

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ELECTIONS - 1964
(June)

The 1964 Primaries of the State of Maine

(With a Brief Calendar
of Important Dates)



A Compilation Prepared under the
Direction of the Secretary of State for
the Benefit of Candidates in the 1964
Primaries

IMPORTANT

Your special attention is called to the fact that a change in the law in 1961 provides that Primary Nomination Petitions must be filed on or before **April 1, 1964**.

FOREWORD

In the last few pages of this pamphlet, you will find a schedule showing the minimum and maximum number of signatures required on the nomination petitions of any given candidate for the state-wide, congressional or county offices. Ordinarily, this pamphlet would also show the schedule of signatures required on the petitions of candidates for the House of Representatives.

Because of the pending reapportionment of the House of Representatives and because this pamphlet must go to the printer before the reapportionment has been accomplished by the Special Session of the Legislature called for that purpose, it has been necessary to omit the schedule of signatures relating to candidates for the House.

Immediately following actual reapportionment by the Legislature, a supplemental publication will be made available containing the minimum and maximum number of signatures required for House candidates.

While the Secretary of State is at all times very glad to furnish all possible information, candidates and others interested in the June primaries and also the November general election will save themselves much unnecessary inconvenience and will avoid needless delay if they will familiarize themselves with the following facts:

BRIEF CALENDAR OF IMPORTANT DATES

Election Dates

June 15 — Primary Election

Nov. 3 — General Election

Dates Relating to Nomination Petitions

Jan. 1 — Petitions may be circulated.

Apr. 1 — Final date for filing.
(No petitions will be received in the Secretary of State's office after 5:00 P.M. but envelopes bearing a postmark as having been received in Augusta not later than midnight, April 1, will be accepted.)

Dates for Filing Campaign Reports

Primary Election

July 15 — **Deadline** for filing report of receipts and expenses by all candidates and treasurers of candidates or political committees, showing the **totals of the entire campaign.**

General Election

Oct. 19 — First date for filing **Preliminary** Report of receipts and expenses by all candidates and treasurers of candidates or political committees. (Do not include any primary election figures.)

Oct. 24 — **Deadline** for filing above report. (A preliminary report must be filed with the Secretary of State not less than 10 nor more than 15 days before a general election.) (Sec. 173)

Dec. 3 — **Deadline** for **Final** General Election campaign report by all candidates and treasurers of candidates or political committees, showing totals of entire campaign. (Do not include any primary election figures.)

Campaign Reports Committee Meeting Dates

July 22 — Meeting of Committee to review reports of **Primary** receipts and expenses filed by candidates and treasurers of candidates or political committees.

Oct. 27 — Meeting of Committee to investigate **Preliminary General Election** reports of receipts and expenses.

Dec. 10 — Meeting of Committee to review **Final General Election** campaign reports.

SIGNING OF NOMINATION PETITIONS

Date

Primary nomination petitions must not be signed prior to January 1, 1964, and must be filed with the Secretary of State on or before April 1, 1964. (Sec. 40)

Qualification of Candidate for Office

A candidate for any state or county office must be a resident of the electoral division he seeks to represent on the date established for filing primary petitions in the year he seeks election. He must maintain this residence during his term of office. (Sec. 38)

Signatures of Voters on Petitions

Primary petitions may be signed only by voters of the electoral division which is to make the nomination who are enrolled in the party named in the petition. Other signatures are void. The petition must be signed personally by the voter using one of the following combinations:

First name, middle name, last name (John Henry Jones), or

First name, middle initial, last name (John H. Jones), or

First initial, middle name, last name (J. Henry Jones), or

First name and last name (if no middle name). (John Jones)

Women should sign their given name and married surname. (Mary Jones and not Mrs. John Jones)

After his name, the voter must personally add his place of residence. "Residence" in this case means the name of the city, town or plantation. The voter's street address is not necessary. Ditto marks are permitted provided they are added by the voter and refer to the proper place of residence.

