MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	(EMERGENCY)		
	FIRST REGULAR SESSION		
	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE		
Leg	islative Document No. 1174		
S.P.	. 382 In Senate, March 14, 1983		
Referred to the Committee on Health and Institutional Services. Sent down for concurrence and ordered printed.			
	JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate		
Pres	sented by Senator Twitchell of Oxford.		
	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE		
	AN ACT to Increase Public Disclosure and Accountability with Respect to Review of Hospital Budgets, to Initiate a Prospective Payment System for Medicaid, to Analyze and Approve Appropriate Payor Differentials, and to Extend the Sunset Provisions of the Health Facilities Information Disclosure Act and for Other Purposes.		
	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legisture do not become effective until 90 days after ournment unless enacted as emergencies; and		
	Whereas, the currently existing law calls for unset repeal" of the Health Facilities Information sclosure Act on July 1, 1983; and		
has	Whereas, the Health Facilities Cost Review Board rendered to the Governor a comprehensive report		

on potential causes behind hospital cost increases in the State and has made several suggestions to amend the current Act; and

 Whereas, certain suggested amendments to the Act, as contained in proposed legislation drafted by the board, raise several questions regarding the manner in which to review and potentially to regulate hospital budgets; and

Whereas, current cost-based reimbursement mechanisms for 3rd-party payments to hospitals lack sufficient incentives and predictability with respect to hospital payments; and

Whereas, the United States Congress has made several significant changes in Medicare reimbursement received by hospitals, through enactment of the United States Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982, these changes have adversely affected a significant source of payment for Maine hospitals, and further planned federal reimbursement initiatives, such as prospective Medicaid reimbursement, are likely to affect dramatically any individual state's reimbursement program; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

- 29 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as 30 follows:
- 31 Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §352, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 32 1977, c. 691, §1, is amended to read:
- 9. <u>Performance</u> standards. "Performance standards" means the numerical measures of the costs of health care services rendered, as calculated according to methods used by the board to define these measures, which address the following factors with due regard for hospital size and geographic location:

- A. Inflation, based upon appropriate independently determined proxies for goods and services utilized by hospitals;
- B. Costs associated with projects which have been approved under the certificate of need program;
- 7 C. Volume and intensity of services;
- B D. Replacement costs of facilities and equipment;
- 10 E. Population and its age composition; and
- 11 <u>F. Regulatory requirements affecting hospital</u> 2 costs.
- Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §353, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1981, c. 470, Pt. A, §60, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 16 1. Health Facilities Cost Review Board; estab-17 lished. There is established a Health Facilities Cost Review Board which shall function as an inde-18 pendent board. The board shall be composed of 16 mem-19 bers. Fourteen members shall be appointed by the Gov-20 ernor, subject to review by the joint standing com-21 mittee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over 22 health and institutional services and confirmation by 23 the Legislature. The Commissioner of Human Services 24 25 or his designee shall serve as an ex officio voting member of the board; and the Superintendent of Insurance or his designee shall serve as an ex officio 26 27 28 voting member of the board. The 14 members appointed by the Governor shall be selected in accordance with 29 30 the following requirements:
- A. One member shall be appointed from a list of names submitted by the Maine Hospital Association;
- 34 B. One member shall be appointed from a list of 35 anames submitted by the Maine Health Care Association;

1 C. One member shall be appointed from lists of 3
2 names, each submitted by any nonprofit hospital
3 and medical corporation under Title 24;

