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STATE OF MAINE

Inter-Departmental Memorandum Date October 18, 1962

To Ermont H.	Johnson, Sta	ta Ten Assasso	r Dept	Burra au	of	Teretion	
Front John W.	Bemoit, Andt.	Atty. General.	Dept	48	48	tr	
Subject Bates	Manufacturing	Company-Reg.	#40002				

Your memorandum of October 3, 1962 is answered below.

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Six times a year the public relations department of Bates Manufacturing Company (hereinafter called Bates), a Maine comperation, publishes the Bates Salas Nove (hereinafter called Rows) as a service to its distributors, selected, manufacturors and retailars using their products.

dome time prior to June 4, 1962, Bates caused a New York printer to print name thousands of a four-page work estitled "Supplement to Baily News Record Advirtisement — June 4, 1962," The bulk of these supplements were suclesed with the Baily News Record (hereinefter balled Record) of that date. (The Record, seconding to the State of Maine library files, has a circulation of 21,769; is published daily essent Saturdays and Is classified as a publication dealing with testile industries and fabrics).

Pollowing diabursoment of meny of the supplements in the Record, spurcoimetaly 17,000 supplements were shipped to Rates, in Maine, and inverted in the News for August 1962. These letter supplements are in Lagua here.

The supplement consists of enlargements of colored adverticements, giving the dates and names of magnetices in which such adverticements are due to res.

No cales or use tax was paid in either New York or Hains concerning those supplements.

The field exeminare ballove that these supplements represent the purchase of premetional materials by letes outside of Maine followed by use in Maine of such meterials, as that word ("use") is defined in our sales and use tax law.

Cuestions:

(1) At the time the supplements were purchased from the printer by Bates, were they exempted by the sales and use

Ermest H. Johnson, State Tox Assessor

October 18, 1962

tem law? Put enother way, did Bates purchase a "publication" from the printer as that word is used in the sales and use tem law?

- (2) Did Bates purchase from the printer a portion of a regularly issued "publication" -- namely, a purchase of a portion of the News?
- (3) Was there a purchase of promotional material, so that the examption applicable to cales of regularly issued publications does not apply?

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The applicable provision of the Seles and Use Tax Law is as follows:

"Sec. 10. Exemptions. No tex on calco, storage or use shall be collected upon or in commetion with:

XIV. Fublications. Eales of any publication regularly issued at average intervals not exceeding 3 months.

Georg and Textuel Meterial:

"Whether or not a publication comes within the exemption of nowspapers, magnetimes, or periodicals in a cales tex statute depends, of course, upon the character of the perticular publication and the provisions of the statute. 21 AIR 24 416.

Ernast R. Johnson, State Tax Assessor

October 18, 1962

Black's Law Distinary, 4th Edition, defines the term "publication" thusly:

"Publication. To make public; to make known to people in general; to bring before public; to exhibit display, disclose or reveal. (Citing a case). The est of publishing anything; effering it to public notice, or rendering it accessible to public scrutiny. (Citing cases). An advising of the public; a making known of something to them for a purpose. It implies the means of conveying knowledge or notice." (Parenthesis mine).

The definition of "periodical" is included below:

"Periodical. Recurring at fixed intervals; to be made or done, or to happen, at anconsaive periods esperated by determined intervals of time; as periodical payments of interest on a bond." Black's law Dictionary, supre.

The California provision on this point is similar to that of this State.

"Examption of publications. There are exampted from the taxes imposed by this part, the groce receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this State, of tangible personal property which becomes as ingredient or component part of any newspaper or periodical regularly issued at average intervals not exceeding three months and any such newspaper or periodical."

Prentice Hall, State and Local Taxes, California, p. 22,516.

Ernest H. Johnson, State Tex Assesser

October 18, 1962

Prontice-Hall, supra, contains the following passages relative to the California situation.

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".32 'House Organ (s)' issued regularly, consecutively for stated periods of 3 months or less are tax exempt." California, p. 21,307.

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".62 Specific publication .--

'Lumber Industry of Pacific Coast', designated as a supplement to 'Nonthly Raview', is exampt if regularly issued within prescribed intervals." California, p. 21,307.

Argument:

Question: Whether the supplements purchased from the printer by Bates and shipped into Maine for insertion into the News constituted publications when so purchased? Amover: No.

To qualify for examption under XIV, section 10, Sales end Use Tex Law, the following facts must exist:

- (1) A publication;
- (2) Regularly issued;
- (3) At average intervals not ever 3 months.

Note that the supplements in question did not become supplements to the Record; the supplements in issue (approx. 17,000), represented the expass of those printed for insertion into the Record. It follows, therefore, that the supplements in question were never a part of a regularly issued publication. We need not concern surselves, then, with the question whether the Record was a regularly issued publication.

