fee there
shall be an additional charge of \$2 for each permit
issued to cover the cost of processing the permit.

The Secretary of State may issue a special commodity trip permit for not to exceed 5 days for a fee of \$10. The trip permit shall accompany the vehicle at all times as a condition of issuance.

A certificate identifying the vehicle to which the permit is issued shall be carried in or placed on the vehicle and shall be produced on demand by a law enforcement officer.

Sec. 18. 29 MRSA $\S1656$, first \P , as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 237, $\S7$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

Except as provided in section 1655, no person may operate, or cause to be operated, any vehicle with a gross weight that is more than 2 1/2% or 500 pounds, whichever is the greater, above the gross weight specified in the registration certificate for these vehicles, provided that no vehicle or combination of vehicles may be operated on the highway with a gross weight that exceeds those limits established by this

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43 44 Sec. 19. 29 MRSA §1701, as amended by PL 1977, c. 136, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

§1701. Height and width restrictions

No vehicle which, with or without load, is wider inches over all shall may be operated upon 102 any way or bridge; specifically excepting the state Highway System as defined in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956÷ vehieles operating on 96 inches in Interstate System shall not ежеееф width; except that vehicles hauling firewood; logs or bolts may be operated on said Interstate System if the width of the load does not exceed 102 inches and any bus having a width of 102 less may be operated on any lane of 12 feet or more in width on said Interstate System. In those cases in which firewood, pulpwood or bolts are piled in tiers from the front to rear of the body of strip of wood or metal 3 inches thick vehicle, а shall extend along the sides of the platform, front to rear, securely fastened to the platform of the vehicle in order that the load shall pitch to the center of said that vehicle, except that such vehicles may substitute for this 3-inch strip, 2 chains, wire rope, steel cable binders or web straps, or any combination thereof. Such These chains, steel cables or web straps shall meet the specifications set forth in section 1751 and shall be held firmly in place and properly spaced to the load. Each vehicle so loaded shall carry a solid-boarded tailboard or 5 stakes evenly spaced of sufficient strength to maintain the weight of the load, and such the load at no place along its length shall be higher than such the tailboard or stakes. No vehicle any structural part of which, permanent or temporary, is more than 13 feet 6 inches in height, measured vertically from a plane and level surface of ground or pavement shall may be operated upon any way any vehicle may extend 6 bridge. The load on or the maximum permissible structural inches above of such the vehicle. No vehicle shall may be operated over any section of a way or bridge which does not afford adequate structural overhead clearance. No portion of any vehicle or load, except the reflecting mirror required by this Title, shall may project beyond the side of such vehicle to make a total width greater than herein specified in this section. This section shall not apply to snow plows and equipment used exclusively for the removal of snow from public ways or to construction equipment the uses of which are confined to the limits of highway and bridge construction projects. This section shall not be construed as limiting the width of a load of loose hay, pea vines or cornstalks.

- Sec. 20. Extended cost allocation evaluation. The Commissioner of Transportation shall extend and revise the present findings of the highway cost allocation evaluation in accordance with such improved methodology and data as may be available. Нe shall report his findings to the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature, together with such revisions in fees as may be appropriate to improve equity. Specifically, the study shall further examine the justification of weight-distance legislation and the number and form of registration schedules that are apropriate.
- Sec. 21. Report required. The Commissioner of Transportation shall report to the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature such activities and progress as may have occurred in the formation of registration, operating authority and fuel use compacts with other states and provinces.
- Sec. 22. Legislation required. The Commissioner of Transportation shall prepare such legislation as may be necessary to improve the clarity and administration of existing statutes relating to registration, operation, payment of fuel taxation and related matters for the Second Regular Session of the 111th Legislature.
- Sec. 23. Legislation required for truck weights. The Commissioner of Transportation shall prepare legislation to adjust the gross weights, axle weights and axle spacings of trucks and truck combinations for action by the Second Regular Session of the 111th Legislature. Adjustments shall be included that preserve highway safety, reduce or control bridge and pavement deterioration and offer oppor-

1 tunity for increased truck productivity by prudent 2 increases in gross vehicle weights. All adjustments 3 should be based upon a careful review of actual Maine 4 structures, as well as established engineering prin-5 ciples. Input and assistance of representative 6 interest groups shall be solicited in the review of 7 data and preparation of legislation. A report of 8 findings shall accompany the legislation.

PART C

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- Sec. 1. 29 MRSA §242, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 439, §8, is further amended to read:
- A. Used for the conveyance of passengers, 13 Vehicles of the station wagon type which are used 14 interchangeably for the conveyance of passengers 15 or property shall pay the above fee. Such vehi-16 shall be designated as "convertibles". cles 17 Motor vehicles, used for the conveyance of passengers, which are operated exclusively on 18 19 islands having no roads maintained or supported 20 by the State shall be registered for a fee of \$2.
 - For the purposes of registration only, a pickup truck may be registered as provided herein for automobiles provided that at no time shall the gross weight of a pickup truck so registered exceed 6,000 pounds when used as a motor truck or truck tractor. The owner of such a pickup truck desiring a gross weight in excess of 6,000 pounds shall register the same as provided in section 246.
 - The registration fee for an electrically powered passenger vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 6,000 pounds or less shall be \$10 greater than the registration fee for a similar vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine.
- 35 Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §244, 7th ¶, as amended by PL 36 1981, c. 492, Pt. E, §7, is further amended to read:
 - mobile equipment, Class B, which Special permanently mounted on a traction unit or motor chassis, shall be registered and a fee of \$15 shall be paid for such registration in lieu of all other

1 2	registration fees. Registration under this paragraph shall not include any vehicle which may be used for
3	the conveyance of property except hand tools or parts
4	which are used in connection with the operation of
5	such equipment, except that road construction or
6	maintenance machinery coming under the definition of
7	special mobile equipment may be used for the trans-
8	portation of earth on that portion of the highway ac-
9	tually under construction. Such special mobile equip-
10	ment may be operated unloaded over the highway
11^{\cdot}	between construction projects and to or from the
12	place where such vehicles are customarily kept, if a
13	permit for such movement is first obtained in accor-
14	dance with section 1703.
15	Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §244, as amended by PL 1981, c.
16	492, Pt. E, §§3 to 7, is further amended by adding
17	after the 8th paragraph 2 new paragraphs to read:
18	Special mobile equipment, Class A, which is
19	permanently mounted on a traction unit or motor vehi-
20	cle chassis, shall be operated under an annual
21	permit. The fee for such permits for any such equip-
22	ment, the gross weight of which is 54,000 pounds or
23	less, shall be in accordance with the registration
24 25	fee schedule established by section 246 for farm
26	motor trucks. For any such equipment, the gross weight of which is in excess of 54,000 pounds, the
27	fee shall be in accordance with the following sched-
28	ule:
29	From 54,001 pounds gross weight to 60,000 pounds
30	gross weight \$380
31	From 60,001 pounds gross weight to 65,000 pounds
32	gross weight\$410
2.2	
33 34	From 65,001 pounds gross weight to 70,000 pounds
34	gross weight \$440
35	From 70,001 pounds gross weight to 75,000 pounds
36	gross weight \$470
37	From 75,001 pounds gross weight to 80,000 pounds
38	gross weight\$500
39	The movement over the highways of any special

1 2 3 4	mobile equipment, the weight of which is in excess of the gross or axle weight limits set forth in section 1652, shall be subject to section 1703, and permits to move the equipment shall be obtained accordingly.
5 6	Sec. 4. 29 MRSA $\S246$, first \P , as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 439, $\S11$, is amended to read:
7 8 9 10	With each application for registration of a motor truck trucks, tractors and truck tractors shall be paid an annual registration fee graduated as follows when equipped with pneumatic tires:
11 12	From 0 pounds gross weight to 6,000 pounds gross weight \$ 20
13 14	From 6,001 pounds gross weight to 9,000 pounds gross weight \$ 25 \$ 26
15 16	From 9,001 pounds gross weight to 11,000 pounds gross weight $\$$ 40 $\$$ 43
17 18	From 11,001 pounds gross weight to 14,000 pounds gross weight \$ 70 \$ 76
19 20	From 14,001 pounds gross weight to 16,000 pounds gross weight \$ 92 \$100
21 22	From 16,001 pounds gross weight to 18,000 pounds gross weight \$125
23 24	From 18,001 pounds gross weight to 20,000 pounds gross weight \$144 \$156
25 26	From 20,001 pounds gross weight to 23,000 pounds gross weight \$173 \$183
27 28	From 23,001 pounds gross weight to 26,000 pounds gross weight \$201 \$215
29 30	From 26,001 pounds gross weight to 29,000 pounds gross weight
31 32	From 29,001 pounds gross weight to 32,000 pounds gross weight \$277 \$301
33	From 32,001 pounds gross weight to 35,000 pounds

