

1 2	2						
3 4							
5 6	Legislative Document No. 119	95					
7 8 9 ·	S.P. 395 In Senate, March 15, 198 Referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Sent down for concurrence and ordered printed.						
. 10	JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate Presented by Senator Kany of Kennebec. Cosponsors: Senator Bustin of Kennebec, Representative Michael of Auburn and Representative Kiesman of Fryeburg.						
12 13	STATE OF MAINE						
14 15 16	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE						
17 18 19	AN ACT to Revise the Statutes relating to Radiation Control.						
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:	s					
- 22	Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §51 is repealed.						
23 24	Sec. 2. 10 MRSA $\S52$ , as amended by PL 1981, c 439, $\S\$1$ to 4, is reallocated to 38 MRSA $\$1402$ .	•					
25	Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §§53 and 54 are repealed.						
26 27	Sec. 4. 10 MRSA $103$ , as amended by PL 1981, c 109, $103$ , and 2, is repealed.						
28	Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §104 is repealed.						
29 30	Sec. 6. 10 MRSA §105, as enacted by PL 1979, c 684, §3, is repealed.						

1	Sec. 7. 10 MRSA §151 is repealed.
2 3	Sec. 8. 10 MRSA §152, as repealed and replaced by PL 1981, c. 439, §6, is repealed.
4 5	<b>Sec. 9. 10 MRSA §153,</b> as amended by PL 1981, c. 439, §7, is repealed.
6 7 8	Sec. 10. 10 MRSA §§161 to 165, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 439, §8, and as amended, is reallocated to 38 MRSA §§1411 to 1415.
9 10	Sec. 11. 10 MRSA §166, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 643, is repealed.
11 12 13	Sec. 12. 10 MRSA §§171 to 176, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 439, §9, is reallocated to 38 MRSA §§1431 to 1436.
14 15	Sec. 13. 10 MRSA §§201, 202 and 203 are repealed.
16 17 18	<b>Sec. 14. 10 MRSA §§251 to 256</b> , as enacted by PL 1977, c. 355, is reallocated to 35 MRSA §§3361 to 3366.
19	Sec. 15. 22 MRSA c. 160 is enacted to read:
20	CHAPTER 160
21	RADIATION PROTECTION ACT
22	§671. Declaration of policy
23 24 25	It is the policy of this State in furtherance of its responsibility to protect the public health, safety and the environment:
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	1. Compatible regulatory program. To institute and maintain a regulatory program for sources of ionizing and nonionizing radiation so as to provide for compatibility and equivalency with the standards and regulatory programs of the Federal Government; an integrated effective system of regulation within the State and a system consonant insofar as possible with those of other states;

.

÷

٠

à

Page 2-L.D. 1195

2. Safe use of sources. To institute and main-1 2 tain a program to permit development and utilization of sources of radiation for peaceful purposes con-sistent with the health and safety of the public; and 3 4 5 3. Low-level radiation waste. To provide for 6 the availability of capacity either within or outside the State for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within the State, except for waste 7 8 generated as a result of defense or federal research 9 10 and development activities. 11 §672. Purpose 12 It is the purpose of this Act to effectuate the 13 policies set forth in section 671 by providing for: 14 1. Public health and safety. A program of effective regulation of sources of radiation for 15 the 16 protection of the public health and safety; 2. Orderly regulatory program. A program to 17 promote an orderly regulatory pattern within 18 the State, among the states and between the Federal Gov-19 ernment and the State, and facilitate intergovern-20 21 mental cooperation with respect to use and regulation 22 of sources of radiation so that duplication of regu-23 lation may be minimized; 3. Assumption of responsibilities. A program to establish procedures for assumption and performance 24 25 26 of certain regulatory responsibilities with respect 27 to by-product, source and special nuclear materials 28 and radiation-generating equipment; and 29 4. Use of sources. A program to permit utiliza-30 tion of sources of radiation consistent with the 31 health and safety of the public. 32 §673. Definitions 33 1. By-product material. "By-product material" 34 means: Any radioactive material except special 35 Α. 36 nuclear material yielded in or made radioactive 37 by exposure to the radiation incident to the pro-