A voter may sign only as many primary petitions for each office as there are vacancies to be filled. (Sec. 40)

Oath of Circulator

A signer of a primary petition or the person who circulates it shall certify his belief that the signatures on it are genuine, that the signers are members of the party named in it, and that they are residents of the electoral division for which the nomination is proposed. The person who certifies a primary petition may do so by making oath to the above statements on the petition or on a certificate attached to it. (Sec. 40)

Number of Signatures Required

The nomination petition must be signed by a number of voters equal to at least 1% but no more than 2% of the total vote cast for Governor at the last gubernatorial election in the electoral division which is to make the nomination, or equal to at least 10% of the total vote for Governor cast in that electoral division at the last gubernatorial election by the party of the candidate, whichever is less. (Sec. 40)

The appended schedule has been figured on the basis of the first-named method, as stated above, and is intended to show accurately the minimum and maximum number of signatures required and permitted for the offices shown in which nominations are to be made in the June primaries of 1964. (See "FOREWORD" regarding Representatives to Legislature.)

Consent of Candidate

Each candidate must file a written statement over his signature stating that he will accept the nomination of the primary election, that he will not withdraw, and that he will qualify for the office if he is elected. The statement may be printed as a part of the primary petition. Only one acceptance form is required to be signed. (Sec. 41)

Candidate's Name and Address

The name of the proposed candidate should either be printed or typewritten in order that there may be no misunderstanding as to the exact manner in which his name shall appear on the ballot. Particular care should be taken that the name of the candidate should be written and spelled the same on all the petitions circulated. The signature on the acceptance portion should agree with the printed or typed name.

All nomination petitions, when filed with the Secretary of State will be immediately opened, catalogued and subject to public inspection under proper restrictions. Candidates are urgently requested to give their post office addresses, as well as their residences, not only for their own protection but also in order that all communications sent out from this department may reach them promptly.

CAMPAIGN REPORTS AND FINANCES

Duties of Candidates and Political Committees

Each political committee must appoint a treasurer before accepting or spending any money. (Sec. 168)

A candidate or political committee shall advise the Secretary of State the name and address of its treasurer within 7 days after his appointment, the candidate or committee by which he was appointed, and his term of office. (Sec. 169)

Only a treasurer or a candidate may accept money to promote or defeat a candidate; except that this does not prohibit the receipt of contributions by a solicitor to be transferred to a treasurer, or the acceptance of money by a person who furnishes goods or services. (Sec. 170)

Only a treasurer or a candidate may spend money to promote or defeat a candidate; except that this does not prohibit contributions to a candidate, political committee or party by a person other than a treasurer or candidate, or the spending of his own money by any person. The spending of money for alcoholic beverages is prohibited. (Sec. 171)

Each treasurer and each candidate shall keep detailed records of all money received or spent and liability incurred by him in the campaign, including the name and address of each donor, the amount

given, the name and address of each payee or creditor, the amount spent or liability incurred and the purpose. (Sec. 172)

Available from the Secretary of State's office are forms for the appointment of treasurers of candidates or political committees and also campaign report forms of expenses and receipts, which treasurers and candidates are required to file.

Definition of "Treasurer" and "Political Committee"

"Treasurer," as used in the Election Laws, means a person appointed by a candidate or a political committee to accept or disburse money to promote or defeat a candidate, party or principle. A person who collects money to be transferred to the treasurer of a candidate or committee is not himself a treasurer. (Sec. 1)

"Political Committee" means 2 or more persons associated for the purpose of promoting or defeating a candidate, party or principle. (Sec. 1)

Filing of Campaign Reports of Receipts and Expenses

Campaign reports must be filed with the Secretary of State by each candidate and by the treasurer of each candidate or political committee.

The treasurer of a municipal committee shall not file campaign reports with the Secretary of State, but the amounts of money received and spent and the liabilities incurred by his committee shall be filed with the treasurer of the county committee, who shall forward such reports with the county committee report to the Secretary of State. (Sec. 173, amended)

In connection with the Primary Election, it is no longer necessary to file the Preliminary Campaign Report which was formerly required. However, records of receipts and expenses must be kept for the entire campaign and filed on one return within 30 days after the election. (Not later than July 15th.)