1	gross weight \$308 <u>\$336</u>
2 3	From 35,001 pounds gross weight to 38,000 pounds gross weight \$338 \$372
4 5	From 38,001 pounds gross weight to 42,000 pounds gross weight \$370 \$419
6 7	From 42,001 pounds gross weight to 46,000 pounds gross weight \$400 \$467
8 9	From 46,001 pounds gross weight to 50,000 pounds gross weight \$431 \$514
10 11	From 50,001 pounds gross weight to 55,000 pounds gross weight \$471 \$573
12 13	From 55,001 pounds gross weight to 60,000 pounds gross weight \$523 \$633
14 15	From 60,001 pounds gross weight to 65,000 pounds gross weight \$570 \$692
16 17	From 65,001 pounds gross weight to 70,550 pounds gross weight \$627 \$758
18 19	From 70,551 pounds gross weight to 73,280 pounds gross weight
20 21	From 73,281 pounds gross weight to 74,280 pounds gross weight\$802
22 23	From 74,281 pounds gross weight to 75,280 pounds gross weight\$814
2 4 25	From 75,281 pounds gross weight to 76,280 pounds gross weight\$826
26 27	From 76,281 pounds gross weight to 77,280 pounds gross weight
28 29	From 77,281 pounds gross weight to 78,280 pounds gross weight\$850
30	From 78,281 pounds gross weight to 79,280 pounds

2	gross weight \$870
3 4 5	Sec. 5. 29 MRSA $\S246$, 2nd \P , as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 439, $\S11$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
6 7 8 9 10	For such owners of commercial vehicles, which are registered for a gross weight of 23,001 pounds or more, that attest their vehicle is and shall only be operated in the power unit semitrailer configuration a credit of \$40 shall be allowed for the original annual registration.
12 13	Sec. 6. 29 MRSA §246, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1979, c. 247, is amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The annual fee for registration of farm motor trucks, having 2 or 3 axles other than so-called dolly axles falling under section 1652, subsection 4, paragraph A, subparagraph (6), when such trucks are used primarily for transportation of agricultural commodities, supplies or equipment to be used in connection with the operation of a farm or farms owned, operated or occupied by the registrant, shall be as follows:
23 24	From 0 pounds gross weight to 6,000 pounds gross weight \$ 15
25 26	From 6,001 pounds gross weight to 9,000 pounds gross weight \$ \frac{1}{2}8
27 28	From 9,001 pounds gross weight to 11,000 pounds gross weight \$ 21 \$ 22
29 30	From 11,001 pounds gross weight to 14,000 pounds gross weight \$ 32 \$ 34
31 32	From 14,001 pounds gross weight to 16,000 pounds gross weight \$43 \$ 45
33 34	From 16,001 pounds gross weight to 18,000 pounds gross weight \$ 64 \$ 67
35 36	From 18,001 pounds gross weight to 20,000 pounds gross weight 6.75 \$.79

1 2	From 20,001 pounds gross weight to 23,000 pounds gross weight
3 4	From 23,001 pounds gross weight to 26,000 pounds gross weight \$\frac{1}{2}\$
5 6	From 26,001 pounds gross weight to 29,000 pounds gross weight \$\frac{139}{25}\$
7 8	From 29,001 pounds gross weight to 32,000 pounds gross weight $\$140$
9 10	From 32,001 pounds gross weight to 35,000 pounds gross weight \$200 \$235
11 12	From 35,001 pounds gross weight to 38,000 pounds gross weight \$220 \$258
13 14	From 38,001 pounds gross weight to 42,000 pounds gross weight \$240 \$281
15 16	From 42,001 pounds gross weight to 46,000 pounds gross weight \$260 $$304$
17 18	From 46,001 pounds gross weight to 50,000 pounds gross weight
19 20	From 50,001 pounds gross weight to 54,000 pounds gross weight \$300 \$350
21 22 23	Sec. 7. 29 MRSA §246, as amended by PL 1981, c. 492, Pt. A, §5, is further amended by adding at the end 2 new paragraphs to read:
24 25 26	The annual fee for registration of motor homes shall be in accordance with the fee schedule established by this section for farm motor trucks.
27 28 29	The Secretary of State may select and issue a special distinguishing letter, mark or design for number plates issued to registrants of motor homes.

- 30 Sec. 8. 29 MRSA §246-A, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 689, §1, is amended to read:
- 32 3. Form of application. Application shall be made upon a form and in a manner prescribed by the

- Secretary of State and shall set forth such information as the Secretary of State may require. The application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10 \$15 for each vehicle listed in the application.
- 5 Sec. 9. 29 MRSA §2243, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 210, is amended to read:
 - 2. Formal agreements. The Secretary of State, after determining that like privileges are granted by a state or province, shall enter into a written agreement with that state or province setting forth the conditions under which residents of that jurisdiction engaged in interstate commerce operations in and through this State shall be exempt from the registration and licensing laws of this State.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law, the Secretary of State with the advice and assistance of the Commissioner of Finance and Administration and the Commissioner of the Transportation, may levy and enforce like or similar taxes or fees against similar vehicles registered in jurisdictions that levy and enforce taxes or fees other than fuel taxes, fuel tax license fees and public utility fees against vehicles registered in the State.
- 24 Sec. 10. 36 MRSA §2903, as amended by PL 1981, 25 c. 702, Pt. V, §2, is further amended to read:

§2903. Tax levied; rebates

An excise tax is levied and imposed at the rate of 9¢ 14¢ per gallon upon internal combustion engine fuel sold or used within this State, including such sales when made to the State or any political subdivision thereof, for any purpose whatsoever, excepting such internal combustion engine fuel sold or used in such form and under such circumstances as shall preclude the collection of this tax by reason of the laws of the United States, or sold wholly for exportation from the State, or brought into the State in the ordinary standardized equipment fuel tank attached to and forming a part of a motor vehicle and used in the operation of such vehicle within the State, except that no tax may be levied upon internal combustion engine fuel as defined in section

- 1 2902 bought or used by any person, association of 2 persons, firm or corporation for the purpose of pro-3 pelling jet or turbojet engine aircraft, or sold 4 wholly for exportation from the State, or brought 5 into the State in the fuel tanks of an aircraft. 6 fuel only one tax shall be paid to the same 7 State, for which tax the distributor first receiving 8 fuel in the State shall be primarily liable to 9 the State, except when such fuel has been sold 10 delivered to a licensed exporter wholly for exportation from the State, or to another distributor in the State, in which case the purchasing distributor shall 11 12 13 be primarily liable to the State for the tax.
- Sec. 11. 36 MRSA §2903-A, as amended by PL 1973, c. 513, §22, is further amended to read:

§2903-A. Finding of fact

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The Legislature makes a finding of fact that the percentage relationship of "gasoline tax" paid by that segment of the nonhighway gasoline user, motorboat user, is not less than 1.25% of the total "gasoline tax" revenue, but certainly is more than the 1.25% referred to. Based on this legislative "finding of fact" there is set aside 1.25% of total excise tax on internal combustion engine fuel sold or used within the State, but not including internal combustion engine fuel sold for use in the propulsion of aircraft, not to exceed \$555,000 annually. From this 1-25% allocation shall be deducted the refunds paid out under section 2908 to purchasers and users of internal combustion engine fuel for commercial motorboats; 20% of the balance of 1-25% allocation after paying out such refunds shall be paid to the Treasurer of State to be made available the Commissioner of Marine Resources for the purpose of conducting research, development and propagation activities by the department, and it is the responsibility of the Commissioner of Marine Resources to select activities and projects that will be most beneficial to the commercial fisheries of the State as well as the development of sports fisheries activities in the State; the remaining 80% of the balance of 1-25% this allocation after paying out such refunds shall be credited to the Boating Facilities Fund, established under Title 38, section 322,

within the Maine State Bureau of Parks and Recreation. The State Tax Assessor shall certify to the State Controller, on or before the 15th day of each month, the amounts to be credited under the previous sentence, as of the close of the State Controller's records for the previous month. When refunds paid to purchasers and users of internal combustion engine fuel for commercial motorboats in any month exceed 1.25% of gasoline tax revenues for that month, such excess shall be carried forward in computing amounts to be credited to the Department of Marine Resources and to the Boating Facilities Fund under this section for the succeeding month or months.

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Sec. 12. 36 MRSA §2905, as amended by PL 1971, c. 529, §2, is further amended to read:

§2905. Distributor or importer; rate of collection

Each distributor or importer paying or becoming liable to pay the tax imposed by this chapter shall be entitled to charge and collect 9¢ at the rate per gallon set forth in section 2903 only as a part of the selling price of the internal combustion engine fuels subject to the tax.

