MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	FIRST REGUL	AR SESSION
ONE	HUNDRED AND ELE	VENTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Doc	ument	No. 218
S.P. 87		In Senate, January 18, 1983
		nate on January 18, 1983. Referred to red printed pursuant to Joint Rule 14.
	JO	Y J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
Presented by Sen	nator Wood of York.	
	STATE OF	MAINE
NI	IN THE YEAR INETEEN HUNDRED	OF OUR LORD AND EIGHTY-THREE
	cement of Laws	re Efficient the Relating to Cruelty imals.
Be it enacte follows:	ed by the People	of the State of Maine as
	. 7 MRSA §2, 3rd is further amen	¶, as amended by PL 1979, ded to read:
cise or in tionary stat which author cific board, other gover tion Council Board, the Board, the	nterfere with to tutory authority rity shall be ex , bureau, agency rnmental unit: l Committee, th Maine Milk C Harness Racin	ot have authority to exer- he exercise of any discre- granted to the following, clusively within the spe- , commission, committee or The Maine Dairy and Nutri- e Maine Dairy Promotion ommission, the Seed Potato g Commission, the Maine oil and Water Conservation

- 1 Commission, the Board of Veterinary Medicine and ,the 2 Board of Pesticide Control, and the Animal Welfare
- 3 Board.

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4 Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §12, as amended by PL 1977, c. 5 694, §41, is further amended to read:

§12. Rules, regulations and standards

The commissioner shall adopt, consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, rules and regulations for carrying out this Title, Title 10, chapter 309, Fitle 17, chapter 43 and Title 32, chapter 61. He may fix standards of purity, quality or strength when such these standards are not specified or fixed by law, and shall publish them together with other information concerning articles of commercial feeding stuff, commercial fertilizer, drug or food as he may deem to be of public benefit.

17 Sec. 3. 7 MRSA §13, 1st ¶, as amended by PL 18 1973, c. 598, §4, is further amended to read:

The commissioner shall diligently enforce all provisions of this Title, Title 17, chapter 43 Title 32, chapter 27 and shall be entitled to and shall receive the assistance of the Attorney General and of the several county attorneys. He may recover the penalties imposed for violations of this Title and Title 32, chapter 27 in a civil action brought in his own name, the venue to be as in other civil actions, and if he prevails in any such action, shall full costs, or he may prosecute for violarecover tions hereof by complaint or indictment, and such prosecution shall be commenced in the county in which the offense was committed.

32 Sec. 4. 7 MRSA §14, as amended by PL 1977, c. 33 694, §42, is further amended to read:

§14. Hearings on violations

When the commissioner becomes cognizant of violation of any provision of this Title, Title 10, chapter 309, Fitle 17, chapter 43, Title 22, sections 2151 to 2162 and Title 32, chapters 27 and 61, he shall provide opportunity for hearing in a manner

consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure 1 2 Act and shall, in any case, cause a copy of the find-3 ing or, in case of a packer of food, a copy of the 4 charge to be preferred, to be given to that person 5 concerned and the person from whom the sample was 6 obtained, and the person whose name appears upon the label, if a resident of the State. When the hearing 7 8 relates to the packing of apples, it shall be held in 9 the county where the inspection was made.

10 Sec. 5. 7 MRSA §3451, 13th ¶, as amended by PL 11 1979, c. 731, §19, is further amended to read:

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The commissioner, his authorized agent, the Animal Welfare Board or its agents, a state humane agent or a veterinarian employed by the State may, at any reasonable time, enter any boarding kennel, kennel or pet shop, excepting any building used for human habitation heretofore recognized as not subject to search warrant and make examination and conduct any recognized test for the existence of any contagious infectious diseases or conditions. The commissioner or his authorized agent may inspect pet shops, boarding kennels and kennels in accordance with the sanitation and health regulations established by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources. A veterinarian employed by the State or any licensed veterinarian may quarantine such pet shop, boarding kennel and kennel in person or by registered mail, and such quarantine shall be maintained as long as the commissioner deems necessary. The decision and order for this quarantine shall not be considered licensing or an adjudicatory proceeding, as defined by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 6. 7 MRSA §3451, 14th ¶, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, §145, is further amended to read:

The Administrative Court, upon complaint of the commissioner, the Animal Welfare Board or the Attorney General, may revoke or suspend a pet shop, kennel and boarding kennel license providing any person, firm or corporation maintaining such pet shop, kennel and boarding kennel violates any quarantine or maintains animals or birds contrary to the rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner or fails to keep records required by the commissioner.