In connection with the General Election, a Preliminary report must be filed with the Secretary of State not less than 10 nor more than 15 days before the election. (Not before Oct. 19th nor later than Oct. 24th.)

A Final General Election Report must be filed with the Secretary of State within 30 days after the election, showing the totals of the entire campaign. (Not later than Dec. 3rd.)

The report must contain the itemized amounts of money received to date and the name and address of each donor. It must also contain the itemized amounts of money spent and liability incurred to date, the purpose of each, and the name of each payee and creditor.

Exception: The name and address of a donor of less than \$50 need not be included. Total contributions or total expenditures of less than \$100 need not be itemized. (Sec. 173)

The source of a written or oral advertisement which is designed to promote or defeat a candidate, party or principle must be identified by disclosing as part of the advertisement the name of the person or chairman of the organization which sponsored it. (Sec. 197)

Campaign Reports Committee

The law creates a Campaign Reports Committee, composed of 5 members of the Legislature, which shall meet in Augusta 7 days before a general election to review the preliminary campaign reports.

For both primary and general elections, this committee shall meet in Augusta within 7 days after the final date for the filing of campaign reports, for the purpose of reviewing said reports. (Sec. 176, amended)

The Campaign Reports Committee may investigate for the purpose of determining the facts concerning money received or spent, or liability incurred, by any treasurer, candidate or political committee. (Sec. 177)

Penalty for Failure to File Reports

A person who fails to file a campaign report within the time required by law shall be assessed not more than \$5 for each day he is in default by the Campaign Reports Committee, unless he is excused by the committee.

If the assessment is not paid at the order of the committee, the person becomes disqualified and his name shall not be printed on an official ballot used at any election held during the same calendar year.

The statutes further provide that a person who fails to pay any fine assessed by the Campaign Reports Committee shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 11 months, or by both. (Sec. 201-XXVII)

A person aggrieved by an order of the committee may appeal to the Superior Court within 5 days after being notified of the decision, by presenting a written complaint. The court shall fix a time and place for immediate hearing. It shall order notice of the hearing to be given to the committee. Within 7 days after the hearing, the court shall affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the committee, and its decision is final. (Sec. 174)

INSPECTIONS, RECOUNTS AND APPEALS

Ballot and Check List Inspection

On the written application of a candidate in any election within 5 days after election day, the clerk shall permit him or his counsel to inspect the ballots and check lists under proper protective regulations.

On receipt of the applications, the clerk shall send written notice of the inspection to the candidates for the office in question, stating the time and place of inspection.

The inspection must be held as soon as reasonably possible at such a time and place as to afford the candidates a reasonable opportunity to be present.

After the inspection, the clerk shall reseal the packages of ballots and the check lists, and shall note the fact and date of inspection on them. (Sec. 126)

Recount Application

On the written application of a losing candidate in any election not later than 10 days after the tabulation of the vote is submitted to the Governor and Council, the Secretary of State shall permit him or his counsel to recount the ballots under proper protective regulations, subject to the following provisions:

Percentage of Difference. The percentage of difference between the combined vote received by the losing candidate and the nearest winning candidate, as shown by the official tabulation must meet the following requirements:

If the combined vote is 1,000 or less, the percentage of difference between the vote must be 10%, or less, of the total vote.

If the combined vote is 1,001 to 5,000, the percentage of difference between the vote must be 5%, or less, of the total vote.

If the combined vote is 5,001 to 10,000, the percentage of difference between the vote must be 4%, or less, of the total vote.

If the combined vote is 10,001 to 50,000, the percentage of difference between the vote must be 3%, or less, of the total vote.

If the combined vote is 50,001 to 100,000, the percentage of difference between the vote must be 1%, or less, of the total vote.

If the combined vote is 100,001, or over, the percentage of difference between the vote must be $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1%, or less, of the total vote.

Deposit. A losing candidate may request a recount upon making a deposit with the Secretary of State in the following amounts:

If the combined vote is 1,000, or less, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than 10%, \$50.