- D. One member shall be appointed from lists of 3 names, each submitted by any company authorized to sell accident and health insurance under Title 24-A;
- E. One member shall be appointed from lists of 3 names submitted by the Maine Medical Association;
 - F. One member shall be appointed from lists of 3 names, each submitted by the Maine Osteopathic Association; and
 - G. Eight public members shall be appointed as consumers of health care. Neither the public members nor their spouses or children shall, within the 12 months preceding appointment, have been affiliated with, employed by or have had any professional affiliation with any health care facility or institution, health product manufacturer or corporation or insurer providing coverage for hospital or medical care; provided that neither membership in nor subscription to a service plan maintained by a nonprofit hospital medical service organization, nor enrollment in a health maintenance organization, nor membership as a policyholder in a mutual insurer or coverage under such a policy, nor the purchase of or coverage under a policy issued by a stock insurer shall disqualify a person from serving as a public member.
- Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §357, sub-§8, as repealed and replaced by PL 1979, c. 662, §3, is amended to read:
- 8. <u>Performance standards</u>. Have the power to establish performance standards prospectively in order to evaluate the effects of any approved voluntary budget review organization on the costs of health care services rendered by hospitals participating in the organization and, in accordance with section 366, subsection 1, to establish the methods of and the criteria for calculating these performance standards, which shall address the following factors

- 1 with due regard for hospital size and geographic 2 location:
- A. Inflation, based upon appropriate independ-3 4 ently determined proxies for goods and services 5 utilized by hospitals;
- B. Costs associated with projects which have 6 been approved under the certificate of need pro-7 8 gram;
- 9 C. Volume and intensity of services;
- 10 D. Replacement costs of facilities and equip-11 ment;
- 12 E. Population and its age composition; and
- 13 F. Regulatory requirements.
- 14 The board shall publish on or before July 1st and 15 January 1st of each calendar year currently effective performance standards, except that any proposed 16 17 modifications in the criteria or methodology for 18 calculating those performance standards shall be sub-19 ject to the notice and hearing procedures of section 20 366.
- 21 Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §359, sub-§3, as amended by PL 22 1979, c. 662, §6, is repealed and the following 23 enacted in its place:
- 24 3. Review and findings. In accordance with subsection 1, the board may conduct reviews of hospital 25 26 budgets to determine that prospectively determined 27 overall rates and charges:
- 28 A. Are reasonably just;
- 29 B. Are reasonably related to reasonable financial requirements to maintain the financial 30 31 stability of the health facility for the level
- 32 and amount of services provided to patients;
- C. Reasonably account for variances from previously approved budgets; and 33 34

D. Are allocated equitably among all purchasers of health services without undue discrimination, except as required by federal and state statutes or regulations.

For purposes of determinations made under paragraph C as to variances from previously approved budgets, the board may consider budgets for fiscal years beginning on and after July 1, 1982.

Upon completion of its review, the board shall make a written report of its findings, a copy of which shall be sent to the hospital whose budget has been reviewed. The board shall provide this copy of its findings of the hospital at least 15 days prior to public disclosure of the findings, and shall afford an opportunity for reconsideration of those findings prior to disclosure. Public disclosure shall be carried out through publication of findings in a newspaper of general circulation in the area served by the hospital and such other means as the board deems appropriate.

21 Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §361, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 22 691, §1, is amended to read:

§361. Annual report

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Annually, prior to January 1st, the board shall present a report to the Legislature and the Governor. This report shall include, but not be limited to, a description of its activities and the activities of any voluntary budget review organization during the previous year, a summary of the costs of services rendered by health facilities and any findings and recommendations which the board deems necessary, including recommendations for controlling facilities' costs and for containing the costs of obtaining services from health facilities. report shall also contain, in summary fashion, or in such detail as the board deems appropriate, findings of the board or of a voluntary budget review organization with respect to individual hospitals' prospectively determined overall rates and charges, except that the board may disclose those findings on a more frequent basis in its discretion, subject to the provisions of section 360, subsection 2.

