MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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Be it er follows:	nacted by	the P	eople	of th	ne St	ate o	f Ma	ine	as
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of all such those policies and contracts shall be the commissioners reserve valuation method defined in section 954, 3 1/2% interest, or in the case of policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after December 31, 1975, 4% interest, and the following tables, or in the case of such these policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after January 1, 1980, 4 1/2% interest, and the following tables.

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Standard Ordinary Mortality Table. For all ordinary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such these policies, the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; provided, however, that the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table shall be the table for such the minimum standard for such those policies issued on and after January 1, 1966, or such earlier date after September shall have been elected by an 1959, as insurer as the date on and after which it use such table as the basis for minimum cash surand nonforfeiture benefits under values render the standard nonforfeiture law; and prior to the operative date of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, section 2532-A; provided that for any category of such those policies issued on female risks all modified net premiums present values referred to in sections 951 to 957 may be calculated according to an age not more than 3 years younger than the actual age of the insured, or in the case of such those policies issued on or after January 1, 1980, according to an age not more than 6 years younger than the actual age of the insured. For those policies issued on or after the operative date of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, section 2532-A, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, or at the election of the company for any one or more specified plans life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors or any ordinary mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for the policies.

- Standard Industrial Mortality Table. For industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such the policies, -the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table; provided that the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table, or any industrial mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those policies, shall be the table for such the minimum standard for such those policies issued on and after January 1, 1968, or such earlier date after September 1963, as shall have been elected by the insurer as the date on and after which it would use table as the basis for minimum cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits under the Standard Nonforfeiture Law.
 - C. Standard Annuity Mortality Table or Annuity Mortality Table. For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such those policies -- the 1937 Standard Annuity Mortality Table or, at the option of the insurer, the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of either of these tables approved by the superintendent.
 - D. Group Annuity Mortality Table. For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such those policies -- the Group Annuity Mortality Table for 1951, any modification of such the table approved by the superintendent, or, at the option of the insurer, any of the tables or modifications of tables specified for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts.
 - E. <u>Class</u> (3) <u>Disability Table</u>. For total and permanent disability benefits in or supplementary

to ordinary policies or contracts -- for policies or contracts issued on or after January 1, 1966, the tables of Period 2 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 termination rates of the 1952 Disability Study of the Society of Actuaries, with due regard to the type of benefit or any tables of disablement rates and termination rates, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those policies; for policies or tracts issued on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, either such those tables or, at the option of the insurer, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926); and for policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926). Any such table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies.

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Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table. For accidental death benefits supplementary to policies -- for policies issued on or after January 1, 1966, the 1959 Accidental Death Benefits Table or any accidental death benefits table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is by regulation promulgated by the superapproved intendent for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those policies; for policies issued on or after January 1, 1961 and prior to January 1, 1966, either such that table insurer, or, at the option of the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table; and for policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Either table shall be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies.

G. Group Life Insurance Tables. For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other special benefits -- such table as may be approved by the superintendent.

3. The Except as provided in section 953-A, the minimum standard for the valuation of all individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after the effective date of this subsection, as defined herein, and for all annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after such the effective date under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall be the commissioners reserve valuation method defined in section 954 and the following tables and interest rates.

- A. 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table. For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such those contracts -- the 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table, or any individual annuity mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use determining the minimum standard of valuation for those contracts, or any modification of this table approved by the superintendent, and 6% interest for single premium immediate annuity contracts, and 4% interest for all other vidual annuity and pure endowment contracts, or in the case of such these contracts issued on or after January 1, 1980, 7 1/2% interest for individual single premium immediate annuity con-5 1/2% tracts, interest for single premium deferred annuity and pure endowment contracts and 4 1/2% interest for all other such individual annuity and pure endowment contracts.
- B. 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table. For all annuities and pure endowments purchased under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits purchased under such those contracts—the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, or any group annuity mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for those annuities and pure endowments, or any modification of this table approved by the superintendent

1 dent, and 6% interest, or in the case of annuities and pure endowments purchased under such 2 3 those contracts on or after January 1, 1980, 4 $7 \frac{1}{2}\%$ interest.

This subsection shall not apply to any insurer before January 1, 1979, unless such the insurer shall have filed with the superintendent an election to comply with the provisions of this subsection after a specified date before January 1, 1979, provided that an insurer may elect different dates on which this subsection shall apply to individual and pure endowment contracts and to group annuity and pure endowment contracts. If an insurer makes no such election, this subsection shall apply to such that insurer on January 1, 1979.

- Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §953-A is enacted to read:
- 17 §953-A. Applicable interest rates

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- 18 1. The interest rates used in determining the 19 minimum standard for the valuation of the following shall be the calendar year statutory valuation interest rates, as defined in this section: 20 21
- A. All life insurance policies issued in a par-23 ticular calendar year, on or after the operative 24 date of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, section 2532-A;
 - B. All individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued in a particular calendar year on or after January 1, 1984, or January 1, 1983, at the election of the insurer;
- 30 C. All annuities and pure endowments purchased in a particular calendar year on or after January 31 32 1, 1984, or January 1, 1983, at the election of 33 the insurer, under group annuity and pure endow-34 ment contracts; and
- D. The net increase, if any, in a particular calendar year after January 1, 1984, or January 35 36 37 1, 1983, at the election of the insurer, in amounts held under guaranteed interest contracts. 38

An insurer electing January 1, 1983, in lieu of January 1, 1984, in paragraph B, C or D, shall notify the 2 3 superintendent of its election by written notice no 4 later than December 31, 1983. 5 The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates, I, shall be determined as follows and the 6 results rounded to the nearest 1/4 of 1%: 8 A. For life insurance: I=.03 + W (R -.03) + $\frac{W}{2}$ (R -.09); 9 10 B. For single premium immediate annuities and 11 12 for annuity benefits involving life contingencies 13 arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and from guaranteed interest contracts 14 15 with cash settlement options: 16 I = .03 + W (R - .03)where R is the lesser of R and .09, 17 18 ____1 R is the greater of R and .09, 19 20 21 R is the reference interest rate defined in 22 this section, and W is the weighting factor 23 defined in this section; 24 C. For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with 25 26 cash settlement options, valued on an issue year 27 basis, except as stated in paragraph B, the formula for life insurance stated in paragraph A 28 29 shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest 30 contracts with guarantee durations in excess of 10 years, and the formula for single premium 31 32 immediate annuities stated in paragraph B shall 33 apply to annuities and guaranteed interest con-34 tracts with guarantee duration of 10 years or 35 less; D. For other annuities with no cash settlement 36 37 options and for guaranteed interest contracts

1 2 3	with no cash settlement options, the single premium annuities stated in path shall apply; and E. For other annuities with cash	oaragraph B
5	options and guaranteed interest con-	tracts with
6	cash settlement options, valued on	a change in
7	fund basis, the formula for sing	le premium
8	immediate annuities stated in paragraph	
9	apply.	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	If the calendar year statutory valuation rate for any life insurance policies is calendar year, determined without reference sentence, differs from the corresponding for similar policies issued in the immediceding calendar year by less than 1/2 of endar year statutory valuation interest those life insurance policies shall be encorresponding actual rate for the immediceding calendar year. For purposes of an immediately preceding sentence, the castatutory valuation interest rate for life policies issued in a calendar year shamined for 1980, by using the reference in defined for 1979, and shall be determined to the section 2532-A, becomes operative.	ssued in any ce to this actual rate iately pre- 1%, the calst rate for ual to the diately pre- pplying the alendar year e insurance ll be deterterest rate med for each f when the Insurance,
28 29	3. The weighting factors in the form section 2 are given in the following table	
30	A. Weighting Factors for Life Insura	nce:
31	Guarantee	
32	Duration	Weighting
33	(Years)	<u>Factors</u>
34	10 or less	<u>. 50</u>
35	More than 10, but not more than 20	<u>. 45</u>
36	More than 20	.35

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life insurance can remain in force on a basis guaranteed in policy or under options to convert to plans of life insurance with premium rates or nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original policy;
8 9 10 11 12	B. Weighting factor for single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options: .80;
13 14 15 16 17	C. Weighting factors for other annuities and for guaranteed interest contracts, except as stated in paragraph B, shall be as specified in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3), according to the rules and definitions in subparagraphs (4), (5) and (6):
19 20	(1) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis:
21	Guarantee Weighting Factor
22	Duration for Plan Type
23	(Years) A B C
24	5 or less: .80 .60 .50
25 26	More than 5, but not more than 10: .75 .60 .50
27 28	More than 10, but not more than 20: .65 .50 .45
29	More than 20: .45 .35 .35;
30 31 32 33	(2) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis, the factors shown in subparagraph (1) increased by:
34	Plan Type