If the combined vote is 1,001 to 5,000, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than 5%, \$75.

If the combined vote is 5,001 to 10,000, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than 4%, \$100.

If the combined vote is 10,001 to 50,000, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than 3%, \$125.

If the combined vote is 50,001 to 100,000, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than 1%, \$250.

If the combined vote is 100,001, or over, and the percentage of difference between the vote for the 2 candidates is more than $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1%, \$500.

The deposit made by the candidate requesting the recount shall be forfeited to the State in the event that the recount fails to change the result of the election. If the recount reverses the election, the deposit shall be returned to the candidate requesting the recount.

Recount Procedure

On receipt of the application, the Secretary of State shall recall all the ballots and check lists from the clerk of each municipality concerned. The clerk shall return or release them to him as soon as any pending ballot inspection has been made.

The Secretary of State shall send written notice of the recount to the candidates for the office in question, stating the time and place of the recount.

The recount must be held as soon as reasonably possible at such a time and place as to afford the candidates a reasonable opportunity to be present.

At the recount, the Secretary of State shall segregate any disputed ballots.

If it is found that there was a mistake made in counting the ballots on election day the Secretary of State shall submit a corrected tabulation to the Governor and Council.

If there are enough disputed ballots to affect the result of the election, the interested candidate may appeal to the Governor and Council for a determination of the election on written application to the Secretary of State at the close of the recount.

(Exception: This does not apply where final determination of the election of a candidate is governed by the State or Federal Constitution.)

A losing candidate who requests and receives a recount may withdraw from the recount at any time while the recount shows him to be the loser. If during the recount, the losing candidate shall overtake and pass the winning candidate, the losing candidate shall not be permitted to withdraw and the recount shall be completed.

After the recount, the Secretary of State shall reseal the packages of ballots and the check lists, and shall note the fact and date of the recount on them. If there is an appeal to determine the validity of the disputed ballots, the Secretary of State shall keep them until needed by the Governor and Council. (Sec. 127)

Appeal to Governor and Council

On the written application of a candidate as provided in section 127, the Governor and Council shall hold a hearing on the appeal.

On receipt of the application, the Secretary of State shall send written notice of the appeal to the candidates for the office in question, stating the time and place of the hearing on the appeal.

The hearing on the appeal must be held as soon as reasonably possible at such a time and place as to afford the candidates a reasonable opportunity to be present.

At the hearing, the Governor and Council shall examine the disputed ballots, hear the arguments of each candidate or his counsel and determine who was elected. In making this determination, they may accept as facts any relevant conclusions agreed upon by the nominees. (Sec. 128)

TABULATION OF ELECTION RETURNS

Within 20 days after an election, the Secretary of State shall tabulate the election returns and submit the tabulation to the Governor and Council.

The Secretary of State shall tabulate all votes which appear by an election return to have been cast for a candidate, even though his name is misspelled, written with his initials, with wrong initials, or otherwise, on the return.

If it appears that an election return does not agree with the record of the vote at any voting place, he shall correct the tabulation by obtaining a certified copy of the record from the clerk.

The Secretary of State shall have copies of the tabulation printed and made available to the public. (Sec. 122)

The Secretary of State shall notify each nominee of his nomination forthwith by mail. (Sec. 45)

In the case of a write-in candidate who seeks nomination, such candidate must file a written acceptance with the Secretary of State within 7 days after receiving notice of his nomination. If such written consent is not filed as required, the nominee becomes disqualified, and his name must not be printed on the general election ballot. (Sec. 46)

Within a reasonable time after an election, the Governor shall issue an election certificate or a notice of apparent election to each person elected to office

according to the tabulation or on appeal according to the determination of the Governor and Council. (Sec. 132)

NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED AND PERMITTED ON PRIMARY NOMINATION PETITIONS

The following schedule, figured from the 1962 gubernatorial tabulation, is intended to show accurately the number of signatures required and permitted on primary nomination petitions for the offices shown. (See "FOREWORD" regarding Representatives to Legislature.)