3 4 5 6	B. The tailings or wastes produced by the extraction or concentration of uranium or thorium from any ore processed primarily for its source material content.
7	2. Civil penalty. "Civil penalty" means any
8	monetary penalty levied on a licensee or registrant
9	because of violations of statutes, regulations,
10	licenses or registration certificates, but does not
11	include criminal penalties.
12	3. Closure or site closure. "Closure or site
13	closure" means all activities performed at a waste
14	disposal site, such as stabilization and contouring,
15	to assure that the site is in a stable condition so
16	that only minor custodial care, surveillance and mon-
17	itoring are necessary at the site following termina-
18	tion of licensed operation.
19	4. Decommissioning. "Decommissioning" means the
20	series of activities undertaken beginning at the time
21	of closing of a nuclear power plant to ensure that
22	the final disposition of the site or any radioactive
23	components or material, but not including spent fuel,
24	associated with the plant is accomplished safely in
25	compliance with all applicable state and federal
26	laws. Decommissioning includes activities undertaken
27	to prepare a nuclear power plant for final disposi-

\*

cess of producing or utilizing special nuclear

1 2

41

material; and

26 laws. Decommissioning includes activities undertaken 27 to prepare a nuclear power plant for final disposi-28 tion, to monitor and maintain it after closing and to 29 effect final disposition of any radioactive compo-30 nents of the nuclear power plant.

31		Disposal					
32	waste.	"Disposal	of low	-level	radioa	ctive	waste"
33	means	the isolat	tion of	low-lev	vel wa	ste 1	from the
34	biosphe	ere inhabite	ed by peo	ple and	their	food	chains.
35	6.	High-level	radio	bactive	waste.	"Hiq	gh-level
36	radioad	tive waste'	' means t	he high	ly radi	oactiv	/e_mate-
37	rial re	sulting fro	om the re	process:	ing of	spent	nuclear
38	fuel, i	ncluding li	quid wa	aste pro	oduced	dired	ctly in
39	reproce	essing and a	any solic	l materia	al deri	ved fi	rom that
40	liquid	waste that	contains	s fission	n produ	cts in	n suffi-

Page 4-L.D. 1195

cient concentrations; and other highly radioactive

1	material that the United States Nuclear Regulatory
2	Commission, consistent with existing law, determines
3	by rule to require permanent isolation.
4 5	7. License general and specific. "License general and specific" means the following.
6 7 9 10 11 12 13	A. "General license" means a license effective pursuant to regulations promulgated by the department without the filing of an application with the department or the issuance of licensing documents to particular persons to transfer, ac- guire, own, possess or use quantities of, or devices or equipment utilizing, radioactive mate- rial.
14	B. "Specific license" means a license, issued to
15	a named person upon application filed pursuant to
16	the regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act,
17	to use, manufacture, produce, transfer, receive,
18	acquire or possess quantities of, or devices or
19	equipment utilizing, radioactive material.
20	8. Low-level radioactive waste. "Low-level
21	radioactive waste" means radioactive material that is
22	not high-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel,
23	transuranic waste, or byproduct material as defined
24	in the United States Code, Title 42, Section
25	2014(e)(2), the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, section
26	11e(2); and the United States Nuclear Regulatory Com-
27	mission, consistent with existing law, classifies as
28	low-level radioactive waste.
29	9. Radiation. "Radiation" means ionizing radia-
30	tion and nonionizing radiation.
31	A. "Ionizing radiation" means gamma rays and x
32	rays; alpha and beta particles, high-speed elec-
33	trons, neutrons, protons and other nuclear par-
34	ticles; but not sound or radio waves, or visible,
35	infrared or ultraviolet light.
36	B. "Nonionizing radiation" means any
37	electromagnetic radiation, other than ionizing
38	electromagnetic radiation, and any sonic, ultra-
39	sonic or infrasonic wave.