1 <u>A</u> B C 2 .15 .25 .05; 3 (3) For annuities and guaranteed interest 4 contracts valued on an issue year basis, 5 other than those with no cash settlement options, which do not guarantee interest on 6 7 considerations received more than one year 8 after issue or purchase and for annuities 9 and guaranteed interest contracts valued on 10 a change in fund basis which do not guarantee interest rates on considerations 11 12 received more than 12 months beyond the 13 valuation date, the factors shown in 14 subparagraph (1) or derived in subparagraph 15 (2) increased by: 16 Plan Type 17 B C A 18 .05 .05 .05; 19 (4) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest con-20 21 tracts with cash settlement options, the 22 guarantee duration is the number of years for which the contract guarantees interest rates in excess of the calendar year statu-23 24 25 tory valuation interest rates in excess of 26 the calendar year statutory valuation inter-27 est rate for life insurance policies with 28 guarantee duration in excess of 20 years. For other annuities with no cash settlement 29 30 options and for guaranteed interest con-31 tracts with no cash settlement options, the 32 guarantee duration is the number of years 33 from the date of issue or date of purchase 34 to the date annuity benefits are scheduled 35 to commence; 36 (5) Plan type as used in the subparagraphs 37 (1), (2) and (3) tables is defined as fol-38 lows. (a) Plan Type A. At any time policy-39

holder may withdraw funds, only: With an adjustment to reflect changes in 1 2 3 interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; without that adjustment, but 4 5 6 in installments over 5 years or more; as an immediate life annuity; or no 7 8 withdrawal permitted. 9 (b) Plan Type B. Before expiration of 10 the interest rate guarantee, policyholder may withdraw funds, only: With 11 12 an adjustment to reflect changes in 13 interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance 14 15 company; without that adjustment, but 16 in installments over 5 years or more; or no withdrawal permitted. At the end 17 18 of interest rate guarantee, funds may be withdrawn without that adjustment in 19 20 a single sum or installments over less 21 than 5 years. (c) Plan Type C. Policyholder may 22 withdraw funds before expiration of interest rate guarantee in a single sum 23 24 25 or installments over less than 5 years, either: Without adjustment to reflect 26 27 changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; or subject only 28 29 30 to a fixed surrender charge stipulated 31 in the contract as a percentage of the 32 fund; and 33 (6) A company may elect to value guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement 34 35 options and annuities with cash settlement options on either an issue year basis or on a change in fund basis. Guaranteed interest 36 37 38 contracts with no cash settlement options

and other annuities with no cash settlement options must be valued on an issue year

basis. As used in this section, an issue

year basis of valuation refers to a valua-

tion basis under which the interest rate

used to determine the minimum valuation

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standard for the entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of issue or year of purchase of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract, and the change in fund basis of valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum valuation standard applicable to each change in the fund held under the annuity guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of the change in the fund.

14 <u>4. The reference interest rate referred to in</u>
15 subsection 2 is defined as follows:

- A. For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of 36 months and the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year next preceding the year of issue, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;
- B. For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year of issue or year of purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;
- C. For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in paragraph B, with guarantee duration in excess of 10 years, the lesser of the average over a period of 36 months and the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

D. For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in paragraph B, with guarantee duration of 10 years or less, the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year of issue or pur-chase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

- E. For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; and
 - F. For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, except as stated in paragraph B, the average over a period of 12 months, ending on June 30th of the calendar year of the change in the fund, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.
- 5. In the event that Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates is no longer published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the event that the National Association of Insurance Commissioners determines that Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average-Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is no longer appropriate for the determination of the reference interest rate, then an alternative method for determination of the reference interest rate, which adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent, may be substituted.
 - Sec. 3. 24-A MRSA §954, sub-§1, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 453, §5, is amended to read:

B. A net one-year term premium for such those benefits provided in the first policy year.

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42 43 For any life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1987, for which the contract premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the 2nd year and for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for that excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value, or a combination thereof, in amount greater than that excess premium, the reserve according to the commissioners reserve valuation method as of any policy anniversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date defined herein as the first policy anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash surrender value then available is greater than that excess premium shall, except as otherwise provided in section 957, be the greater of the reserve as of that policy anniversary calculated as described in the preceding subsection and the reserve as of that policy anniversary calculated as described in that subsection, but with the value defined in paragraph A of that subsection being reduced by 15% of the amount that excess first year premium, all present values of benefits and premiums being determined without reference to premiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the assumed ending date, the policy being assumed to mature on that date as an endowment, and the cash surrender value provided on that date being considered as an endowment benefit. In making the above comparison, the mortality and interest bases stated in sections 953 and 953-A shall be used.

