

Maine. Legislature. Senate

STATE OF MAINE

JOURNAL

OF THE

SENATE OF MAINE

SPECIAL SESSION

1916

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

AUGUSTA
KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT
1916

STATE OF MAINE.

IN SENATE,
September 29, 1916.

Ordered, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and cause to be printed under his supervision and direction, three hundred copies of the Journal of the proceedings of the Senate at this Special Session.

IN SENATE CHAMBER,
September 29, 1916.

Read and passed.

W. E. LAWRY, *Secretary*.

Name: Dunton.

County: Penobscot.

A true copy,

ATTEST:

W. E. LAWRY, *Secretary*.

State of Maine.

SEVENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE.

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE.

FRIDAY, September 29, 1916.

In compliance with a proclamation by His Excellency, the Governor, Oakley C. Curtis, the Senators convened in the Senate Chamber at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Senate called to order by the President.

Prayer by the Rev. Charles G. Mosher of Augusta.

By direction of the President, the Secretary read the proclamation:

STATE OF MAINE.

By the Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Commissioner appointed under Chapter 237 of the Resolves of 1915 to complete the sixth revision of the general and public laws of the State has completed his work and is now ready to submit the final draft of such revision to the Legislature, and

WHEREAS, the amendment to Article Four of the Constitution of the State, establishing a people's veto through the optional referendum, makes it extremely important that any general revision of the statutes be submitted to the Legislature for acceptance at least ninety days prior to its next regular session; said amendment to the Constitution not seeming to permit the adoption of such revision under the emergency clause, and

v. m. R.

WHEREAS, the provisions of Section 16 of Chapter 7 of the Revised Statutes, requiring that the balance of the sums received on account of Lands Reserved for Public Uses shall remain in the treasury, have become embarrassing, and the public interests seem to require some legislative action which will permit the use of the money now in the treasury to the credit of this account, and

WHEREAS, the inhabitants of the city of Portland desire to present petitions to alter the harbor line of Portland harbor, which is a matter of vital importance to the shipping interests of the State and one that demands the early and careful consideration of the Legislature:

IN CONSIDERATION WHEREOF, I, Oakley C. Curtis, Governor of the State of Maine, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution, convene the Legislature of this State, hereby requiring the Senators and Representatives to assemble in their respective chambers at the Capitol, in Augusta, on Friday, the 29th day of September, 1916, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in order to receive such communications as may then be made to them, and to consult and determine on such measures as in their judgment will best promote the welfare of the State.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the State to be affixed. Done at Augusta, this 13th day of September, in the year of our Lord 1916, and of the Independence of the United States of America the 141st.

OAKLEY C. CURTIS,
By the Governor.

ATTEST:

JOHN E. BUNKER,
Secretary of State.

The roll being called by the Secretary, the following Senators responded to their names:

Allen, Ames, Bartlett, Boynton, Burleigh, Butler, Chatto, Clark, Colby, Cole, Conant, Dunton, Durgin, Emery, Flaherty, Fulton, Garcelon, Hastings, Herrick, Hersey, Jillson, Leary,

Moulton, Murphy, Peacock, Price, Scammon, Swift, Thurston, Walker, Weld,—31.

The President announced that a quorum was present.

On motion by Mr. BOYNTON of Lincoln,

Ordered, that a message be conveyed to the House of Representatives informing that body that a quorum of Senators is present for the consideration of such business as may come before it.

Which was read and passed, and the Secretary conveyed the message.

On motion by Mr. HASTINGS of Androscoggin,

Ordered, that a message be sent to His Excellency, the Governor, informing him that in obedience to his proclamation, a quorum of Senators is assembled in the Senate Chamber for the consideration of such business as may come before it.

Which was read and passed.

The President appointed Messrs. Hastings of Androscoggin, Colby of Somerset and Chatto of Hancock to convey the message.

The Committee retired, and subsequently reported that they had delivered the message with which they were charged.

A message was received from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Harvey, its Clerk, informing the Senate that a quorum of the Representatives is present for the consideration of such business as may come before it.

On motion by Mr. ALLEN of Kennebec,

Ordered, That a message be sent to the House of Representatives proposing a convention of both branches of the Legislature forthwith, in the hall of the House, for the purpose of receiving a communication from His Excellency, the Governor.

Which was read and passed, and the Secretary conveyed the message.

Subsequently a message was received from the House of Representatives by Mr. Harvey, its Clerk, concurring in the proposition for a joint convention.