2

Page 5-L.D. 1195

1	10. Radiation generating equipment. "Radiation
2	generating equipment" means any manufactured product
3	or device, or component part of such a product or
4	device, or any machine or system which during opera-
5	tion can generate or emit radiation, except those
6	which emit radiation, only from radioactive material.
7	11. Radioactive material. "Radioactive mate-
8	rial" means any material which emits ionizing radia-
9	tion spontaneously. It includes
10	accelerator-produced, by-product, naturally occur-
11	ring, source and special nuclear materials.
12	12. Registration. "Registration" means regis-
13	tration with the department in accordance with rules
14	adopted pursuant to this Act.
15	13. Source material. "Source material" means:
16 17	A. Uranium or thorium, or any combination thereof, in any physical or chemical form; or
18	B. Ores which contain by weight 1/20th of 1%,
19	0.05%, or more of uranium, thorium or any combi-
20	nation thereof. Source material does not include
21	special nuclear material.
22	14. Source material mill tailings. "Source
23	material mill tailings" means the tailings or wastes
24	produced by the extraction or concentration of ura-
25	nium or thorium from any ore processed primarily for
26	its source material content, including discrete sur-
27	face wastes resulting from underground solution
28	extraction processes, but not including underground
29	ore bodies depleted by those solution extraction pro-
30	cesses.
31	15. Source material milling. "Source material
32	milling" means any processing of ore, primarily for
33	the purpose of extracting or concentrating uranium or
34	thorium therefrom and which results in the production
35	of source material mill tailings.
36	16. Sources of radiation. "Sources of radia-
37	tion" means, collectively, radioactive material and
38	radiation generating equipment.

.

ł

٠

÷

1 <u>17. Special nuclear material.</u> "Special nuclear 2 material" means:

3A. Plutonium, uranium 233 and uranium enriched4in the isotope 233 or in the isotope 235, but5does not include source material; or

B. Any material artificially enriched by any of
the material listed in paragraph A, but does not
include source material.

9 <u>18. Spent nuclear fuel. "Spent nuclear fuel"</u> 10 <u>means irradiated nuclear fuel that has undergone at</u> 11 <u>least one year's decay since being used as a source</u> 12 <u>of energy in a power reactor. Spent fuel includes</u> 13 <u>the special nuclear material, by-product material,</u> 14 <u>source material and other radioactive material asso-</u> 15 <u>ciated with fuel assemblies.</u>

16 <u>19. Transuranic waste.</u> "Transuranic waste" 17 <u>means radioactive waste containing alpha emitting</u> 18 <u>transuranic elements, with radioactive half-lives</u> 19 <u>greater than 5 years, in excess of 10 nanocuries per</u> 20 gram.

21 §674. State Radiation Control Agency

1. Designated. The Department of Human Ser vices, in this chapter referred to as the "depart ment," is designated as the State Radiation Control
 Agency.

26 2. Commissioner. The Commissioner of Human Ser-27 vices shall be referred to as the "commissioner," who 28 shall perform the functions vested in the department 29 pursuant to this Act.

30 3. Employees. In accordance with the laws of
 31 this State, the department may employ, compensate and
 32 prescribe the powers and duties of such individuals
 33 as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
 34 this Act.

Authority. The department shall, for the
 protection of the public health and safety:

1 A. Develop programs for the evaluation and con-2 trol of hazards associated with use of sources of 3 radiation; 4 B. Develop programs with due regard for compati-5 bility with federal programs for regulation of 6 by-product, source and special nuclear materials; 7 C. Develop programs with due regard for consist-8 ency with federal programs for regulation of 9 radiation generating equipment; 10 D. Formulate, adopt, promulgate and repeal codes and rules, which may provide for licensing or 11 12 registration, relating to control of sources of radiation with due regard for compatibility with 13 14 the regulatory programs of the Federal Govern-15 ment; 16 E. Issue such orders or modifications thereof as 17 may be necessary in connection with proceedings 18 under section 677; F. Advise, consult and cooperate with other agencies of the State, Federal Government, other 19 20 21 states and interstate agencies, political sub-22 divisions and other organizations concerned with 23 control of sources of radiation; G. May accept and administer loans, grants or 24 funds or gifts, conditional or otherwise, 25 other 26 in furtherance of its functions, from the Federal 27 Government and from other sources, public or pri-28 vate; 29 H. Encourage, participate in, or conduct 30 studies, investigations, training, research and 31 demonstrations relating to control of sources of 32 radiation; and I. Collect and disseminate information relating 33 34 to control of sources of radiation, including: 35 (1) Maintenance of a file of all license 36 applications, issuances, denials, amend-37 ments, transfers, renewals, modifications, 38 suspensions and revocations;