Reserves according to the commissioners reserve valuation method for:

- (1) Life insurance policies for a varying amount of insurance or requiring the payment of varying premiums;
- (2) Group annuity and pure endowment contracts, purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer, including a

- partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section 408, as now or hereafter amended:
- 8 (3) Disability and accidental death bene-9 fits in all policies and contracts; and
- 10 (4) All other benefits, except life insur-11 ance and endowment benefits in life insur-12 ance policies and benefits provided by all 13 other annuity and pure endowment contracts,
- shall be calculated by a method consistent with
 the principles of the preceding provisions of
 this subsection, except that any extra premiums
 charged because of impairments or special hazards
 shall be disregarded in the determination of
 modified net premiums.
- 20 Sec. 4. 24-A MRSA §955, as enacted by PL 1969, 21 c. 132, §1, is amended to read:

22 §955. Amount of aggregate reserves

23 In no event shall may an insurer's aggregate 24 reserves for all life insurance policies, excluding 25 disability and accidental death benefits, which subject to section 953, subsection 2, be less than 26 27 the aggregate reserves calculated in accordance with 28 the method set forth in section sections 954 and 957-A and the mortality table or tables and rate 29 30 rates of interest used in calculating nonforfeiture 31 benefits for such these policies.

32 Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA §957, as enacted by PL 1979, 33 c. 453, §7, is amended to read:

§957. Deficiency reserve

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If the gross premium charged by any life insurer on any policy or contract which is subject to section 953, subsection 2, is less than the valuation net premium for the policy or contract calculated by the

method used in calculating the reserve thereon, but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest, the minimum reserve required for such that policy or contract shall be the greater either the reserve calculated according to the mortality table, rate of interest and method actually used for such that policy or contract, or the reserve calculated by the method actually used for such policy or contract, but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest and placing the valuation net premium by the actual gross premium in each contract year for which the valuation premium exceeds the actual gross premium. minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest referred to in this section are those standards stated in sections 953 and 953-A.

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For any life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1987, for which the gross premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the 2nd year for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for that excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof in an amount greater than that excess premium, the foregoing provisions of this section shall be applied as if the method actually used in calculating the reserve for that policy were the method described in section 954, ignoring The minimum the 2nd paragraph of section 954. reserve at each policy anniversary of such a policy shall be the greater of the minimum reserve calculated in accordance with section 954, including the 2nd paragraph of that section, and the minimum reserve calculated in accordance with this section 957.

Sec. 6. 24-A MRSA §957-A is enacted to read:

§957-A Superintendent's authority to approve certain plans

1. In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurance company based on then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance or annuity which is of such a nature that the minimum

- reserves cannot be determined by the methods described in sections 954 and 957, the reserves which are held under any plan of that type must:
- A. Be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the pattern of premiums for that plan; and
- B. Be computed by a method which is consistent with the principles of this Standard Valuation Law,
- 9 <u>as determined by regulations promulgated by the</u> 10 superintendent.
- 11 Sec. 7. 24-A MRSA §958-A is enacted to read:
 - §958-A. Interest rates extended

- 13 Notwithstanding section 958, the changes in the interest rates for life insurance specified in this 14 subchapter and in sections 2528 to 2534, which were 15 16 made by the Amendatory Acts of 1979, shall continue 17 to apply to life insurance policies issued on or after January 1, 1980 and prior to the operative date 18 19 of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, 20 section 2532-A.
- 21 Sec. 8. 24-A MRSA §2529, sub-§1, as amended by 22 PL 1973, c. 625, §144, is further amended to read:
- 23 §2529. Nonforfeiture provisions
- 24 In the case of policies issued on or after January 1, 1970, no policy of life insurance, except 25 stated in section 2534, shall may be delivered or 26 issued er delivered for delivery 27 in this State, 28 unless it shall contain in substance the following 29 provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the superintendent are at least as favor-30 31 able to the defaulting or surrendering policyholder 32 as are the minimum requirements hereinafter specified 33 and which are essentially in compliance with section 34 2533-A:
- A. <u>Paid-up nonforfeiture benefit</u>. That, in the event of default in any premium payment, the insurer will grant, upon proper request not later

than 60 days after the due date of the premium in default, a paid-up nonforfeiture benefit on a plan stipulated in the policy, effective as of such that due date, of such value amount as may be hereinafter specified. In lieu of the stipulated paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, the insurer may substitute, upon proper request not later than 60 days after the due date of the premium in default, an actuarially equivalent alternative paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which provides a greater amount or longer period of death benefits or, if applicable, a greater amount or earlier payment of endowment benefits;