Sec. 13. 36 MRSA §2906, first ¶, as amended by PL 1981, c. 364, §33, is further amended to read:

Every distributor, importer, or exporter, holding valid certificate as such, shall on or before the last day of each month render a report to the Assessor stating the number of gallons of received, internal combustion engine fuel sold used in the State by him during the preceding calendar month, on forms to be furnished by the State Tax Assessor. Such reports shall contain such further information pertinent thereto as the State Tax Assessor shall prescribe and the State Tax Assessor make such other reasonable rules and regulations regarding the administration and enforcement of Gasoline Tax Act as he may deem necessary or expedient, copies of which shall be sent to such certificate holders. He or his duly authorized agent shall have access during reasonable business hours to the books, invoices and vouchers of such certificate holders which may show the fuel handled by the cer-

At the time of the filing of the tificate holder. report, each distributor and importer shall pav the State Tax Assessor a tax of 9¢ at the rate set forth in section 2903 upon each gallon so reported as sold, distributed or used. An allowance of not more than 1% from the amount of fuel received by the distributor, plus 1% on all transfers in vessels, cars or full tank truck loads by a distributor in the regular course of his business from one of his places of business to another within the State, may be allowed by the Tax Assessor to cover the loss through shrinkage, evaporation or handling sustained by distributor. The total allowance for such losses shall not exceed 2% of the receipts by such distributor and no further deduction shall be allowed unless the State Tax Assessor is satisfied on definite proof submitted to him that a further deduction should be allowed by him for a loss sustained through fire, accident or some unavoidable calamity.

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20 Sec. 14. 36 MRSA §2908, as amended by PL 1979, 21 c. 549, is further amended to read:

§2908. Refund of tax less 1¢ per gallon in certain cases; time limit

Any person, association of persons, firm or corporation who shall buy and use any internal combustion engine fuel as defined in this chapter for the purpose of operating or propelling commercial motor boats, tractors used for agricultural purposes operating on public ways, or vehicles owned or operated by railroad companies while operating on rails tracks, or in stationary engines, or in the mechanical or industrial arts, or for any other mercial use except in nonrailroad motor vehicles operated or intended to be operated upon any of public highways of this State, or turnpikes operated and maintained by the Maine Turnpike Authority, except as provided in section 2910, in the operation of aircraft, and who shall have paid any tax internal combustion engine fuel levied or directed to be paid as provided by this chapter, either directly by the collection of the tax by the vendor from consumer, or indirectly by adding the amount of that tax to the price of that fuel and paid by that consumer, shall be reimbursed and repaid to the extent ef 8/9 ef the amount of the tax paid by him less per gallon upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor a sworn statement accompanied by the original invoices or other evidence as the State Tax Assessor may require showing those purchases, which statement shall show the total amount of the fuel so purchased and used by that consumer other than in nonrailroad motor vehicles operated or intended to be operated upon any of the public highways of the State and in the operation of aircraft. Applications for refunds shall be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 15 months from the date of purchase.

13 Sec. 15. 36 MRSA §2910, as amended by PL 1971, 14 c. 529, §6, is further amended to read:

§2910. Refund of tax less 4¢ per gallon to users of aircraft

Any person, association of persons, firm or corporation who shall buy and use any internal combustion engine fuel as defined in section 2902, for the purpose of propelling piston engine aircraft and who shall have paid any tax on internal combustion engine levied or directed to be paid as provided by this chapter, either directly by the collection of such tax by the vendor from such consumer, or indirectly by adding the amount of such tax to the price such fuel and paid by such consumer, shall be reimbursed and repaid to the extent of 5/9 of the such tax paid by him less 4¢ per gallon amount of upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor a statement accompanied by the original invoices showing such Applications for refunds must be filed purchases. with the State Tax Assessor within 12 months from the date of purchase.

Sec. 16. 36 MRSA §2965 is amended to read:

§2965. Reports

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Every motor carrier, subject to the tax imposed by this chapter, shall on or before the last day of April, July, October and January of each year make to the State Tax Assessor such reports of its operations, including the amount of motor fuel used within and without this State and the total number of miles

traveled within and without this State and the and type of vehicle used, during the quarter ending the last day of the preceding month as the State Tax Assessor may require and such other reports from time to time as the State Tax Assessor may deem necessary. Motor earriers using only motor fuel purchased within the State during any quarterly period may, subject to approval of the State Tax Assessor, in lieu of filing the quarterly report required by this section, file a signed statement certifying that no motor fuel used in its operations was purchased without the the quarter. Meter earriers eperating State during exelusively within the State and using only motor fuel purchased within the State, upon which the State has received the motor fuel tax, may be exempted at the discretion of the State Tax Assessor from filing reports under this chapter-Motor carriers operating vehicles exclusively within this State and using only motor fuel purchased within this State, upon which the State has received the motor fuel tax, may be exempted, at the discretion of the State Tax Assessor, from filing reports under this chapter. Any motor carrier requesting exemption from filing reports shall file an affidavit as prescribed by the State Tax Assessor. The State Tax Assessor and his authorized agents and representatives shall have the right any reasonable time to inspect the books and records of any motor carrier subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.

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30 Sec. 17. 36 MRSA §3025, as amended by PL 1971, 31 c. 529, §7, is further amended to read:

§3025. Levy of tax; exemptions; credit to Highway Fund

An excise tax is imposed on all users of fuel upon the use of such fuel by any person within this State, only when such fuel is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of power to propel motor vehicles of any kind or character on the public highways or turnpikes operated and maintained by the Maine Turnpike Authority, at the rate of 9¢ per gallon prescribed in section 2903, to be computed in the manner set forth in this chapter. No tax is imposed upon the use of any fuel if the Constitution of the United States or of this State precludes such

- tax. All taxes collected under this section shall be credited to the General Highway Fund.
- 3 Sec. 18. 36 MRSA §3035, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1981, c. 698, §184, is further amended to read:

At the time of the filing of the report each use fuel dealer shall pay to the State Tax Assessor a tax of 9¢ at the rate provided for in section 3025 upon each gallon so reported as sold or used.

Sec. 19. 36 MRSA §3035, last ¶, as amended by PL 1971, c. 529, §8, is further amended to read:

Each dealer paying or becoming liable to pay the tax imposed by this section shall be entitled to charge and collect 9¢ the amount of tax per gallon set forth in section 3025 only as a part of the selling price of the fuels subject to the tax.

Sec. 20. Termination date. Unless extended by the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature, section 11 of this Part is repealed on July 1, 1985, and the law governing these provisions in effect immediately prior to the enactment of this Act shall prevail unless comparable legislation is enacted.

22 PART D

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §2908, as amended by PL 1979, c. 549, is further amended to read:

§2908. Refund of tax less 1¢ per gallon in certain cases; time limit

Any person, association of persons, firm or eeperation corporation who shall buy and use any internal combustion engine fuel as defined in this chapter for the purpose of operating or propelling commercial motor boats, tractors used for agricultural purposes not operating on public ways, or for registered vehicles operating off the highways of this State, or vehicles owned or operated by railroad companies while operating on rails or tracks, or in stationary engines, or in the mechanical or industrial arts, or for any other commercial use except in nonrailroad motor vehicles operated or intended to be

operated upon any of the public highways of this State, or turnpikes operated and maintained by the Maine Turnpike Authority, or except as provided in section 2910, in the operation of aircraft, and who shall have paid any tax on internal combustion engine levied or directed to be paid as provided by fuel this chapter, either directly by the collection of the tax by the vendor from the consumer, or indirectly by adding the amount of that tax to the price that fuel and paid by that consumer, shall be reimbursed and repaid to the extent of 8/9 of amount of the tax paid by him less 1¢ per gallon upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor a sworn statement accompanied by the original invoices or other evidence as the State Tax Assessor may require showing those purchases, which statement shall show the the fuel so purchased and used by total amount of that consumer other than in nonrailroad motor vehicles operated or intended to be operated upon any of the public highways of the State and in the operation of aircraft. Applications for refunds shall be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 15 months from the date of purchase.

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42 43 A monthly refund application on a form prescribed by the State Tax Assessor may be filed at the close of any month to claim refunds for the excise tax on internal combustion engine fuel, as defined in this chapter, bought and used in registered vehicles operating off the highways of this State. That application shall be processed and approved for payment promptly. Interest shall be paid at the same rate as is computed under section 186 calculated from the date of receipt of the monthly claim for all proper claims not paid within 30 days of receipt. The applicant shall file quarterly substantiating information in the same manner as prescribed in section 3209.

All fuel qualifying for a refund under this section is subject to the use tax levy in accordance with chapter 215.

Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §2913, as amended by PL 1977, c. 696, §281, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§2913. Failure to file statement; false statement

 Any person who refuses or neglects to make any statement, report, payment or return required by this chapter, or who knowingly makes, aids or assists any other person in making a false statement in a return or report to the State Tax Assessor, or in connection with an application for refund of any tax, or who knowingly collects, attempts to collect or causes to be paid to him or to any other person, either directly or indirectly, any refund of that tax without being entitled to the same, or is in violation of the affidavit as prescribed for registered sellers in section 3205, is guilty of a Class E crime.

Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §§2961-A and 2961-B are enacted to read:

§2961-A. Application for license; contents; licensing of motor carriers

It is unlawful for any motor carrier to use or consume any motor fuel within this State, unless that motor carrier is the holder of an uncanceled license issued by the State Tax Assessor. To procure the license, every motor carrier shall file with the State Tax Assessor an application in such form as the the State Tax Assessor may prescribe, setting forth the name and address of the motor carrier.