The Senate retired to the hall of the House of Representatives, where a joint convention was formed.

IN CONVENTION.

The President of the Senate in the chair.

On motion by Mr. BARTLETT of Kennebec,

Messrs. Bartlett of Kennebec,

Butler of Knox,

Ames of Washington,

—of the Senate

Pierce of Houlton,

Sanborn of South Portland,

Ricker of Castine,

Morse of Rumford,

Russell of Lewiston

—of the House

were appointed a Committee to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the two branches of the Legislature are in convention assembled in the hall of the House of Representatives, ready to receive from him such communication as he may be pleased to make.

Mr. BARTLETT, for the Committee, reported that the duty had been discharged and that His Excellency, the Governor, was pleased to say that he would forthwith attend upon the convention.

Thereupon, His Excellency, the Honorable Oakley C. Curtis, Governor of Maine, attended by the Executive Council, came in.

The Governor addressed the convention, as follows:

Gentlemen of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature:

“Under Article 5, Part 1, Section 13, of the Constitution, the Governor is authorized to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions and therefore you are assembled in accordance with the call as expressed in the Governor’s proclamation issued, September 13, 1916.

“A most extraordinary occasion has arisen in connection with the revision of the statutes as required by law because no similar condition appertaining to the revision has heretofore existed.

“Formerly on such occasions it has been possible and in fact it has been the custom to adjourn the Legislature to a day certain and secure the required results but seemingly this process cannot now obtain as the way appears to be obscured by the amendment to Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of

Maine establishing a people's veto through the optional referendum.

"It seems that in no reasonable manner can the revision of the statutes be accomplished except in a special session.

"Doubtless it would be superfluous to go into the details of the act establishing the optional referendum but some reason should be given to the citizens of the State why this special session is called—at more or less expense and inconvenience—and why if allowed to go over to the next Legislature the matter might entail still greater expense and confusion.

"The constitutional amendment provides that no act or joint resolution of the Legislature shall take effect until ninety days after the recess of the Legislature—with certain exceptions in an emergency clause.

"It seems to be accepted that the recess of the Legislature is the time intervening between the final adjournment of one Legislature to the time of convening the next.

"If you had adjourned to this date none of the acts or resolves passed at your regular session would have become effective until ninety days after the final adjournment except those passed with the emergency clause, consequently the final adjournment would not have been accomplished in time to have made your appropriations available until the closing days of the present year.

"The work attending the revision of the statutes is increasing continually and it is doubtful that it could be completed at any time until the middle or last of the year succeeding the session of the Legislature authorizing the revision.

"It does not seem possible that the act of final revision of the statutes can be passed under the emergency clause of the referendum act, because it appears to be a repeal of all the acts and resolves in the previous revision and a re-enactment of practically all of them—and a portion of them apparently are not allowed in the exceptions of the emergency clause either in the repeal or the re-enactment.

"Again, if the matter was allowed to go over to the next Legislature the revision would not be complete without the laws of 1917; and also, even without the laws of 1917, untold confusion would result, as the legislators in attempting to amend laws would be obliged to refer to the old statutes while the new

statutes were ready at hand but not operative until after the expiration of the ninety days period and could not be amended until in force.

"The effect of amending the old statutes by the next Legislature while the revision of the new statutes was pending might be to create some confusion in the courts, because the old statutes would automatically be repealed by the act of revision when it became effective and the validity of the amendment might be questioned.

"These are questions which should be decided by the courts, to establish directions for the future.

"Possibly it may not be important in any material sense what the decision may be so long as it is made clear and specific on a definite basis—but this does not assist us in the present instance.

"To include the 1917 laws would entail additional and heavy expense in the rearrangement of the entire work.

"I had hoped that a special session would not be necessary, but in the present circumstances it appears to me that by calling this special session serious complications will be avoided.

"If the work went over to next year the delay might be serious, and even then it might be necessary to have a special session or at least an adjourned meeting, which would again delay the Legislature of 1917.

"It almost seems to me like an endless chain affair, as it does not appear that there can be any period at which the statutes can be brought up to date by any reasonable means without a special session. Perhaps the courts may devise some means for future guidance—to avoid the calling of an extra session—which would save some expense to the state.

"It seemed to be well understood by the Legislature at its regular session that the call would be necessary, and consequently no further explanation is deemed expedient.

"Primarily the call for this session is to complete the revision of the statutes—otherwise the session would not have been called.