- B. Cash surrender value. That, upon surrender of the policy within 60 days after the due date of any premium payment in default after premiums have been paid for at least 3 full years in the case of ordinary insurance or 5 full years in the case of industrial insurance, the insurer will pay, in lieu of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, a cash surrender value of such amount as may be hereinafter specified;
- C. <u>Effective date of benefit</u>. That a specified paid-up nonforfeiture benefit shall become effective as specified in the policy, unless the person entitled to make such election elects another available option not later than 60 days after the due date of the premium in default;
- D. Cash surrender value if policy paid up. That, if the policy shall have become paid up by completion of all premium payments or if it is continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which became effective on or after the 3rd policy anniversary in the case of ordinary insurance or the 5th policy anniversary in the case of industrial insurance, the insurer will pay, upon surrender of the policy within 30 days after any policy anniversary, a cash surrender value of such amount as may be hereinafter specified;
- E. Mortality table and interest rate used. In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option

for changes in benefits or premiums other than a change to a new policy, a statement of the mortality table, interest rate, and method used in calculating cash surrender values paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy. A In the case of all other policies, a statement of the mortality table and rate used in calculating the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy, together with a table showing the cash surrender value, if any, and paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, if any, under the policy on each policy anniversary either during the first 20 policy years or during the term of the policy, whichever is shorter, values and benefits to be calculated such those upon the assumption that there are no dividends or paid-up additions credited to the policy and that there is no indebtedness to the insurer the policy; and

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Method used in computing value and benefit. A statement that the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy are not less than the minimum values and benefits required by or pursuant to the insurance law of the state in which the policy is delivered; an explanation of the manner in which the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits are altered by the existence of any paid-up additions credited to the policy or any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy; if a detailed statement of the method of computation of the values and benefits shown in the policy is not stated therein, a statement that such method of computation has been filed with the insurance supervisory official of the state in which the policy is delivered; and a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender value and paid-up nonforfeiture available under the policy on any policy anniversary beyond the last anniversary for which such values and benefits are consecutively shown the policy.

Sec. 9. 24-A MRSA §2530, as enacted by PL 1969, c. 132, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in

l its place:

- 2 §2530. Cash surrender value
- 1. Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary, whether or not required by section 2529, shall be an amount not less than the excess, if any, of the present value, on that anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, if there had been no default, over the sum of:
 - A. Present value of adjusted premiums. The then present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in sections 2532 and 2532-A, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after that anniversary; and
 - B. Amount of indebtedness. The amount of any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy.
 - 2. For any policy issued on or after the operative date of section 2532-A as defined therein, which provides supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits at the option of the insured and for an identifiable additional premium by rider or supplemental policy provision, the cash surrender value referred to in subsection 1 shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in that subsection for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without that rider or supplemental policy provision and the cash surrender value as defined in that subsection for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by that rider or supplemental policy provision.
 - 3. For any family policy issued on or after the operative date of section 2532-A as defined therein, which defines a primary insured and provides term insurance on the life of the spouse of the primary insured expiring before the spouse's age 71, the cash surrender value referred to in subsection 1 shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in that subsection for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without that

- term insurance on the life of the spouse and the cash surrender value as defined in that subsection for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by that term insurance on the life of the spouse.
- 4. Any cash surrender value available within 30 6 7 days after any policy anniversary under any policy paid-up by completion of all premium payments or any 8 9 policy continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, whether or not required by section 2529, shall 10 11 be an amount not less than the present value, on that anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits pro-12 13 vided for by the policy, including any existing paidup additions, decreased by any indebtedness to the 14 15 insurer on the policy.
- Sec. 10. 24-A MRSA §2532, as amended by PL 1979, c. 442, §§2 and 3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 19 §2532. Adjusted premiums for policies issued before 20 January 1, 1989
- 21 1. This section shall not apply to policies 22 issued on or after the operative date of section 23 2532-A as defined therein.