- Sec. 7. 17 MRSA §1051, first ¶, as amended by PL 1979, c. 731, §19, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- The Animal Welfare Board shall enforce all provisions of this chapter, and, wherever used in this chapter, unless otherwise specified, the word "board" means Animal Welfare Board or its agents.
- 8 Sec. 8. 17 MRSA §1176, as amended by PL 1973,
 9 c. 598, §11, is further amended to read:
- 10 §1176. Officers may take possession of animals 11 unlawfully detained; lien

12 board or any sheriff, deputy The commissioner 13 sheriff, police officer, constable, state humane 14 agent or other person authorized to make arrests may 15 take possession of any animals detained in violation 16 of this chapter and may unload the same, comfortably 17 yard or shelter, feed, water and care for them 18 have a lien thereon for a reasonable sum for such 19 that care, and is not liable for any damages 20 detention of the same.

- 21 Sec. 9. 17 MRSA §1177, as amended by PL 1973, c. 598, §12, is further amended to read:
- 23 §1177. Enforcement of lien

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The commissioner board or any persons or corporations having such lien as provided for in section 1176 may enforce it by a sale thereof, in the same manner as in case of enforcements of liens on goods in possession and choses in action provided for in Title 10, chapter 631.

- 30 Sec. 10. 17 MRSA §1211, sub-§§1, 2 and 3, as 31 enacted by PL 1979, c. 317, are amended to read:
- 1. <u>Possession</u>. The commissioner board or agent for any society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, state humane agent, animal control officer or any person authorized to make arrests may apply to the District Court or the Superior Court for process to permit the applicant to take possession of

any old, maimed, disabled, diseased or injured animal or any animal whose owner has cruelly abandoned cruelly fails to take care of or provide for, or for process to cause the same to be destroyed or turned to the applicant or some other suitable person. If the owner is known, a copy of the application served upon him in hand with an order of be court to appear at a time and place named, to cause why the animal should not be taken or destroyed turned over to the applicant or some other suitable person. If the owner cannot be found by reasonable diligence, or is out of the State although a resident therein, a copy of the application and order of court shall be left at his last and usual place of abode. If the owner is not known, then the shall order notices to be posted in 2 public and conplaces in the town, where the animal was spicuous found, stating the case and circumstances and giving hours' notice of hearing thereon. At the hearing, if it appears that the animal has been abandoned by or that the animal is old, maimed, disowner, abled, diseased or injured, or its owner has cruelly failed to take care of it and provide for it, the court shall order the animal to be destroyed or shall issue process, directing the applicant for process or some other suitable person to take and retain possession of and provide for the animal pending disposition by the court, and to sell or dispose of the same return the same to the owner as may be ordered by the court, which order shall be subject to cation from time to time.

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Ex parte order. The eemmissiener board or agent for any society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, state humane agent, animal control officer or any person authorized to make arrests apply to the District Court, Superior Court or a complaint justice for an ex parte order to permit the applicant to take possession of any old, maimed, disabled, diseased or injured animal or any animal whose owner has cruelly abandoned or cruelly fails to take care of or provide for, or for process to cause the same to be turned over to the applicant or some other suitable person. These orders may be entered ex parte upon findings by the court or complaint justice that there is a reasonable likelihood that:

A. The person of the defendant is not subject to the jurisdiction of the court for the purposes of a hearing or the owner cannot be found by reasonable diligence, or is out of the State although a resident therein, and there is a danger that unless immediate action is taken the condition of injured, overworked, tormented, tortured, abandoned, poisoned or mutilated animal, animal deprived of necessary sustenance, necessary medical attention, proper shelter or protection from weather or humanely clean conditions will be so substantially impaired or worsened or that the animal's life will be jeopardized or that a great degree of medical attention will be necessary to restore the animal to a normal, healthy condition:

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- B. There is a clear danger if the owner or his agent is notified in advance of the issuance of the application order as set forth in subsection 1, he may remove the animal from the State, will conceal it or will otherwise make it unavailable;
- C. There is an immediate danger that the owner or his agent will kill or injure the animal; or
- An animal is being or has been injured, overworked, tormented, tortured, abandoned, poimutilated, deprived soned, οf necessary sustenance, necessary medical attention, proper shelter or protection from the weather humanely clean conditions and unless an ex parte order issues allowing the commissioner or sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, state humane agent, animal control officer or any person authorized to make arrests to take possession the animal will die, or its condition substantially impaired or worsened will be so that the attention will be necessary to restore the animal to a normal, healthy condition.