1 2 3	Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §364, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 662, §8, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
4 5 6	A. The budget review procedures are likely to permit the voluntary budget review organization to determine whether prospectively determined
7	overall rates and charges:
8	(1) Are reasonably just;
9	(2) Are reasonably related to reasonable
10	financial requirements to maintain the
11	financial stability of the health facility
12	for the level and amount of services pro-
13	vided to patients;
L4	(3) Reasonably account for variances from
15	previously approved budgets; and
16	(4) Are allocated equitably among all pur-
17	chasers of health services without undue
18	discrimination, except as required by fed-
19	eral or state statutes or regulations.
20	Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §364, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by
21	PL 1979, c. 662, §8, is repealed and the following
22	enacted in its place:
23	C. The procedures of the organization with
24	respect to the filing of appropriate financial
25	information and the analysis and verification of
26	that information are sufficient to permit the
27	organization to determine whether prospectively
28	determined overall rates and charges:
29	(1) Are reasonably just;
30	(2) Are reasonably related to reasonable
31	financial requirements to maintain the
32	financial requirements to maintain the financial stability of the health facility
33	for the level and amount of convices non
34	<pre>for the level and amount of services pro- vided to patients;</pre>
35	(3) Reasonably account for variances from
) <u>_</u>	programme appropriate the series

- 1 (4) Are allocated equitably among all pur2 chasers of health services without undue
 3 discrimination, except as required by fed4 eral and state statutes or regulations.
- For purposes of determinations made under subparagraph (3) and paragraph A, as to variances from previously approved budgets, the procedures of the organization shall consider budgets for fiscal years beginning on and after July 1, 1982.
- 10 Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §364, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by 11 PL 1977, c. 691, §1, is amended to read:

- D. The procedures of the organization provide for public hearings on individual hospital budgets and, following an opportunity for reconsideration, for the public disclosure of its findings and comments prior to the effective date of the budget, and provide further that the public disclosure be carried out through publication of findings through a newspaper of general circulation in the area served by the hospital.
- 21 Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §§365-A and 365-B are enacted to 22 read:
 - §365-A. Prospective payment system for Medicaid
 - 1. Legislative intent. It is the intent of the Legislature that for fiscal years beginning on and after July 1, 1984, or as soon thereafter as practicable in the event that statutory changes are necessary, payments to hospitals for inpatient services under the United States Social Security Act, Title V and Title XIX, shall be made pursuant to a prospective reimbursement system in accordance with this section and subject to the provisions of pertinent federal laws and regulations.
 - 2. Purpose and methodology. It is further the intent of the Legislature that this system provide a reimbursement methodology which, to the maximum extent practicable, shall require that payments be made in behalf of recipients of the United States Social Security Act, Title V and Title XIX assistance on a prospectively determined basis, in an amount

equal to the recipients' proportionate share in prospectively determined overall rates and charges and other elements of hospital budgets, taking into account differentials are justified pursuant to the study undertaken under section 365-B, except as required by federal and state statutes or regulations.

- 3. Penalties provisions. The Legislature further directs that this system set forth appropriate penalties to be applied to payments to individual hospitals which, in the course of reviews pursuant to section 359 or 364, are unable to reasonably account for variances from previously approved budgets.
- 4. Time table for recommendation. On or before October 1, 1983, the Commissioner of Human Services shall report to the board and to the joint standing committee of the Legislature have jurisdiction over health and institutional services its recommendations in fulfillment of the requirements of this section, together with any proposed statutory changes necessary to implement this system. In formulating these recommendations, the department shall solicit the views of appropriate provider, payor and consumer groups.
- 5. Legislative consideration. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health and institutional services shall report to the Legislature any proposed legislative changes implementing such a system on or before March 1, 1984, and otherwise advise the Commissioner of Human Services as to its views on an appropriate prospective payment system for Medicaid.

32 §365-B. Payor differential study

1. Purpose of study. The board shall, through a task force established pursuant to this section, carry out a study of objective methods of computing appropriate percentage differentials as to the different classes of payors of hospital charges. The study shall include a review and determination of the relevant and justifiable economic factors among the payors. With respect to each payor, the study shall determine an allowable differential based solely upon a determination and quantification of those activi-

ties and programs provided or conducted by the payor which result in quantifiable savings to the hospitals or reductions in the payments of other payors. The allowable differential shall reflect only the cost savings to hospitals, rather than the cost to the payors of implementing those activities and programs. Each component utilized in determining the differential shall be individually quantified so that the differential shall equal the total of the values assigned to each component.

