MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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1 2	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
3 4	ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
5 6	Legislative Document No. 1146
7 8 9 10	S.P. 372 In Senate, March 9, 1983 Submitted by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Joint Rule 24. Referred to the Committee on Health and Institutional Services. Sent down for concurrence and ordered printed. JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate Presented by Senator Bustin of Kennebec. Cosponsors: Representative Chonko of Topsham, Representative Manning of Portland and Senator Najarian of Cumberland.
12 13 14 15 16	STATE OF MAINE IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE
17 18 19	AN ACT to Improve Maine's Dental Health.
20 21	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
22 23	22 MRSA $\S2652$, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 751, $\S4$, is amended to read:
24	§2652. Authorization
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	No public water system shall may add any fluoride to any such water supply without first having been authorized to do so by the municipality or municipalities served by it. Any public water system duly authorized to add fluoride to any water supply shall do so within 9 months after being notified in accordance with this section. The town or city clerk shall, within 10 days after the vote, notify the public water system of the vote favoring the addition

of fluoride to the public water supply. In the case 1 of a city, such that authorization shall be by a majority vote of the legal voters voting at a regular 2 3 4 special city election. In the case of a town or plantation, such that authorization shall 5 be 6 majority vote of the inhabitants present at an annual 7 town or plantation meeting. In the case of a public 8 water system serving more than one municipality, such 9 that authorization shall be by a majority vote of the voters voting at such that city election and a major-10 11 ity vote of the inhabitants present at an annual town 12 or plantation meeting of each town or plantation served by the public water system. Authorization by 13 14 municipalities representing 80% a majority of the 15 customers served by such that public water system 16 shall be sufficient. Whenever a municipality 17 approved fluoridation, it may not again vote on the matter for a minimum period of 2 years from the 18 19 of installation of fluoride. The Public Utili-20 ties Commission, upon application, shall determine and allocate the cost of such that fluoridation among 21 22 the customers of such that public water system and 23 shall from time to time review such determination and allocation as required. In the event that a 24 25 pality which shall have approved fluoridation shall 26 vote to discontinue such that fluoridation, the 27 public water system shall be entitled to amortize the 28 remaining cost of its investment in such these facilities and to allocate the cost of such that amortiza-29 30 tion among its customers, over such period of time as shall be approved by the Public Utilities Commission. 31 As used in this section, "customer" means the number 32 33 of active residential service connections as reported to the Public Utilities Commission. 34

STATEMENT OF FACT

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The long-term studies of the effects of water fluoridation have demonstrated an average of 65% reduction in tooth decay.

This bill modifies the referendum procedure to allow a simple majority of communities in a multiple community water district to approve fluoridation of the public water supply. This statutory change will facilitate the provision of fluoridation benefits to

more Maine children. Decades of research and more than a quarter of a century of practical experience has demonstrated an impressive record of dental disease prevention through fluoridation of public water supplies. The State Health Coordinating Council has identified fluoridation of public water supplies as a major public health priority.

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