This section shall not apply to animals, who are currently being well cared for when it is necessary to euthanize those animals due to old age of the animal. "Well cared for" shall mean that the animal is receiving necessary sustenance, necessary medical attention, proper shelter, protec-

- tion from the weather, and humanely clean conditions, and it has not been nor is it being overworked, tormented, tortured, abandoned, poisoned, beaten, mutilated or exposed to a poison with the intent that it be taken by the animal. This section shall not apply to a person's conduct designed to control or eliminate rodents, ants or other common pests on his own property.
- Dissolution or modification of ex parte order. On 2-days notice or such shorter notice as the court may prescribe, the commissioner board or agent for any society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, state humane agent or any person authorized to make arrests, an owner whose animal has been possessed by any of the aforesaid authorized agents pursuant to an ex parte order, may appear in the District Court or Superior Court, and move the dissolution or modification of the ex parte order, and in that event the court shall proceed to hear and determine that motion as expeditiously as the ends of justice require. At the hearing the authorized agent, who has taken the animal under the ex parte order, shall have the burden of justifying any finding in the ex parte order which the defendant has challenged by affidavit. The affidavit required by this rule shall set forth specific facts sufficient to warrant the required findings and shall be upon the affiant's own knowledge, information or belief; and, so far as upon information and belief, shall state that he believes this information to be true.
- 32 Sec. 11. 17 MRSA §1212, as amended by PL 1975, 33 c. 70, §1, is further amended to read:
- 34 §1212. Prevention of cruelty

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- The commissioner <u>board</u> or any person authorized to make arrests may lawfully interfere to prevent the perpetration of any act of cruelty upon an animal in his presence.
- 39 Sec. 12. 17 MRSA §1213, as repealed and replaced 40 by PL 1973, c. 598, §15, is amended to read:
- 41 §1213. Prosecutions; payment for services

Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, police officers, constables and, state humane agents, and agents for any society for the prevention of cruelty to animals shall investigate all cases of cruelty to animals coming to their knowledge and report the same to the commissioner board. The commissioner board shall cause offenders to be prosecuted in all cases in which the offense may appear to be of a sufficiently aggravated nature to require prosecution.

- 10 Sec. 13. 17 MRSA §1214, as repealed and replaced by PL 1973, c. 666, §2, is repealed.
- 12 Sec. 14. 17 MRSA §1214-A is enacted to read:
- 13 §1214-A. Animal Welfare Board.

- 1. Board appointments. An Animal Welfare Board is hereby created. It shall consist of 5 members, including the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources who shall serve ex officio. The remaining 4 members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor from among nominations made to the Governor by qualified humane societies domiciled in this State.
 - A. A qualified humane society is a nonprofit corporation existing pursuant to Title 13, section 901, chapter 81, in possession of tax exempt status pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section 501(c)(3) and having a membership of 100 or more persons.
- 2. Term. Each appointed member shall serve for a term of 4 years or until his successor has qualified. Upon expiration of the term of office of any appointed member of the board, the member's successor shall be appointed by the Governor, or in the case of a vacancy for any reason the Governor shall appoint a member to fill the unexpired term. One member of the board shall be designated by the Governor as chairman.
- 3. Powers, rules and regulations. The board is charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter. In addition, the board may conduct inspections of boarding kennels, kennels and pet shops as authorized by Title 7, chapter 703.

The board may employ an executive director and one clerical asistant to assist the board in carrying out its duties and responsibilities. In addition, the board shall appoint part-time humane agents who shall serve as agents of the board in the enforcement of this chapter and as otherwise provided by law. These part-time agents shall be unclassified employees whose standards of employment, training, compensation and hours of employment shall be determined by the board. The jurisdiction of each part-time humane agent shall extend throughout the State. In connection with its enforcement responsibilities, the board shall be entitled to and shall receive the assistance of the Attorney General and of the several district attorneys.

In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the board shall be authorized to adopt rules which are consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.

Sec. 15. 17 MRSA §1216, as enacted by PL 1973,
c. 598, §17, is repealed.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to transfer responsibility for enforcement of cruelty to animal laws from the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources to an unpaid citizens board which includes the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources serving ex officio. The department retains its current functions of licensing dogs, pet shops and kennels.

The citizens board, to be known as the Animal Welfare Board, may have 2 employees, an executive director and a clerical assistant. The positions of full-time humane agents will be done away with, but the board will have the power to appoint part-time humane agents as the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources currently does.

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