"Your attention, however, is called to the cash in the Land Reserve School Fund required under Chapter 7, Section 16, which reads as follows:

"The treasurer shall keep a separate account with the Reserved Land in each such township, in which account he shall

enter all sums by him received and paid on account thereof; and the balance shall remain in the treasury until such township or tract is by law authorized to receive it and thereupon it shall be paid to the proper officers thereof.'

"This seems to say that the money unexpended in this fund shall remain in the treasury—although this provision has not always been observed.

"On December 31, 1915, there was of actual cash in this fund \$433,132.99 and that is the figure at which the fund stood on the books on that date. This amount will be increased by the receipts of this year.

"In many instances the money may not be needed for a hundred years and possibly some of it may never be demanded. The fund is constantly increasing.

"Possibly you will consider the advisability of amending the law to make this money available for the uses of the State or promote legislation for some investment to be made with the fund. It does not seem to me expedient that this money shall lie idle in the treasury and furthermore consideration might be given to the question of whether or not in its present state it is a menace.

"A full report of this account will be submitted by the Treasurer of State.

"By urgent request a petition for the creation of a new harbor commission for the cities of Portland and South Portland and authorizing extension of the present harbor lines of Portland is herewith submitted and it speaks for itself.

"The urgency of the request is the only reason for its being presented to you at this time.

"In view of the short time intervening between this and the next regular session of the Legislature, no recommendation for any legislation seems necessary."

The Governor and Council retired.

The purposes for which the convention was formed having been accomplished, the convention was declared dissolved.

The Senate retired to the Senate Chamber.

IN SENATE.

Senate called to order by the President.

On motion by Mr. DURGIN of Piscataquis,

Ordered, the House concurring, that the Commissioner on Revision of the Statutes be directed to cause Chapter 319 of the Laws of 1915, entitled "An Act to Provide for State and County Aid in the Construction of Highway Bridges," and Chapter 350 of the Laws of 1915, entitled "An Act Relative to the Hours of Employment of Women and Minors," to be printed as an appendix to the volume of the Revised Statutes and included in the index.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Subsequently the foregoing order came back from the House, read and passed in concurrence.

The President placed before the Senate Report of Joint Select Committee on Revision of the Statutes with Report of John A. Morrill, Commissioner, submitting;

Bill "An Act to Revise and Consolidate the Public Laws of the State."

Bill "An Act to Repeal the Acts Consolidated in the Revised Statutes of the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen."

Which reports were severally read and accepted, and, the rules being suspended, the bills were each read twice and passed to be engrossed.

Severally sent down for concurrence.

Mr. FLAHERTY of Cumberland presented bill "An Act to Authorize the Board of Harbor Commissioners of the City of Portland to Alter and Modify the Harbor Lines."

On motion by the same Senator, the rules being suspended, the bill was read twice and passed to be engrossed, without reference to a committee.

Sent down for concurrence.

The President placed before the Senate Report of the Treasurer of State on "Interest on Lands Reserved for Public Uses Fund."

Which was referred to the next Legislature.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. EMERY of York,

Ordered, that the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to procure the services of a stenographer and typewriter operator during the Special Session of the Legislature and for the preparation of the Senate Journal.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. EMERY of York presented "Resolve on the Pay Roll of the Senate."

The rules being suspended, the same was read twice and passed to be engrossed without reference to a committee.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. BUTLER of Knox,

Ordered, the House concurring, that 675 copies of the Legislative Record for the Special Session of 1916 be printed and bound, one copy each for the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, and the remainder to be deposited in the State Library for exchange and library use.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Subsequently, the foregoing order came back from the House, read and passed in concurrence.

Paper from the House:

Ordered, the Senate concurring, that the Secretary of State be instructed to furnish each officer and member of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature a copy of the Revised Statutes, when ready.

Which was read and passed in concurrence.

The President placed before the Senate Petitions for legislation changing the harbor lines in the City of Portland.

Which were ordered placed on file.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. WALKER of Somerset,

Ordered, the House concurring, that the Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs be directed to make up the pay-roll of the members, officers, employees, and chaplains of the Senate and House.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Subsequently the foregoing order came back from the House, read and passed in concurrence.

On motion by Mr. FLAHERTY of Cumberland,

Ordered, that the Secretary of the Senate be directed to invite the clergymen of Augusta, Hallowell and Gardiner to officiate as chaplains of the Senate during the present session.

Which was read and passed.

On motion by Mr. MURPHY of Cumberland,

Ordered, that Fred W. Lee, of Augusta, be appointed Official Reporter of the Senate for the Special Session.