- 2. Establishment of task force. The board shall establish a task force, consisting of 5 members to be appointed by the Governor. One member shall represent nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations under Title 24; one shall represent companies authorized to sell accident and health insurance under Title 24-A; one shall represent hospitals; one shall represent consumers; and the chairman of the board shall serve as an ex officio voting member. Resolutions of the task force may be adopted only upon affirmative vote of 3 of its members. The task force shall adopt operating procedures governing the conduct of its activities within 60 days after the effective date of this section. The task force may conduct such hearings as it may deem appropriate and, at a minimum, shall hold at least one public hearing to solicit the views of all interested and affected parties, and one public hearing to review its proposed findings.
- 3. Contract for services. The task force may contract with any person or entity to assist in the discharge of its duties under this subsection.
 - 4. Additional studies for benefit of task force. The nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations, hospitals and companies authorized to sell accident and health insurance under Title 24-A may, at their option, each collectively conduct a study of the differential issue or of contracting with a person or entity to conduct such a study. The cost of any such study shall be funded directly by the party conducting or contracting for it. All such studies shall be completed by September 1, 1984. During the course of the studies, each hospital subject to this chapter, each nonprofit hospital and

medical service corporation and each company authorized to sell accident and health insurance shall provide data or other information requested by those persons or entities.

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5. Assessments to fund work of task force. The costs incurred by the task force in determining appropriate differential factors shall be funded by assessments against all insurance companies authorized to sell accident and health insurance under Title 24-A, all nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations and any organization approved pursuant to section 364. The share in the total assessment of each such insurance company or nonprofit hospital and medical service corporation shall be determined as follows: The total net premiums received by the insurance company on accident and health insurance policies in force in the State during the calendar year immediately preceding the assessment date or the total payments from subscribers received by the nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations on subscriber contracts in the State during the calendar year, as the case may be, divided by the sum of the total net premiums received by all the insurance companies on accident and insurance policies in force in the State during the calendar year and the total payments from subscribers received by all nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations on subscriber contracts in force in the State during that calendar year. As used in this section, the term "net premiums" refers to net premiums after deducting therefrom all dividends paid, credited or applied. The share in the total assessment of the organization approved pursuant to section 364 shall be equal to 1/2 of the total shares of the insurance companies and nonprofit hospital and medical corporations so that the organization funds 1/3 of the estimated costs. The total assessment shall be computed by the board on the basis of estimated costs for the period of November 1, 1983, through December 31, 1984. If that estimate proves to be insufficient, the board shall require such supplemental assessments, computed in the same manner as described in this subsection, as it deems necessary. Any such assessments shall be paid into the General Fund, but shall be allocated to the board or to the task force for its operating costs.

- 6. Recommendations of task force. The task force shall make a recommendation of the factors and methods to be used in computing payor differentials on or before September 1, 1984, and shall file that recommendation with the board. The task force shall include its recommendations with respect to appropriate mechanisms for review and approval of payor differentials, and propose any statutory amendments or proposals it deems necessary to carry out those recommendations.
- 7. Board report to Legislature. The board shall report to the Legislature and the joint standing committee of the Legislature have jurisdiction over health and institutional services, on or before January 1, 1985, its findings with respect to appropriate mechanisms for review and approval of payor differentials and any statutory amendments or proposals it deems necessary to carry out those recommendations.
- 8. Required legislative coordination. The joint standing committee of the Legislature have jurisdic-tion over health and institutional services shall consider these recommendations and thereafter report to the Legislature any proposed statutory changes it deems necessary to implement appropriate mechanisms for review and approval of payor differentials, including, but not limited to, amendments to this Act, Title 24 and Title 24-A. The committee shall consult with the board and the Superintendent of Insurance on any proposed statutory changes.
- 30 Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §370, as amended by PL 1981, c. 31 705, Pt. U, §2, is further amended to read:
- 32 §370. Repeal

- This chapter shall be repealed on July 1, 1983
 October 1, 1986.
 - Emergency clause. This Act shall take effect on October 1, 1983, except that sections 2, 5 and 9 shall take effect on the 91st day following the date of enactment, and section 10 shall take effect on June 30, 1983.