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- 2. Except as provided in subsection 4, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be the uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding any extra premiums charged because of cover impairments or special hazards, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all those adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of:
- A. The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;
- B. Two percent of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amounts, or of the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter defined, if the amount of insurance varies with duration of the policy;

1 <u>C. Forty percent of the adjusted premium for the</u> 2 <u>first policy year; and</u>

- D. Twenty-five percent of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year or the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of insurance, whichever is less.
- In applying the percentages specified in paragraphs C and D, no adjusted premium may be deemed to exceed 4% of the amount of insurance or uniform amount equivalent thereto. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this section shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.
- 3. In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with duration of the policy, the equivalent uniform amount thereof for the purpose of this section shall be deemed to be the uniform amount of insurance provided by an otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age and for the same term, the amount of which does not vary with duration and the benefits under which have the same present value the date of issue as the benefits under the policy, provided that in the case of a policy providing a varying amount of insurance issued on the life of a child under age 10, the equivalent uniform amount may be computed as though the amount of insurance provided by the policy prior to the attainment of age 10 were the amount provided by that policy at age 10.
- 4. The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term insurance benefits by rider or supplemental policy provision shall be equal to:
 - A. The adjusted premiums for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without those term insurance benefits, increased, during the period for which premiums for those term insurance benefits are payable; by
 - B. The adjusted premiums for that term insur-

ance, the foregoing items A and B being calculated separately and as specified in subsections 1 and 2, except that, for purposes of subsection 1, paragraphs B, C and D, the amount of insurance or equivalent uniform amount of insurance used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums referred to in subsection 2, paragraph B shall be equal to the excess of the corresponding amount determined for the entire policy over the amount used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums in paragraph A.

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5. Except as provided in subsection 6 and in section 2532-A, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in sections 2529 to 2534 shall for all policies of ordinary insurance be calculated the basis of the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, provided that, for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than 3 years younger than the actual age of the insured, and those calculations for all policies of industrial insurance shall be made on the basis of the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, provided that that rate of interest shall not exceed 3 1/2% each year, except that a rate of interest not exceeding 4% each year may be used for policies issued on or after December 31, 1975. In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit for ordinary insurance, the rates of mortality assumed may not be more than those shown in the Commissioners 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table and for industrial insurance rates of mortality may not be than those shown in the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table. For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the superintendent.

6. In the case of policies issued on or after

- January 1, 1980, adjusted premiums and present values for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks may be calculated according to an age not more than 6 years younger than the actual age of the insured. All calculations for all policies of ordinary and industrial insurance shall be made the basis of the rate of interest specified on the policy for calculating cash surrender values paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, provided that the rate of interest shall not exceed 5 1/2% each year.
 - Sec. 11. 24-A MRSA §2532-A is enacted to read:

- §2532-A. Adjusted premiums for policies issued on or after January 1, 1989
- 1. This section shall apply to all policies issued on or after the operative date of this section as defined herein. Except as provided in subsection 7, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be that uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments or special hazards and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of:
- A. The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;
 - B. One percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years; and
 - C. One hundred twenty-five percent of the non-forfeiture net level premium as hereinafter defined.
- In applying the percentage specified in paragraph C, no nonforfeiture net level premium may be deemed to exceed 4% of either the amount of insurance, if the

insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this section shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.

- 2. The nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of the guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy divided by the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of an annuity of one per annum payable on the date of issue of the policy and on each anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due.
- 3. In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option for changes in benefits or premiums other than a change to a new policy, the adjusted premiums and present values shall initially be calculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those stipulated at the date of issue of the policy. At the time of any change of that type in the benefits or premiums the future adjusted premiums, nonforfeiture net level premiums and present values shall be recalculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those stipulated by the policy immediately after the change.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the recalculated future adjusted premiums for any policy of that type shall be that uniform percentage of the respective future premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments and special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the time of change to the newly defined benefits or premiums of all those future adjusted premiums shall be equal to the excess of:
 - A. The sum of the then present value of the then

- future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy and the additional expense allowance, if any; over
 - B. The then cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit near the policy.
 - 5. The additional expense allowance, at the time of the change to the newly defined benefits or premiums, shall be the sum of:
 - A. One percent of the excess, if positive, of the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years subsequent to the change over the average amount of insurance prior to the change at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years subsequent to the time of the most recent previous change, or, if there has been no previous change, the date of issue of the policy; and
- 19 B. One hundred twenty-five percent of the 20 increase, if positive, in the nonforfeiture net 21 level premium.
 - 6. The recalculated nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the result obtained by dividing paragraph A by paragraph B where:
- A. Paragraph A equals the sum of:

- (1) The nonforfeiture net level premium applicable prior to the change times the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or subsequent to the date of the change on which a premium would have fallen due had the change not occurred; and
- (2) The present value of the increase in future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy; and
- B. Equals the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or subsequent to the date of change on

which a premium falls due.