Ernest H. Johnson, State Tax Assessor

October 18, 1962

Standing alone, the supplements in issue were not regularly issued publications. On their faces these items indicate that they were not intended to be "publications"; they were introduced as supplements only. Repeating, not having been used as supplements to the Record, they were not a part of the Record and must be viewed merely as printed adverticing material when they entered this State. In no way can these supplements be maid to be regularly issued publications for the further reason that Batto caused them to be printed for the purpose of supplemental material to the Record; Betes in directing the printing of supplements was not causing the Record, itself, to be printed; the Record is not a Bates publication. The language. "Supplement to Daily News Record Advertisement-June 6, 1962." should be given little weight becouse such use never materialized. At the present time, these words serve only to indicate what use hed been proposed, for the meterial, by Bates, at an earlier date. In fact, the resson for entry of the materials into Maine was the fulfillment of a purpose different from that stated upon the meterials.

Question: Did Bates, at the time of its acquisition of the supplements in issue from the printer, purchase a regularly issued publication by reason of the fact that at a later time such supplements became inserts of the News? Answer: Yes.

The News is a Bates "house organ." The August, 1962 publications (four pages) contained, between pages #2 and #3, the supplements in issue. No staple or other fastener bound the supplement to the News. On page one of the News there appeared a feature article pointing up Bates' coming advertising campaign directed towards increasing their sales in the bedspread business. The article contains the following language, inter alia.

* * * * *

"The center-page insert in this issue of the Sales News provides you with graphic evidence of the selling power of these advertisements as they relate to the back-to-school set.

October 18, 1962

Further, Bates purchased the News from a Maine printer and caused said printer to insert the supplements into the News at the print shop.

On the surface, there appears to be little question but what the News is a "publication," within the meaning of that word as found in XIV, sec. 10 of the Sales Tax Law. Our Law uses the word publication; making no mention of newspapers. Though the News recembles a newspaper, there is ample authority holding that it is not entitled to that status (see Commerce Clearing House, All State Sales Tax Reporter, Vol. 1, page 7411 et. sec. regarding newspapers and periodicals; also Prentice-Hall, State and Local Taxes).

If the supplements be viewed as portions of the news (the news qualifying as a "publication" and therefore exempt), then it follows that the supplements also are exempt. The front pages of the news incorporate the supplements by reference. When the news went to press in July, 1962 Bates intention was to make the supplements part of the news. I do not say that the supplements are exempt because they were "publications" but rather that they are exempt because they were published as portions of exempt publications.

JWB/epd

STATE OF MAINE

Inter-Departmental in	viemorandum Date Ostabar 3, 1962
John W. Beneft, Assistant Attendey Concret	Dept.
From Briefet H. Johnson, State for Accounter	Dept. Bureau of Taxation
Subject Bates Manufacturing Company Reg. #40002	

One of the items in dispute in the recent assessment against Nates Name(asturing Coupany, which is now preding reconsideration, is a purchase of advertising unterial which was brought into Maine and used as an innert in the "Nates Sales News", a house organ published by Nates Name(asturing Company.

The insert in question apparently first appeared as a supplement to the "Gally Mess Record" of June 6, 1962. Mr. Lambart of our field staff tells so that these supplements were reproduced by hates Remarksturing Company's advertising agency, and sold by it to Bates Namefacturing Company,

The purchase of this item has been picked up by the field exeminers as a temple transaction, as the ground that it is the purchase of presetional enterior and that it was used by the templess, within the country of that word under the Makes sales and use tax law, when it was distributed with Rates Sales Nova.

However, if the insert (teelf can be considered a regularly issued publication, procurably its sule to Bates would be nentamble under the law; and if the insert because a part of Bates Sales News then it was enclosed with god distributed with the inter publication, it would be nentamble upon purchase as constituting the sale to Bates Nameterturing Company of (a part of) a regularly issued publication. As we understand it, the sale of the publication by the printer to the distributor, or the sale of the publication by the printer to the distributor of the sale of the publication by the statutory provision.

Will you played advise whether this office should consider the firm in question as a perchase of a requierly issued publication by Bates Harmfartoning Company, regardless of the use to which it may be publication by Bates Harmfartoning consider it as the purchase of a pertion of a regularly issued publication a namely, Bates Sales Bones or whether we should consider this as agreely the purchase of preselvant saterial, so that the assembles applicable to sales of requierly issued publications does not apply. I without have a copy of Bates Sales Here, as well as a copy of the Supplement to Daily Here Record which is referred to show.