Page 8-L.D. 1195

1	(2) Maintenance of a file of registrants
2	possessing sources of radiation requiring
3	registration under this Act and any adminis-
4	trative or judicial action pertaining
5	thereto; and
6 7 8 9	(3) Maintenance of a file of all of the department's rules relating to regulation of sources of radiation, pending or promul-gated, and proceedings thereon.
10	5. Coordination. The commissioner shall serve
11	as the coordinator of radiation activities among the
12	Bureau of Civil Emergency Preparedness, Department of
13	Public Safety and Department of Environmental Protec-
14	tion. The commissioner shall:
15	A. Consult with and review regulations and
16	procedures of the agencies to assure consistency
17	and to prevent unnecessary duplication,
18	inconsistencies or gaps in regulatory require-
19	ments; and
20	B. Review, prior to promulgation, the proposed
21	rules of all agencies of the State relating to
22	use of control of radiation, to assure that these
23	rules are consistent with the Maine Administra-
24	tive Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, and
25	rules of other agencies of the State. The review
26	shall be completed within 15 days.
27	If the commissioner determines that proposed rules
28	are inconsistent with rules of other agencies of the
29	State, he shall consult with the agencies involved in
30	an effort to resolve these inconsistencies. In the
31	event no inconsistency is reported within 15 days,
32	the proposed rules shall be presumed consistent for
33	the purposes of this subsection. Upon notification
34	by the commissioner that the inconsistency has not
35	been resolved, the Governor may find that the pro-
36	posed rules or parts thereof are inconsistent with
37	rules of other agencies of the State and may issue or
38	order to that effect, in which event the proposed
39	rules or parts thereof shall not become effective.
40	The Governor may, in the alternative, upon a similar
41	determination, direct the appropriate agency or agen-
42	cies to amend or repeal existing rules to achieve
43	consistency with the proposed rules.

Page 9-L.D. 1195

1	6. Information. The several agencies of the							
2								
3	State shall keep the commissioner fully and currently informed as to their activities relating to regula-							
4	tion of sources of radiation.							
т	cion di sources di fadración.							
5	§675. Advisory Committee on Radiation							
5	3075. Advisory committee on Radiación							
6	1. Appointment. The commissioner may appoint an							
7	Advisory Committee on Radiation consisting of 5 mem-							
8	bers with training and experience in the various							
9								
10	fields in which sources of radiation are used. Mem-							
	bers of the committee shall serve at the discretion							
11	of the commissioner and receive no salary for ser-							
12	vices, but may be reimbursed for actual expenses							
13	incurred in connection with attendance at committee							
14	meetings or for authorized business of the committee.							
15	2. Duties. The committee, if appointed, shall							
16	make recommendations to the commissioner and furnish							
17	such advice as may be requested by the department on							
18	matters relating to the regulation of sources of							
19	radiation.							
20	§676. Coordination and liaison with federal agencies							
~ 1								
21	The following agencies shall serve as liaison							
22	with federal agencies and coordinate administration							
23	of the issues indicated.							
0.4								
24	1. Health and safety. The Department of Human							
25	Services shall coordinate monitoring of radiation and							
26	health and safety in medical and industrial use of							
27	radiation, and shall serve as liaison with the United							
28	States Food and Drug Administration.							
<u>^</u>								
29	2. Emergency procedures. Bureau of Civil Emer-							
30	gency Preparedness shall coordinate off-site emer-							
31	gency procedures for nuclear facilities, and shall							
32	serve as liaison with the federal agencies with							
33	jurisdiction over defense activities and emergency							
34	response management.							
35	3. Transportation. The Department of Public							
26	Cofaty shall as and insta the second station of modios ative							

36 <u>Safety shall coordinate transportation of radioactive</u> 37 <u>materials.</u> .

2

4. Radioactive waste. The Department of Envi-1 ronmental Protection shall coordinate management of 2 high-level and low-level wastes. 3 5. Geology. The Maine Geological Survey shall 4 5 provide technical assistance for waste management. 6 6. Energy. The Office of Energy Resources shall 7 serve as liaison with the United States Department of 8 Energy. 9 7. Environment. The Department of Environmental 10 Protection shall serve as liaison with the United 11 States Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. 12 §677. Licensing and registration of sources of 13 14 radiation 15 1. Radioactive material, devices or equip-ment. The department shall provide by rule for gen-16 17 eral or specific licensing of radioactive material or devices or equipment utilizing those materials. That 18 19 rule shall provide for amendment, suspension or revo-20 cation of licenses. 21 2. Other sources. The department may require registration or licensing of other sources of radia-22 23 tion. 3. Exemptions. The department may exempt cer-tain sources of radiation or kinds of uses or users 24 25 26 from the licensing or registration requirements set forth in this section when the department makes a 27 finding that the exemption of these sources of radia-28 tion or kinds of uses or users will not constitute a 29 significant risk to the health and safety of the 30 31 public. 4. Recognition of other licenses. Rules promul-gated pursuant to this Act may provide for recogni-32 33 34 tion of other state or federal licenses as the department may deem desirable, subject to such regis-35 36 tration requirements as the department may prescribe. 37 §678. Source material processing and related mate-38 rial