In the event that any application for a license to use motor fuel as a motor carrier in this State is filed by any person whose license has at any time been canceled for cause by the State Tax Assessor, or in case the State Tax Assessor is of the opinion that the application is not filed in good faith or that the application is filed by some person as a subterfuge for the real person in interest whose license or registration has been canceled for cause by the State Tax Assessor, then and in any of such events the State Tax Assessor, after a hearing of which the applicant has been given 5 days' notice in writing and the applicant has the right to appear in person or by counsel and present testimony, has the right and authority to refuse to issue to the person a license certificate in this State.

- The application in proper form having been accepted for filing and the other conditions and requirements of this section having been complied with, the State Tax Assessor shall issue to the motor carrier a license certificate and that license shall remain in full force and effect until canceled, as provided in this chapter.
- The license certificate so issued by the State
 Tax Assessor shall not be assignable and shall be
 valid only for the motor carrier in whose name issued
 and shall be displayed conspicuously by the motor
 carrier.
- Any person violating this section commits a Class E crime.
- 15 §2961-B. Discontinuance as a licensed motor carrier
 - Whenever a motor carrier ceases to engage in business as a motor carrier within this State, it shall be the duty of the motor carrier to notify the State Tax Assessor in writing within 15 days after discontinuance. All taxes, penalties and interest under this chapter, not yet due and payable under this chapter shall, together with any and all interest accruing or penalties imposed under this chapter, notwithstanding any provisions thereof, become due and payable concurrently with the discontinuance. It is the duty of the motor carrier to make a report and pay all such taxes, interest and penalties and to surrender to the State Tax Assessor the license certificate issued to the motor carrier by the State Tax Assessor.
- Any person violating this section commits a Class E crime.
- 33 Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §2966, as amended by PL 1979, c. 378, §24, is further amended to read:
- 35 §2966. Collection of tax

If any motor carrier fails to pay on demand a tax assessed under section 141, subsection 2, paragraph C, the State Tax Assessor may commence a eivil criminal action in the name of the State for the recovery

- of the tax and may recommend to the Public Utilities Commission that the certificate or permit of that motor carrier be suspended or revoked.
- 4 Sec. 5. 36 MRSA c. 455, as amended, is repealed.
- 5 Sec. 6. 36 MRSA c. 459 is enacted to read:

6 CHAPTER 459

7 SPECIAL FUEL TAX ACT

8 §3201. Short title

This chapter shall be known as the "Special Fuel Tax Act" and the tax imposed in this chapter shall be known as the "special fuel tax."

12 §3202. Definitions

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- 13 1. Distillates. "Distillates" means all combus-14 tible gases and liquids used in an internal combus-15 tion engine, except the fuel subject to the tax 16 imposed by chapter 451 and low-energy fuel.
- 17 <u>2. Duly licensed user. "Duly licensed user"</u>
 18 means any user holding an unrevoked license issued by this State.
 - 3. Low-energy fuel. "Low-energy fuel" means, for the purpose of this section, any fuel used to propel vehicles powered by internal combustion engines that has 90% or less of the energy potential of an equivalent volume of gasoline. Energy potential will be determined by the number of British Thermal Units in a standard volume. Low-energy fuels include, but are not limited to, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, propane, methane, butane, other light petroleum gasses, alcohol fuels and other fuels that meet the criteria in this subsection.
 - 4. Motor vehicles. "Motor vehicles" means all vehicles, engines, machines or mechanical contrivances which are propelled by internal combustion engines or motors.

- 5. Person. "Person" means every natural person, singular or plural, including partnerships, firms, associations, corporations, joint stock companies, receivers or trustees wherever resident or located, and the State or any subdivision.
 - 6. Special fuel. "Special fuel" means distillates and low-energy fuel.
 - 7. Supplier. "Supplier" means any person importing into the State, exporting from the State or producing, refining, manufacturing or compounding within the State or purchasing within the State, principally for resale to others in bulk, special fuel.
 - 8. Use. "Use" means, in addition to its original meaning, the receipt of special fuel by any person into a motor vehicle or into a receptacle from which special fuel is supplied by that person to his own or other motor vehicles.
 - 9. User. "User" means any person who is the registered owner of a motor vehicle who uses and consumes special fuel within this State in an internal combustion engine for the generation of power to propel vehicles of any kind or character, except in noncommercial vehicles having a fuel tank capacity of 30 gallons or less which are owned by nonresidents of this State and are not required to be registered in this State, and except in noncommercial vehicles having a fuel tank capacity of 30 gallons or less owned by residents of this State who purchase only special fuel upon which the tax imposed by section 3203 has been paid by the user.

§3203. Tax levied

An excise tax is levied and imposed upon all suppliers of special fuel sold or used in this State on each gallon of distillates at the rate prescribed in section 2903 and on each gallon of low-energy fuel at the rate prescribed in section 2903, less 1¢, except sales of special fuel made to the State or any political subdivision thereof; such special fuel sold or used in such form and under such circumstances as shall preclude the collection of this tax by reasons

of the laws of the United States; sold only for exportation from this State; brought into the State in a noncommercial vehicle having a standard fuel tank capacity of 30 gallons or less owned by a non-resident; delivered into a tank used solely for heating purposes, sold for resale to a licensed supplier; and sold to a person for the generation of power for resale or manufacturing. Where special fuel is delivered by a supplier on a consignment basis to a consumer or to a retail outlet, whether the retail outlet is wholly owned by the supplier or not, it shall be considered to have been "sold" within the meaning of the Special Fuel Tax Act. All taxes collected under this section shall be credited to the Highway Fund.

§3204. Licenses; supplier

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Every supplier of special fuel in the State, other than those who qualify under section 3205, shall file an application for certificate with the State Tax Assessor on forms prescribed and furnished by him, which shall contain the name under which the supplier is transacting business within the State, the place or places of business, location of distributing stations, agencies of the supplier, the names and addresses of the several persons constituting the firm or partnership, and, if a corporation, its corporate name and the names and addresses of its principal officers and agents within the State. No such supplier may sell or distribute any special fuel until the certificate is furnished by the State Tax Assessor and displayed as required by this section. One copy of each such certificate, certified by the Tax Assessor, shall be displayed in each place of business of the supplier. The State Tax Assessor, having reasonable cause to believe that the supplier has ceased to do business or that he has violated this chapter or the rules made thereunder or failed to appear in court for any violation of this chapter, may on reasonable notice to the supplier suspend the supplier's certificate until satisfied to the contrary. In such case, the supplier shall not act as a supplier until his certificate is restored by the State Tax Assessor, either of his own initiative at the request of the supplier, and upon the State Tax Assessor being satisfied that cause for suspen-

- sion no longer exists, or upon order of court. In case of that suspension, all certificates shall at once be surrendered to the State Tax Assessor upon his request. This revocation shall be reviewable in accordance with section 151.
 - §3205. Registered supplier

Every supplier of special fuel solely making sales of special fuel, not subject to the special fuel tax in accordance to section 3203, shall file an affidavit to that effect with the State Tax Assessor on forms prescribed and supplied to him. A copy of the affidavit shall be displayed in each place of business of that supplier.

§3206. Licenses; users

It shall be unlawful for any user to use or consume any special fuel within this State, unless that user is the holder of an uncanceled license issued by the State Tax Assessor. To produce that license, every user shall file with the State Tax Assessor an application in such form as the State Tax Assessor may prescribe, setting forth the name and address of the user. Any unlicensed user who purchases a fuel use identification decal, as required by Title 29, section 246-A, will be registered by the State Tax Assessor and subject to this chapter and chapter 461.

In the event that any application for a license to use special fuel as a user in this State shall be filed by any person whose license shall at any time theretofore have been canceled for cause by the State Tax Assessor, or in the case the State Tax Assessor shall be of the opinion that the application is not filed in good faith or that the application is filed by some person as a subterfuge for the real person in interest whose license or registration shall theretofore have been canceled for cause by the State Assessor or in the case where the taxpayer failed to appear in court for any violation of this chapter, then and in any of those events the State Tax Assessor, after a hearing of which the applicant shall have been given 5 days' notice in writing and in which the applicant shall have the right to appear in person or by counsel and present testimony, shall

- 1 <u>have the right and authority to refuse to issue to</u>
 2 the person a license certificate in this State.
 - The application in proper form having been accepted for filing, and the other conditions and requirements of this section having been complied with, the State Tax Assessor shall issue to that user a license certificate and the license shall remain in full force and effect until canceled as provided in this chapter.
- The license certificate so issued by the State
 Tax Assessor shall not be assignable and shall be
 valid only for the user in whose name issued.
- 13 §3207. Collection of tax

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- Every supplier paying or becoming liable to pay
 the tax imposed by this chapter shall charge and collect the tax at the applicable rate.
- Every licensed user shall remit tax on all special fuels purchased and not used for heating, industrial use or for off-highway use, when the special fuel has not been subjected to the special fuel tax.
- 21 §3208. Credit; users

Every user subject to the tax imposed by section 3203 shall be entitled to a credit on the tax equivalent to the existing rate of taxation per gallon on all fuels purchased by that user from a supplier licensed in accordance with section 3204 upon which fuel the tax is imposed by section 3203 has been paid by that user. Evidence of the payment of that tax, in such form as may be required by or is satisfactory to the State Tax Assessor, shall be furnished by each user claiming the credit allowed. When the amount of the credit to which any user is entitled for any quarter exceeds the amount of the tax for which that user is liable for the same quarter, the excess may, under rules of the State Tax Assessor, be allowed credit on the tax for which that user would be otherwise liable for another quarter or quarters, or upon application within 3 months from the end of any quarter, duly verified and presented in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Tax Asses-

sor and supported by such evidence as may be satis-factory to the State Tax Assessor, such excess may be refunded if it shall appear that the applicant has paid to another state or province under a lawful requirement of such jurisdiction a tax similar in effect to the tax levied in section 3203, on the use or consumption of the same fuel without the State, to the extent of the payment in such other jurisdiction, but in no case to exceed the rate per gallon of the then current Maine state fuel tax. Upon receipt the application, the State Tax Assessor, if satisfied after investigation that a refund is justified, shall so certify to the State Controller and it shall be paid out of the Highway Fund. This credit shall lapse at the end of the last quarter of the year fol-lowing that in which the credit arose.