	Minimum	Maximum
State at large	2927	5855
First Congressional District		
Counties: Cumberland, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Waldo, York	1488	2976
Second Congressional District		
C o u n t i e s: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Franklin, Hancock, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, Washington	1439	2878
County Officers		
Androscoggin	285	570
Aroostook	224	448
Cumberland	535	1069
Franklin	71	142
Hancock	104	208
Kennebec	297	593
Knox	84	168
Lincoln	69	138
Oxford	154	309
Penobscot	316	632
Piscataquis	56	113
Sagadahoc	77	155
Somerset	121	242
Waldo	67	135
Washington	108	216
York	359	719

Compiled under the provisions of Chapter 3-A of the Revised Statutes of 1954, as amended.

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PAUL A. MacDONALD

Secretary of State

SUPPLEMENT TO
 "THE 1964 PRIMARIES
 OF THE STATE OF MAINE"

NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED AND
 PERMITTED ON PRIMARY NOMINATION
 PETITIONS:

REPRESENTATIVE CLASS DISTRICTS

Androscoggin County

	Minimum	Maximum
Lewiston (entitled to six)	144	289
Auburn (entitled to four)	74	147
Durham and Lisbon	21	41
Livermore, Livermore Falls and Turner	22	44
Mechanic Falls, Minot and Po- land	13	26
Greene, Leeds, Wales and Web- ster	11	23

Aroostook County

Caribou (entitled to two)	28	55
Houlton (entitled to two)	24	48
Presque Isle (entitled to two)	29	57
Limestone	6	12
Easton and Fort Fairfield	21	42
A m i t y, Bancroft, Benedicta, Crystal, Haynesville, Hodg- don, Island Falls, Linneus, New Limerick, Orient, Sher- man, Weston, Plantations of Cary, Glenwood, Macwahoc, Reed and the unorganized townships of Molunkus and Silver Ridge	14	29
B l a i n e, Bridgewater, Dyer Brook, Hersey, Littleton, Lud- low, Merrill, Monticello, Oak- field, Smyrna, Plantations of E, Hammond, Moro and the unorganized townships of Dudley, 7 R-5 and Webber- town	15	30
Ashland, Castle Hill, Chapman, Mars Hills, Masardis, West- field, Plantations of Garfield, Nashville, Oxbow and the un- organized township of 11 R-4	16	32
Mapleton, New Sweden, Per- ham, Wade, Washburn, Wood- land, Plantation of Westman- land	17	34
Eagle Lake, Portage Lake, Saint Agatha, Plantations of Allagash, New Canada, St. Francis, St. John, Wallagrass, Winterville and the unorgan- ized township of 17 R-5	12	25