1	State regulation of source material processing
2	shall be subject to the primary jurisdiction of the
3	Department of Environmental Protection, as specified
4	in Title 38.
5	§679. Low-level radioactive waste disposal
6	State regulation of low-level radioactive waste
7	disposal shall be subject to the primary jurisdiction
8	of the Department of Environmental Protection, as
9	specified in Title 38.
10	§680. Radiation user fees
11	1. Nuclear power reactors. The annual registra-
12	1. Nuclear power reactors. The annual registra- tion fee for operating nuclear power reactors is
13	\$59,200 per year.
14	2. Radiation protection services. The depart-
15	ment shall prescribe and collect such fees as may be
16	established by regulation for radiation protection
17	services provided under this Act. Services for which
18	fees may be established include:
19	A. Registration of radiation generating equip-
20	ment and other sources of radiation;
21	B. Issuance, amendment and renewal of licenses
22	for radioactive materials;
23	C. Inspections of registrants or licensees; and
24	D. Environmental surveillance activities to
25	assess the radiological impact of activities con-
26	ducted by licensees.
27	3. Fees. In determining rates of these fees,
28	the department shall, as an objective, obtain suffi-
29	cient funds therefrom to reimburse the State for the
30	direct and indirect costs of the radiation protection
31	services specified in subsection 2. The department
32	shall take into account any special arrangements
33	between the State and a registrant, licensee, another
34	state or a federal agency whereby the cost of the
35	service is otherwise partially or fully recovered.

,

é

4. Public agency fees. Notwithstanding subsec tion 1, fees for registration of radiation generating
 equipment and other sources of radiation and for
 licenses for radioactive materials shall not be re guired for an agency of the State or any political
 subdivision thereof.

7 5. Exemptions. The department may, upon application by an interested person, or on its own initia-8 9 tive, grant such exemptions from the requirements of 10 this section as it determines are in the public 11 interest. Applications for exemption under this paragraph may include activities, such as, but not 12 limited to, the use of licensed materials for educa-13 tional or noncommercial displays or scientific col-14 15 lections.

6. Penalties. When a registrant or licensee
 fails to pay the applicable fee, the department may
 suspend or revoke the registration or license or may
 issue an appropriate order.

20 §681. Surety requirements

21 §682. Inspections

22 1. Authorized. The department or its duly 23 authorized representatives may enter at all reasonable times upon any private or public property for 24 25 the purpose of determining whether or not there is 26 compliance with or violation of the provisions of this Act and the rules issued thereunder, except that 27 28 entry into areas under the jurisdiction of the Fed-29 eral Government or its duly designated representa-30 tive.

31 2. Equipment inspection. The department shall 32 promulgate rules requiring periodic inspection, cer-33 tification and calibration of equipment, capable of 34 emitting ionizing radiation, by certified techni-35 cians. The rules shall not provide for inspection, 36 certification and calibration more frequently than 37 annually.

38	3.	. Tecl	nnicia	in ce	ertif	icat	ion.	The	de	partment
39	shall	promu	lgate	rules	prov	idir	ng for	the	qu	alifica-
40	tions	and	certi	ficati	ion	of t	cechnic	ians	to	inspect,

certify and calibrate equipment capable of omitting 1 ionizing radiation. The rules shall also provide for 2 3 the standardization of calibration equipment, inspec-4 tion and calibration methodology and reporting proce-5 6 dures. The department may grant, modify or refuse to issue a certification in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375 7 8 subchapter V. The Administrative Court shall have 9 exclusive jurisidiction to suspend or revoke a certi-10 fication of any person found guilty of noncompliance with the rules pertaining to inspection, certifica-11 12 tion and reporting procedures or misrepresentation of 13 inspection findings.

4. Failure to comply. Persons failing to have
their equipment inspected, certified and calibrated,
as required in subsection 2, shall be subject to the
penalties of section 690-A.

## 18 §683. Records

19 The department may require by rule, or order, the 20 keeping of such records with respect to activities 21 under licenses and registration certificates issued 22 pursuant to this Act as may be necessary to effectu-23 ate the purposes of this Act. These records shall be 24 made available for inspection by, or copies thereof 25 shall be submitted to, the department.