- 7. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, in the case of a policy issued on a substandard basis which provides reduced graded amounts of insurance so that, in each policy year, that policy has the same tabular mortality cost as an otherwise similar policy issued on the standard basis which provides higher uniform amounts of insurance, adjusted premiums and present values for that substandard policy may be calculated as if it were issued to provide those higher uniform amounts of insurance on the standard basis.
- 8. All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this chapter shall for all policies of ordinary insurance issued after the operative date of this section be calculated on the basis of:
 - A. The Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; or
 - B. At the election of the insurer for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors; shall for all policies of industrial insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table; and shall for all policies issued in a particular calendar year be calculated on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate as defined in this section for policies issued in that calendar year. Provided that:
 - (1) At the option of the insurer, calculations for all policies issued in a particular calendar year may be made on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate, as defined in this section, for policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year;
 - (2) Under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, including any paid-up dividend additions, any cash surrender value available, whether or not required by section 2529,

shall be calculated on the basis of the mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the amount of that paid-up non-forfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any;

- (3) An insurer may calculate the amount of any guaranteed paid-up nonforfeiture benefit including any paid-up additions under the policy on the basis of an interest rate no lower than that specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values;
- (4) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of ordinary insurance and not more than the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of industrial insurance;
- (5) For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on appropriate modifications of the aforementioned tables;
- (6) Any ordinary mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with or without Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors or for the Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table; and
- (7) Any industrial mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the superintendent for use in determining the

- 1 minimum nonforfeiture standard may be sub2 stituted for the Commissioners 1961 Standard
 3 Industrial Mortality Table or the Commis4 sioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insur5 ance Table.
- 9. The nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a particular calendar year shall be equal to 125% of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for that policy as defined in the Standard Valuation Law, rounded to the nearer 1/4 of 1%.

- 10. Notwithstanding any other provision in this code to the contrary, any refiling of nonforfeiture values or their methods of computation for any previously approved policy from which involves only a change in the interest rate or mortality table used to compute nonforfeiture values shall not require refiling of any other provisions of that policy form.
- 11. After the effective date of this section, any insurer may file with the superintendent a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this section after a specified date before January 1, 1989, which shall be the operative date of this section for that insurer. If an insurer makes no such election, the operative date of this section for that company shall be January 1, 1989.
- 27 Sec. 12. 24-A MRSA §2532-B is enacted to read:
 - §2532-B. Superintendent's authority to approve certain new plans
 - 1. In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurer based on then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance which is of such a nature that minimum values cannot be determined by the methods described in sections 2529 to 2532-A herein, then:
 - A. The superintendent must be satisfied that the benefits provided under the plan are substantially as favorable to policyholders and insureds

1 as the minimum benefits otherwise required by sections 2529 to 2532-A herein;

- B. The superintendent must be satisfied that the benefits and the pattern of premiums of that plan are not such as to mislead prospective policyholders or insureds; and
- C. The cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided by that plan must not be less than the minimum values and benefits required for the plan computed by a method consistent with the principles of this Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, as determined by regulations promulgated by the superintendent.
- 14 Sec. 13. 24-A MRSA §2533, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1969, c. 132, §1, is amended to read:

Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due at any time other than on the policy anniversary, shall be calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of fractional premiums beyond the last preceding policy anniversary. All values referred to in sections 2530 to 2532 2532-A may be calculated upon the assumption that any death benefit is payable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value of any paid-up additions, other than paid-up term additions, shall be not less than the dividends amounts used to provide such those additions. Notwithstanding section 2530, additional benefits payable:

- Sec. 14. 24-A MRSA §2533-A is enacted to read:
- 31 §2533-A. Additional provisions for policies issued 32 after January 1, 1987
 - 1. This section, in addition to all other applicable sections of this chapter, shall apply to all policies issued on or after January 1, 1987. Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be in an amount which does not differ by more than 2/10ths of 1% of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in

- amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years, from the sum of:
 - A. The greater of zero and the basic cash value hereinafter specified; and

