MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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H.P. 33	2			House of R	epresent	atives, I	ebruary	1, 1983
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his claim does not begin to run until his employer, if he has actual knowledge of the injury and disability, files a first report of injury as required by section 106 of the Act. Any time during which the employee is unable by reason of physical or mental incapacity to file said the petition shall included in the period provided in this section. If the employee fails to file said the petition within said that period because of mistake of fact as to the cause and nature of the injury, he may file said the petition within a reasonable time. In case death of the employee, there shall be allowed for filing said petition one year after such that petition of any kind may be filed more than 10 years following the date of the latest payment made under this Act.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to insure that all employees are notified by the Worker's Compensation Commission of their rights and obligations under the Act, once they have notified their employer of their injuries. Under current law, an employee may report his injury to his employer. That employer thereafter may fail to file a first report of this injury with the Workers' Compensation Commission. This failure means that the Workers' Compensation Commission not initiate a letter to the employee advising him of his right to obtain counsel and his obligation to file a petition to obtain compensation within 2 years of the date of his injury or disability. employers will advise their employees of their right, but some have not. This has resulted in many meritorious claims being barred by the employer's own inaction. The correction of this inequity is the intent of this bill.

This inequity has proven a particular hardship on employees who may be covered under state or federal law, such as those engaged in the maritime industries along Maine's coast. Many of these employees may be covered by the provision of the United States Code, Title 33, Section 901, et seq., the Longshoremen and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as well as the Workers' Compensation Act of Maine. If the employers

in those industries file first reports of injury only 1 with the United States Department of Labor, which ad-2 3 ministers the Longshoremen's Act, the employee will never be advised by the Workers' Compensation Commis-4 5 sion of Maine of his concurrent right to file a peti-6 tion for award instead under the Maine Workers' 7 pensation Act, despite the fact that Maine's law may 8 be preferable to an employee to the federal Because he is not advised of his rights by the com-9 mission, the employee may never file such a petition 10 11 within 2 years of the date of his injury or disabil-This provision would also bring Maine law into 12 conformity with the United States Code, Title 33, 13 14 Section 930 (f) the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act which provides: 15

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"Where the employer or the carrier has been given notice... of any injury or death of an employee and fails, neglects, or refuses to file report thereof as required...the (statute of) limitations shall not begin to run against the claim of the injured employee or his dependents entitled to compensation, until such report shall have been furnished as required..."

As humanitarian acts of legislation intended to benefit injured employees, both the federal act and the Maine Workers' Compensation Act should have parallel provisions guaranteeing that an employee will be advised of his rights. When the employee is not advised of his rights as the direct consequence of the employer's inaction, the employer should not be allowed to benefit by that inaction.

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