26 §684. Federal - State agreements

27 General agreements. The Governor, on behalf 1. 28 of this State, may enter into agreements with the 29 United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, Section 274b, as 30 31 amended, providing for discontinuance of certain of 32 the commission's licensing and related regulatory 33 authority with respect to by-product, source and spe-34 cial nuclear materials and the assumption of regula-35 tory authority therefor by this State.

Any person who, on the effective date of an agreement under this subsection, possesses a license issued by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission for radioactive materials subject to the agreement shall be deemed to possess a like license issued under this Act, which shall expire either 90 days after receipt

Page 14-L.D. 1195

from the department of a notice of expiration of that license, or on the date of expiration specified in the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission license, whichever is earlier.

5 2. Limited agreements. The Governor, on behalf of this State, may enter into an agreement with the 6 7 United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, Section 274i, as 8 amended, other federal government agencies, where 9 authorized by law, or other states or interstate agencies, whereby this State will perform on a 10 11 12 cooperative basis inspections or other functions 13 relating to control of sources of radiation.

14 §685. Training programs

15 The department may institute training programs 16 for the purpose of qualifying personnel to carry out 17 the provisions of this Act, and may make the person-18 nel available for participation in any program or 19 programs of the Federal Government, other states or 20 interstate agencies in furtherance of the purposes of 21 this Act.

22 §686. Conflicting laws

Ordinances, resolutions or regulations, now or 23 24 hereafter in effect, of the governing body of a municipality or county or of state agencies other than the Department of Human Services relating to by-25 26 product, source and special nuclear materials shall 27 not be superseded by this Act, provided that the 28 ordinances or regulations are and continue to be con-29 sistent with this Act, amendments thereto and rules 30 31 thereunder.

32 §687. Administrative procedure and judicial review

 1. Rulemaking. In any proceeding for the issuance or modification of rules relating to control of sources of radiation, the department shall provide an opportunity for public participation through written comments or a public hearing, as required in the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, sections 8052 and 10003. 1 2. Hearing. In any proceeding for the denial of 2 an application for a license or for revocation, sus-3 pension or modification of a license, the department 4 shall provide to the applicant or licensee an oppor-5 tunity for a hearing on the record.

6 3. Emergency action. Whenever the department 7 finds that an emergency exists requiring immediate 8 action to protect the public health and safety, the 9 department may, without notice or hearing, issue a 10 rule or order reciting the existence of the emergency 11 and requiring that such action be taken as is necesthe emergency. Notwithstanding any this Act, that rule or order shall be 12 sary to meet 13 provision of 14 effective immediately. Any person to whom such rule or order is directed shall comply therewith immedi-15 16 ately, but on application to the department shall be afforded a hearing within 30 days. On the basis of 17 18 that hearing, the emergency rule or order shall be 19 continued, modified or revoked within 30 days after 20 the hearing.

4. Judicial review. Any final agency action or
 order entered in any proceeding under subsections 1,
 2 and 3 shall be subject to judicial review by the
 Administrative Court in the manner prescribed in the
 Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter
 375.

## 27 §688. Injunction proceedings

28 Whenever, in the judgment of the department, any 29 person has engaged in or is about to engage in any 30 acts or practices which constitute or will constitute a violation of this Act, or any rule or order issued thereunder, and at the request of the department, the 31 32 33 Attorney General may make application to the District Court for an order enjoining those acts or practices, 34 or for an order directing compliance, and, upon a 35 36 showing by the department that the person has engaged or is about to engage in any such acts or practices, 37 38 a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining 39 order or other order may be granted.

40 §689. Prohibited uses

Page 16-L.D. 1195

1 It is unlawful for any person to use, manufac-2 ture, produce, distribute, sell, transport, transfer, 3 install, repair, receive, acquire, own or possess any 4 source of radiation, unless licensed by or registered 5 with the department in conformance with rules, if 6 any, promulgated in accordance with this Act.

7 §690. Impounding

8 The department may in the event of an emergency 9 impound or order the impounding of sources of radia-10 tion in the possession of any person who is not 11 equipped to observe or fails to observe the provi-12 sions of this Act or any rules issued thereunder.

