MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION
ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Document No. 214
S.P. 83 In Senate, January 18, 1983
Received by the Secretary of the Senate on January 18, 1983. Referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 14.
JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate
Presented by Senator Twitchell of Oxford.
STATE OF MAINE
IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE
AN ACT Placing the Burden of Justifi- cation for any Land Use Control Measure on Municipalities once a Prima Facie Showing of Exclusion has been Demonstrated.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
30 MRSA §4965 is enacted to read:
§4965. Burden of justification for land use control measures
In any judicial proceeding brought by the Attorney General or a private party testing the validity of a municipal plan, ordinance or procedure alleged to be exclusionary in effect, particularly of essential and legally permissible housing alternatives,
the burden of going forward once a prima facie showing of exclusion has been made, shall be shifted to

the town to justify the control, restriction or regulation being attacked. The burden shall not be deemed to have been met by the presentation hypothetical, speculative or a slight quantum of credible evidence, but only by substantial evidence in the record when viewed as a whole; evidence sufficient to persuade reasonable individuals that the challenged regulations or controls are necessary protect important aspects of the public's health, safety and general welfare. If the town cannot or does not meet its burden, or if the full evidence of the plaintiff showing exclusion is more persuasive than that of the town seeking to justify its actions, the exclusionary control, regulation or restriction shall be stricken and such permits and approvals as are required to enable the developer to proceed with the project that gave rise to the challenge shall issue forthwith, by order of the court, if necessary.

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STATEMENT OF FACT

At the present time, the burden of proving in a court of law that a municipal plan, ordinance or procedure is exclusionary in effect falls upon the plaintiff. Partially as a consequence of this rule, Maine courts have been reluctant to grant relief to plaintiffs who have suffered from exclusionary housing provisions. This bill provides that if the plaintiff makes a prima facie showing of exclusion the burden shifts to the municipality to show justification for its control, restriction or regulation.

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