MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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FIRST REGULAR SESSION
ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE
Legislative Document No. 120
H.P. 113 House of Representatives, January 6, 1983
On Motion of Representative Higgins of Portland referred to the Committee on Taxation. Sent up for concurrence and ordered printed.
EDWIN H. PERT, Clerk
Presented by Representative Webster of Farmington. Cosponsor: Representative Randall of East Machias.
STATE OF MAINE
IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE
AN ACT to Require Public Institutions to Pay Sales Tax on Income Received from the Rental of Rooms for Meetings.
Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 36 MRSA $\S1752$, sub- $\S6$ is amended to read:
6. Living quarters. "Living quarters" means sleeping rooms, sleeping or housekeeping accommodations, and tent or trailer space and conference rooms, hearing rooms, classrooms, halls or other facilities used for the conduction of seminars, educational programs or meetings of any kind.
Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§11, as amended by PL 1981, c. 163, §2, is further amended to read:

"Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means any sale tangible personal property, in the ordinary course of business, for consumption or use, or for any purpose other than for resale, except resale as a casual in the form of tangible personal property, any living quarters in any hotel, rental of or house, tourist trailer camp, school or state or municipally-owned or leased facility, any rental automobiles on a short-term basis, other than rental to a person engaged in the business of renting automobiles, and the sale of telephone or telegraph ser-The term "retail sale" or "sale at retail" vice. includes conditional sales, installment lease sales, and any other transfer of tangible personal property when the title is retained as security for the payment of the purchase price and is intended to be The term "retail sale" or "sale transferred later. at retail" also means sale of products for internal human consumption to a person for resale through coin-operated vending machines when sold retailer whose gross receipts from the retail sale of tangible personal property derived through sales from vending machines are more than 50% of his gross receipts, which tax shall be paid by the retailer The term "retail sale" "sale at State. or retail" does not include any sale by an executor administrator in the settlement of an estate, unless such sale is made through a retailer, or unless is made in the continuation or operation of a business; nor does the term include any other lated transaction in which any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale delivered by the owner thereof, such sale, transfer, offer for sale, or delivery not being made in ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of a like character by such owner, transactions being elsewhere sometimes referred to as "casual sales." The sale by a registered retailer of tangible personal property, which that retailer has used in the course of his or its business, is not sale and is a retail sale subject to taxation casual under this Part, if that property is of a like acter to that sold in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions. "Casual sale" shall not include any transaction in which tangible personal property is sold, transferred or offered for sale a representative for the owner's account when such

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representative is a registered retailer, in which 1 2 event such registered retailer shall have the same duties respecting such sale as if he had sold on his 3 "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" do 4 account. 5 not include the sale of tangible personal property which becomes an ingredient or component part of, or 6 7 which is consumed or destroyed or loses its identity 8 in the manufacture of, tangible personal property for later sale or lease, other than lease for use in this 9 10 State, but shall include fuel and electricity but 11 shall not include electricity separately metered and 12 consumed in any electrolytic process for the manufacture of tangible personal property for later sale, 13 nor any fuel oil or coal, the by-products from the 14 15 burning of which become an ingredient or component 16 part of tangible personal property for later sale. "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" do not include the 17 18 sale, to a person engaged in the business of renting 19 automobiles, of automobiles, or integral 20 thereof or accessories thereto, for rental or for use 21 in an automobile rented, on a short-term basis. shall be considered that tangible personal 22 property 23 is "consumed or destroyed" or "loses its identity" in such manufacture, if it has a normal physical life 24 25 expectancy of less than one year as a usable item 26 the use to which it is applied. "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" do not include the sale of contain-27 28 ers, boxes, crates, bags, cores, twines, tapes, 29 bindings, wrappings, labels and other packing, pack-30 aging and shipping materials when sold to persons for 31 in packing, packaging or shipping tangible per-32 sonal property sold by them or upon which they have performed the service of cleaning, pressing, dyeing, 33 34 washing, repairing or reconditioning in their regular 35 course of business and which are transferred to 36 possession of the purchaser of such tangible personal 37 property.

Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §1811, first ¶, as amended by PL 1977, c. 198, §6, is further amended to read:

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A tax is imposed at the rate of 5% on the value of all tangible personal property and telephone and telegraph service sold at retail in this State, and upon the rental charged for living quarters in hotels, rooming houses, tourist or trailer camps, schools or state or municipally-owned or leased

<u>facilities</u> and the rental charged for automobiles rented on a short-term basis, other than a rental charged to a person engaged in the business of renting automobiles, measured by the sale price, except as in chapters 211 to 225 provided. Retailers shall pay such tax at the time and in the manner provided, and it shall be in addition to all other taxes.

9 STATEMENT OF FACT

The purpose of this bill is to require public institutions such as schools and universities, and the State and towns to pay sales tax to the State for any income they derive through the rental of their facilities to individuals, groups or organizations for meetings. Because sales tax is currently not charged on the rental of these facilities, public institutions have an unfair advantage over operators of privately-owned facilities that can be used for meetings.

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