Which was read and passed.

On motion by Mr. DUNTON of Penobscot,

Ordered, that the Secretary of the Senate prepare and cause to be printed under his supervision and direction, three hundred copies of the Journal of the proceedings of the Senate at this Special Session.

Which was read and passed.

On motion by Mr. CONANT of Waldo,

Ordered, that the messengers, folders, postmaster, pages and door-keeper of the Senate shall receive the same compensation as the members during this Special Session of the Legislature.

Which was read and passed.

Mr. SWIFT of Kennebec presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the death, on June 16, 1916, of the Honorable Edwin Chick Burleigh, late a Senator of the United States from Maine, the nation has lost an honorable and useful public servant, and the State has lost a distinguished citizen whose unselfish devotion to the interests of Maine and of his constituents had greatly endeared him to our people.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit a copy of these Resolutions to the family of the deceased Senator.

Which Resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

THE PRESIDENT: Senator Burleigh died at his home in Augusta a few months ago. It is most fitting that these resolutions should be presented by the honored senator from his home city. He has informed me that in his canvass among the members of the Senate that no senator at this time is prepared to speak upon the life of the late distinguished Senator Burleigh. And he has asked the Chair to say a word at this time.

Senators, I feel that this occasion ought not to pass without some slight token from the Legislature of Maine in the way of eulogy upon our distinguished citizen and late senator from Maine.

Perhaps very few in Maine knew the senator better than myself. My earliest recollection of men is a recollection of the late senator, whose early home was next door to my father's. As a barefoot boy, on the old rocky farm in the town of Linneus, I met him as a youth just budding into a great manhood. He, with his brother, the honored senator from Aroostook, who sits in our presence today, were among the earliest friends of my boyhood. Motherless boys they were, with a great father, who at that time occupied an honored position in the departments of this State.

I well remember Edwin, as a youth, in the same schools, and the friendship and assistance that he gave to me as a boy, that friendliness that was ever characteristic of him. Those noble traits, that afterwards endeared him so much to the people of the nation, were early displayed on the farm and in the home.

I well remember, looking back through the years, of his marriage at the old home, his wife, a girl from his own town, a most beautiful character, one

that I grew to love as a boy because of her womanly qualities, her motherly heart, her love for the children of the neighborhood. I well recall that as a boy, with a tin horn, I was present at what they called the old fashioned chivaree at the old home, when we boys gathered around the house and made night hideous, and how we were welcomed into the house by the Senator and his wife.

And I well remember the years they occupied the old farm with their father and the boys and girls who grew up in that home; and then, when Edwin left the farm for his duties as land agent of the State at this Capitol. And then he became treasurer of this State, receiving an added honor. Then he became Governor of Maine. And we all followed him in his fortunes—the people of his old town, the people in the old neighborhood. When he moved away from the old farm and made his home here at the Capital he took with him the lovely boys and girls, the fruit of that marriage.

I recall the eldest boy, Clarence, about my own age; I recall the younger, Lewis, now an honored citizen of this city, all the friends of my youth. I recall with pleasure the two eldest girls of the family, and the delightful homes they have made here at the Capital.

And then, as the years went by, I remember the friendships of those friends of my youth. There never was a more beautiful family than that of Edwin Chick Burleigh.

People wondered how in the first primary held in Maine, when Edwin Chick Burleigh was a candidate for United States Senator, how he won out against the learned Judge Powers and the great orator, Herbert M. Heath. People wondered how Aroostook county gave its vote to Edwin Chick Burleigh instead of Frederick Powers, the able judge. Those who ever met the Senator, and most of you have met him, know the secret. He lived very near to men. He knew everybody that he ever met and anybody who met him once was his friend forever. The same was true of that delightful family, the wife of his bosom. Anyone who ever met Mrs. Burleigh loved her always.

I always treasure with a great deal of satisfaction the fact that I had the honor in the Legislature of voting for Edwin C. Burleigh for United States Senator. No man in the Congress of the United

States ever had a greater influence for good for the State of Maine. He was not an orator, he never could make a speech, but he had a powerful influence in the Congress of the United States. Washington never made a speech; Grant never made a speech; but Washington and Grant are enshrined forever in the hearts of their countrymen. Edwin C. Burleigh will not live in the records of the Congress of the United States as an orator, but he will be forever enshrined in the hearts of his countrymen as one of her greatest statesmen.