For those accounts in good standing, a monthly refund application, on a form prescribed by the State Tax Assessor may be filed at the close of any month to claim credits described in this section. That application shall be processed and approved for payment promptly. Interest shall be paid at the same rate as is computed under section 186, calculated from the date of receipt of the monthly claim for all proper claims not paid within 30 days of receipt of the claim. Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to relieve the applicant from filing quarterly substantiating information as prescribed by this section.

§3209. Rules; reports; assessment of taxes

Every licensed supplier shall file on or before the last day of each month a report with the State Tax Assessor stating the gallons of special fuel received, taxable gallons sold, exempt gallons sold, taxable gallons used and exempt gallons used in this State by him during the preceding calendar month, on forms to be furnished by the State Tax Assessor. The report shall contain any further information pertinent thereto as the State Tax Assessor shall prescribe. The State Tax Assessor may make such other rules regarding the enforcement of the special fuel tax as he may deem necessary. At the time of filing his report, each supplier shall pay to the State Tax Assessor a tax as prescribed in sections 2903 and

3203 upon each gallon reported as a taxable sale or as taxable gallons used.

For the purpose of determining the amount of tax imposed, each user shall, not later than the last day of each April, July, October and January, file with the State Tax Assessor, on forms prescribed by the State Tax Assessor, a report which shall include the total gallonage of fuels used within this State during the quarter ending the last day of the preceding month. The report shall contain any further information pertinent thereto as the State Tax Assessor shall prescribe.

At the time of filing his report, each user shall pay to the State Tax Assessor a tax as prescribed in sections 2903 and 3203 upon each gallon reported as a taxable use or as taxable gallons used, which has not been subjected to the special fuel tax.

Any user of special fuel operating exclusively within this State using only special fuel purchased within this State, upon which the State has received the special fuel tax, may be exempted, at the discretion of the State Tax Assessor, from filing reports under this chapter. Any user of special fuel requesting exemption from filing reports shall file an affidavit as prescribed by the State Tax Assessor.

§3210. Application of tax in special cases

Whoever shall receive any special fuel in such form and under such circumstances as shall preclude the collection of this tax by the supplier by reason of the laws of the United States, and shall thereafter sell or use any special fuel in a manner and under circumstances as may subject the sale or use to the taxing power of this State, shall be considered as a supplier and shall make the same reports, pay the same taxes and be subject to all other provisions of this chapter relating to suppliers of special fuel. No person may be considered as a supplier with respect to special fuel brought into the State in the ordinary standardized equipment fuel tank attached to and forming a part of a motor vehicle and used in the operation of a vehicle within the State.

§3211. Cancellation of licenses, registrations

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If a supplier or user shall at any time file a false report of the data or information required by this chapter, or shall fail, refuse or neglect to file the report required by this chapter, or to pay the full amount of the tax as required by this chapter or is in violation of the affidavit as prescribed in section 3205, the State Tax Assessor may forthwith cancel the license or registration of the supplier or user and notify that supplier or user in writing of the cancellation by registered mail to the last known address of that supplier or user appearing on the file of the State Tax Assessor.

Upon receipt of a written request from any supplier or user licensed or registered under this chapter to cancel the license of registration to supplier or user, the State Tax Assessor shall have the power to cancel that license or registration effective 30 days from the date of the written request, but no such license or registration may be canceled upon the request of any supplier or user until and unless the supplier or user shall, prior to the date of that cancellation, have paid to this State all excise taxes payable under the laws of this State, together with any and all penalties, interest and fines accruing under any of the provisions of this chapter, and until and unless the supplier or user shall have surrendered to the State Tax Assessor the license or registration certificate theretofore issued to that supplier or user. If, upon investigation, the State Tax Assessor shall ascertain and find any person to whom a license has been issued under this chapter is no longer engaged in the or use of special fuel and has not been so engaged for a period of 6 months, the State Tax Assessor shall have power to cancel that license by giving 30 days' that person notice of the cancellation to the last known address of that person, in mailed the license certificate which event theretofore issued to that person shall be surrendered to the State Tax Assessor.

§3212. Discontinuance as licensed user and supplier

Whenever a supplier or user ceases to engage in

business as a supplier or user of fuel within this State, it shall be the duty of that supplier or user to notify the State Tax Assessor in writing within 15 days after discontinuance. All taxes, penalties and interest under this chapter, not yet due and payable under this chapter, shall, together with any and all interest accruing or penalties imposed under this chapter, notwithstanding any provisions thereof, become due and payable concurrently with that discon-tinuance. It shall be the duty of the supplier or user to make a report and pay all such taxes, inter-est and penalties and to surrender to the State Tax Assessor the license certificate theretofore issued to that user by the State Tax Assessor.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section commits a Class E crime.

§3213. Refunds of taxes erroneously or illegally collected

In the event it shall appear to the State Tax Assessor that any taxes of penalties imposed by this chapter have been erroneously or illegally collected from any user, the State Tax Assessor shall certify the amount thereof to the State Controller, who shall thereupon draw his warrant for that certified amount on the Treasurer of State to that user. The refund shall be paid by the Treasurer of State to that user forthwith from the Highway Fund.

No refunds may be made under this section unless a written claim therefor setting forth the circumstances by reason of which the refund shall be allowed, which claim shall be in such form as the State Tax Assessor shall prescribe and shall be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 3 years from the date of the payment of the taxes erroneously or illegally collected.

§3214. Credit for tax paid on worthless accounts

The tax paid on sales made on credit and reported by a supplier pursuant to section 3209 found to be worthless and actually charged off may be credited upon the tax due to a subsequent report, but if any such accounts are thereafter collected by the sup-

plier, a tax shall be paid upon the amounts so collected. The credit shall be considered as being required to be reported on the return for the month in which the charge-off occurred.

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§3215. Refund of taxes for certain common carriers

Any person, firm or corporation engaged in furnishing common carrier passenger service under a certificate issued by the Public Utilities Commission shall be reimbursed and repaid to the extent of the entire amount of that tax paid by him upon that proportion of the combustible gases and liquids used in an internal combustion engine used in locally encouraged vehicles operated by him, which his tax-exempt passenger fare revenue derived from that service bears to his total passenger fare revenue. exempt passenger fare revenue" means revenue attributable to fares which were exempt from the federal tax upon transportation of persons imposed by the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section 4261, by reasons of the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section 4262 or 4263. "Total passenger fare revenue means all revenue attributable to the claimant's passenger operations, whether or not pursuant to the certificate issued by the Public Utilities Commission. The refund provided for in this section shall be made only if the claimant's tax-exempt passenger fare revenue is at least 60% of the claimant's total passenger fare revenue derived during the calendar quarter for which that refund is claimed. "Locally encouraged vehicles" means buses upon which no excise tax is collected, under section 1483, subsection 13.

The claimant shall present his claim to the State Tax Assessor in such form and with such information as the State Tax Assessor may prescribe accompanied by original invoices showing those purchases. Applications for refunds must be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 9 months from the date of purchase.

§3216. Failure to file statement, false statement

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to make any statement, report, payment or return required by this chapter, or who shall knowingly make, or shall aid or assist any other person in making a false

Assessor, or in connection with an application for refund of any tax, or who shall knowingly collect or attempt to collect, or cause to be paid to him or to any other person, either directly or indirectly, any refund of that tax without being entitled to the tax, or is in violation of the affidavit as prescribed for registered sellers in section 3205, shall be guilty of a Class E crime.

§3217. Additional violations

Any user, or any agent or employee of any user, who shall consume any fuel in a registered motor vehicle within the State, when that user is not the holder of an uncanceled license as required by this chapter, or when that user has failed to file report or pay tax, penalty or interest as required by this chapter and chapter 7, commits a Class E crime. Each day or part thereof during which any person shall consume any fuel in a registered motor vehicle within the State, when that user is not the holder of an uncanceled license as required by this chapter, or when that user has failed to file any report or pay tax, interest or penalty as required by this chapter and chapter 7, shall constitute a separate violation within the meaning of this section. The state police officer assigned to the Bureau of Taxation pursuant to section 2972 shall also assist in the enforcement of this chapter.