13 §690-A. Penalties

14 <u>1. Violation of rules. Any person who violates</u> 15 <u>any of the provisions of this Act, or rules or orders</u> 16 <u>of the department in effect pursuant thereto, is</u> 17 <u>guilty of a Class D crime.</u>

2. Violation of license. Any person who vio-lates any licensing or registration provision of this 18 19 Act or any rule or order issued thereunder, or any term, condition or limitation of any license or 20 21 22 registration certificate issued thereunder, or com-23 mits any violation for which a license or registration certificate may be revoked under rules issued 24 25 pursuant to this Act may be guilty of a Class D 26 crime.

27 Sec. 16. Effective date; transition. The provi-28 sions of this Act relating to the licensing and regu-29 lation of by-product, source and special nuclear 30 materials shall become effective on the effective 31 date of the agreement between the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission and this State, as pro-32 vided in Title 22, section 684, subsection 1. The 33 other provisions of this Act shall take effect on January 1, 1984. Existing regulations shall remain 34 35 36 in effect until new regulations are promulgated under 37 this Act.

## STATEMENT OF FACT

2 In 1961, the State modified its radition laws to 3 reflect the Council of State Government's Model 4 Radiation Act. This bill represents an updating of 5 Maine law to reflect changes in the model act that 6 are appropriate for the administration of an adequate 7 state radiation protection program. The Radiation Protection Act is placed in Title 22, with other 8 9 statutes relating to the Department of Human Ser-10 vices. Section 15 contains the new Act. In the new 11 Act:

12 1. Title 22, section 671, Policy, and section 13 672, Purpose, are updated versions of Title 10, 14 section 51;

15 2. Title 22, section 673, Definitions, is an 16 updated version of Title 10, section 52, with a 17 number of new and updated definitions;

18 3. Title 22, section 674, is an updated version 19 of Title 10, section 103, which designates the 20 Department of Human Services as the State Radiation 21 Control Agency and assigns them responsibility for 22 coordinating radiation activities;

4. Title 22, section 675, establishes a new
Advisory Committee on Radiation;

5. Title 22, section 676, is an updated version
of Title 10, section 151-A, assigning coordination
with federal agencies;

6. Title 22, section 677, is an updated version
of Title 10, section 103, subsections 1, 10 and 11 on
licensing of sources;

31 7. Title 22, section 678, assigns jurisdiction
32 over source material processing to the Department of
33 Environmental Protection;

34 8. Title 22, section 679, assigns jurisdiction
35 over low-level radioactive waste disposal to the
36 Department of Environmental Protection;

1

9. Title 22, section 680, is an updated version 1 2 Title 10, section 105, which provides for the of adoption of user fees; 3 4 Title 22, section 681, is reserved for 10. 5 future use for surety requirements; Title 22, section 682, corrects some of the 6 11. 7 problems associated with the administration of Title 10, section 103, subsections 8 and 11, on inspec-8 tions, and replaces that section; 9 10 Title 22, section 683, provides for the 12. 11 maintenance of records for inspection purposes; 12 Title 22, section 684, is an updated version 13. 13 Title 10, section 152, on federal-state agreeof 14 ments: Title 22, section 685, is an updated version 15 14. 16 of Title 10, section 153, on training programs; 17 Title 22, section 686, is a new 15. section relating to conflicting laws and ordinances; 18 19 Title 22, section 687, is a new section 16. 20 clarifying administrative procedures and judicial 21 review of departmental actions; 22 Title 22, section 688, is an updated version 17. 23 of Title 10, sections 202 and 203, on injunction pro-24 ceedings; 25 Title 22, section 689, is a new section pro-18. 26 hibiting the use of an unregistered source of radia-27 tion; 28 Title 22, section 690, is a new section pro-19. viding for the impoundment of sources or devices in 29 the event of emergency; and 30 31 Title 22, section 690-A, is an updated ver-20. sion of Title 10, section 201, on penalties. 32 33 There is an unallocated section of the bill which 34 clarifies the establishment of license dates if an agreement is signed with the United States Nuclear 35

Regulatory Commission, and makes the rest of the bill
 effective January 1, 1984.

3 The other material from Title 10 relating to 4 radiation and nuclear power is recodifed with the 5 statutes relating to the relevant agencies; Title 35, 6 Public Utilities Commission, for certification of 7 nuclear power plants, and Title 38, Department of 8 Environmental Protection for radioactive waste.

9

0351022683

Page 20-L.D. 1195