	Minimum	Maximum		Minimum	Maximum		Minimum	Maximum
Fort Kent and Frenchville	13	26	Amherst, Aurora, Eastbrook,			Buckfield, Canton, Dixfield,		
Grand Isle, Madawaska and the			Franklin, Gouldsboro, Han-			Hartford, Peru and Sumner	20	41
unorganized townships of 17			cock, Lamoine, Mariaville,			Hebron, Paris, West Paris,		
R-3 and 17 R-4	13	27	Otis, Sorrento, Sullivan,			Woodstock and the unorgan-	23	46
Stockholm, Van Buren, Planta-			Trenton, Waltham, Winter			ized township of Milton		
tations of Caswell, Cyr, Hamlin			Harbor, Plantations of Os-			Norway, Oxford, Waterford . .	21	43
and the unorganized town-			born, No. 33 and all unorgan-	18	35	Brownfield, Denmark, Fryeburg,		
ships of Connor and 16 R-4	16	32	ized townships			Hiram, Lovell, Porter, Stow,	18	37
						and Sweden		
Cumberland County			Kennebec County			Andover, Bethel, Byron, Gilead,		
Portland (entitled to eleven) ..	192	385	Augusta (entitled to three) ..	67	135	Greenwood, Hanover, Newry,		
South Portland (entitled to three)	68	136	Waterville (entitled to three)	70	140	Roxbury, Stoneham, Upton,		
Westbrook (entitled to two) ..	47	93	Gardiner	21	42	Plantations of Lincoln, Ma-		
Brunswick (entitled to two) ..	36	72	Winslow	22	45	galloway and the unorganized		
Scarborough	17	34	Albion, Benton, Clinton, Sidney			townships of Albany, Grafton,		
Falmouth	23	47	and the unorganized town-			Mason, Riley, and all other	18	36
Cape Elizabeth	22	43	ship of Unity	18	35	unorganized townships		
Gorham	16	31	China, Pittston, Vassalboro and			Penobscot County		
Windham	13	26	Windsor	20	39	Bangor (entitled to five)	84	168
Bridgton, Casco, Harrison, Nap-			Chelsea, Farmingdale and Ran-			Brewer	26	52
les and Otisfield	24	47	dolph	16	32	Old Town	27	53
Baldwin, New Gloucester, Ray-			Hallowell, Litchfield, Manches-			Millinocket	23	45
mond, Sebago and Standish ..	21	42	ter and West Gardiner	19	39	Corinna, Exeter, Newport and		
Cumberland and Gray	19	37	Monmouth, Readfield, Wayne			Stetson	16	33
Harpswell and Yarmouth	20	40	and Winthrop	24	48	Hampden and Newburgh	13	26
Freeport, North Yarmouth and			Belgrade, Fayette, Mount Ver-			Carmel, Dixmont, Etna, Her-	12	23
Pownal	17	34	non, Oakland, Rome and Vien-	19	38	mon, Levant and Plymouth ..	14	28
			na			Dexter and Garland	14	28
Franklin County			Knox County			Alton, Bradford, Charleston,		
Chesterville, Jay, New Sharon			Rockland	21	42	Corinth, Edinburg, Glenburn,		
and Wilton	29	58	Cushing, Friendship, Isle au			Hudson, Kenduskeag, Veazie		
Carthage, Farmington, Indus-			Haut, North Haven, Owls			and the unorganized township		
try, New Vineyard, Temple,			Head, St. George, South			of Argyle	14	28
Weld and the unorganized			Thomaston, Vinalhaven, Plan-			Clifton, Eddington, Holden and		
townships of Perkins and			tation of Matinicus Isle and			Orrington	11	23
Washington	20	41	the unorganized townships of			Orono	19	38
Avon, Eustis, Kingfield, Madrid,			Criehaven, Hurricane Isle and			Bradley, Enfield, Howland, La-		
Phillips, Rangeley, Strong,			Muscle Ridge	20	39	grange, Maxfield, Milford,		
Plantations of Coplin, Dallas,			Camden, Hope and Rockport ..	24	48	Plantation of Seboeis	16	33
Rangeley, Sandy River and			Appleton, Thomaston, Union,			Lincoln	14	27
the unorganized townships of			Warren and Washington	20	39	Burlington, Chester, Greenbush,		
Coburn Gore, Freeman, Jeru-			Lincoln County			Greenfield, Lee, Lowell, Mat-		
salem, Lang, Lowelltown,			Jefferson, Nobleboro, Waldo-			tawamkeag, Passadumkeag,		
Redington, Salem and Sugar-			boro, Whitefield, Plantations			Springfield, Winn, Woodville,		
loaf	22	43	of Monhegan and Somerville	21	41	Plantations of Carroll, Drew,		
			Boothbay, Boothbay Harbor,			Grand Falls, Lakeville, Pren-		
Hancock County			Southport, Westport and Wis-			tiss, Webster and the unor-		
Brooklin, Brooksville, Castine,			casset	24	49	ganized township of Kingman	12	25
Cranberry Isles, Deer Isle,			Alna, Bremen, Bristol, Damaris-			East Millinocket, Medway, Pat-		
Sedgwick, Stonington, Swan's			cotta, Dresden, Edgecomb,			tten, Stacyville, Plantation of		
Island, Plantation of Long Is-			Newcastle and South Bristol	24	48	Mount Chase and the unor-		
land	21	41	Oxford County			ganized townships of Grind-		
Bucksport, Dedham, Orland,			Rumford	38	76	stone, Herseytown, Soldier-		
Penobscot and Verona	19	37	Mexico	15	31	town	14	29
Blue Hill, Ellsworth and Surry	24	47						
Bar Harbor, Mount Desert,								
Southwest Harbor and Tre-								
mont	23	47						