§3218. Refund of tax in certain cases, time limit

Any person, association of persons, firm or corporation who shall buy and use an internal combustion engine fuel, as defined in this chapter, for the purpose of operating or propelling motor boats, tractors used for agricultural purposes not operating on public ways, or in such vehicles as run only on rails or tracks, in stationary engines, in the mechanical or industrial arts, for registered vehicles operating off the highways of this State, or for any other commercial use except in registered motor vehicles operated on the highways of this State, and who shall have paid any tax on internal combustion engine fuel levied or directed to be paid as provided by this chapter, either directly by the collection of the tax

by the vendor from the consumer, or indirectly by adding the amount of that tax to the price of that fuel and paid by that consumer, shall be reimbursed and repaid, less 1¢, upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor a sworn statement accompanied by the original invoices or other evidence as the State Tax Assessor may require showing those purchases, which statement shall show the total amount of the fuel so purchased and used by that consumer other than in registered motor vehicles operated on the highways of this State, and in the operation of aircraft. Applications for refunds shall be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 15 months from the date of purchase.

A monthly refund application on a form prescribed by the State Tax Assessor may be filed at the close of any month to claim refunds for the excise tax on internal combustion engine fuel, as defined in this chapter, bought and used in registered operating off the highways of this State. That application shall be processed and approved for payment promptly. Interest shall be paid at the same rate as is computed under section 186 calculated from the date of receipt of the monthly claim for all proper claims not paid within 30 days of receipt. Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to relieve the applicant from filing quarterly substantiating information as prescribed in section 3209.

All fuel qualifying for a refund under this section is subject to use tax levy in accordance with chapter 215.

§3219. Purpose

The tax imposed by this chapter is levied for the purpose of providing revenue to be used by this State to defray in whole or in part the cost of constructing, widening, reconstructing, maintaining, resurfacing and repairing the public highways of this State and the cost and expense incurred in the administration and enforcement of this chapter, and for no other purpose whatsoever.

Sec. 7. 36 MRSA c. 461 is enacted to read:

41 CHAPTER 461

TRUST FUNDS

§3231. Taxes held in trust for the State Tax Assessor

All taxes collected by any supplier from purchasers pursuant to chapter 459 and all taxes collected by any supplier from purchasers under chapter 459 and any tax collected by a distributor or importer pursuant to chapter 451 which have not been properly returned or credited to the purchasers from whom they were collected, shall constitute a special fund in trust for the State Tax Assessor. The liability for the taxes shall be enforceable by assessment and collection in the manner prescribed in chapters 7, 451 and 459, against:

- 1. Supplier, distributor and importer. The supplier, distributor and importer; and
- 2. Officer, director, member, agent or employee of any supplier, distributor or importer. Any officer, director, member, agent or employee of any supplier, distributor or importer who, in that capacity, is responsible for the control or management of the funds or finances of that supplier, distributor or importer or is responsible for the payment of the supplier, distributor or importer taxes.

§3232. Notice to segregate trust funds

Whenever the State Tax Assessor finds that the payment of the trust funds established under section 3231 will be jeopardized by delay, neglect or misappropriation or whenever any supplier, distributor or importer fails to make payment of taxes or file reports as required by chapters 451 and 459, the State Tax Assessor may give notice to the supplier, distributor or importer that the trust funds shall be segregated from and shall not be commingled with any other funds or assets of the supplier, distributor or importer. Within 5 days after the mailing of that notice, all taxes which thereafter become collectible or are collected shall be deposited daily in a bank approved by the State Tax Assessor, in a separate account, in trust for, and payable to the State Tax Assessor and kept in that account until paid to him.

- The notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is given by the State Tax Assessor.
- 3 §3233. Revocation of registration
- Upon the expiration of the 5-day period desig-4 5 nated in section 3232, if any supplier, distributor 6 or importer fails to make the deposits required or, after making the deposits, withdraws any portion 7 thereof, the State Tax Assessor may revoke any regis-8 9 tration certificate which has been issued to the supplier, distributor or importer. The revocation shall 10 be reviewable in accordance with section 151. 11
- 12 §3234. Misappropriation of trust funds
- 13 1. Supplier, distributor or importer. A sup-14 plier, distributor or importer is guilty of misappro-15 priation of trust funds, if:
- A. He willfully appropriates or converts the tax collected to his own use or to any use other than the payment of tax; and
- B. The amount of tax required to be collected or paid on the due date prescribed in chapters 451 and 459.
- 22 2. Supplier, distributor or importer; definition. For the purposes of this section, the term supplier, distributor or importer includes, in addi-23 24 25 tion to the persons described in section 3202, section 5, any officer, director, member, agent or 26 27 employee of any supplier, distributor or importer 28 who, in that capacity, is responsible for the control 29 or management of the funds or finances of that supplier, distributor or importer or responsible for 30 either the collection or payment of that supplier, 31 32 distributor or importer's taxes.
- 33 3. Misappropriation; Class D crime. Misappro-34 priation of trust funds is a Class D crime.
- 35 §3235. Tax a debt; recovery; preference
- The taxes, interest and penalties imposed by chapters 7, 451 and 459, from the time the same shall

be due, shall be personal debt of the supplier, distributor, importer, motor carrier or user to the State, recoverable in any court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action in the name of the State, and shall have preference in any distribution of the assets of the taxpayer, whether in bankruptcy, insolvency or otherwise. The proceeds of any judgment obtained shall be paid to the State Tax Assessor.

§3236. Warrant; request for

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If any amount required to be paid to the State, under chapter 451, 453 or 459, is not paid when due, and no further review of the assessment is available under section 151, the State Tax Assessor may, within 3 years after administrative and judicial review has been exhausted, notify the person who according to the records of the State Tax Assessor is liable, specifying the amount required to be paid and interest and penalty due, and demanding payment within 12 days after the sending of that notice. The notice shall be given, as required by section 111, subsection 2, and shall warn the person that if he does not make payment as demanded, the State Tax Assessor may proceed to have the amount due collected by warrant as provided or may certify the amount due Attorney General for collection and, in addition, in the case of an amount due in respect to any vehicle, that if he does not make payment as demanded, suspension of the registration certificate and plates issued for that vehicle may result.

If the person does not make the payment demanded within the 12-day period, or the extension thereof as the State Tax Assessor may allow, the State Tax Assessor may file in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Kennebec County, or any county, a certificate addressed to the clerk specifying the amount required to be paid, interest and penalty due, the name and address of the person liable as it appears on the records of the State Tax Assessor, the facts whereby the amount has become final as to law and fact, the notice given, and requesting that a warrant be issued against the person in the amount required to be paid, together with interest and penalty as set forth in the certificate, and with costs.

If the State Tax Assessor thinks there are just grounds to fear that the person may abscond within the 12-day period, he shall not be required to give notice to the person and may, without further notice, file in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court a certificate addressed to the clerk requesting the immediate issuance of a warrant.

§3237. Issuance

The clerk of the Superior Court, immediately upon the filing of the certificate, shall issue a warrant in favor of the State against the person in the amount to be paid together with interest and penalty as set forth in the certificate, and with costs.

The clerk of the Superior Court shall file the certificate in a looseleaf book entitled "Warrants for Special Fuel Tax." These records are not to become a part of the extended record of that court.

§3238. Lien of tax

If any amount required to be paid to the State, under chapter 7, 451, 453 or 459, is not paid when due, the State Tax Assessor may file in the office of the registry of deeds of the county where that property is located, with respect to real property or fixtures and in the office in which a security or financing statement or notice with respect to personal property would be filed, a notice of lien specifying the amount of tax, interest, penalty and costs due, the name and last known address of person liable for the amount and the fact that the State Tax Assessor has complied with all the provisions of chapter 7, 451, 453 or 459 in the assessment of the tax. From the time of filing, the amount set forth in the certificate constitutes a lien upon property of the person liable in the county then owned by him or thereafter acquired by him in the period before the expiration of the lien. In the case of any prior mortgage on any real or personal property so written as to secure a present debt and also future advances by the mortgage to the mortgagor, the lien provided in this section, when notice it has been filed in the proper office, shall be subject to the prior mortgage, unless the State

Assessor also notifies the mortgagee of the recording of the lien in writing, in which case any indebtedness thereafter created from the mortgagor to the mortgagee shall be junior to the lien provided in this section. The lien provided in this section has the same force, effect and priority as a judgment lien and shall continue for 5 years from the date of filing unless sooner released or otherwise dis-charged. The lien may, within the 5-year period or within 5 years from the date of the last extension of the lien in the manner provided in this section, be extended by filing for record in the appropriate office a notice of extension of lien and from the time of that filing, the lien shall be extended for 5 years unless sooner released or otherwise discharged.