There came a time when the greatest blow that could come to a man like Edwin C. Burleigh came, when he parted for the first time with the wife of his youth, so sincerely mourned by everyone who knew her, and it was not strange to those who knew him best that only a few weeks thereafter he grew tired of the loneliness and joined her again.

Sometimes I feel that I am growing old, when I think of the friends of my youth, and think how few of my boyhood friends are with me today.

"To the past go more dead faces, every year,
As the loved leave vacant places, every year,
Everywhere the sad eyes meet us,
In the evening dusk they greet us,
And to come to them entreat us, every year."

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed the following bills:

"An Act to Revise and Consolidate the Public Laws of the State."

"An Act to Repeal the Acts Consolidated in the Revised Statutes of the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen."

Which were severally passed to be enacted, in concurrence, and, having been signed by the President, were by the Secretary transmitted to the Governor for his approval.

On motion by Mr. BOYNTON, of Lincoln,

Ordered, the House concurring, that when the Senate and House adjourn, it be to meet Saturday, September 30th, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

Subsequently the foregoing order came back from the House, read and passed in concurrence.

Paper from the House:

"Resolve on the Pay Roll of the House."

Which came from the House, read twice and passed to be engrossed, under a suspension of the rules, without reference to a committee.

On motion by Mr. WALKER of Somerset, the rules were suspended, the resolve read twice and passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

Mr. EMERY of York presented bill "An Act to Provide for the Payment of Per Diem and Mileage of Members and Officers, and for Expenditures Incident to the Special Session of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature."

On motion by the same Senator the rules were suspended, the bill read twice and passed to be engrossed, without reference to a committee.

Sent down for concurrence.

On motion by Mr. COLBY of Somerset,
Adjourned to nine A. M. Saturday, September 30.

SATURDAY, September 30, 1916.

Senate called to order by the President.

Prayer by the Rev. W. F. Livingston of Hallowell.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Papers from the House:

Ordered, the Senate concurring, that there be paid out of the Treasury of the State the sum of fifty dollars to C. C. Harvey, Clerk of the House, for additional clerical assistance in the preparation of the House Journal for the Special Session, and for the supervision of the publication of the same, and a like amount to W. E. Lawry, Secretary of the Senate, for additional clerical assistance in the preparation of the Senate Journal for the Special Session and for the supervision of the publication of the same.

Which came from the House, read and passed, and, on motion by Mr. GARCELON of Androscoggin, was by the Senate read and passed in concurrence.

The Committee on Engrossed Bills reported as truly and strictly engrossed the following Bills and Resolves:

"An Act to Authorize the Board of Harbor Commissioners of the City of Portland to Alter and Modify the Harbor Line."

"An Act to Provide for the Payment of Per Diem and Mileage of the Members and Officers and for Other Expenditures Incident to the Special Session of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature."

"Resolve on the Pay Roll of the House of Representatives."

"Resolve on the Pay Roll of the Senate."

Which Bills were passed to be enacted and Resolves were finally passed in concurrence, and having been signed by the President, were by the Secretary transmitted to the Governor for his approval.

A message was received from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Pierce of Houlton, informing the Senate that the House had transacted all business before it and was ready to adjourn without day.

On motion by Mr. FULTON of Aroostook,

Ordered, that a message be sent to the House of Representatives, informing that body that the Senate has transacted all the business before it and is ready to adjourn without day.

Which was read and passed.

The President appointed Mr. FULTON of Aroostook to convey the message.

Subsequently, the same Senator reported that he had delivered the message with which he was charged.

On motion by Mr. MURPHY of Cumberland,

Ordered, the House concurring, that a committee of three on the part of the Senate with such as the House may join, be appointed, to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that both branches of the Legislature have acted on all matters before them and are ready to receive any further communications he may be pleased to make.

Which was read and passed.

Sent down for concurrence.

The Chair appointed on the part of the Senate

Messrs. Murphy of Cumberland,
 Conant of Waldo,
 Walker of Somerset, —of the Senate

Subsequently the foregoing order came back from the House read and passed in concurrence, the Speaker having joined on the part of that branch

Messrs. Davis of Oldtown,
 Wasgatt of Deer Isle,
 Jameson of Friendship,
 Gerrish of Greenville,
 Sanborn of South Portland,
 St. Clair of Calais,
 Dilling of Easton, —of the House

The Committee retired and subsequently Mr. MURPHY of Cumberland, for the Committee, reported the following communication from the Governor:

AUGUSTA, MAINE, Sept. 30, 1916.