Piscataquis County		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Abbot, Greenville, Guilford, Monson, Shirley, Wellington, Willimantic, Plantations of Blanchard, Elliottsville, Kingsbury and the unorganized townships of Big Squaw, Chesuncook, Day's Academy Grant, Kineo, Lily Bay and North East Carry	19	38	Belmont, Freedom, Islesboro, Knox, Liberty, Lincolnville, Montville, Morrill, Northport, Palermo and Searsmont	17	34
Atkinson, Bowerbank, Brownville, Milo, Sebec, Plantations of Barnard, Lake View and the unorganized townships of Katahdin Iron Works, Medford, Orneville, Williamsburg, 1 R-9, 1 R-10, 2 R-9, 2 R-10, 4 R-9, 5 R-9, A. R-10, B. R-10 and B. R-11	19	38	Brooks, Burnham, Jackson, Monroe, Swanville, Thorndike, Troy, Unity, Waldo	15	31
Dover - Foxcroft, Parkman, Sangerville	18	37	Frankfort, Prospect, Searsport, Stockton Springs and Winterport	17	33
Sagadahoc County			Washington County		
Bath (entitled to two)	40	79	Addison, Beals, Beddington, Centerville, Cherryfield, Columbia, Columbia Falls, Deblois, Harrington, Milbridge, Steuben and Whitneyville ..	23	47
Bowdoin, Bowdoinham, Georgetown, Richmond and West Bath	17	34	East Machias, Jonesboro, Jonesport, Machias, Machiasport, Marshfield, Northfield, Roque Bluffs and Wesley	22	44
Arrowsic, Phippsburg, Topsham and Woolwich	20	41	Cooper, Crawford, Cutler, Denysville, Lubeck, Pembroke, Whiting and No. 14 Plantation and the unorganized townships of Edmunds, Marion, Trescott	16	32
Somerset County			Alexander, Charlotte, Danforth, Eastport, Meddybemps, Perry, Robbinston, Talmadge, Topsfield, Vanceboro, Waite, Plantations of Codyville, Grand Lake Stream, No. 21 and the unorganized townships of Brookton, Forest City, Indian Township, Kossuth, Lambert Lake, 10 R-3, 27 E. D.	22	43
Skowhegan	24	48	Baileyville, Calais, Princetown, Plantation of Baring	24	47
Fairfield	16	33	York County		
Canaan, Detroit, Palmyra and Pittsfield	19	37	Biddeford (entitled to three) ..	82	165
Athens, Bingham, Cambridge, Harmony, Hartland, Moscow, Ripley, St. Albans and Plantation of Brighton and the unorganized township of Concord	22	43	Sanford (entitled to two)	59	118
Cornville, Madison, Mercer, Norridgewock and Smithfield	20	41	Saco	38	76
Anson, Embden, Jackman, Moose River, New Portland, Solon, Starks, Plantations of Caratunk, Dennistown, Highland, Pleasant Ridge, The Forks, West Forks and the unorganized townships of Askwith, A t t e a n, Bigelow, Dead River, Flagstaff, Holeb, Lexington, Long Pond, Misery Gore, Moxie Gore, Rockwood, Sand Bar Tract, Sandwich Academy Tract and Seboomook	20	40	Kittery	18	37
Waldo County			Kennebunk	16	33
Belfast	18	37	Old Orchard Beach	20	40
			York	17	34
			Eliot and South Berwick	21	42
			North Berwick and Wells	18	37
			Acton, Berwick and Lebanon ..	14	28
			Alfred, Arundel, Kennebunkport and Lyman	18	36
			Buxton, Dayton, Hollis and Limington	20	39
			Cornish, Limerick, Newfield, Parsonsfield, Shapleigh and Waterboro	17	35