§3239. Form and effect

The warrant shall have the force and effect of an execution issued upon a judgment in a civil action for taxes and may be directed to the sheriffs of the respective counties, their deputies or to any agent of the State Tax Assessor authorized pursuant to section 112, subsection 6, to collect any tax imposed under this Title.

In the execution of the warrant and the collection of the taxes or in supplementary disclosure proceedings in Title 14, chapter 502, an agent of the State Tax Assessor shall have the powers of a sheriff and shall be entitled to collect from the debtor the same fees and charges permitted to a sheriff. All fees and charges collected by the agent of the State Tax Assessor shall be promptly remitted to the State.

The warrants may be in substantially the following form.

of our respective counties or either of their deputies, or any agent of the State Tax Assessor authorized to collect taxes imposed under the Special Fuel Tax Act;

"Whereas, the State Tax Assessor has certified,

Title 36, section 151,	17
fuel tores accessed	the amount of certain special
fuel taxes assessed	against of
	, with interest and penalty,
has become final becau	use of exhaustion of administra-
tive and judicial revi	ew, to wit:
Special Fuel Tax	\$
Penalty	
<u>Interest</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>Total</u>	\$
and \$	costs of this proceeding
and the	same is unpaid \$;
"We command you t	therefore, that of the money,
_we command you, c	of the debter in your presingt
or the value thereof i	of the debtor, in your precinct, n money, you cause to be paid
or the value thereof i	State the total and costs and
	State the total and costs, and this warrant, together with your
fees.	mis warrant, together with your
rees.	
"Hereof fail not.	and make due return of this
warrant with your	doings thereon, unto my office
within one year from t	this date.
	
	rk of Courts, County of
Cler	rk of Courts, County of Date "
Cler Warrants shall be	tk of Courts, County of Date " returnable within one year.
Cler Warrants shall be New warrants may be	returnable within one year.
Cler Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the	returnable within one year. i issued on any such certificate the return day of the last pre-
Cler Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the	returnable within one year.
Cler Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the ceding warrant for sum	returnable within one year. e issued on any such certificate the return day of the last pre- the remaining unsatisfied.
Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the ceding warrant for sum Warrants shall be	returnable within one year. i issued on any such certificate the return day of the last pre- the remaining unsatisfied. be served by the sheriff of any
Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the ceding warrant for sum Warrants shall be county or by any of hi	returnable within one year. i issued on any such certificate the return day of the last pre- the remaining unsatisfied. the served by the sheriff of any the served by any agent of
Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the ceding warrant for sum Warrants shall be county or by any of hi the State Tax Asses	returnable within one year. i issued on any such certificate the return day of the last presents remaining unsatisfied. be served by the sheriff of any adent of the story any agent of the story authorized to collect taxes
Warrants shall be New warrants may be within 2 years from the ceding warrant for sum Warrants shall be county or by any of hi the State Tax Asses	returnable within one year. returnable within one year. return day of the last premaining unsatisfied. reserved by the sheriff of any adent of soor authorized to collect taxes in the county

§3240. Priority of tax

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41 42 Whenever any person liable for any tax levied is insolvent, whenever any such person makes a voluntary assignment of his assets, whenever the estate of a deceased person liable in the hands of the executors, administrators or heirs is insufficient to pay all the debts due from the deceased or whenever estate and effects of an absconding, concealed or absent person liable are levied upon by process of law, the tax, together with interest attaching thereto, shall be first settled. This section shall not be construed to give the State a preference over any recorded lien which attached prior to the date when the tax became due.

§3241. Enforcement of lien

lien provided for by section 3238 may be enforced at any time after the tax liability with respect to which the lien arose becomes collectible under section 3236 by a civil action brought by the Attorney General in the name of the State in the Superior Court of the county in which the property is located to subject any property, of whatever nature, of the person liable, or in which he has any right, title or interest, to the payment of that tax or liability. The court shall, after the parties have been duly notified of the action, proceed to adjudicate all matters involved therein and finally determine the merits of all claims to and liens upon the property and, in all cases where a claim or interest of the State therein is established, may decree a sale of that property, by the proper officer of the court, a distribution of the proceeds of that sale according to the findings of the court. If the property is sold to satisfy a lien held by the State, the State may bid at the sale such sum, not exceeding the amount of the lien with expenses of sale, as the State Tax Assessor directs.

§3242. Injunctions

The State Tax Assessor may, by filing a complaint, apply for the revocation of registration, and injunction from doing business, of any person required to register by this Part or any rule promul-

gated pursuant thereto, who has omitted to register within 15 days after the State Tax Assessor has made demand, as provided by section 111, subsection 2; or has omitted to file with the State Tax Assessor any overdue report within 15 days after the State Tax Assessor has made demand therefor as provided by section 111, subsection 2; or has knowingly filed a false report; or has omitted to pay any tax required by him by this Part when the tax is shown to be due on a report filed by the taxpayer or admitted to be due by the taxpayer, or has been determined to be due and that determination has become final under this Part. The existence of other civil or criminal remedies shall be no defense to this proceeding.

The complaint shall be deemed adequate as to form if it sets forth the name and the address of the defendant as stated in his last return filed with the State Tax Assessor, or if no return was filed, the address, if any, known to the State Tax Assessor; the breach of the law or ruling or rule committed by the defendant; and the State Tax Assessor's prayer for relief. The paragraphs of the complaint shall be numbered. The complaint need not be verified.

The complaint may be presented to the Superior Court in any county where the defendant has a regular place of business, or, if he has no regular place, then in Kennebec County. The court shall forthwith fix a time and place for hearing and cause notice thereof to be given the defendant. The defendant shall serve upon the State Tax Assessor a copy of his answer to the complaint at least 3 days before the day of hearing. The answer shall be paragraphed and numbered to conform with the numbering of the paragraphs in the complaint so far as may be. Any allegation of fact in the complaint which is not denied shall be taken as true.

Jurisdiction is granted to the Superior Court to hear and determine these matters, and to enter and change such orders and decrees from time to time as the nature of the case may require and, if necessary, to appoint a receiver. From any final decree of the Superior Court, an appeal lies to the Law Court. The appeal shall be heard by the Law Court in the same manner as in other actions.

Sec. 8.	Appropr	iati	ion. The	e foll	Lowi	ing fur	nds	are
appropriated	from	the	General	Fund	to	carry	out	the
purposes of	this Act							

4		1983-84	<u> 1984-85</u>
5 6	FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF		
7 8 9 10 11	Positions Personal Services All Other Capital Expenditures	(6) \$65,000 35,000 9,000	(6) \$85,000 35,000 5,000
12	Total	\$109.000	\$125,000

Pursuant to Title 36, section 3219, the Department of Transportation will reimburse the General Fund for the cost incurred in the administration of chapter 459.

Sec. 9. Termination date. Unless extended by the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature, this part shall become null and void on July 1, 1985 and the law governing Use Fuel Tax in effect immediately prior to the enactment of this Act shall prevail unless comparable legislation is enacted.

23 PART E

Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §2910-A is enacted to read:

§2910-A. Refund to political subdivisions

Any political subdivision of the State which buys and uses any internal combustion engine fuel as defined in section 2902, on or after July 1, 1983, and which has paid a tax levied as provided by this chapter either directly by the collection of the tax by the vendor from the consumer, or indirectly by adding the amount of the tax to the price of the fuel and paid by the consumer, shall be reimbursed in the amount of the tax paid upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor a statement accompanied by the original invoices showing purchases. Applications for refunds shall be filed with the State Tax Assessor within 12

2 3 4 5 6 7	Emergency clin the preamble, approved; exceptake effect on Octoeffect on July 1	this Act ot that Part January 1, 19 Ober 1, 198	shall take t C, Sections 984; Part D	1 to 8 shall shall take
8		FISCAL	NOTE	
9	PART A			
10		APPI	ROPRATION - A	LLOCATION
11		1982-83	1983-84	1984-85
12 13 14 15	Highway Fund Amounts Other Funds Total		167,236,078	\$119,058,732 <u>168,960,296</u> \$288,019,028
16		PART	В	
17 18 19	It is estimated amount of \$1,1 of the bill.		ditional rev be generated	
20		PART	C	
21 22 23	It is estimated amount of \$62,2 of the Bill.			enue in the by this Part
24		PART	D	
25		Appropri	iation	
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	FINANCE AND ADMIDEPARTMENT OF Positions Personal Servall Other Capital Exper	rices) (6)
				•

months from the date of purchase.

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Pursuant to Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 3219, the Department of Transportation will reimburse the General Fund for the cost incurred in the administration of Title 36, chapter 459.

It is further estimated that additional revenue in the amount of \$1,500,000 will be generated by this Part of the Bill.

9 PART E

It is estimated that there will be a loss of revenue in the amount of \$1,800,000 as a result of this Part of the Bill.

13 STATEMENT OF FACT

Part A of this bill allocates and appropriates funds from the Highway Fund in amounts equal to revenue expected from highway taxes. The format for the allocations is considerably different from past Highway Allocation Acts in the following manner.