- B. The present value of any existing paid-up additions less the amount of any indebtedness to the company under the policy.
- 2. The basic cash value shall be equal to the present value, on that anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, excluding any existing paid-up additions and before deduction of any indebtedness to the insurer, if there had been no default, less the then present value of the nonforfeiture factors, as hereinafter defined, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after that anniversary, provided that the effects on the basic cash value of supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits or of family coverage, as described in section 2530 or 2532, whichever is applicable, shall be the same as are the effects specified in section 2530 or 2532, whichever is applicable on the cash surrender values defined in that section.
- 3. The nonforfeiture factor for each policy year shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the adjusted premium for the policy year, as defined in section 2532 or 2532-A, whichever is applicable. Except as is required by the next succeeding sentence of this paragraph, that percentage:
 - A. Must be the same percentage for each policy year between the 2nd policy anniversary and the later of the 5th policy anniversary and the first policy anniversary at which there is available under the policy a cash surrender value in an amount, before including any paid-up additions and before deducting any indebtedness, of at least 2/10ths of 1% of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first 10 policy years; and

- B. Must be such that no percentage after the later of the 2 policy anniversaries, specified in paragraph A, may apply to fewer than 5 consecutive policy years.
 - 4. No basic cash value may be less than the value which would be obtained if the adjusted premiums for the policy, as defined in section 2532 or 2532-A, whichever is applicable, were substituted for the nonforfeiture factors in the calculation of the basic cash value.
- 11 All adjusted premiums and present values 12 referred to in this section shall for a particular 13 policy be calculated on the same mortality and inter-14 est bases as are used in demonstrating the policy's compliance with the other sections of this chapter. 15 The cash surrender values referred to in this section 16 17 shall include any endowment benefits provided for by 18 the policy.
- 19 6. Any cash surrender value available other than 20 in the event of default in a premium payment due on a policy anniversary, and the amount of any paid-up 21 22 nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in 23 the event of default in a premium payment shall be 24 determined in manners consistent with the manners 25 specified for determining the analogous minimum 26 amounts in sections 2529 to 2532-A and section 2533. The amounts of any cash surrender values and of any 27 28 paid-up nonforfeiture benefits granted in connection with additional benefits such as those listed in 29 30 section 2533, subsections 1 to 6, shall conform with 31 the principles of this section.
- Sec. 15. 24-A MRSA §2534, as enacted by PL 1969, c. 132, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 35 §2534. Exceptions

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- 36 Sections 2529 to 2534 shall not apply to any of 37 the following:
- 38 1. Reinsurance;
- 39 2. Group insurance;

1 3. Pure endowment;

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- 4. Annuity or reversionary annuity contract;
- 5. Any term policy of uniform amount, which pro-3 vides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment bene-4 5 fits, or renewal thereof, of 20 years or less expiring before age 71, for which uniform premiums 6 7 payable during the entire term of the policy;
- 8 6. Any term policy of decreasing amount, which 9 provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment 10 benefits, on which each adjusted premium, calculated as specified in sections 2532 and 2532-A, is less 11 12 than the adjusted premium so calculated, on a term policy of uniform amount, or renewal thereof, which 13 14 provides no quaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, issued at the same age and for the same 15 initial amount of insurance and for a term of 20 16 17 years or less expiring before age 71, for which uni-18 form premiums are payable during the entire term of 19 the policy;
- 20 7. Any policy, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, for which no cash 21 surrender value, if any, or present value of any 2.2 paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, at the beginning of 23 24 any policy year, calculated as specified in sections 25 2530 to 2532-A, exceeds 2 1/2% of the amount of insurance at the beginning of the same policy year; 26 27 or
- 8. Any policy which shall be delivered outside 28 29 this State through an agent or other representative 30 of the insurer issuing the policy.
- 31 For purposes of this chapter, the age at expiry for a joint term life insurance policy shall be the age at 32 33 expiry of the oldest life.

34 STATEMENT OF FACT

35 The Standard Valuation Law prescribes minimum reserves which insurers must hold to ensure that 36 their obligations under life insurance policies and 37 38 annuity contracts can be met. The Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance prescribes minimum cash values or paid-up insurance benefits which must be available to individual life insurance policyholders who elect to surrender their policies or discontinue premium payments. In both, the minimums are expressed in the form of maximum interest rates, minimum mortality rates, maximum expense allowance rates and prescribed methods of applying these rates to the obligations insured under the policies and contracts. An insurer may always at its option hold reserves or grant policy values higher than the statutory minimums.

These legal minimum standards have been revised from time to time as conditions warranted. In 1980, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) determined that additional revisions were appropriate and it therefore promulgated model amendments to these laws. Through 1982, these amendments have been enacted in 3/4 of all the states.