This bill incorporates several provisions to increase public disclosure and accountability in the review of hospital budgets under the Health Facilities Information Disclosure Act. Under the current Act, hospital budgets are reviewed with respect to whether their "prospectively determined overall rates and charges are reasonably just, are reasonably related to reasonable financial requirements...and allocated equitably among all purchasers of health services..."

Hospitals may submit their budgets either to the Health Facilities Cost Review Board or to the Voluntary Budget Review Organization, with the latter funded by hospital dues. For the current year, the Voluntary Budget Review Organization's budget is \$330,000 and Health Facilities Cost Review Board's budget is \$127,550.

The Health Facilities Cost Review Board maintains scrutiny and oversight over the Voluntary Budget Review Organization through promulgation of "performance standards" and may withdraw approval of the Voluntary Budget Review Organization if the Health Facilities Cost Review Board determines that the Voluntary Budget Review Organization's review procedures are contrary to statutory criteria or that individual hospitals are not meeting the Health Facilities Cost Review Board's performance standards.

For the 1980-81 fiscal year, the annual rate of increase in cost for Maine's hospitals was 15.9%, ranking it 8th lowest among the states nationally according to the American Hospital Association. For 1982, the Voluntary Budget Review Organization found that Maine's rate of increase had declined to 13.2% compared to a 15.8% national average. For 1983, the Voluntary Budget Review Organization projects a rate of increase of 12.7% for Maine, against 13.5% nationally.

This bill makes several changes to strengthen the current system by:

1. Requiring that the performance standards specifically address inflation, certificate of need approvals, volume and intensity of services, replacement costs of facilities and equipment, population and its age composition and regulatory requirements affecting hospitals;

- 2. Modifying makeup of the 10-member Governor-appointed Health Facilities Cost Review Board, which now includes one representative each of the Department of Human Services, Superintendent of Insurance, hospitals, nursing homes, insurance companies, along with 5 consumers. The reconstituted Health Facilities Cost Review Board would include 16 members, adding 3 consumers, one insurance representative and 2 physicians;
- 3. Requiring Health Facilities Cost Review Board and Voluntary Budget Review Organization in their review of budgets to determine whether each year's prospective budget "reasonably accounts for variances from previously approved budgets." This change will require determination of the hospital's compliance with prior approved budgets, and the withholding of approval in the case of an unjustified variance;
- 4. Requiring establishment of prospective payment system for reimbursement of hospitals under Medicaid, with penalties imposed on hospitals which are unable to account for variances from prior budgets. This prospective system would place a prior determined limit on state expenditures for the Medicaid program, create incentives to comply with prospectively determined budgets, and impose penalties on hospitals which failed to comply;
- 5. Requiring the Health Facilities Cost Review Board to determine justifiable differentials among the different classes of payors for hospital services. Currently, certain payors pay the entirety of hospital charges, while others pay only 80%-84%. A task force comprised of representatives of consumers, hospitals, commercial and nonprofit insurers would be established by the Health Facilities Cost Review Board to determine proper differentials based on quantifiable savings to hospitals and reductions in payments to other payors arising from each payor's practices;

1	6. Requiring Health Facilities Cost Review Board
2	and Voluntary Budget Review Organization to publish
3	findings on reasonableness in a newspaper of general
4	circulation in an area served by the hospitals;

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- 7. Requiring Voluntary Budget Review Organization hearings on individual hospital budgets to be open to the public; and
- 8 8. Extending sunset provisions of the current 9 Act to October 1, 1986.