To the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit a list of Acts and Resolves passed during the present Session of the Legislature and approved by me, numbering four Acts and two Resolves.

I have no further communication to make.

(Signed) OAKLEY C. CURTIS,
Governor.

Which communication was read and sent to the House.

The following communication was received from the Department of State:

List of Acts and Resolves passed during the Special Session of the Legislature.

Which communication was read and sent to the House.

The President of the Senate then, on motion by Mr. BOYNTON of Lincoln, at 9:40 A. M., Saturday, September 30th, 1916, declared the Senate of the Seventy-seventh Legislature adjourned without day.

W. E. LAWRY, *Secretary.*

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1916.

19

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true record of the proceedings of the Senate of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature of the State of Maine, in Special Session.

ATTEST:

W. E. LAWRY, *Secretary.*

TITLES OF ACTS AND RESOLVES PASSED BY THE
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SEVENTY-SEVENTH
LEGISLATURE AND APPROVED BY THE GOV-
ERNOR.

PUBLIC LAWS.

An Act to Revise and Consolidate the Public Laws of the State.

An Act to Repeal the Acts Consolidated in the Revised Statutes of the
Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen.

An Act to Provide for the Payment of Per Diem and Mileage of
Members and Officers, and for Other Expenditures Incident to the Special
Session of the Seventy-Seventh Legislature.

TITLES OF PRIVATE ACTS APPROVED.

PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS.

An Act to Authorize the Board of Harbor Commissioners of the City of Portland to Alter and Modify the Harbor Line.

TITLES OF RESOLVES APPROVED.

RESOLVES.

Resolve on the Pay Roll of the House of Representatives.

Resolve on the Pay Roll of the Senate.

INDEX

A

Appropriation Bill 16, 17

B

Bridges, State and County Aid for Construction (Ch. 319 P. L. 1915) 10
Burleigh, Hon. Edwin C., Resolution and Remarks on Death .. 13, 14, 15

C

Clergymen of Augusta, Hallowell and Gardiner to serve as chaplains 12
Commissioner on Revision of the Statutes 10
Constitution, Article 4, Amendment 3, 6, 7
 Article 5 6
Convention 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
Curtis, Gov. Oakley C., Address 6, 7, 8, 9
 Communication, list of Acts and Resolves
 Approved 18
 Proclamation 3

D

Door-keeper, Senate, pay fixed 12

F

Fifty-four Hour Law 10
Folders, Senate, pay fixed 12

H

House Pay Roll, Order 12
 Resolve 16, 17

J

Journal, Senate, Order for Publication 2, 12
Journals, Senate and House, Order providing for payment for Extra Clerical Assistance 16

L

Lands Reserved for Public Uses Fund 4, 8, 9, 11
Lee, Fred W., Senate Reporter 12
Legislative Record, Publication Order 11
Livingston, Rev. W. F. 16

M

Message from House, Agreeing to Convention	5
Ready to Adjourn, Sine Die	17
Reporting Quorum Present	5
to Governor, Convention Assembled	6
Ready to Adjourn, Sine Die	17
Reporting Quorum Present	5
to House, Proposing Convention	5
Ready to Adjourn, Sine Die	17
Reporting Quorum Present	5
Messengers , Senate, pay fixed	12
Minors , Women and, Hours of Employment (Ch. 350, P. L. 1915)	10
Mosher , Rev. Chas. G.	3

P

Pages , Senate, pay fixed	12
Portland Harbor Line	4, 9, 10, 11
Petitions	11
Postmaster , Senate, pay fixed	12
Proclamation , by Governor, Calling Special Session	3, 4

R

Referendum	3, 7
Repeal Acts Consolidated in the Revised Statutes of 1916	10, 15
Resolves of 1915, Ch. 237, Relating to Revision of Statutes	3
Revise and Consolidate the Public Laws of State, Act to	10, 15
Revised Statutes, Ch. 7, Sec. 16, Relating to Lands Reserved for Public Uses	4
Copies for 77th Legislature	11
Revision of the Statutes	3, 7, 8, 10
Roll Call , to Determine Quorum	4, 5

S

Senate Pay Roll, Order	12
Resolve	11, 17
Secretary, Stenographer for	11
State , Secretary of, Communication of List of Acts and Resolves	18
Directed to Furnish Revised Statutes to 77th Legislature	11
Statutes , Revision of	3, 7, 8, 10

W

Women and Minors, Hours of Employment of (Ch. 350 P. L. 1915) ...	10
--	----