- 19 1. Part A, sections 1 to 22 are essentially the 20 same as corresponding sections in the General Fund, 21 Part 1, appropriations' bill.
- 22 2. Allocations are by line item, including spe-23 cific allocations for Personal Services, All Other 24 and Capital Expenditures.
- 25 3. The number of permanent positions associated 26 with each account are identified for control pur-27 poses.
- 28 Important allocations are made in this new draft:
- 29 l. To complete the state commitment for the state 30 aid program, \$6,300,000;
- 2. For the Local Road Block Grant Program, \$23,200,000. This will continue the program at the same level as in 1983. There also is included a requirement for a study by the Commissioner of Trans-

- portation in cooperation with the Maine Municipal Association to further consider and recommend changes that may be required to improve equity among communities;
- 3. For approximately 1,200 miles of maintenance resurfacing during the biennium. Specific work is described in the department's Transportation Investment Program for 1984-85, dated February 15, 1983;
- 9 4. For the Collector Road Program, \$9,000,000.
 10 These funds will improve approximately 185 miles of
 11 rural, nonfederal state aid roads retained by the
 12 State. Specific work is also described in the depart13 ment's Transportation Investment Program;
 - To match available federal highway funds, \$10,000,000. The new Federal Highway Act, passed December 1982, has substantially increased the amount federal funds available to the State for highway This \$10,000,000 allocation and bridge improvements. from current revenue, together with an additional \$21,600,000 contained in a proposed highway bond issue, will match about \$132,000,000 federal available to the State. The specific work associated with this effort described in detail is department's Transportation Investment Program; and
- Part B of the bill revises truck size and weight laws to conform with federal laws, and makes certain reforms to further implement the recommendations of the Highway Cost Allocation Study Steering Committee.
- Part B, section 1 defines farming and agriculture. This definition is necessary so that law enforcement officers can clearly determine if vehicles registered as farm vehicles are registered correctly.
- 34 Section 2 defines motor homes.

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- 35 Section 3 clarifies the definition of special 36 mobile equipment.
- 37 Sections 4 to 7 permit the operation of so-called 38 double bottoms on the Interstate Highway System and 39 certain other highways in accordance with the provi-

sions of the new federal law; retain the existing single motor vehicle length of 45 feet; the existing length of 60 feet for a combination truck tractor semitrailer with a 45-foot restriction for the semi-trailer on highways not prohibited by federal the existing 68 1/2-foot tree length logs provision and the exemption for fire department vehicles disabled vehicles being towed to a repair facility; and permit the operation of a combination of tractor semitrailer, on the Interstate Highway System and certain other highways, with an overall length in excess of 60 feet, provided that the semitrailer does exceed feet in length and the operation of double bottom combinations on these highways with length in excess of 60 feet, provided that overall neither trailing unit exceeds 28.5 feet in length accordance with the federal law.

Sections 8 and 9 provide further clarity as to when a vehicle may be operated with a farm truck registration.

 Section 10 provides that after September 30, 1984, the federal heavy vehicle use tax has to be paid before a registration certificate will be issued. This is in accordance with the provisions of the new federal law.

Section 11 changes the bridge formula to comply with federal law as it relates to the interstate system. State law currently applies the formula to the distance between extreme axles. Federal law requires the formula to be applied on any group of 2 or more axles.

Section 12 permits a combination vehicle consisting of a 3-axle truck tractor operating in combination with a tri-axle semitrailer to operate, under a general permit, with a maximum gross weight of 90,000 pounds.

Section 13 provides for a 20,000-pound single axle unit limit on the Interstate Highway System when the gross weight is in excess of 73,280 pounds. Maine is grandfathered for a 22,000-pound single axle unit when the gross weight is 73,280 pounds or less. Maine law did not address a tri-axle unit at the time

of enactment of the 1956 Federal Highway Act, therefore, federal law requires that the tri-axle unit limit on the Interstate Highway System be determined by application of the bridge formula.

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Section 14 provides for a fine to be assessed for vehicles operating on the Interstate Highway System with gross or axle weight limits in excess of the limits established for the system, but within specified tolerances.

10 Sections 15 and 16 extend the 64,000-pound tri-axle tolerance from November 1, 1983, until March 11 12 1, 1984, or until the annual registration certificate 13 for the 1984 registration year is obtained, whichever 14 occurs first; repeal the 1,000-pound axle 15 excess before a vehicle is in violation; establish a 16 special commodity permit fee; provide that the combi-17 nation vehicle described in section 15 operate mav 18 under a special commodity permit with a maximum gross weight of 100,000 pounds, provided that the gross 19 20 weight on a tandem axle unit shall not exceed 21 pounds and the gross weight on the tri-axle unit 22 shall not exceed 54,000 pounds; and provide that 23 gross weight on a tandem axle unit of a 5 or more 24 axle combination vehicle operating under special 25 commodity permit shall not exceed 44,000 pounds.

Sections 17 and 18 repeal the present 5% and 10% registration tolerance and replaces it with tolerance of $2 \frac{1}{2}\%$ or 500 pounds, whichever is the greater.

Section 19 repeals the 96-inch width limit on the Interstate Highway System in accordance with the new federal law.

Section 20 provides for an extended highway cost allocation evaluation.

Section 21 requires the Commissioner of Transportation to report to the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature such activities and progress as may have occurred in the formation of registration, operating authority and fuel use compacts with other states and provinces.

Section 22 requires the Commissioner of Trans-

- portation to prepare any legislation as may be necessary to improve the clarity and administration of existing statutes relating to registration, operation, payment of fuel taxation and related matters for the Second Regular Session of the 111th Legislature.
- 7 Section 23 requires the commissioner to prepare 8 legislation to adjust gross weights, axle weights and 9 axle spacings of trucks and truck combinations for 10 the Second Regular Session of the 111th Legislature.
- 11 Part C of the bill does the following:
- 12 Sections 1 to 8 make adjustments in the registra-13 tion fee schedule for certain vehicles.
- 14 Section 9 provides for mirror reciprocity.
- Section 10 establishes the motor fuel tax at 14¢ per gallon.
- 17 Section 11 places an annual limit on the amount 18 of the excise tax on internal combustion engine fuel 19 which is set aside for motorboats.
- Sections 12 to 15 make adjustments to the law consistent with the change in the motor fuel tax rate.
- 23 Section 16 allows for a reporting exemption for 24 motor carriers operating exclusively within the 25 State.
- Sections 17 to 19 make adjustments to the law consistent with the change in the motor fuel tax rate.
- Section 20 provides a sunset on section 11 unless action is taken during the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature.
- 32 Part D of this bill does the following:
- 33 Section 1 exempts off-highway consumption of dis-34 tillates in registered vehicles from the special fuel 35 tax. It exempts off-highway consumption of gasoline

- registered vehicles from the gasoline tax. 2 also exempts the requirement of consumers of special 3 fuel from filing quarterly tax returns under the sup-4 plier tax if their use is solely intrastate. provides for a monthly refund program to both con-5 6 sumers of special fuel and gasoline for the exemp-7 apply to off-highway consumption and for tions that 8 fuel tax paid to other comparable taxing jurisdic-9 It also provides that the applicant will be 10 paid interest on the refund if the claim is not 11 cessed and approved for payment promptly.
- 12 Section 2 creates a penalty for failure to file 13 or filing a false statement on a refund application.
- 14 Section 3 calls for licensing of motor carriers 15 (gasoline users) with the Bureau of Taxation. gives the State Tax Assessor the authority to refuse 16 17 licensing a motor carrier for fraudulent application 18 one under suspension. Presently, there is no 19 violation for operating without a motor carrier fuel This section makes a violation a Class E 20 21 crime, and requires motor carriers terminating their 22 businesses to notify the State Tax Assessor within 15 23 days and pay any accrued taxes, penalities and inter-24 Violation of this section is a Class E crime. est.
- 25 Section 4 changes violation of collection proce-26 dures from a civil action to a criminal action.
- 27 Section 6 enacts the "Special Fuel Tax Act".
- 28 Section 7 calls for:
- 29 1. Making special fuel taxes and gasoline taxes 30 trust funds of the State; and
- 31 2. Making the assessment and collection proce-32 dures of the special fuel and gasoline taxes con-33 sistent with the procedures applicable to the 34 sales use and income taxes.
- 35 Section 8 appropriates funds from the General 36 Fund to be reimbursed by the Department of Trans-37 portation with highway funds.
- 38 Section 9 provides for sunset of the suppliers

1 2	law unless legislative action is taken during the First Regular Session of the 112th Legislature.
3 4 5	Part E provides a refund of gasoline tax paid by political subdivisions of the State beginning July 1, 1983.
6 7	Summary of Effective Dates Part AEmergency
8	Part BEmergency
9	Sections 20 and 21 report
10	to First Regular Session
11	of 112th Legislature;
12	Sections 22 and 23 report to
13	Second Regular Session
14	of the 111th Legislature
15	Part CSections 1 to 8: January 1, 1984
16	Sections 9 to 20 Emergency
17	Part DOctober 1, 1983
18	Part EJuly 1, 1983
19	3090033083