

	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
ONI	E HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Do	cument No. 910
H.P. 719	House of Representatives, February 28, 1983
Cosponsor	EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk epresentative Reeves of Pittston. :: Representative Thompson of So. Portland, Senator Gill of d Senator Diamond of Cumberland.
	STATE OF MAINE
]	IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE
	ACT Requiring Motorists to Protect Idren in Motor Vehicles by Use of Approved Child Safety Seats.
Be it enac <sup>.</sup> follows:	ted by the People of the State of Maine as
	<b>5A §1368-B</b> , as enacted by PL 1981, c. 405, and the following enacted in its place:
<u>§1368-B.</u> I	Jse of approved child safety seats
being tran ated by his	ny child who is less than 4 years of age is asported in a motor vehicle owned or oper- s parent or legal guardian and registered tate, and the motor vehicle is required by States Department of Transportation to be

the manufacturer's instructions, in a child safety seat that meets the standards described in Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards, 49 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 571, in effect on January 1, 1981. The parent or legal guardian of the child is responsible for providing and installing the child safety seat.

8 If the child is being transported in a motor 9 vehicle registered in this State, neither owned nor 10 operated by his parent or legal guardian, and the motor vehicle is required by the United States 11 Department of Transportation to be equipped with seat 12 13 belts at the time of manufacture or assembly, the operator of the motor vehicle shall have the child 14 15 properly secured, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, in a child safety seat 16 that meets the standards described in Federal Motor 17 18 Vehicle Safety Standards, 49 Code of Federal Regula-19 tions, Part 571, in effect on January 1, 1981. When such a child safety seat is not available, the oper-20 ator shall have the child properly secured in a seat 21 belt, except when all seating positions equipped with 22 23 seat belts are occupied. No exception may apply if 24 the child is less than one year of age.

Any parent, guardian, owner or operator stopped for a violation of this section and against whom enforcement action has been taken shall not be guilty of a subsequent violation of this section until after 24 hours have elapsed from the date and time of the violation, as indicated on the traffic ticket.

31 Failure to secure a child in a child safety seat 32 or seat belt shall not be considered negligence 33 imputable to the child, nor shall that failure be 34 admissible as evidence in the trial of any civil or 35 criminal action.

36 Violation of this section is a civil violation 37 for which a forfeiture of \$25 for the first violation 38 and \$50 for each subsequent violation may be ad-39 judged. The court shall waive any civil fine or cost 40 against a parent or legal guardian who receives a 41 civil violation citation for a first violation of 42 this section if the parent or legal guardian supplies 43 the court with evidence of acquiring a child safety

1	seat complying with the standards described in Fed-
2	eral Motor Vehicle Safety Standards, 49 Code of Fed-
3	eral Regulations, Part 571, in effect January 1,
4	1981, within 30 days of the issuance of the civil
5	violation citation.
6	STATEMENT OF FACT
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	The leading cause of death among children under 4 years of age in Maine, and in the United States as a whole, is motor vehicle accidents. The leading cause of severe injuries to children under 4 years of age is motor vehicle accidents. Among Maine children less than 5 years of age, 47 were killed and 2,963 were injured between 1970 and 1980 in motor vehicle accidents.
15	The United States Department of Transportation
16	estimates that 75% of all automobile deaths and 90%
17	of all major injuries of children could be prevented
18	by the proper use of child safety seats.
19	Not only are children killed and injured in car
20	accidents, but improper behavior of children in motor
21	vehicles can actually cause collisions.
22	The Governor's Task Force on Maternal and Child
23	Health in Maine recommended the passage of legis-
24	lation requiring appropriate child safety seats for
25	small children who are passengers in motor vehicles.
26	The task force considered this to be among its most
27	important recommendations.
28	Similar pieces of legislation have been adopted
29	in 23 states to date, including 3 states in New
30	England (Rhode Island, Massachusetts and Connecti-
31	cut). Since the implementation of the Tennessee law,
32	in 1978, statewide use of child safety seats has
33	increased from 9.2% in 1977 to near 70% in 1981. In
34	1978, there was a 50% reduction in major injuries and
35	fatalities, and a 75% reduction in major injuries and
36	fatalities in 1979.
37	Approved child restraint seats range in price
38	between \$30 and \$75 and are available at automotive,
39	department and specialty stores throughout Maine. In

addition, a number of mail order catalogs carry these
seats and there are a number of seat loaner programs
now in effect throughout the State.

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